component of NRC's document system (ADAMS). ADAMS is accessible from the NRC Web site at http://www.nrc.gov/reading-rm/adams.html (the Public Electronic Reading Room). Persons who do not have access to ADAMS, or who encounter problems in accessing the documents located in ADAMS, should contact the NRC PDR Reference staff by telephone at 1–800–397–4209, 301–415–4737, or by e-mail to pdr@nrc.gov. It is so ordered.

March 28, 2007.

For The Atomic Safety and Licensing Board.*

G. Paul Bollwerk, III,

Chairman, Rockville, Maryland. [FR Doc. E7–6130 Filed 4–2–07; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7590–01–P

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

[Docket Nos. 50-498 and 50-499]

STP Nuclear Operating Company; Notice of Withdrawal of Application for Amendments to Facility Operating Licenses

The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory
Commission (the Commission) has
granted the request of STP Nuclear
Operating Company (the licensee) to
withdraw its January 31, 2006,
application for proposed amendments to
Facility Operating Licenses numbered
NPF-76 and NPF-80, respectively, for
the South Texas Project, Units 1 and 2,
located in Matagorda County. The
proposed amendments would have
revised the Technical Specification
3.8.3.1, "Onsite Power Distribution—
Operating."

The Commission had previously issued a Notice of Consideration of Issuance of Amendments published in the **Federal Register** on February 28, 2006 (71 FR 10077). However, by letter dated March 26, 2007, the licensee withdrew the proposed change.

For further details with respect to this action, see the application for amendment dated January 31, 2006, and the licensee's letter dated March 26, 2007, which withdrew the application for license amendment. Documents may be examined, and/or copied for a fee, at the NRC's Public Document Room (PDR), located at One White Flint North, Public File Area O1 F21, 11555 Rockville Pike (first floor), Rockville, Maryland. Publicly available records

will be accessible electronically from the Agencywide Documents Access and Management Systems (ADAMS) Public Electronic Reading Room on the Internet at the NRC Web site, http://www.nrc.gov/reading-rm.html. Persons who do not have access to ADAMS or who encounter problems in accessing the documents located in ADAMS should contact the NRC PDR Reference staff by telephone at 1–800–397–4209, or 301–415–4737 or by e-mail to pdr@nrc.gov.

Dated at Rockville, Maryland, this 27th day of March 2007.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

Mohan C. Thadani,

Senior Project Manager, Plant Licensing Branch IV, Division of Operating Reactor Licensing, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation.

[FR Doc. E7–6086 Filed 4–2–07; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 7590–01–P**

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

Advisory Committee on Reactor Safeguards (ACRS); Subcommittee Meeting on Thermal-Hydraulic Phenomena; Notice of Meeting

The ACRS Subcommittee on Thermal-Hydraulic Phenomena will hold a meeting on April 19–20, 2007, 11545 Rockville Pike, Rockville, Maryland in Room T–2B3.

The entire meeting will be open to public attendance, with the exception of portions that may be closed to discuss General Electric proprietary information pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552b(c)(4).

The agenda for the subject meeting shall be as follows:

Thursday, April 19, 2007—8:30 a.m. until the conclusion of business.

Friday, April 20, 2007—8:30 a.m. until the conclusion of business.

The Subcommittee will review the staff evaluation of the MELLLA+, GE Methods, and GE DSS-CD Topical Reports. The Subcommittee will gather information, analyze relevant issues and facts, and formulate proposed positions and actions, as appropriate, for deliberation by the full Committee.

Members of the public desiring to provide oral statements and/or written comments should notify the Designated Federal Official, Mr. Ralph Caruso (Telephone: 301–415–8065) five days prior to the meeting, if possible, so that appropriate arrangements can be made. Electronic recordings will be permitted.

Further information regarding this meeting can be obtained by contacting the Designated Federal Official between 7:30 a.m. and 4:15 p.m. (ET). Persons

planning to attend this meeting are urged to contact the above named individual at least two working days prior to the meeting to be advised of any potential changes to the agenda.

Dated: March 27, 2007.

Cayetano Santos,

Acting Branch Chief, ACRS.

[FR Doc. E7-6077 Filed 4-2-07; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7590-01-P

POSTAL REGULATORY COMMISSION

[Docket No. R2006-1; Order No. 8]

Reconsideration of Rate Recommendations

AGENCY: Postal Regulatory Commission. **ACTION:** Notice and order.

SUMMARY: This document addresses several procedural and legal matters related to the Postal Service Governors' request for reconsideration of three

- aspects of the Commission's recent rate recommendations in Docket No. R2006-1. The recommendations in issue involve the Priority Mail Flat Rate Box, the nonmachinable surcharge for First-Class Mail letters, and Standard Mail flats (including catalogs). The document discusses the procedures the Commission adopts to effectuate reconsideration and identifies several key deadlines. Issuance of this document provides rate case participants and the public with information on the Commission's intended course of action in terms of procedural steps and informs them of their rights and responsibilities.
- **DATES:**1. April 4, 2007: Deadline for filing motions to reopen the record.
- 2. April 11, 2007: Deadline for replies to motions to reopen the record.
- 3. April 12, 2007: Deadline for filing initial comments.
- 4. April 19, 2007: Deadline for filing reply comments.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments electronically via the Commission's Filing Online system at *http://www.prc.gov*.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Stophen I. Sharfman Congrel Court

Stephen L. Sharfman, General Counsel, 202–789–6820 and stephen.sharfman@prc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Regulatory History

71 FR 27436 (May 11, 2006)

On March 19, 2007, the Governors of the United States Postal Service issued a decision approving the Commission's

^{*}Copies of this notice of hearing were sent this date by Internet e-mail transmission and the agency's E-Submittal system to counsel for (1) applicant SNC.; (2) the Joint Petitioners; and (3) the NRC staff.

February 26, 2007 Opinion and Recommended Decision in Docket No. R2006–1 while requesting reconsideration of three matters. The three issues involve the Priority Mail Flat Rate Box, the nonmachinable surcharge for First-Class Mail letters, and Standard Mail flats. *Id.* at 2.

The Governors request the Commission "to move as expeditiously as possible" to enable mailers to plan effectively for future mailings. *Id.* Concomitant with the Decision, the Board of Governors set May 14, 2007 as the effective date for changes in rates and fees with the exception of Periodicals, for which the implementation date has been deferred until July 15, 2007.²

In a related pleading filed on March 28, 2007, the Postal Service offers procedural suggestions on the reconsideration process in general, and proposes specific resolutions of the three issues identified in the Governors' Decision.³

By this order, the Commission establishes procedures affording participants (and other interested parties) an opportunity to provide their views on each of the issues on which reconsideration is sought. Participants should address each issue separately since the substance of each issue differs. Initial comments are due April 12, 2007; reply comments may be filed not later than April 19, 2007.

In its Initial Statement, the Postal Service anticipates that "reconsideration in this instance can be conducted without the need to reopen the record." Id. at 1. Any participant who believes that the record needs to be reopened and supplemented to address any matter on which reconsideration is sought must file a motion to that effect no later than April 4, 2007. Answers to any such motion are due no later than April 11, 2007. Each participant, if any, seeking to reopen the record must provide thorough justification for its request, including specific identification of the purported deficiencies in the current record for purposes of reconsideration and an explanation why that participant did not proffer the purportedly necessary materials during the hearing. Any such movant must also

provide an estimate of the time needed to supplement the record.⁴

I. Flat Rate Box

The Governors contend that the Commission erred in setting the Flat Rate Box rate at \$9.15, suggesting that inconsistent cost estimates may have been used to develop the recommended rate. Decision at 14. More specifically, the Governors opine that when calculating the savings that would accrue as a result of dim-weighting Priority Mail, the Commission incorrectly used the Postal Service's attributable cost estimates instead of its own, thereby causing the savings to be understated. The Governors conclude that if the Commission had used its own cost estimates consistently in the pricing model, the resulting recommended Flat Rate Box rate would have been closer to that proposed by the Postal Service, \$8.80. Id.

In its Initial Statement, the Postal Service reiterates the Governors' critique, and advances additional technical arguments against the soundness of the Commission's recommended rate of \$9.15. According to the Service, adherence to the methodology and pricing model for the Flat Rate Box established on the record justifies a rate of \$8.95. Initial Statement at 5–9.

Participants are invited to comment on the merits of the Governors' and Postal Service's technical arguments, as well as the appropriate pricing objective for the Priority Mail Flat Rate Box.

II. Nonmachinable Surcharge

The Governors advocate extending the nonmachinable surcharge to lettershaped First-Class Mail pieces of two and three ounces. Id. at 5. The Governors observe that the Postal Service proposed to charge nonmachinable one-ounce letters the rate proposed for one-ounce flats, \$0.62. At the recommended one-ounce rate for flats, \$0.80, the Commission found (and the Governors concur) that application of the one-ounce flats rate to nonmachinable one-ounce letters would be excessive. Thus, the Commission recommended retention of a separate nonmachinable surcharge for one-ounce

letters, setting the rate at \$0.17, equivalent to the recommended First-Class Mail additional ounce rate. The Governors endorse the \$0.17 nonmachinable surcharge for one-ounce letters. *Id.*

The Governors note that the recommended rate for two- and three-ounce letters, \$0.58 and \$0.75, respectively, is identical regardless of machinability. To rectify this situation, the Governors propose that section 221.26 of the Domestic Mail Classification Schedule be revised to eliminate application of the nonmachinable surcharge only to pieces weighing one ounce or less. *Id.* at 5–6.

In its Initial Statement, the Postal Service repeats the criticism that the Commission's recommended rates fail to include a machinability-based price differential for First-Class letters weighing over one ounce, and argues that the Commission's rationale for a surcharge at the one-ounce level applies equally to the heavier tiers, particularly in view of the sizeable recommended reduction in the additional ounce rate. The Service submits that this gap in rate design and pricing could be filled by recommending the mail classification amendment suggested by the Governors, and calculates estimates of the consequent revenue impact, which it characterizes as de minimis. Id. at 2-5.

Participants commenting on this issue should, among other matters, specify any alternative proposed outcome, and identify record evidence supporting their position.

III. Standard Mail Flats

The Governors express concern that the rates recommended for Standard Mail flats may be too high relative to those proposed by the Postal Service and may result in some dislocation, particularly within the catalog industry. *Id.* at 8–10.⁵ Thus, the Governors request that the Commission reconsider "whether some rebalancing between Standard Mail letter and flat rates might be appropriate." *Id.* at 10.⁶

In summarizing their position, the Governors are careful to note that both the Postal Service's proposed Standard Mail rates and the Commission's

¹ Decision of the Governors of the United States Postal Service on the Opinion and Recommended Decision of the Postal Regulatory Commission on Changes in Postal Rates and Fees, Docket No. R2006–1, March 19, 2007 at 2 (Decision).

² Resolution of the Board of Governors of the United States Postal Service No. 07–3, March 19, 2007.

³ Initial Statement of the United States Postal Service on Reconsideration, March 28, 2007 (Initial Statement).

⁴ The Commission recognizes that reopening the record may preclude resolving one or more issues prior to May 14, 2007, the date for implementing most changes in rates and fees. Nonetheless, the Commission concludes that the process is best served if participants are provided an opportunity to demonstrate that the record should be reopened. Participants should recognize, however, that reopening the record may compromise mailers' ability to plan effectively for future mailings, as the Governors note in requesting expedited reconsideration.

⁵ In addition, the Governors cite concern over mailers' ability to convert pieces to less costly shapes, and the potential for increased financial risks to the Postal Service at the recommended rate levels. *Id.* at 9–10.

⁶ This request appears to apply to only Standard Regular and Standard Nonprofit Regular for two reasons. First, the quoted line appears under a caption titled "Standard Regular and Nonprofit Regular Subclasses." Second, in the next section titled "Standard ECR and Nonprofit ECR," the Governors do not request reconsideration for ECR/NECR flats.

recommended rates achieve the Postal Service's test year revenue target. However, the concerns noted above, particularly potential challenges to the vitality of the catalog industry, prompt the Governors to request reconsideration, focused on the appropriateness of rebalancing Standard Mail letter and flat rates. Unlike the other issues on which reconsideration is sought, the Governors do not suggest any specific "rebalancing" relief. *Id.*

In its Initial Statement, the Postal Service explicitly recognizes that, "in order to mitigate rates for flats, it would be necessary to make upward adjustments in other rates, namely, the rates for letters." Initial Statement at 9. Further, because the Governors do not challenge the cost or cost differential estimates on which the Commission's recommended Standard Mail rate design is based, the Service anticipates that, "it would likewise be necessary to depart to some extent from the specific passthrough levels initially chosen by the Commission." *Id.* at 10.

Without suggesting specific adjustments, the Postal Service submits that there are opportunities for providing rate relief to flats mailers while generating approximately the same net revenue by "impos[ing] only a modest additional rate burden on letter mailers." Id. In doing so, the Service asks that the Commission's recommendations comply with two rate design criteria: (1) Ensuring that the revised Regular/Nonprofit Regular 5digit Automation Letters rate remain below the Basic ECR/NECR letters rates to continue efforts to support the letters automation program; and (2) retaining the initially-recommended dropship discounts for Regular and Nonprofit Regular letters and flats rates. Additionally, because any such flats/ letters rate rebalancing would be based essentially on policy grounds, the Service submits that it is especially important to solicit the views of potentially affected Standard Mail users whose rates would be affected. In particular, the Service suggests that mailers may wish to address "their perceptions of the relative trade-offs between possible benefits of further rate adjustments, and the potential costs of further disruptions associated with any additional rate changes (which, at this point, would be of uncertain magnitude and would be implemented at an unknown date)." *Id.* at 11.

In their Decision, the Governors note that reconsideration may enable "individual mailers and their associations to address unique problems created by the Commission's [Standard Mail rate] recommendations." Decision at 12. Participants commenting in favor of any rebalancing of Standard Mail letter and flat rates should specify with particularity the relief requested. Such comments should include, at a minimum, citations to the record in support of the requested relief and, if possible, specific rates consistent with the proposed relief.⁷ Participants advocating retention of the recommended rates are advised to file initial comments to that effect, explaining the basis for their position.

While the procedures adopted herein provide an opportunity for comments, the Commission reminds potential commenters of the need to rely on record evidence.⁸ Anecdotal comments unconnected to the record, particularly from persons not parties to the proceeding, are problematic and cannot be relied on by the Commission in resolving issues raised on reconsideration.⁹

IV. Ordering Paragraphs

It is ordered:

- 1. Initial comments on matters for which reconsideration has been requested are due no later April 12, 2007.
- 2. Reply comments are due no later than April 19, 2007.
- 3. Motions to reopen the record are due no later than April 4, 2007. As required by the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, answers are due no later than April 11, 2007.
- 4. The Secretary shall arrange for publication of this notice and order in the **Federal Register**.

By the Commission.

Steven W. Williams,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. E7–6191 Filed 4–2–07; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7710–FW–P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Proposed Collection; Comment Request

Upon written request, copies available from: Securities and Exchange Commission, Office of Filings and Information Services, Washington, DC 20549.

Extension: Rule 15c2-3; SEC File No. 270-

539; OMB Control No. 3235-0599.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.), the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") has submitted to the Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") a request for extension of the previously approved collection of information discussed below.

Proposed rule 15c2-3 (17 CFR 240.15c2-3) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78a et seq.) would require brokers, dealers and municipal securities dealers to provide point of sale disclosure to investors prior to effecting transactions in mutual fund shares, UIT interests and college savings plan interests. The disclosure would provide investors with targeted material information about distributionrelated costs and remuneration that lead to conflicts of interest for their brokers, dealers or municipal securities dealers. The collection of information under proposed rule 15c2-3 would require some of the disclosure that is also required under rule 15c2-2. However, in contrast to the confirmation disclosure required under proposed rule 15c2-2, which a customer will not receive in writing until after a transaction has been effected, the point of sale disclosure that would be required under rule 15c2-3 would specifically require that investors be provided with information that they can use at the time they determine whether to enter into a transaction to purchase one of the covered securities.

In addition, the Commission, the self-regulatory organizations, and other securities regulatory authorities would be able to use records of point of sale disclosure delivered pursuant to proposed rule 15c2–3 in the course of examinations, and investigations, as well as enforcement proceedings against brokers, dealers and municipal securities dealers. However, no governmental agency would regularly receive any of the information described above.

Proposed rule 15c2–2 potentially would apply to all of the approximately 5,338 brokers, dealers and municipal securities dealers that are registered with the Commission and that are members of NASD. It would also potentially apply to approximately 62 additional municipal securities dealers. It is important to note, however, that the confirmation is a customary document used by the industry.

Proposed rule 15c2–3(d) would require brokers, dealers and municipal securities dealers to make records of their disclosure sufficient to

⁷ In addition, such comments should include, if possible, annual volumes of flats and catalogs by rate cell. If these data are not available, commenters should so indicate.

 $^{^8\,} Alternatively, judicial notice may be appropriate in some circumstances. See 39 CFR 3001.31(i).$

⁹Comments from persons not parties to the proceeding will be included in the public comments file by the Commission.