# **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

# **International Trade Administration**

Initiation of Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Administrative Reviews and Request for Revocation in Part

AGENCY: Import Administration,
International Trade Administration,
Department of Commerce
SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce
has received requests to conduct
administrative reviews of various
antidumping and countervailing duty
orders and findings with April
anniversary dates. In accordance with
the Department's regulations, we are

initiating those administrative reviews. The Department of Commerce also received a request to revoke one antidumping duty order in part. EFFECTIVE DATE: May 30, 2007.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Sheila E. Forbes, Office of AD/CVD Operations, Customs Unit, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20230, telephone: (202) 482–4697.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

# **Background**

Ege Celik Endustrisi Sanayi ve Ticaret A.S./Ege Dis Ticaret A.S..

The Department has received timely requests, in accordance with 19 CFR

351.213(b)(2002), for administrative reviews of various antidumping and countervailing duty orders and findings with April anniversary dates. The Department also received timely requests to revoke in part the antidumping duty order on Certain Steel Concrete Reinforcing Bars from Turkey with respect to four exporters.

# **Initiation of Reviews:**

In accordance with section 19 CFR 351.221(c)(1)(i), we are initiating administrative reviews of the following antidumping and countervailing duty orders and findings. We intend to issue the final results of these reviews not later than April 30, 2008.

Antidumping Duty Proceedings	Period to be Reviewed
RUSSIA: Magnesium Metal.	
A-821-819	4/1/06 - 3/31/07
PSC VSMPO–AVISMA Corporation.	
Solikamsk Magnesium Works.	
THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA: Automotive Replacement Glass Windshields1.	
A-570-867	4/1/06 - 3/31/0
Shenzhen CSG Automotive Glass Co., Ltd	
THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA: Brake Rotors <sup>2</sup> .	
x-570-846	4/1/06 - 3/31/0
National Automotive Industry Import & Export Corporation or China National.  Automotive Industry Import & Export Corporation, and manufactured by any company other than Shandong Laizhou Capco Industry ("Laizhou CAPCO").  Laizhou CAPCO, and manufactured by any company other than Laizhou CAPCO.  Laizhou Luyuan Automobile Fittings Co., and manufactured by any company other than Laizhou	
Luyuan Automobile Fittings Co., or Shenyang Honbase Machinery Co., Ltd Shenyang Honbase Machinery Co., Ltd., and manufactured by any company other than Laizhou	
Luyuan Automobile Fittings Co., or Shenayang Honbase Machinery Co., Ltd China National Industrial Machinery Import & Export Corp Laizhou Auto Brake Equipment Co., Ltd	
Longkou Haimeng Machinery Co., Ltd	
Qingdao Gren Co., aka Qingdao Gren (Group) Co	
Yantai Winhere Auto-Part Manufacturing Co., Ltd	
Zibo Luzhou Automobile Parts Co., Ltd.	
Laizhou Hongda Auto Replacement Parts Co., Ltd	
Qingdao Meita Automotive Industry Co., Ltd	
Longkou TLC Machinery Co., Ltd	
Zibo Golden Harvest Machinery Limited Company.	
Xianghe Xumingyuan Auto Parts Co	
Laizhou City Luqi Machinery Co., Ltd., aka Laizhou Luqi Machinery Co., Ltd	
Shenyang Yinghao Machinery Co., aka Shenyang Yinghao Machinery Co., Ltd	
Longkou Jinzheng Machinery Co., Ltd	
Dixion Brake System (Longkou) Ltd	
Laizhou Wally Automobile Co., Ltd	
Shanxi Zhongding Auto Parts Co., Ltd	
Shangdong Huanri Group Company, successor–in-interest to Shangdong.	
Huanri (Group) General Company.	
Qingdao Golrich Autoparts Co., aka Qingdao Golrich Autoparts Co., Ltd	
Longkou Qizheng Auto Parts Co., Ltd	
THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA: Bars and Wedges <sup>3</sup> .	
A-570-803	2/1/06 - 1/31/0
Truper Herramientas S.A. de C.V.	
THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA: Magnesium Metal <sup>4</sup> .	
A-570-896	4/1/06 - 3/31/0
Tianjin Magnesium International Co., Ltd THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA: Wooden Bedroom Furniture. A-570-890	1/1/06 - 12/31/0
Country Roots Furniture Inc. <sup>5</sup> .	1/1/00 - 12/31/0
FURKEY: Certain Steel Concrete Reinforcing Bars.  1—489–807	4/1/06 - 3/31/0
Colakoglu Metalurji A.S. and Colokaglu Dis Ticaret A.S	
Diler Demir Celik Endustri ve Ticaret A.S., Yazici Demir Celik. Sanayi ve Turizm Ticaret A.S. and Diler Dis Ticaret A.S	

Antidumping Duty Proceedings	Period to be Reviewed
Ekinciler Dis Ticaret A.S. and Ekinciler Demir ve Celik Sanayi A.S	
Izmir Demir Celik Sanayi A.S	
Habas Sinai ve Tibbi Gazlar Istihsal Endustrisi A.S	
Kaptan Demir Celik Endustrisi ve Ticaret A.S.and Kaptan Metal Dis Ticaret.	
ve Nakliyat A.S	
Kroman Celik Sanayii A.S	
Nursan Celik Sanayı ve Haddecilik A.S	
Countervailing Duty Proceeding.	
None	
Suspension Agreements.	
None	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> If one of the named companies does not qualify for a separate rate, all other exporters of brake rotors from the People's Republic of China who have not qualified for a separate rate are deemed to be covered by this review as part of the single PRC entity of which the named exporters are a part.

<sup>3</sup> In the initiation notice that published on March 28, 2007 (72 FR 14517), the review period for the above referenced case was incorrect. The

period listed above is the correct period of review for this case.

exporters are a part.

The company listed for the above referenced case was inadvertently omitted from the initiation notice that published on March 7, 2007 (72

FR 10159).

During any administrative review covering all or part of a period falling between the first and second or third and fourth anniversary of the publication of an antidumping duty order under section 351.211 or a determination under section 351.218(f)(4) to continue an order or suspended investigation (after sunset review), the Secretary, if requested by a domestic interested party within 30 days of the date of publication of the notice of initiation of the review, will determine, consistent with FAG Italia v.United States, 291 F.3d 806 (Fed. Cir. 2002), as appropriate, whether antidumping duties have been absorbed by an exporter or producer subject to the review if the subject merchandise is sold in the United States through an importer that is affiliated with such exporter or producer. The request must include the name(s) of the exporter or producer for which the inquiry is requested.

Interested parties must submit applications for disclosure under administrative protective orders in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305.

These initiations and this notice are in accordance with section 751(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1675(a)), and 19 CFR 351.221(c)(1)(i).

Dated: May 23, 2007.

### Stephen J. Claeys,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

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#### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

#### **International Trade Administration**

# [A-570-867]

Certain Automotive Replacement Glass Windshields from The People's Republic of China: Notice of Decision of the Court of International Trade Not in Harmony

**AGENCY:** Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: On May 10, 2007, the United States Court of International Trade ("Court") entered a final judgment sustaining the third remand results made by the Department of Commerce ("the Department") pursuant to the Court's remand of the antidumping duty order on Certain Automotive Replacement Glass Windshields from the People's Republic of China ("PRC") in Slip Op. 06–21 (CIT February 15, 2006). See Fuyao Glass Industry Group Co. v. United States, Ct. No. 02–00282, Slip Op. 06-21 (Ct. Int'l Trade May 10, 2007) ("Fuyao Glass"). This case arises out of the Department's Antidumping Duty Order on Certain Automotive Replacement Glass Windshields from the People's Republic of China, 67 FR 16087 (April 4, 2002) ("Order"). The final judgment in this case was not in harmony with the Department's Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Certain Automotive Replacement Glass Windshields From the People's Republic of China, 67 FR 6482 (February 12, 2002) ("Final Determination"), and accompanying Issues and Decisions Memorandum ("Decision Memo"), as amended at 67 FR 11670 (March 15, 2002), covering the period of investigation ("POI"), July 1, 2000 through December 31, 2000.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** May 30, 2007.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Paul Stolz, AD/CVD Operations, Office 8, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington DC 20230; telephone (202) 482–4474.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

# Background

Plaintiffs, Fuyao Glass Industry Group Co., Ltd. ("Fuyao") and Xinyi Automotive Glass Co., Ltd. ("Xinyi"), contested several aspects of the *Final* Determination, including the Department's decision to disregard certain market economy inputs. On February 15, 2006, the court remanded the Department's decision regarding certain market economy inputs to the Department. See Fuyao Glass Industry Group Co., Ltd. v. United States, Consol. Court No. 02-00282, 2006 Ct. Int'l Trade Lexis 21, Slip Op. 2006-21 (CIT February 15, 2006) ("Fuyao Glass III"). In its remand to the Department, the Court concluded with respect to the standard applied in the Department's analysis, that the Department must conduct its analysis "in accordance with the court's finding with respect to the use of the word 'are' rather than 'may be' when applying its subsidized price methodology." Fuyao Glass III, Slip Op. P. 9. The Court further directed the Department to either (1) "concur with the court's conclusions with respect to substantial evidence, or (2) re-open the record . . . " Fuyao Glass III, Slip Op. p. 7. The Court concluded that it does not find the Department's determination, that prices from Korea and Indonesia are subsidized, is

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> If one of the named companies does not qualify for a separate rate, all other exporters of magnesium metal from the People's Republic of China who have not qualified for a separate rate are deemed to be covered by this review as part of the single PRC entity of which the named exporters are a part.