

Authority: Secs. 202, 203(a) and (b), 205(a), 216, 223, 225, 228(a)–(e), and 702(a)(5) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 402, 403(a) and (b), 405(a), 416, 423, 425, 428(a)–(e), and 902(a)(5)).

■ 2. Section 404.336(e)(3) introductory text is revised to read as follows:

§ 404.336 How do I become entitled to widow's or widower's benefits as a surviving divorced spouse?

* * * * *

(e) * * *

(3) You are now at least age 50 but not yet age 60 and you meet both of the conditions in paragraphs (e)(3)(i) and (ii) of this section:

* * * * *

Subpart G—[Amended]

■ 3. The authority citation for subpart G of part 404 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Secs. 202(i), (j), (o), (p), and (r), 205(a), 216(i)(2), 223(b), 228(a), and 702(a)(5) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 402(i), (j), (o), (p), and (r), 405(a), 416(i)(2), 423(b), 428(a), and 902(a)(5)).

■ 4. Amend § 404.630(b) by revising the second sentence of paragraph (b) and adding a third sentence to paragraph (b) to read as follows:

§ 404.630 Use of date of written statement as filing date.

* * * * *

(b) * * * If the claimant, the claimant's spouse, or a person described in § 404.612 telephones us and advises us of his or her intent to file a claim but cannot file an application before the end of the month, we will prepare and sign a written statement if it is necessary to prevent the loss of benefits. If the claimant, the claimant's spouse, or a person described in § 404.612 contacts us through the Internet by completing and transmitting the Personal Identification Information data on the Internet Social Security Benefit Application to us, we will use the date of the transmission as the filing date if it is necessary to prevent the loss of benefits.

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

21 CFR Part 558

New Animal Drugs for Use in Animal Feeds; Lasalocid and Chlortetracycline

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Final rule, technical amendment.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is amending the animal drug regulations to reflect approval of a new animal drug application (NADA) filed by Alpharma Inc. The NADA provides for use of approved single-ingredient Type A medicated articles containing lasalocid and chlortetracycline to formulate two-way, combination drug Type B and Type C medicated feeds for pasture cattle and cattle fed in confinement for slaughter.

DATES: This rule is effective April 27, 2006.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Eric S. Dubbin, Center for Veterinary Medicine (HFV–126), Food and Drug Administration, 7500 Standish Pl., Rockville, MD 20855, 301–827–0232, e-mail: eric.dubbin@fda.hhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Alpharma Inc., One Executive Drive, Fort Lee, NJ 07024, filed NADA 141–250 for use of BOVATEC (lasalocid sodium) and AUREOMYCIN (chlortetracycline) Type A medicated articles to formulate two-way, combination drug Type B and Type C medicated feeds for pasture cattle and cattle fed in confinement for slaughter. The NADA is approved as of March 31, 2006, and the regulations are amended in §§ 558.128 and 558.311 (21 CFR 558.128 and 558.311) to reflect the approval. The basis of approval is discussed in the freedom of information summary.

In addition, § 558.128 is amended to reflect an approved concentration for single-ingredient chlortetracycline Type C medicated cattle feed which, in error, was omitted from the final rule announcing its approval (67 FR 43248, June 27, 2002). Also, FDA has found that the April 1, 2005, edition of parts 500 to 599 of title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) does not accurately reflect several special considerations regarding use for lasalocid. These special considerations were inadvertently deleted as a publication error. At this time, the regulations are being amended in

§ 558.311 to correct this error. Furthermore, § 558.311 is amended to codify an approved label statement warning against the use of medicated feeds containing lasalocid in calves to be processed for veal. These actions are being taken to improve the accuracy of the regulations.

In accordance with the freedom of information provisions of 21 CFR part 20 and 21 CFR 514.11(e)(2)(ii), a summary of safety and effectiveness data and information submitted to support approval of this application may be seen in the Division of Dockets Management (HFA–305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852, between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday.

The agency has determined under 21 CFR 25.33(a)(2) that this action is of a type that does not individually or cumulatively have a significant effect on the human environment. Therefore, neither an environmental assessment nor an environmental impact statement is required.

This rule does not meet the definition of “rule” in 5 U.S.C. 804(3)(A) because it is a rule of “particular applicability.” Therefore, it is not subject to the congressional review requirements in 5 U.S.C. 801–808.

List of Subjects in 21 CFR Part 558

Animal drugs, Animal feeds.

■ Therefore, under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and under authority delegated to the Commissioner of Food and Drugs and redelegated to the Center for Veterinary Medicine, 21 CFR part 558 is amended as follows:

PART 558—NEW ANIMAL DRUGS FOR USE IN ANIMAL FEEDS

■ 1. The authority citation for 21 CFR part 558 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 360b, 371.

■ 2. Amend § 558.128 as follows:

■ a. In the table in paragraph (e)(4), redesignate paragraphs (e)(4)(v) through (e)(4)(viii) as paragraphs (e)(4)(vi) through (e)(4)(ix);

■ b. In the table in paragraph (e)(4), add new paragraph (e)(4)(v) to read as follows;

■ c. Redesignate paragraphs (e)(6)(viii) through (e)(6)(xiii) as paragraphs (e)(6)(ix) through (e)(6)(xiv); and

■ d. Add new paragraph (e)(6)(viii).

The additions read as follows:

§ 558.128 Chlortetracycline.

* * * * *

(e) * * *

(4) * * *

Chlortetracycline amount	Indications for use	Limitations	Sponsor
*	*	*	*
(v) 500 to 4,000 g/ton	Calves, beef and nonlactating dairy cattle; treatment of bacterial enteritis caused by <i>E. coli</i> and bacterial pneumonia caused by <i>P. multocida</i> organisms susceptible to chlortetracycline.	Hand feed continuously for not more than 5 days to provide 10 mg/lb body weight per day.	046573.
*	*	*	*

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(6) * * *
 (viii) Lasalocid in accordance with § 558.311.

* * * * *

■ 3. In § 558.311, add paragraphs (d)(5), (d)(6), and (d)(7); and in the table in paragraph (e)(1) add paragraphs (xx) through (xxiii) to read as follows:

§ 558.311 Lasalocid.

* * * * *

(d) * * *

(5) Required label statements:

(i) For liquid Type B feed (cattle and sheep): Mix thoroughly with grain and/or roughage prior to feeding. Feeding undiluted, mixing errors, or inadequate mixing (recirculation or agitation) may

result in an excess lasalocid concentration which could be fatal to cattle and sheep. Do not allow horses or other equines access to Type A articles or Type B feeds containing lasalocid as ingestion may be fatal. Safety of lasalocid for use in unapproved species has not been established.

(ii) For Type A articles or Type B feeds (cattle and sheep): Feeding undiluted or mixing errors may result in an excess lasalocid concentration which could be fatal to cattle and sheep. Do not allow horses or other equines access to Type A articles or Type B feeds containing lasalocid as ingestion may be fatal. Safety of lasalocid for use in unapproved species has not been established.

(iii) For Type A articles, Type B or Type C feeds (cattle): A withdrawal period has not been established for this product in preruminating calves. Do not use in calves to be processed for veal.

(6) Lasalocid Type A medicated articles containing lasalocid dried fermentation residue are for use in cattle and sheep feed only.

(7) Each use in a free-choice Type C cattle feed as in paragraphs (e)(1)(xii) and (e)(1)(xviii) of this section must be the subject of an approved NADA or supplemental NADA as provided in § 510.455 of this chapter.

(e)(1) * * *

Lasalocid sodium activity in grams per ton	Combination in grams per ton	Indications for use	Limitations	Sponsor
*	*	*	*	*
(xx) 10 to 30.	Chlortetracycline 25 to 100.	1. Cattle fed in confinement for slaughter: For improved feed efficiency; and for control of bacterial pneumonia associated with shipping fever complex caused by <i>Pasteurella</i> spp. susceptible to chlortetracycline. 2. Cattle under 700 pounds fed in confinement for slaughter: For improved feed efficiency; and for control of active infection of anaplasmosis caused by <i>Anaplasma marginale</i> susceptible to chlortetracycline.	Feed continuously in complete feed at a rate of 350 mg chlortetracycline and not less than 100 mg nor more than 360 mg of lasalocid sodium activity per head per day. Feed continuously in complete feed at a rate of 350 mg chlortetracycline and not less than 100 mg nor more than 360 mg of lasalocid sodium activity per head per day.	046573 046573
(xxi) 10 to 30.	Chlortetracycline 500 to 2000.	Cattle fed in confinement for slaughter: For improved feed efficiency; and for treatment of bacterial enteritis caused by <i>E. coli</i> and bacterial pneumonia caused by <i>P. multocida</i> organisms susceptible to chlortetracycline.	Feed continuously in complete feed for not more than 5 days to provide 10 mg chlortetracycline per lb body weight per day and not less than 100 mg nor more than 360 mg of lasalocid sodium activity per head per day.	046573
(xxii) 25 to 30.	Chlortetracycline 25 to 42.2.	1. Cattle fed in confinement for slaughter: For increased rate of weight gain and improved feed efficiency; and for control of bacterial pneumonia associated with shipping fever complex caused by <i>Pasteurella</i> spp. susceptible to chlortetracycline. 2. Cattle under 700 pounds fed in confinement for slaughter: For increased rate of weight gain and improved feed efficiency; and for control of active infection of anaplasmosis caused by <i>Anaplasma marginale</i> susceptible to chlortetracycline.	Feed continuously in complete feed at a rate of 350 mg chlortetracycline and not less than 250 mg nor more than 360 mg of lasalocid sodium activity per head per day. Feed continuously in complete feed at a rate of 350 mg chlortetracycline and not less than 250 mg nor more than 360 mg of lasalocid sodium activity per head per day.	046573 046573

Lasalocid sodium activity in grams per ton	Combination in grams per ton	Indications for use	Limitations	Sponsor
(xxiii) 25 to 30.	Chlortetracycline 500 to 1200.	Cattle fed in confinement for slaughter: For increased rate of weight gain and improved feed efficiency; and for treatment of bacterial enteritis caused by <i>E. coli</i> and bacterial pneumonia caused by <i>P. multocida</i> organisms susceptible to chlortetracycline.	Feed continuously in complete feed for not more than 5 days to provide 10 mg chlortetracycline per lb body weight per day and not less than 250 mg nor more than 360 mg of lasalocid sodium activity per head per day.	046573
(xxiv) 30 to 181.8.	Chlortetracycline 25 to 2800.	1. Beef cattle under 700 pounds: For control of coccidiosis caused by <i>Eimeria bovis</i> and <i>E. zuernii</i> ; and for control of active infection of anaplasmosis caused by <i>Anaplasma marginale</i> susceptible to chlortetracycline. 2. Beef cattle up to 800 pounds: For control of coccidiosis caused by <i>Eimeria bovis</i> and <i>E. zuernii</i> ; and for control of bacterial pneumonia associated with shipping fever complex caused by <i>Pasteurella</i> spp. susceptible to chlortetracycline.	Hand feed continuously at a rate of 350 mg chlortetracycline per head per day and 1 mg lasalocid per 2.2 lb body weight per day with a maximum of 360 mg lasalocid per head per day. Hand feed continuously at a rate of 350 mg chlortetracycline per head per day and 1 mg lasalocid per 2.2 lb body weight per day with a maximum of 360 mg lasalocid per head per day.	046573 046573
(xxv) 30 to 181.8.	Chlortetracycline 500 to 4000.	Cattle up to 800 pounds: For control of coccidiosis caused by <i>Eimeria bovis</i> and <i>E. zuernii</i> ; and for treatment of bacterial enteritis caused by <i>E. coli</i> and bacterial pneumonia caused by <i>P. multocida</i> organisms susceptible to chlortetracycline.	Hand feed continuously for not more than 5 days to provide 10 mg chlortetracycline per lb body weight per day and 1 mg lasalocid per 2.2 lb body weight per day with a maximum of 360 mg lasalocid per head per day.	046573
(xxvi) 30 to 600.	Chlortetracycline 25 to 700.	1. Pasture cattle (slaughter, stocker, feeder cattle, and beef replacement heifers): for increased rate of weight gain; and for control of bacterial pneumonia associated with shipping fever complex caused by <i>Pasteurella</i> spp. susceptible to chlortetracycline. 2. Pasture cattle under 700 pounds (slaughter, stocker, feeder cattle, and beef replacement heifers): for increased rate of weight gain; and for control of active infection of anaplasmosis caused by <i>Anaplasma marginale</i> susceptible to chlortetracycline.	Hand feed continuously at a rate of 350 mg chlortetracycline and not less than 60 mg or more than 300 mg lasalocid per head daily in at least 1 lb of feed. Intakes of lasalocid in excess of 200 mg/head/day have not been shown to be more effective than 200 mg/head/day. Hand feed continuously at a rate of 350 mg chlortetracycline and not less than 60 mg or more than 300 mg lasalocid per head daily in at least 1 lb of feed. Intakes of lasalocid in excess of 200 mg/head/day have not been shown to be more effective than 200 mg/head/day.	046573 046573
(xxvii) 30 to 600.	Chlortetracycline 25 to 1100.	Pasture cattle over 700 pounds (slaughter, stocker, feeder cattle, and beef replacement heifers): For increased rate of weight gain; and for control of control of active infection of anaplasmosis caused by <i>Anaplasma marginale</i> susceptible to chlortetracycline.	Hand feed continuously at a rate of 0.5 mg chlortetracycline per lb body weight per day and not less than 60 mg or more than 300 mg lasalocid per head daily in at least 1 lb of feed. Intakes of lasalocid in excess of 200 mg/head/day have not been shown to be more effective than 200 mg/head/day.	046573
(xxiii) 30 to 600.	Chlortetracycline 500 to 4000.	Pasture cattle (slaughter, stocker, feeder cattle, and dairy and beef replacement heifers): For increased rate of weight gain; and for treatment of bacterial enteritis caused by <i>E. coli</i> and bacterial pneumonia caused by <i>P. multocida</i> organisms susceptible to chlortetracycline.	Hand feed continuously for not more than 5 days to provide 10 mg chlortetracycline per lb body weight per day and not less than 60 mg or more than 300 mg lasalocid per head daily in at least 1 lb of feed. Intakes of lasalocid in excess of 200 mg/head/day have not been shown to be more effective than 200 mg/head/day.	046573

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Dated: April 17, 2006.

Stephen F. Sundlof,

Director, Center for Veterinary Medicine.

[FR Doc. 06-3953 Filed 4-26-06; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160-01-S

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY**40 CFR Parts 9, 86 and 600**

[FRL-8161-7]

OMB Approvals Under the Paperwork Reduction Act; Technical Amendment**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).**ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: In compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA), this technical amendment amends the table that lists the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) control numbers issued under the PRA for Motor Vehicle Emission and Fuel Economy Compliance; Light Duty Vehicles, Light Duty Trucks, and Highway Motorcycles.

DATES: *Effective Date:* This final rule is effective April 27, 2006.

The information collection requirements for part 86 published in the **Federal Register** at 59 FR 16262, April 6, 1994, which apply to 1998 and later model year vehicles, have been approved by the Office of Management and Budget and are effective April 27, 2006.

40 CFR 600.206-93, 600.207-93, 600.209-95, 600.307-95, and 600.510-93, published at 59 FR 39638, August 3, 1994, containing information requirements which have been approved by the Office of Management and Budget, are effective April 27, 2006.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Lynn Sohacki, Certification and Compliance Division, 2000 Traverwood Drive, Ann Arbor, MI 48103; (734) 214-4851; sohacki.lynn@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This rule does two things. First, EPA is amending the table in 40 CFR part 9 of currently approved information collection request (ICR) control numbers issued by OMB for various regulations. The amendment updates the table to list those information collection requirements approved by OMB on November 1, 2005, under control number 2060-0104. The regulations affected by the amendments are codified at 40 CFR parts 85 and 86. EPA will continue to present OMB control numbers in a consolidated table format to be codified

in 40 CFR part 9 of the Agency's regulations, and in each CFR volume containing relevant EPA regulations. The table lists CFR citations with reporting, recordkeeping, or other information collection requirements, and the current OMB control numbers. This listing of the OMB control numbers and their subsequent codification in the CFR satisfies the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*) and OMB's implementing regulations at 5 CFR part 1320.

Second, the rule also makes conforming amendments to the affected regulations by removing three sets of provisions in the Code of Federal Regulations on related information collections that are no longer applicable. The first of these provisions appears as a note at the end of the table of contents to part 86 of the Code and states that information collections in regulations appearing in the **Federal Register** on April 6, 1994, have not been approved by OMB. The referenced regulations implemented new onboard refueling vapor recovery (ORVR) requirements. They are covered by OMB 2060-0104 and have been in approved Information Collection Requests of EPA's 0783 series since 1995. The note has long been out of date and this amendment removes it. Similarly, the second set of provisions is five notices appearing in part 600 regarding information collections contained in regulations appearing in the **Federal Register** on August 3, 1994. That rule modified the fuel economy regulations to include alternative-fueled vehicles. These regulations are covered by OMB 2060-0104 and have also been in approved Information Collection Requests of EPA's 0783 series since 1995. Today's rule removes these notices as well. The removal of these first two sets of provisions is accomplished by the language under the Effective Date heading of today's rule. The effective date given under that heading is the date of publication of today's rule. The information collections themselves have long been approved by OMB, as discussed above, are currently covered by OMB 2060-0104, and are listed with the relevant CFR citations in part 9. The third provision is 40 CFR part 86, subpart AA. Section 86.2500 in subpart AA states that "All reporting and recordkeeping requirements contained in part 86, except for those requirements contained in subparts G and K, have been approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 2060-0104." This provision was promulgated at 50 FR 10648 on March 15, 1985.

Subparts G and K deal with Selective

Enforcement Auditing of light-duty vehicles and of heavy-duty engines, heavy-duty vehicles, and light-duty trucks. The ICR for the March 15, 1985, rulemaking, ICR 0783.29, was approved without restrictions in August, 1985. Both the light and heavy duty Selective Enforcement Audit information collections were covered by OMB 2060-0064, until the heavy-duty portion was incorporated into 2060-0287 with IRC 1684.06 and the light-duty portion was incorporated into 2060-0104. Both of these control numbers have current approvals and the list in part 9 is updated to reflect this coverage of Selective Enforcement Audit collections. Today's rule removes Subpart AA.

The ICRs covered by this rule were previously subject to public notice and comment prior to OMB approval. Due to the technical nature of the table and conforming amendments, EPA finds that further notice and comment is unnecessary. As a result, EPA finds that there is "good cause" under section 553(b)(B) of the Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B), to amend this table without prior notice and comment.

I. Administrative Requirements

Under Executive Order 12866 (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993), this action is not a "significant regulatory action" and is therefore not subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget. In addition, this action does not impose any enforceable duty, contain any unfunded mandate, or impose any significant or unique impact on small governments as described in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104-4). This rule also does not require prior consultation with State, local, and tribal government officials as specified by Executive Order 12875 (58 FR 58093, October 28, 1993) or Executive Order 13084 (63 FR 27655 (May 10, 1998), or involve special consideration of environmental justice related issues as required by Executive Order 12898 (59 FR 7629, February 16, 1994). Because this action is not subject to notice-and-comment requirements under the Administrative Procedure Act or any other statute, it is not subject to the regulatory flexibility provisions of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*). This rule also is not subject to Executive Order 13045 (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997) because EPA interprets E.O. 13045 as applying only to those regulatory actions that are based on health or safety risks, such that the analysis required under section 5-501 of the Order has the potential to influence the regulation. This rule is not subject