



SSI Annual Statistical Report, 2006

Social Security Administration

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Highlights 2006

Size and Scope of the Supplemental Security Income Program

- About 7.2 million people received federally administered payments in December 2006.
- The average monthly payment in December 2006 was \$455.
- Total payments for the year were more than \$38 billion, including about \$4 billion in federally administered state supplementation.

Profile of Recipients

- The majority were female (57 percent).
- Fifteen percent were under age 18, 57 percent were aged 18 to 64, and 28 percent were aged 65 or older.
- Most (82 percent) were eligible on the basis of a disability.
- Almost 6 out of 10 recipients under the age of 65 were diagnosed with a mental disorder.
- More than half (55 percent) had no income other than their SSI payment.
- Thirty-five percent of SSI recipients also received Social Security benefits.
- Of the people receiving SSI benefits, about 2 percent were residing in a Title XIX institution where Medicaid was paying more than half of the cost.
- Despite their disabilities, about 349,000 recipients (5.7 percent) were working in December 2006.

Preface

Since 1974, the Supplemental Security Income (SSI) program has guaranteed a minimum level of income for needy aged, blind, or disabled individuals. Each year, we issue a report that presents data on the SSI program and the people who receive benefits from it. The report covers such topics as federal benefit rates and total annual payments, federally administered payments, work incentives, applications, outcomes of applications, awards, denials, and suspension of benefits.

The section on federally administered payments includes a table showing country of origin of the nearly 1.6 million SSI recipients who were born in a foreign country. Finally, in response to numerous inquiries for data at the state level, we have provided state distributions for applications, awards, recipient rates, and receipt of Social Security and SSI on the basis of disability.

Alfreda M. Brooks compiled the data and prepared the report for publication. Staff of the Division of Information Resources edited the report and prepared the print and electronic versions for publication.

General questions about the report should be directed to Alfreda Brooks at 410-965-9849 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov. For specific questions about the data, contact the person listed on each table.

This and other reports on the SSI program are available on the Web at <http://www.socialsecurity.gov/policy>. For additional copies, please e-mail op.publications@ssa.gov or call 202-358-6274.

Susan Grad
Acting Associate Commissioner
for Research, Evaluation, and Statistics

September 2007

Notes

All payments are federally administered payments.

All years are calendar years unless otherwise specified.

In July 2001, the Social Security Administration made retroactive lump-sum payments to correct an error in the cost-of-living adjustment for 2000 and 2001. The data in this report reflect the federal benefit rate actually used for Supplemental Security Income payments (\$512 for 2000; \$530 for January through June 2001).

Numbers in the text and tables may not add to totals because of rounding.

Monthly data shown in tables are for the end of the given month.

The tables on noninstitutionalized beneficiaries based on the Survey of Income and Program Participation (SIPP) have been removed from the *SSI Annual Statistical Report*. Because of increased attrition of survey participants over time and increasingly low match rates to administrative data, attempts were made to improve the reliability of estimates based on the SIPP. The Office of Research, Evaluation, and Statistics (ORES) contracted with the Census Bureau to conduct a special SIPP-based interview of Disability Insurance and Supplemental Security Income beneficiaries. Estimates based on the additional data were not available when this report was published. However, ORES anticipates publishing these estimates in another publication as well as highlighting the changes in the data and the reliability of the estimates. This decision reinforces the inherent differences between the survey data used to produce the estimates of noninstitutionalized beneficiaries and the administrative data used in this publication.

Because of variations across states in reported numbers of recipients and payment amounts of SSI state-administered state supplements, information on state-administered state supplements has been dropped from this publication.

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Background

The Supplemental Security Income (SSI) program is a nationwide federal assistance program administered by the Social Security Administration (SSA) that guarantees a minimum level of income for needy aged, blind, or disabled individuals. In December 2006, 7.2 million individuals received federally administered monthly SSI benefits (including federally administered state supplementary payments) averaging \$455.

History of the SSI Program

Entitlement programs for the aged, blind, or disabled have their roots in the original Social Security Act of 1935. That act established an old-age social insurance program to be administered by the federal government and an old-age means-tested assistance program to be administered by the states. Similar programs for the blind or disabled were added to the act in later years. Means-tested assistance was intended to supplement the incomes of individuals who were ineligible for Social Security or whose benefits could not provide a basic living.

This means-tested assistance, also known as categorical adult assistance, actually comprised three separate programs—Old-Age Assistance (OAA), Aid to the Blind (AB), and Aid to the Permanently and Totally Disabled (APTD). Despite substantial federal financing, those programs were essentially state programs; federal law established only broad guidelines and assistance. Federal financing was open-ended in the sense that the federal government would provide matching funds to support whatever payment levels the states established. Federal law specified no maximum or minimum standards. Consequently, each state was responsible for setting its own standards for determining who would receive assistance and how much they would receive. As a result, eligibility requirements and variations of payment levels differed from state to state.

Beginning in the early 1960s, this state-operated, federally assisted welfare system drew criticism from within and outside of government. Some of the criticism was directed at the crazy-quilt eligibility requirements and payment levels. Other criticism centered on specific requirements, such as lien laws and provisions that required certain relatives to bear responsibility for the maintenance of needy family members. The disparity in the degree of federal financial support provided to states was also an acknowledged problem.

Responding to these concerns, Congress passed and the president approved the SSI program (Public Law 92-603, enacted October 30, 1972), which

reversed the historic federal and state roles with regard to adult assistance. Under the new arrangement, SSI would provide a uniform federal income floor, and optional state programs would supplement that floor. The new program was historic in that it shifted from the states to the federal government the responsibility for determining who would receive assistance and how much assistance they would receive.

The Basic Plan

The main objective of the SSI program is to provide the basic cash support of needy aged, blind, or disabled individuals. Congress designed the SSI program on the basis of the following principles:

- Eligibility requirements and benefit standards that are nationally uniform and eligibility determinations that are based on objective criteria
- An assistance source of last resort for the aged, blind, or disabled whose income and resources are below specified levels
- Incentives and opportunities for recipients who are able to work or to be rehabilitated that would allow them to reduce their dependency on public assistance
- An efficient and economical method of administering the program to provide assistance
- Inducements to encourage states to provide supplementation of the basic federal benefit and protection for former recipients of state adult assistance programs who were converted to the SSI program
- Appropriate coordination of the SSI program with the Food Stamp program, medical assistance programs, and other programs

Uniform Standards and Objective Criteria

Before the SSI program, eligibility of aged, blind, or disabled individuals for federally funded adult assistance depended on the state in which they lived. Benefit amounts also varied from state to state. The SSI program replaced the state-run programs of assistance with a program having nationally uniform standards and objective eligibility criteria, which include the following:

- A uniform limitation on the dollar amount or value of income and resources that an individual can have and still qualify for federal assistance. The countable income limits for individuals and couples
-

are equal to their respective federal benefit rates and hence are increased annually according to changes in the cost of living. The resource limit is \$2,000 in countable resources for individuals and \$3,000 for couples.

- Sixty-five as the minimum age requirement for assistance based on age.
- A uniform definition of disability and blindness. The definitions for individuals 18 years of age or older are the same as those used for the Social Security Disability Insurance program. To be considered disabled, an individual must have a medically determinable physical or mental impairment that is expected to last (or has lasted) at least 12 continuous months or to result in death and (1) if 18 or older, prevents him or her from doing any substantial gainful activity, or (2) if under 18, results in marked and severe functional limitations.¹ However, individuals for whom addiction to drugs or alcoholism is a contributing factor material to the determination of their disabilities are not eligible for benefits.² To be considered blind, an individual must have central visual acuity of 20/200 or less in the better eye with the use of a correcting lens or have tunnel vision of 20 degrees or less.
- Uniform standards for citizenship and residency. To be eligible for SSI, an individual must be a citizen (or national) of the United States, an American Indian born in Canada who is under section 289 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (INA), an American Indian born outside the United States who is a member of a federally recognized Indian tribe under section 4(e) of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act, a noncitizen who was receiving SSI benefits on August 22,

1. Substantial gainful activity (SGA) is used to describe a level of work activity that is substantial (that is, involves the performance of significant physical or mental duties that are productive) and gainful (that is, performed for remuneration or profit). Generally, earnings from work activity of more than \$860 a month in 2006 were evidence of ability to engage in SGA. Applicants who earned more than \$860 a month would generally not be considered disabled. However, SSI recipients who earned more than \$860 a month could continue to be eligible for SSI. (See the section Incentives for Work and Opportunities for Rehabilitation.) The SGA level of \$860 was increased to \$900 effective January 1, 2007, according to the increase in the national average wage index.

The definition of disability for individuals under age 18 reflects amendments made by Public Law 104-193, the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996. Prior law required a medically determinable physical or mental impairment of comparable severity to that required for individuals aged 18 or older.

2. The provision reflects amendments made by Title I of Public Law 104-121, the Senior Citizens' Right to Work Act of 1996, enacted March 29, 1996.

1996, or a qualified alien in one of the following categories:³

- certain noncitizens who are blind or disabled and were lawfully residing in the United States on August 22, 1996;
- refugees (eligibility limited to the 7-year period after their arrival in the United States);
- asylees (eligibility limited to the 7-year period after the date they are granted asylum);
- noncitizens who have had their deportations withheld under section 243(h) of the INA as in effect before April 1, 1997, or who have had their removals withheld under section 241(b)(3) of the INA (eligibility limited to the 7-year period after the date that deportation or removal is withheld);
- Cuban and Haitian entrants under section 501(e) of the Refugee Education Assistance Act of 1980 (eligibility limited to the 7-year period after the date they are granted entrant status);
- Amerasian immigrants admitted pursuant to section 584 of the Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Related Programs Appropriations Act of 1988 and subsequent amendments (eligibility limited to the 7-year period after their arrival in the United States);
- noncitizen active-duty armed forces personnel, honorably discharged veterans, and their spouses and dependent children; or
- lawful permanent residents who have earned or can be credited (from their spouses or parents) with 40 qualifying quarters of earnings.

Note that qualified alien status includes noncitizens who have been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty in the United States by a spouse or parent (or a member of the spouse's or parent's family) with whom they live and who have an approved petition, or have a petition pending, setting forth a prima facie case for adjustment of their immigration status.

Finally, certain noncitizens may be eligible for SSI regardless of their immigration status if they have been determined to be victims of severe forms of trafficking

3. These standards reflect amendments made by Public Law 104-193, the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, as amended by Public Law 104-208, Public Law 105-33, and Public Law 105-306. Prior law permitted SSI eligibility for individuals who were residents of the United States, citizens or nationals of the United States, aliens lawfully admitted for permanent residence in the United States, or aliens permanently residing in the United States under color of law.

in persons in the United States.⁴ Such individuals are treated for SSI purposes as refugees, that is, they are eligible for SSI for 7 years after a determination is made that they are trafficking victims.⁵

In addition to having to be a U.S. citizen (or national) or in one of the potentially eligible noncitizen categories, an individual must reside in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, or the Northern Mariana Islands—areas referred to here collectively as the United States. An individual also must be physically present in the United States for 30 consecutive days if he or she had been outside the United States for 30 or more consecutive days.

There are two exceptions to the residency and physical presence requirements:

- Blind or disabled children who are citizens of the United States may continue to be eligible for payments if they are living outside the United States with a parent who is on duty as a member of the U.S. armed forces. This exception also applies to blind and disabled children of military personnel who are born overseas, become blind or disabled overseas, or applied for SSI benefits while overseas.
- Students studying abroad for not more than 1 year may continue to be eligible for payments if the studies are sponsored by a U.S. educational institution but cannot be conducted in the United States.

Assistance of Last Resort

As a means-tested program, SSI takes into account all income and resources that an individual has or can obtain. The amount of an individual's countable income and resources are the measure of his or her need for assistance.

Income

The amount of an individual's income is used to determine both eligibility for, and the amount of, his or her SSI benefit. As countable income increases, an individual's SSI benefit amount decreases. Generally, ineligibility for SSI occurs when countable income equals the federal benefit rate plus the amount of applicable feder-

ally administered state supplementary payment (state supplementation is discussed later).

The monthly federal benefit rate is reduced dollar for dollar by the amount of the individual's "countable" income—that is, income minus all applicable exclusions. The result of this computation determines SSI eligibility and the amount of the monthly benefit payable. The benefit rates are adjusted annually (in January) to reflect changes in the cost of living.

When an individual lives in the household of another and receives support and maintenance in kind (that is, generally, room and board) from the householder, the federal SSI benefit rate is reduced by one-third in lieu of counting the actual value of the support and maintenance as unearned income. The value of food or shelter-related items the individual receives in kind from persons other than the householder (including in-kind assistance from outside the household in which the individual lives) is counted as unearned income, up to an amount equal to one-third of the applicable federal benefit rate plus \$20.⁶

SSI law defines two kinds of income—earned and unearned. Earned income is wages, net earnings from self-employment, remuneration for work in a sheltered workshop, royalties on published work, and honoraria for services. All other income is unearned. The distinction between earned and unearned income is significant because different exclusions apply to each type of income.

However, not everything an individual receives is considered to be income. Generally, if the item received cannot be used as, or to obtain, food, clothing, or shelter, it will not be considered as income. For example, if someone pays an individual's medical bills or offers free medical care, or if the individual receives money from a social services agency that is a repayment of an amount he or she previously spent, that value is not considered income to the individual. In addition, some items that are considered to be income are excluded when determining the amount of an individual's benefit (see Box 1).

Resources

The amount of an individual's resources is used to determine whether he or she is eligible for SSI in a given month. SSI law states that eligibility is restricted to individuals who have countable resources, deter-

4. Trafficking of persons is generally defined as the recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, or obtaining of a person for labor or services through the use of force, fraud, or coercion for the purpose of subjection to involuntary servitude, peonage, debt bondage, or slavery.

5. Public Law 106-386, the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, enacted October 28, 2000.

6. SSA simplified the SSI program (70 FR 6340) by generally eliminating clothing from the definition of income and from the definition of in-kind support and maintenance, effective February 7, 2005.

mined monthly, that do not exceed \$2,000 (\$3,000 for a couple). The law does not define what resources are but does stipulate what items are not considered resources.

Regulations state that a resource is cash or other liquid asset or any real or personal property that individuals (or their spouses) own and could convert to cash to be used for their support and maintenance. This definition is consistent with the general philosophy of the SSI program that only items that can be used for an individual's food, clothing, or shelter should be used in determining his or her eligibility and benefit amount. Not all resources an individual owns are counted. The value of an item may be totally excluded or counted

only to the extent that its value exceeds specified limits (see Box 1).

If an individual disposes of resources at less than fair market value within the 36-month period before applying for SSI or at any time thereafter, the individual may be penalized. The penalty is a loss of benefits for a number of months (up to a 36-month maximum) obtained by dividing the uncompensated value of disposed-of resources by the federal benefit rate plus the maximum state supplementary payment, if any, applicable to the individual's living arrangement. The penalty does not apply if, among other things, the individual can show that the resources were disposed of exclusively for a purpose other than establishing SSI eligibility.

Box 1.
Income and Resource Exclusions

Income Exclusions

The principal earned income exclusions are

- the first \$65 per month plus one-half of the remainder,
- impairment-related work expenses of the disabled and work expenses of the blind,
- income set aside or being used to pursue a plan for achieving self-support by a disabled or blind individual, and
- infrequent or irregularly received income (\$30 or less a quarter).

The principal unearned income exclusions are

- the first \$20 per month,^a
- income set aside or being used to pursue a plan for achieving self-support by a disabled or blind individual,
- state- or locally funded assistance based on need,
- rent subsidies under programs administered by the Department of Housing and Urban Development and the value of food stamps, and
- infrequent or irregularly received income (\$60 or less a quarter).

Resource Exclusions

The principal resource exclusions are

- the home and land appertaining to it, regardless of value;

- life insurance policies whose total face value does not exceed \$1,500;
- burial funds not in excess of \$1,500 each for an individual and spouse (plus accrued interest);
- household goods and personal effects;^b
- an automobile if used for transportation for the beneficiary or a member of the beneficiary's household;^c
- property essential to self-support;
- resources set aside to fulfill a plan to achieve self-support; and
- amounts deposited into an individual development account, including matching funds and interest earned on such amounts, under the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program or the Assets for Independence Act.

- a. Any portion of the \$20 amount not used to exclude unearned income may be used to exclude earned income.
- b. The \$2,000 value limit was removed effective February 7, 2005 (70 FR 6340).
- c. SSA also changed the evaluation of automobiles as an excludable resource, effective February 7, 2005 (70 FR 6340). Under the old rules, one automobile could be excluded (regardless of value) if necessary for employment, medical treatment, or essential daily activities. If not excludable under this criteria, the current market value of one automobile (up to \$4,500) could be excluded. The new exclusion, applicable to any one automobile used for transportation, simplifies the evaluation of this resource.

Filing for Other Benefits

As the "program of last resort," SSI benefits are provided to eligible individuals only to the extent that their needs are not met by other sources. After evaluating all other income and resources, SSI pays what is necessary to bring an individual to the statutorily prescribed income "floor." In keeping with this principle, SSI law requires that SSI applicants file for other payments for which they may be entitled, such as annuities, pensions, retirement or disability benefits, workers' compensation, and unemployment insurance benefits.

SSA must provide an individual with written notice of potential eligibility for other benefits and of the requirement to take all appropriate steps to pursue those benefits. The individual has 30 days from receipt of the notice to file for the benefits involved.

Eligibility Issues for Residents of Public Institutions or Medical Facilities and Personal Needs Allowance

State and local governments—rather than the federal government—traditionally have taken the financial responsibility for residents of their public institutions. The SSI program continues this long-standing public assistance policy. People who are residents of public institutions for a full calendar month are generally ineligible for SSI unless one of the following exceptions applies:

- The public institution is a medical treatment facility and Medicaid pays more than 50 percent of the cost of care or, in the case of a child under age 18, Medicaid, private health insurance, or both pay more than 50 percent of the cost of care.
- The public institution is a publicly operated community residence serving no more than 16 residents.
- The public institution is an emergency shelter for the homeless (payments are limited to no more than 6 months in any 9-month period).
- The recipient was eligible under section 1619(a) or section 1619(b) for the month preceding the first full month in the public institution and is permitted by the institution to retain any benefits (payable for up to 2 months).
- A physician certifies that the recipient's stay in a medical facility is likely not to exceed 3 months and that continued SSI eligibility is needed to maintain and provide for the expenses of the home to which the individual will return.

When individuals enter medical treatment facilities in which more than half of the bill is paid by the

Medicaid program, their monthly federal payment standard is generally reduced to \$30, beginning with the first full calendar month they are in the facility. In the case of an individual under age 18, the \$30 payment standard is also applicable if more than half of the bill is paid by private insurance or a combination of Medicaid and private insurance. In these cases, the SSI program provides up to \$30 a month, which is intended to take care of small comfort items not provided by the institution.

Deeming

In certain situations, the income and resources of others are counted in determining whether an individual's income and resources fall below the levels established by law. This process is called *deeming* and is applied in cases in which an eligible individual lives with an ineligible spouse, an eligible child lives with an ineligible parent, or an eligible noncitizen has a sponsor.⁷ In concept, the practice takes into account the responsibility of the ineligible spouse or parent or the sponsor to provide for the basic needs of the eligible individual.

Spouse-to-Spouse Deeming. When an eligible individual lives in the same household with a spouse who is not eligible for SSI, the ineligible spouse's income and resources are deemed to be available to the eligible individual. In determining the amount of income and resources available to the eligible individual, all applicable exclusions are used. In addition, a living allowance is provided for the ineligible spouse and for any ineligible children under age 18 living in the household. The allowance reduces the amount of income to be deemed. Spouse-to-spouse deeming is intended to result in the same amount of income being available to the couple as would be available if both members of the couple were aged, blind, or disabled and eligible for SSI.

Deeming does not apply when the eligible individual is not living in the same household as the ineligible spouse. However, if the ineligible spouse's absence is temporary or is due solely to an active-duty assignment as a member of the U.S. armed forces, deeming continues to apply.

Parent-to-Child Deeming. A child under age 18 is subject to deeming from an ineligible natural or adoptive parent (and that parent's spouse, if any) living in the same household. Certain amounts of the parent's income are excluded, living allowances are provided for

7. Deeming also applies to an individual who lives with an essential person (a concept carried over from the former state assistance plans). However, there are fewer than 100 of these cases remaining.

the parent(s), and an allocation is set aside for each ineligible child under age 18 (under age 21 if a student) who is living in the household. Deeming from an eligible parent to a child continues if the parent is absent from the household but the absence is temporary or is due solely to active-duty assignment as a member of the U.S. armed forces. A child living in a household in which all members are receiving public assistance benefits is not considered to be receiving any support, and deeming does not apply.

Sponsor-to-Alien Deeming. The income and resources of noncitizens are deemed to include those of their sponsors. The way the income and resources are deemed and the length of the deeming period depend on whether the sponsor signed a legally enforceable affidavit of support, as required by Public Law 104-208, or the previous version of the affidavit. Generally, individuals who entered the country before 1998 did so under the old version of the affidavit.⁸

Under the old version of the affidavit, deeming of the sponsor's income and resources lasts until the non-citizen has been in the United States for 3 years.⁹ Living allowances equal to the federal benefit rate are provided for the sponsor, and allowances equal to one-half of the federal benefit rate are provided for each of the sponsor's dependents. Allowances are also provided for the sponsor and his or her family members in determining deemed resources. These allowances reduce the amount of the sponsor's income and resources deemed to the noncitizen.

For noncitizens admitted into the United States under a legally enforceable affidavit of support, deeming generally applies until the noncitizen becomes a U.S. citizen. Deeming ends before citizenship if the noncitizen has earned, or can be credited with, 40 qualifying quarters of earnings. Children and spouses of workers may be credited with quarters earned by the worker. A quarter otherwise earned after 1996 does not count as one of the required 40 if the noncitizen or worker received federal means-tested public benefits during the relevant period.

Also for this group of noncitizens, deeming does not apply for specified periods if the noncitizens or their children or parents have been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty while in the United States or if spon-

sors left the noncitizens indigent by not providing them with sufficient support.

Incentives for Work and Opportunities for Rehabilitation

SSI benefits provide a basic level of assistance for individuals who are blind or disabled with limited earnings ability because of their impairments. Nonetheless, for recipients who want to work, the SSI program is designed to encourage and support their work attempts to help them achieve greater degrees of independence. The SSI program includes a number of work incentive provisions that enable recipients who are blind or disabled to work and retain benefits or to increase their levels of work activity without the loss of SSI disability status or Medicaid. These incentives provide higher amounts of income or resource exclusions as recognition of the expenses associated with working or as inducements to seek rehabilitation services and support for work efforts.

Earned Income Exclusion

The first \$65 (\$85 if the individual has no income other than earnings) of any monthly earned income plus one-half of remaining earnings are excluded for SSI benefit computation purposes. This general earned income exclusion is intended to help offset expenses incurred when working. It ensures that SSI recipients who are working will be rewarded for their efforts by having greater total income than those who do not work.

Impairment-Related Work Expense Exclusion

The cost of certain impairment-related services and items that a disabled (but not blind) individual needs to work are excluded from earned income in determining SSI eligibility and benefit amounts.

In calculating these expenses, amounts equal to the costs of certain attendant care services, medical devices, equipment, prostheses, vehicle modifications, residential modifications to accommodate wheelchairs, and similar items and services are deductible from earnings. The costs of routine drugs and routine medical services are not deductible, unless they are necessary to control the disabling condition.

Work Expenses of the Blind Exclusion

Any expenses relating to work that a blind individual has are excluded from earned income in determining SSI eligibility and benefit amounts. Unlike an impairment-related work expense, a deductible expense need not be directly related to the worker's blindness; it need

8. The Immigration and Naturalization Service began using the new, legally enforceable affidavits on December 19, 1997. However, if a potential immigrant had a visa issued before that date, the sponsor would sign an old affidavit even if the affidavit was signed after December 19, 1997.

9. For a temporary period—January through September 1996—the deeming period was 5 years.

only be an ordinary and necessary work expense of the worker.

Some frequently excluded work expenses include transportation to and from work, meals consumed during work hours, job equipment, licenses, income or FICA taxes, and costs of job training.

Student Earned Income Exclusion

The student earned income exclusion is an additional exclusion for an individual who is under the age of 22 and regularly attending school. It is intended to help defray the cost of educational training. Under current regulations, up to \$1,510 of earned income per month but no more than \$6,100 per year may be excluded.¹⁰

Plan for Achieving Self-Support

A plan for achieving self-support (PASS) allows a disabled or blind individual to set aside income and resources to get a specific type of job or to start a business. The plan may involve setting aside funds for education or vocational training, to purchase work-related equipment, or to pay for transportation related to the work goal. The income and resources that are set aside are excluded under the SSI income and resources tests.

The individual must have a feasible work goal and a specific savings or spending plan. The individual also must provide a clearly identifiable accounting for the funds that are set aside. The PASS is time limited and must be approved by SSA. The individual must then follow the plan and negotiate revisions as needed. SSA monitors the approved plan by reviewing it periodically to ensure the individual's progress toward attaining the work goal.

Special Provisions for Disabled People Who Work

These work incentives are generally referred to by their section number in the Social Security Act, section 1619. Under section 1619(a), disabled individuals who would cease to be eligible because they earn more than the substantial gainful activity level can receive special cash benefits as long as they

- continue to have the disabling condition,
- have income under the amount that would cause ineligibility for any payment under SSI income counting rules, and
- meet all other nondisability requirements for SSI payment.

10. Under current regulations, this exclusion will be increased in subsequent years on the basis of changes in the cost of living.

In many states, being a recipient of the special benefit permits the individual to be eligible for Medicaid benefits.

Under section 1619(b), "SSI recipient" status for Medicaid eligibility purposes also is provided to an individual

- whose earnings preclude any SSI payment but are not sufficient to provide a reasonable equivalent of the SSI, social services, and Medicaid benefits that the individual would have in the absence of earnings and
- whose ability to continue working would be seriously inhibited by the loss of social services and Medicaid benefits.

To qualify for extended Medicaid coverage under section 1619(b), an individual must

- have a disabling condition,
- need Medicaid to work,
- not be able to afford equivalent medical coverage and publicly funded personal or attendant care that would be lost without assistance,
- meet all nondisability requirements for SSI payment other than earnings, and
- have received a regular SSI cash payment in a previous month within the current period of eligibility. (In some states, the individual must have qualified for Medicaid in the month preceding the first month of eligibility under section 1619.)

In determining whether individuals' earnings are not sufficient to provide them with the equivalent benefits they would be eligible for if they stopped working, their earnings are compared with a threshold amount for their state of residence. Section 1619(b) status continues if the earnings are below the threshold. If earnings exceed the state threshold, an individualized assessment of the need for Medicaid is made, and 1619(b) status may continue.

Vocational Rehabilitation and the Ticket to Work Program

Since the beginning of the SSI program, SSA has made provision for blind or disabled individuals who are receiving SSI benefits to be referred to state Vocational Rehabilitation (VR) agencies. If the state VR agency does not accept the referral, SSA can refer recipients to an alternate provider to receive vocational rehabilitation services. SSA reimburses the VR agency or alternate provider for services that result in the individual's working at the level of substantial gainful activity for a con-

tinuous period of 9 months, and in certain other limited situations.

The Ticket to Work and Work Incentives Improvement Act of 1999 established a Ticket to Work program under which a disabled beneficiary is able to obtain vocational rehabilitation, employment, and other support services from a qualified private or public provider. Providers of such services in this new setting are referred to as employment networks (ENs). In addition, the Ticket legislation provided for a new procedure for compensating the ENs under an outcome or outcome-milestone payment system. By expanding the pool of providers and giving the providers incentives for achieving success, this program seeks to expand a disabled beneficiary's access to these services for assistance in finding, entering, and retaining employment and reducing his or her dependence on cash benefits. Regulations issued by the commissioner of Social Security became effective January 2002. Beginning in 2002, the Ticket to Work program was gradually phased in, and it has been in operation nationwide since November 2003.

Individuals receiving SSI benefits who improve medically and are therefore no longer considered disabled or blind can continue to receive SSI benefits if they are actively participating in the Ticket to Work program or another approved VR program and if continuing or completing the program would increase the likelihood that they would be permanently removed from the SSI rolls. SSI benefits and Medicaid generally continue until the rehabilitation services are completed or until the individual ceases to participate in the program.

Expedited Reinstatement

A disabled or blind individual whose eligibility for SSI payments was ended because of earnings can request expedited reinstatement of his or her SSI benefits without filing a new application. To qualify for expedited reinstatement, the individual must make the request within 60 months after the eligibility ended and must have a disabling medical condition that (1) is the same as or related to the disabling medical condition that led to the previous period of eligibility and (2) prevents him or her from performing substantial gainful activity. In determining whether the individual is disabled or blind, the medical review standard is applied. Normal non-medical requirements for SSI eligibility still apply.

An individual requesting expedited reinstatement may receive up to 6 months of provisional benefits while the request is pending. These benefits generally are not considered an overpayment if the request is denied. Provisional benefits may include Medicaid but

do not include any state supplementary payments. Provisional benefits may be received as well by the individual's spouse at a couple's rate if the spouse was previously eligible for SSI as a spouse.

Administration of the SSI Program

The framers of Supplemental Security Income chose the Social Security Administration to administer the program because the basic system for paying monthly benefits to a large number of individuals was already in place in the form of the Social Security program.

Application Process

Individuals can make appointments to apply for SSI benefits at any one of the approximately 1,300 SSA field offices around the country or through SSA teleservice centers. The claims process includes the application interview, the obtaining of necessary evidence and documentation, and the adjudication of the claim. Many individuals file for benefits under the SSI and the Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance programs at the same time. Potential claimants initially contact SSA by phone or mail or in person. Field office personnel conduct an interview with the claimant, the claimant's representative, or both.

SSA corroborates information provided by applicants for SSI through independent or collateral sources. Generally, the basic responsibility for obtaining evidence lies with the claimant, although SSA often gives advice on ways to obtain the needed information. Because of the special circumstances of the SSI population (for example, financial need, old age, or illness), SSA makes special efforts to assist claimants in obtaining the necessary proofs.

With regard to disability and blindness claims, SSA makes determinations of all of the nonmedical eligibility factors, and each state's Disability Determination Services (DDS) makes determinations of the medical eligibility factors.

Applicants and recipients are required to report events and changes of circumstances that may affect their SSI eligibility and benefit amounts. Such reports are required, for example, when an individual has a change in the amount of income or resources, changes living arrangements, or leaves the United States. Failure or delay in submitting a required report can result in a penalty being assessed against the individual's SSI benefit.

Determinations of Eligibility

SSI applications have no retroactivity and become effective in the month after the month of filing or the month after all eligibility requirements are met, whichever is later. Eligibility for benefits is determined on a current monthly basis. SSI recipients are required to have their nonmedical eligibility factors redetermined periodically, generally every 1 to 6 years depending on their specific situation.

In addition to these nonmedical reviews, medical reviews are conducted on disabled or blind recipients to determine whether they continue to be disabled or blind. For administrative efficiency the medical reviews are done most often on disabled or blind recipients whose medical conditions are considered likely to improve. Medical reviews are required for disabled or blind recipients, for example, under the following circumstances:

- when earnings of recipients exceed the substantial gainful activity level
- at least once every 3 years for recipients under the age of 18 whose medical conditions are considered likely to improve
- within 12 months after birth for recipients whose low birth weight is a contributing factor material to the determination of their disability unless the commissioner determines that the impairment is not expected to improve within 12 months of the child's birth
- within 1 year after attainment of the age of 18 and using the adult eligibility criteria for recipients whose eligibility for SSI benefits was established under the disabled child eligibility criteria

Representative Payees

When SSI recipients are incapable of managing their benefits, SSA appoints representative payees for them, and their SSI benefits are sent to the representative payees. In many cases the representative payee is a spouse, parent, or other close relative who will act in the recipient's best interest. In some cases, an SSA-approved organization may be appointed, and some organizations have been authorized by SSA to collect a fee from the benefit for acting as payee. The fee cannot exceed the lesser of 10 percent of the benefit amount or a specified amount (\$32 a month in 2007, \$66 a month for disabled recipients who also have a drug addiction or alcoholism condition).

Representative payees may use an SSI recipient's benefit only for the use and benefit of the recipient and must account for all benefits received. Representative

payees also are required to report any changes that may affect SSI recipients' eligibility and payment amount and may be held liable for certain overpayments that occur.

Appeal Rights

Recipients must be informed in writing in advance of adverse actions that SSA plans to take and must be given the opportunity to request that their benefits continue pending a decision at the first level of appeal.

Attorney Fees

At any time, an individual may appoint a representative in any dealings with the Social Security Administration. If such a representative is an attorney, he or she must be in good standing, have the right to practice law before a court, not be disqualified or suspended from acting as a representative in dealings with Social Security, and not be prohibited by any law from acting as a representative. If the individual is not an attorney, he or she must meet qualifications specified by the commissioner (for example, be of good character and able to provide valuable service to claimants).

A representative may charge and receive a fee for his or her services, but the Social Security Administration generally decides how much the fee will be. Although the Social Security Act does not establish a maximum fee, most attorneys use an options process that limits their maximum fee to the lesser of 25 percent of the retroactive payment or \$5,300.¹¹

Advance Payments

The SSI program has provisions that help respond to the immediate needs of new claimants. These procedures are in addition to state and local programs designed to help those in need pending decisions on their SSI status.

Emergency Advance Payments. A new claimant who faces a financial emergency and who has a strong likelihood of being found eligible may receive up to 1 month of SSI benefits—the federal payment amount plus any applicable state supplement. The amount paid is recovered from later SSI payments (in full from the first payment or in increments over no more than a 6-month period, depending on the circumstances). However, if the claim is subsequently not allowed because of not finding disability or blindness, repayment is waived. If the claim is disallowed for other rea-

11. Fee agreements before February 1, 2002, were limited to the lesser of 25 percent of the retroactive payment or \$4,000.

sons, the amount paid is an overpayment and is processed as such.

Presumptive Disability or Blindness. Up to 6 months of payments may be made to an individual applying for benefits on the basis of disability or blindness when the available evidence reflects a high degree of probability that the impairment will meet the definition of disability or blindness and the individual is otherwise eligible. These payments are not considered overpayments if the individual is later determined not to be disabled or blind.

State Supplementation

In designing the SSI program, Congress recognized that states, in many instances, would want to provide a higher level of income maintenance than was available under the federal program. At the same time, states were given the option to either provide no supplementation to the federal assistance payments or supplement those payments on the basis of their views of the needs of their citizens. They were mandated to ensure that their citizens would not receive lower benefits under the federal program than they had under the former state program.

Types of State Supplementation

State supplementation can be optional or mandatory.

Optional State Supplementary Payment Programs. For individuals who first became eligible for SSI in 1974 or later, each state could supplement federal payments to whatever extent it found appropriate with respect to the needs of its citizens and the resources of the state. In 2006, 46 states had optional state supplementary payment programs.

Some states provide supplementary payments to all individuals eligible for SSI benefits; others may limit them to certain SSI recipients, such as the blind or residents of domiciliary care facilities, or may extend them to persons ineligible for SSI because of excess income. States' flexibility in setting supplementary payments, however, has been significantly restricted by mandatory passalong provisions (described below).

Mandatory State Supplementary Payment Programs. States are required to maintain the income levels from December 1973 of individuals who were transferred from the former state adult assistance programs to the SSI program in 1974, except for Texas, which until 1999 had a constitutional bar against mandatory state supplementation.¹² Because of the increases in federal benefits, only a few individuals

continue to receive mandatory state supplementary payments.

Administration of State Supplementary Payments

A state may administer its supplementary program or enter into an agreement under which SSA will make eligibility determinations and payments on behalf of the state. Under state administration, the state pays its own program benefits and absorbs the full administrative costs. Under federal administration, states are required to pay SSA a fee of \$9.69 for each supplementary payment issued in fiscal year 2007. Fees are scheduled to rise in succeeding fiscal years.

States that administer their own supplementary payment programs establish their own eligibility criteria. States with federally administered programs must adhere to SSI eligibility criteria in all aspects except additional income exclusions.

Mandatory Passalong

It was originally the view of Congress that increases in the federal SSI benefit rate would eventually replace state supplementary payments. However, public reaction to states reducing their supplementary payment amounts when SSI payments were increased led Congress to mandate that states pass along SSI benefit increases resulting from cost-of-living adjustments.

To meet the passalong requirement, a state may either maintain each state payment level from year to year (the *payment levels* method), or it may spend the same amount of money, in the aggregate, that it spent for supplementary benefits in the 12-month period preceding the increase in the SSI benefit rate (the *total expenditures* method).

Coordination with Other Programs

SSI benefits are not the only form of assistance available to needy aged, blind, or disabled individuals. Medicaid, food stamps, and temporary state assistance are also important in keeping individuals from sliding further into poverty. SSA plays a limited but important role in helping states with regard to administration of the Medicaid and Food Stamp programs, and provisions in the SSI statute ensure that payments made by states or under the Social Security program are not duplicated by SSI benefits.

12. The requirement does not affect West Virginia, since SSI federal benefit rates in 1973 exceeded the applicable income standards under the state's adult assistance programs.

Windfall Offset

If a person receives SSI payments and is later determined to be entitled to retroactive Social Security benefits, such retroactive benefits are reduced by the amount of SSI payments the person would not have been eligible for had the Social Security benefits been paid in the month they were due. This process, called the *windfall offset*, was enacted to prevent windfall payments to individuals when Social Security and SSI payments were paid for the same period.

Medicaid Determinations

Generally, SSI recipients are categorically eligible for Medicaid. A state may use SSI eligibility criteria for determining Medicaid eligibility, or it may use its own criteria as long as the criteria are no more restrictive than the state's January 1972 medical assistance standards. Forty states use SSI criteria, and 11 states use eligibility criteria that are more restrictive than those of the SSI program.

States also may enter into agreements with SSA for SSA to make Medicaid eligibility determinations on their behalf as long as the eligibility requirements of the state's Medicaid plans are the same as those for the SSI program. Under these agreements, SSA determines only when an individual is eligible for Medicaid; SSA does not determine Medicaid ineligibility. SSA has agreements with 33 states to determine eligibility for Medicaid.

Continued Medicaid eligibility is provided for certain Social Security beneficiaries who lose SSI eligibility because of either an entitlement to Social Security benefits or an increase in Social Security benefits resulting from

- cost-of-living adjustments
- actuarial increases in widow(er)s benefits
- changes in the definition of disability for widow(er)s benefits
- increases in disabled adult child benefits

Food Stamp Applications

SSI recipients in all states, except California, may be eligible for food stamps. Under agreements entered into by the secretary of Agriculture and SSA, Social Security offices notify Social Security and SSI applicants and recipients of their potential benefits under the Food Stamp program and make food stamp applications available to them.¹³

The law also provides for Social Security offices to take food stamp applications from potentially eligible or eligible SSI households that are not already receiving food stamps and do not have a food stamp application pending. Food stamp applications from SSI households may be taken in connection with initial SSI claims or at the time of a redetermination. Food stamp applicants have the option of applying at Social Security offices or at state food stamp offices if expedited service is required. Social Security offices forward the food stamp application and any supporting documents to the local food stamp offices within 1 day of taking the application. Eligibility is determined by the food stamp office.

Interim Assistance Reimbursement

SSA may enter into agreements under which states or local governments are reimbursed for basic needs assistance provided during the period that an eligible individual's SSI application for benefits was pending or the individual's SSI benefits were suspended and subsequently reinstated (the interim period). Thirty-nine states have interim assistance agreements with SSA.

13. California "cashes out" food stamps, and SSI recipients receive a cash payment in their state supplementary payment in lieu of food stamps.

Federal Benefit Rates and Total Annual Payments

Table 1.
Monthly federal SSI benefit rates, 1974–2007 (in dollars)

Starting date	Individual		Couple		Medicaid facility	Essential person increment
	Own household	Another's household	Own household	Another's household		
January 1974	140.00	93.34	210.00	140.00	25.00	70.00
July 1974	146.00	97.34	219.00	146.00	25.00	73.00
July 1975	157.70	105.14	236.60	157.74	25.00	78.90
July 1976	167.80	111.87	251.80	167.87	25.00	84.00
July 1977	177.80	118.54	266.70	177.80	25.00	89.00
July 1978	189.40	126.27	284.10	189.40	25.00	94.80
July 1979	208.20	138.80	312.30	208.20	25.00	104.20
July 1980	238.00	158.67	357.00	238.00	25.00	119.20
July 1981	264.70	176.47	397.00	264.67	25.00	132.60
July 1982	284.30	189.54	426.40	284.27	25.00	142.50
July 1983	304.30	202.87	456.40	304.27	25.00	152.50
January 1984	314.00	209.34	472.00	314.67	25.00	157.00
January 1985	325.00	216.67	488.00	325.34	25.00	163.00
January 1986	336.00	224.00	504.00	336.00	25.00	168.00
January 1987	340.00	226.67	510.00	340.00	25.00	170.00
January 1988	354.00	236.00	532.00	354.67	25.00	177.00
January 1989	368.00	245.34	553.00	368.67	30.00	184.00
January 1990	386.00	257.34	579.00	386.00	30.00	193.00
January 1991	407.00	271.34	610.00	406.67	30.00	204.00
January 1992	422.00	281.34	633.00	422.00	30.00	211.00
January 1993	434.00	289.34	652.00	434.67	30.00	217.00
January 1994	446.00	297.34	669.00	446.00	30.00	223.00
January 1995	458.00	305.34	687.00	458.00	30.00	229.00
January 1996	470.00	313.34	705.00	470.00	30.00	235.00
January 1997	484.00	322.67	726.00	484.00	30.00	242.00
January 1998	494.00	329.34	741.00	494.00	30.00	247.00
January 1999	500.00	333.34	751.00	500.67	30.00	250.00
January 2000 ^a	513.00	342.00	769.00	512.67	30.00	257.00
January 2001 ^a	531.00	354.00	796.00	530.67	30.00	266.00
January 2002	545.00	363.34	817.00	544.67	30.00	273.00
January 2003	552.00	368.00	829.00	552.67	30.00	277.00
January 2004	564.00	376.00	846.00	564.00	30.00	282.00
January 2005	579.00	386.00	869.00	579.34	30.00	290.00
January 2006	603.00	402.00	904.00	603.34	30.00	301.00
January 2007	623.00	415.34	935.00	622.67	30.00	311.34

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Office of the Chief Actuary.

a. Data reflect the correction of an error in the consumer price index.

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Federal Benefit Rates and Total Annual Payments

Table 2.
Total payments, by eligibility category and source of payment, selected years, 1974–2006
(in thousands of dollars)

Year	Total	Federal SSI	Federally administered state supplementation
<i>All recipients</i>			
1974	5,096,813	3,833,161	1,263,652
1975	5,716,072	4,313,538	1,402,534
1980	7,714,640	5,866,354	1,848,286
1985	10,749,938	8,777,341	1,972,597
1990	16,132,959	12,893,805	3,239,154
1995	27,037,280	23,919,430	3,117,850
1996	28,252,474	25,264,878	2,987,596
1997	28,370,568	25,457,387	2,913,181
1998	29,408,208	26,404,793	3,003,415
1999	30,106,132	26,805,156	3,300,976
2000	30,671,699	27,290,248	3,381,451
2001	32,165,856	28,705,503	3,460,353
2002	33,718,999	29,898,765	3,820,234
2003	34,693,278	30,688,029	4,005,249
2004	36,065,358	31,886,509	4,178,849
2005	37,235,843	33,058,056	4,177,787
2006	38,888,961	34,736,088	4,152,873
<i>Aged</i>			
1974	2,414,034	1,782,742	631,292
1975	2,516,515	1,842,980	673,535
1980	2,617,023	1,860,194	756,829
1985	2,896,671	2,202,557	694,114
1990	3,559,388	2,521,382	1,038,006
1995	4,239,222	3,374,772	864,450
1996	4,282,498	3,449,407	833,091
1997	4,303,529	3,479,948	823,581
1998	4,166,231	3,327,856	838,375
1999	4,445,687	3,524,355	921,332
2000	4,540,046	3,597,516	942,530
2001	4,664,076	3,708,527	955,549
2002	4,802,792	3,751,491	1,051,301
2003	4,856,875	3,758,070	1,098,805
2004	4,907,225	3,773,901	1,133,324
2005	4,964,627	3,836,625	1,128,002
2006	5,115,911	3,953,106	1,162,804

(Continued)

Table 2.
Total payments, by eligibility category and source of payment, selected years, 1974–2006
 (in thousands of dollars)—*Continued*

Year	Total	Federal SSI	Federally administered state supplementation
<i>Blind</i>			
1974	125,791	91,308	34,483
1975	127,240	92,427	34,813
1980	185,827	131,506	54,321
1985	259,840	195,183	64,657
1990	328,949	238,415	90,534
1995	367,441	298,238	69,203
1996	364,791	298,897	65,894
1997	367,845	302,656	65,189
1998	358,187	291,050	67,137
1999	382,323	309,295	73,028
2000	385,926	312,238	73,688
2001	398,624	323,895	74,729
2002	416,454	335,405	81,049
2003	409,293	325,878	83,415
2004	412,810	327,446	85,364
2005	414,147	330,591	83,556
2006	409,287	326,230	83,057
<i>Disabled</i>			
1974	2,556,988	1,959,112	597,876
1975	3,072,317	2,378,131	694,186
1980	4,911,792	3,874,655	1,037,137
1985	7,593,427	6,379,601	1,213,826
1990	12,244,622	10,134,007	2,110,615
1995	22,430,612	20,246,415	2,184,197
1996	23,605,189	21,516,579	2,088,610
1997	23,709,831	21,685,421	2,024,410
1998	24,883,782	22,785,879	2,097,903
1999	25,278,121	22,971,506	2,306,615
2000	25,745,710	23,380,477	2,365,233
2001	27,125,707	24,695,630	2,430,077
2002	28,531,939	25,844,055	2,687,884
2003	29,453,803	26,630,775	2,823,028
2004	30,745,406	27,785,246	2,960,160
2005	31,857,069	28,890,840	2,966,229
2006	33,363,762	30,456,751	2,907,011

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Office of Financial Management, Division of Finance.

NOTE: Totals for "Aged," "Blind," and "Disabled" are derived. The derivation creates slight discrepancies between the sum of the group totals and the "All recipients" total.

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Federally Administered Payments

Table 3.
Recipients, by age, December 1974–2006

Year	Total	Under age 18		Aged 18–64		Aged 65 or older	
		Number	Percentage of total	Number	Percentage of total	Number	Percentage of total
1974	3,996,064	70,900	1.8	1,503,155	37.6	2,422,009	60.6
1975	4,314,275	107,026	2.5	1,699,394	39.4	2,507,855	58.1
1976	4,235,939	125,412	3.0	1,713,594	40.5	2,396,933	56.6
1977	4,237,692	147,355	3.5	1,736,879	41.0	2,353,458	55.5
1978	4,216,925	165,899	3.9	1,747,126	41.4	2,303,900	54.6
1979	4,149,575	177,306	4.3	1,726,553	41.6	2,245,716	54.1
1980	4,142,017	190,394	4.6	1,730,847	41.8	2,220,776	53.6
1981	4,018,875	194,890	4.8	1,702,895	42.4	2,121,090	52.8
1982	3,857,590	191,570	5.0	1,655,279	42.9	2,010,741	52.1
1983	3,901,497	198,323	5.1	1,699,774	43.6	2,003,400	51.3
1984	4,029,333	211,587	5.3	1,780,459	44.2	2,037,287	50.6
1985	4,138,021	227,384	5.5	1,879,168	45.4	2,031,469	49.1
1986	4,269,184	241,198	5.6	2,010,458	47.1	2,017,528	47.3
1987	4,384,999	250,902	5.7	2,118,710	48.3	2,015,387	46.0
1988	4,463,869	255,135	5.7	2,202,714	49.3	2,006,020	44.9
1989	4,593,059	264,890	5.8	2,301,926	50.1	2,026,243	44.1
1990	4,817,127	308,589	6.4	2,449,897	50.9	2,058,641	42.7
1991	5,118,470	397,162	7.8	2,641,524	51.6	2,079,784	40.6
1992	5,566,189	556,470	10.0	2,910,016	52.3	2,099,703	37.7
1993	5,984,330	722,678	12.1	3,148,413	52.6	2,113,239	35.3
1994	6,295,786	841,474	13.4	3,335,255	53.0	2,119,057	33.7
1995	6,514,134	917,048	14.1	3,482,256	53.5	2,114,830	32.5
1996	6,613,718	955,174	14.4	3,568,393	54.0	2,090,151	31.6
1997	6,494,985	879,828	13.5	3,561,625	54.8	2,053,532	31.6
1998	6,566,069	887,066	13.5	3,646,020	55.5	2,032,983	31.0
1999	6,556,634	847,063	12.9	3,690,970	56.3	2,018,601	30.8
2000	6,601,686	846,784	12.8	3,744,022	56.7	2,010,880	30.5
2001	6,688,489	881,836	13.2	3,811,494	57.0	1,995,159	29.8
2002	6,787,857	914,821	13.5	3,877,752	57.1	1,995,284	29.4
2003	6,902,364	959,379	13.9	3,953,248	57.3	1,989,737	28.8
2004	6,987,845	993,127	14.2	4,017,108	57.5	1,977,610	28.3
2005	7,113,879	1,036,498	14.6	4,082,870	57.4	1,994,511	28.0
2006	7,235,583	1,078,977	14.9	4,152,130	57.4	2,004,476	27.7

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Federally Administered Payments

Table 4.
By type of payment, sex, eligibility category, and age, December 2006

Type of payment and sex	Total	Category			Age		
		Aged	Blind	Disabled	Under 18	18-64	65 or older
Number							
All payments	7,235,583	1,211,656	73,418	5,950,509	1,078,977	4,152,130	2,004,476
Male	3,145,335	385,355	33,331	2,726,649	707,388	1,818,993	618,954
Female	4,090,248	826,301	40,087	3,223,860	371,589	2,333,137	1,385,522
Federal SSI	6,938,690	1,108,925	68,165	5,761,600	1,076,354	4,004,390	1,857,946
Male	3,011,817	346,643	30,747	2,634,427	705,676	1,742,068	564,073
Female	3,926,873	762,282	37,418	3,127,173	370,678	2,262,322	1,293,873
State supplementation	2,268,579	590,575	30,657	1,647,347	220,060	1,163,085	885,434
Male	977,761	208,166	13,934	755,661	144,907	531,823	301,031
Female	1,290,818	382,409	16,723	891,686	75,153	631,262	584,403
Total payments (thousands of dollars)							
All payments	3,499,569	453,529	36,297	3,009,743	610,874	2,134,335	754,360
Male	1,577,757	148,446	16,380	1,412,931	401,187	941,405	235,166
Female	1,921,812	305,083	19,917	1,596,812	209,687	1,192,930	519,194
Federal SSI	3,130,803	351,915	29,133	2,749,754	592,877	1,936,436	601,490
Male	1,414,866	110,304	13,139	1,291,422	389,424	845,805	179,636
Female	1,715,937	241,611	15,994	1,458,332	203,453	1,090,630	421,854
State supplementation	368,767	101,614	7,164	259,989	17,997	197,900	152,870
Male	162,892	38,142	3,241	121,509	11,762	95,600	55,529
Female	205,875	63,472	3,923	138,480	6,235	102,300	97,341
Average monthly payment ^a (dollars)							
All payments	454.75	373.05	488.42	471.00	541.85	470.64	375.10
Male	467.69	383.93	484.08	479.35	542.66	468.86	378.60
Female	444.84	367.99	492.03	463.95	540.29	472.03	373.54
Federal SSI	423.05	316.48	423.15	443.61	527.42	441.60	322.87
Male	436.68	317.24	422.03	452.62	528.29	438.22	317.48
Female	412.63	316.14	424.07	436.04	525.76	444.18	325.21
State supplementation	156.24	170.64	228.97	149.71	77.04	159.79	171.26
Male	159.12	181.83	227.22	151.59	76.39	168.19	182.99
Female	154.06	164.56	230.42	148.12	78.30	152.73	165.23

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

a. Averages are not obtained simply by dividing the total dollars by the number of recipients. Averages exclude payments made in the current month for prior-month eligibility, such as back pay for new awards, so that large retroactive payments do not distort the averages.

CONTACT: Art Kahn (410) 965-0186 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 5.
By selected characteristics, eligibility category, and age, December 2006

Characteristic	Total	Category			Age		
		Aged	Blind	Disabled	Under 18	18-64	65 or older
Number							
All recipients	7,235,583	1,211,656	73,418	5,950,509	1,078,977	4,152,130	2,004,476
Sex							
Male	3,145,335	385,355	33,331	2,726,649	707,388	1,818,993	618,954
Female	4,090,248	826,301	40,087	3,223,860	371,589	2,333,137	1,385,522
Living arrangement							
Own household	5,839,694	1,092,446	62,020	4,685,228	138,529	3,858,961	1,842,204
Another's household	339,340	98,792	4,267	236,281	41,025	186,093	112,222
Parent's household	910,855	...	5,395	905,460	884,931	25,924	...
Medicaid institution	135,711	19,248	1,693	114,770	14,016	73,082	48,613
Unknown	9,983	1,170	43	8,770	476	8,070	1,437
Average monthly payment (dollars)							
All recipients	454.75	373.05	488.42	471.00	541.85	470.64	375.10
Sex							
Male	467.69	383.93	484.08	479.35	542.66	468.86	378.60
Female	444.84	367.99	492.03	463.95	540.29	472.03	373.54
Living arrangement							
Own household	452.08	374.32	492.60	469.70	587.21	481.27	380.95
Another's household	407.59	417.41	471.47	402.27	396.40	405.37	415.30
Parent's household	549.63	...	593.23	549.37	549.43	556.69	...
Medicaid institution	34.02	36.60	35.91	33.59	35.47	33.25	34.79
Unknown	232.67	25.00	...	336.50	...	...	232.67

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

NOTE: ... = not applicable.

CONTACT: Alfreda Brooks (410) 965-9849 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Federally Administered Payments

Table 6.
Recipients, by type of representative payee, eligibility category, and age, December 2006

Type of payee	Total	Category			Age		
		Aged	Blind	Disabled	Under 18	18-64	65 or older
All recipients	7,235,583	1,211,656	73,418	5,950,509	1,078,977	4,152,130	2,004,476
Without payee	4,583,571	1,167,108	53,821	3,362,642	816	2,735,703	1,847,052
With payee	2,652,012	44,548	19,597	2,587,867	1,078,161	1,416,427	157,424
Natural or adoptive parents	1,526,939	344	11,708	1,514,887	880,777	644,240	1,922
Spouse	58,551	1,987	222	56,342	50	49,384	9,117
Natural, adoptive, or stepchild	97,909	18,933	657	78,319	397	49,974	47,538
Grandparent	102,678	35	643	102,000	73,278	29,340	60
Other relative	360,664	10,673	2,422	347,569	76,264	241,758	42,642
Nonmental institution	129,038	6,382	1,298	121,358	6,292	97,207	25,539
Mental institution	76,674	1,097	730	74,847	2,646	67,538	6,490
Financial organization	3,418	42	15	3,361	169	3,071	178
Social agency	130,864	2,083	1,063	127,718	20,013	100,748	10,103
Public official	15,186	489	79	14,618	1,368	11,641	2,177
Other	150,091	2,483	760	146,848	16,907	121,526	11,658

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

CONTACT: Alfreda Brooks (410) 965-9849 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 7.
Recipients, by type of income, eligibility category, and age, December 2006

Type of income	Total	Category			Age		
		Aged	Blind	Disabled	Under 18	18-64	65 or older
All recipients ^a	7,235,583	1,211,656	73,418	5,950,509	1,078,977	4,152,130	2,004,476
No other income	4,011,553	427,225	39,102	3,545,226	801,905	2,471,026	738,622
Earned income	275,252	18,236	4,319	252,697	3,024	244,228	28,000
Unearned income							
Social Security benefits	2,528,975	692,348	26,913	1,809,714	77,401	1,309,629	1,141,945
Veterans' benefits	60,914	24,910	464	35,540	1,223	21,061	38,630
Income based on need	18,556	212	52	18,292	12,200	6,124	232
Workers' compensation	4,963	398	17	4,548	12	3,989	962
Support from absent parents	141,036	1	872	140,163	137,274	3,761	1
Pensions	59,896	39,872	386	19,638	45	12,200	47,651
Support and maintenance	306,491	88,290	2,568	215,633	49,999	147,659	108,833
Asset income ^b	191,009	69,062	2,599	119,348	9,733	85,429	95,847
Other ^c	73,980	12,956	725	60,299	3,331	52,286	18,363

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

- a. The sum of the entries may be greater than the total because some recipients may receive more than one type of unearned income or both earned and unearned income.
- b. Includes income received as rent, interest, dividends, and royalties.
- c. Does not include income deemed from a spouse or parent.

CONTACT: Alfreda Brooks (410) 965-9849 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Federally Administered Payments

Table 8.
By receipt of Social Security, type of income, eligibility category, and age, December 2006

Type of income	Total	Category			Age		
		Aged	Blind	Disabled	Under 18	18-64	65 or older
Number							
All recipients	7,235,583	1,211,656	73,418	5,950,509	1,078,977	4,152,130	2,004,476
With Social Security							
No other income	2,156,980	550,464	22,981	1,583,535	67,095	1,138,403	951,482
Earned income only	100,051	10,431	1,453	88,167	291	83,557	16,203
Unearned income only ^a	261,504	129,727	2,324	129,453	9,953	79,758	171,793
Both earned and unearned income ^a	10,440	1,710	155	8,575	62	7,911	2,467
Without Social Security							
No other income	4,011,553	427,225	39,102	3,545,226	801,905	2,471,026	738,622
Earned income only	148,298	4,876	2,461	140,961	2,004	138,542	7,752
Unearned income only ^a	530,294	86,004	4,692	439,598	197,000	218,715	114,579
Both earned and unearned income ^a	16,463	1,219	250	14,994	667	14,218	1,578
Average monthly payment (dollars)							
All recipients	454.75	373.05	488.42	471.00	541.85	470.64	375.10
With Social Security							
No other income	224.83	219.14	259.75	226.30	403.22	217.51	221.04
Earned income only	228.99	213.06	250.79	230.58	354.47	230.71	218.16
Unearned income only ^a	196.30	180.95	232.27	211.53	352.82	209.74	181.43
Both earned and unearned income ^a	220.56	197.08	251.99	224.88	297.03	224.60	206.47
Without Social Security							
No other income	595.33	603.88	640.42	593.80	573.50	601.06	599.88
Earned income only	480.95	437.47	495.30	482.20	486.51	482.63	449.56
Unearned income only ^a	495.76	531.35	552.29	488.20	471.07	499.93	530.21
Both earned and unearned income ^a	426.96	372.63	480.47	430.49	398.73	433.08	383.27

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

a. Includes recipients with in-kind unearned income.

CONTACT: Art Kahn (410) 965-0186 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 9.
Recipients, by state or other area, eligibility category, and age, December 2006

State or area	Total	Category			Age		
		Aged	Blind	Disabled	Under 18	18-64	65 or older
All areas	7,235,583	1,211,656	73,418	5,950,509	1,078,977	4,152,130	2,004,476
Alabama	164,764	16,659	929	147,176	28,672	102,236	33,856
Alaska	11,340	2,114	102	9,124	1,155	7,127	3,058
Arizona	99,196	13,415	877	84,904	17,804	57,781	23,611
Arkansas	92,960	9,157	775	83,028	19,501	54,978	18,481
California	1,226,697	360,316	21,273	845,108	99,711	595,736	531,250
Colorado	56,830	8,648	528	47,654	7,161	35,557	14,112
Connecticut	53,276	6,700	467	46,109	6,898	33,733	12,645
Delaware	14,038	1,300	106	12,632	3,334	8,271	2,433
District of Columbia	21,713	1,974	151	19,588	4,441	13,048	4,224
Florida	427,902	100,597	2,770	324,535	80,608	203,177	144,117
Georgia	205,793	26,753	1,974	177,066	35,046	119,885	50,862
Hawaii	22,924	6,452	198	16,274	1,557	12,812	8,555
Idaho	23,053	1,825	206	21,022	4,296	15,469	3,288
Illinois	261,052	30,448	2,382	228,222	45,096	157,824	58,132
Indiana	101,058	5,756	934	94,368	21,545	67,180	12,333
Iowa	43,896	3,568	769	39,559	7,124	29,745	7,027
Kansas	39,501	3,225	356	35,920	7,302	25,773	6,426
Kentucky	181,857	13,374	1,381	167,102	27,797	120,584	33,476
Louisiana	157,299	16,794	1,608	138,897	29,343	94,024	33,932
Maine	32,536	2,356	223	29,957	3,504	23,723	5,309
Maryland	96,248	15,294	647	80,307	15,275	56,186	24,787
Massachusetts	174,509	44,807	3,729	125,973	19,129	107,365	48,015
Michigan	225,160	16,680	1,697	206,783	38,719	149,999	36,442
Minnesota	75,793	10,266	724	64,803	11,212	47,595	16,986
Mississippi	123,679	14,157	969	108,553	22,853	71,275	29,551
Missouri	119,795	9,219	975	109,601	20,269	79,800	19,726
Montana	15,208	1,087	131	13,990	2,091	10,673	2,444
Nebraska	22,621	2,046	244	20,331	3,533	15,167	3,921
Nevada	34,468	8,823	670	24,975	6,193	18,883	9,392
New Hampshire	14,470	869	157	13,444	1,953	10,680	1,837
New Jersey	154,482	33,722	960	119,800	22,704	80,463	51,315
New Mexico	55,182	8,457	476	46,249	7,762	31,650	15,770
New York	641,870	135,790	2,992	503,088	73,422	337,376	231,072
North Carolina	202,613	24,302	1,771	176,540	38,294	116,889	47,430
North Dakota	8,035	954	74	7,007	989	5,241	1,805
Ohio	254,012	15,242	1,835	236,935	43,565	173,497	36,950
Oklahoma	82,386	7,717	780	73,889	14,592	52,329	15,465
Oregon	62,280	7,949	647	53,684	8,321	40,642	13,317
Pennsylvania	325,822	28,797	2,144	294,881	60,991	204,071	60,760
Rhode Island	30,720	3,923	193	26,604	4,232	19,224	7,264
South Carolina	105,411	11,760	1,381	92,270	18,731	62,382	24,298
South Dakota	12,748	1,630	92	11,026	2,020	7,683	3,045
Tennessee	162,574	16,042	1,524	145,008	23,411	104,432	34,731
Texas	524,458	109,073	6,539	408,846	95,709	265,476	163,273
Utah	23,532	2,320	259	20,953	4,219	15,268	4,045

(Continued)

Federally Administered Payments

Table 9.
Recipients, by state or other area, eligibility category, and age, December 2006—Continued

State or area	Total	Category			Age		
		Aged	Blind	Disabled	Under 18	18–64	65 or older
Vermont	13,457	1,122	89	12,246	1,723	9,228	2,506
Virginia	139,313	20,512	1,254	117,547	22,810	81,496	35,007
Washington	118,946	15,009	921	103,016	15,217	76,419	27,310
West Virginia	77,987	4,020	576	73,391	8,936	56,945	12,106
Wisconsin	93,549	8,110	905	84,534	17,111	60,661	15,777
Wyoming	5,786	406	42	5,338	861	4,083	842
Outlying area							
Northern Mariana Islands	784	120	12	652	235	389	160

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

CONTACT: Alfreda Brooks (410) 965-9849 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 10.
Average monthly payment, by state or other area, eligibility category, and age, December 2006
(in dollars)

State or area	Total	Category			Age		
		Aged	Blind	Disabled	Under 18	18-64	65 or older
All areas	454.75	373.05	488.42	471.00	541.85	470.64	375.10
Alabama	403.24	189.00	381.25	427.62	534.74	423.81	229.78
Alaska	413.52	288.44	401.22	442.87	486.76	446.95	308.86
Arizona	433.79	311.97	434.11	453.05	531.86	448.63	323.64
Arkansas	395.90	173.49	371.92	420.67	532.03	410.99	207.43
California	581.12	522.47	641.04	604.61	644.49	615.33	530.67
Colorado	408.15	323.62	422.94	423.34	500.85	425.76	317.01
Connecticut	429.95	346.11	432.24	442.13	523.83	442.92	344.36
Delaware	423.68	277.72	414.20	438.68	513.06	426.59	291.10
District of Columbia	463.04	286.13	418.03	481.17	534.35	484.11	322.86
Florida	421.19	342.83	412.67	445.58	524.44	434.58	344.60
Georgia	401.76	232.67	417.98	427.15	525.81	429.03	252.07
Hawaii	459.79	384.54	452.01	489.65	501.84	495.46	398.71
Idaho	411.82	225.43	410.26	428.26	505.42	420.73	250.36
Illinois	454.04	360.66	447.04	466.58	538.40	464.03	361.77
Indiana	428.32	245.23	400.20	439.81	531.55	425.80	262.67
Iowa	397.90	225.62	382.28	413.77	509.66	407.43	245.45
Kansas	412.33	262.24	414.81	425.86	520.98	416.36	274.22
Kentucky	420.44	199.41	420.61	438.10	539.63	440.41	249.68
Louisiana	417.32	208.64	409.78	442.62	539.94	441.06	245.39
Maine	392.73	184.83	425.68	408.81	515.20	412.83	222.66
Maryland	437.10	342.79	419.01	455.19	515.05	457.67	342.48
Massachusetts	464.61	398.06	500.18	487.40	564.13	477.50	396.28
Michigan	452.32	316.71	442.89	463.33	541.14	460.11	326.02
Minnesota	430.77	350.63	434.47	443.46	518.73	435.16	360.53
Mississippi	398.64	181.44	369.14	427.20	535.38	425.74	227.31
Missouri	413.96	238.69	414.37	428.71	532.42	422.07	259.64
Montana	405.34	202.12	426.36	421.12	521.42	421.35	236.62
Nebraska	393.16	237.55	420.23	408.48	511.17	400.97	257.64
Nevada	423.98	335.79	486.04	453.60	511.52	439.65	334.80
New Hampshire	406.30	272.40	403.53	415.00	492.58	413.71	271.63
New Jersey	440.31	376.42	421.69	458.37	534.16	455.12	375.43
New Mexico	406.06	258.78	428.00	432.76	536.31	435.26	283.50
New York	484.20	396.47	462.31	508.01	559.81	514.73	415.64
North Carolina	390.07	203.67	391.95	415.72	514.70	409.77	240.78
North Dakota	365.92	224.78	410.33	384.71	486.25	386.27	241.17
Ohio	445.84	291.86	415.55	455.97	540.09	452.26	304.75
Oklahoma	412.98	221.12	410.66	433.11	529.49	430.02	245.84
Oregon	423.93	314.86	427.95	440.10	521.71	438.10	320.43
Pennsylvania	453.62	302.08	426.72	468.61	531.64	466.90	331.10
Rhode Island	455.90	331.79	427.47	474.44	581.48	469.24	347.30
South Carolina	397.35	204.77	395.46	421.91	520.15	420.32	243.68
South Dakota	382.40	213.83	404.68	407.29	499.36	405.74	247.46
Tennessee	404.51	202.11	424.65	426.75	529.72	429.97	243.84
Texas	394.66	264.32	418.60	429.13	525.41	423.09	272.09
Utah	419.11	345.86	422.08	427.25	490.71	420.41	340.11

(Continued)

Federally Administered Payments

Table 10.
Average monthly payment, by state or other area, eligibility category, and age, December 2006
(in dollars)—Continued

State or area	Total	Category			Age		
		Aged	Blind	Disabled	Under 18	18–64	65 or older
Vermont	411.23	211.78	406.71	429.49	562.75	426.84	250.27
Virginia	405.57	293.39	405.89	425.18	510.48	423.56	295.56
Washington	449.06	392.36	441.75	457.41	518.16	457.13	388.30
West Virginia	428.57	194.90	421.00	441.44	529.96	448.36	260.97
Wisconsin	419.83	260.35	425.39	435.10	526.60	425.45	282.72
Wyoming	392.96	176.37	430.12	409.43	492.58	409.79	213.19
Outlying area							
Northern Mariana Islands	493.58	358.44	457.09	420.56	581.30	491.01	381.02

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

CONTACT: Alfreda Brooks (410) 965-9849 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 11.
Recipients and their average income, by type of income and marital status, December 2006

Type of income	Eligible individual with no spouse		Eligible individual with eligible spouse				Eligible individual with ineligible spouse			
	Number	Average income (dollars)	Individual		Spouse		Individual		Spouse	
			Number	Average income (dollars)	Number	Average income (dollars)	Number	Average income (dollars)	Number	Average income (dollars)
Total ^a	6,354,180	...	283,280	...	283,280	...	308,410	...	308,410	...
No other income	3,584,600	...	143,400	...	153,330	...	184,440	...	135,560	...
With income	2,769,580	430	139,880	426	129,950	370	123,970	441	172,850	873
Earned income only	140,870	365	1,840	608	2,700	636	4,280	609	98,340	1,141
Unearned income only	2,510,580	423	135,770	416	124,200	352	117,590	427	64,500	430
Both earned and unearned income	118,130	654	2,270	890	3,050	878	2,100	870	10,010	1,096
With earned income ^a	259,000	309	4,110	531	5,750	554	6,380	563	108,350	1,116
Wages	240,910	316	2,920	641	4,420	643	4,290	721	84,940	1,221
Self-employment income	19,450	201	1,210	258	1,410	248	2,150	233	24,780	696
With unearned income ^a	2,628,710	423	138,040	416	127,250	353	119,690	427	74,510	403
Social Security benefits	2,151,230	468	117,370	458	110,400	380	97,130	478	36,420	508
Veterans' benefits	51,520	210	710	244	610	206	6,850	154	7,800	423
Income based on need	19,570	249	130	127	440	132	900	127	24,060	132
Workers' compensation	3,640	374	270	347	250	861	480	468	1,050	784
Support from absent parents	139,700	206	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pensions	46,170	172	7,300	147	4,980	125	1,970	150	2,510	304
Support and maintenance	253,540	146	17,380	110	15,810	110	16,650	129	770	138
Asset income ^b	156,440	6	13,370	5	8,900	4	6,720	11	4,320	23
Other ^c	66,660	194	1,880	168	1,720	130	3,130	227	6,810	476

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 10 percent sample.

NOTE: ... = not applicable.

- a. The sum of the entries may be greater than the total because some recipients may receive more than one type of earned or unearned income or both earned and unearned income.
- b. Includes income received as rent, interest, dividends, and royalties.
- c. Does not include income deemed from a spouse or parent.

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Federally Administered Payments

Table 12.
Recipients as a percentage of resident population, by state, December 2006

State	Resident population ^a	Recipients	
		Number	Percentage of resident population
United States	299,398,484	^b 7,235,583	2.4
Alabama	4,599,030	164,764	3.6
Alaska	670,053	11,340	1.7
Arizona	6,166,318	99,196	1.6
Arkansas	2,810,872	92,960	3.3
California	36,457,549	1,226,697	3.4
Colorado	4,753,377	56,830	1.2
Connecticut	3,504,809	53,276	1.5
Delaware	853,476	14,038	1.6
District of Columbia	581,530	21,713	3.7
Florida	18,089,888	427,902	2.4
Georgia	9,363,941	205,793	2.2
Hawaii	1,285,498	22,924	1.8
Idaho	1,466,465	23,053	1.6
Illinois	12,831,970	261,052	2.0
Indiana	6,313,520	101,058	1.6
Iowa	2,982,085	43,896	1.5
Kansas	2,764,075	39,501	1.4
Kentucky	4,206,074	181,857	4.3
Louisiana	4,287,768	157,299	3.7
Maine	1,321,574	32,536	2.5
Maryland	5,615,727	96,248	1.7
Massachusetts	6,437,193	174,509	2.7
Michigan	10,095,643	225,160	2.2
Minnesota	5,167,101	75,793	1.5
Mississippi	2,910,540	123,679	4.2
Missouri	5,842,713	119,795	2.1
Montana	944,632	15,208	1.6
Nebraska	1,768,331	22,621	1.3
Nevada	2,495,529	34,468	1.4
New Hampshire	1,314,895	14,470	1.1
New Jersey	8,724,560	154,482	1.8
New Mexico	1,954,599	55,182	2.8
New York	19,306,183	641,870	3.3
North Carolina	8,856,505	202,613	2.3
North Dakota	635,867	8,035	1.3
Ohio	11,478,006	254,012	2.2
Oklahoma	3,579,212	82,386	2.3
Oregon	3,700,758	62,280	1.7
Pennsylvania	12,440,621	325,822	2.6
Rhode Island	1,067,610	30,720	2.9
South Carolina	4,321,249	105,411	2.4
South Dakota	781,919	12,748	1.6
Tennessee	6,038,803	162,574	2.7
Texas	23,507,783	524,458	2.2
Utah	2,550,063	23,532	0.9

(Continued)

Table 12.
Recipients as a percentage of resident population, by state, December 2006—Continued

State	Resident population ^a	Recipients	
		Number	Percentage of resident population
Vermont	623,908	13,457	2.2
Virginia	7,642,884	139,313	1.8
Washington	6,395,798	118,946	1.9
West Virginia	1,818,470	77,987	4.3
Wisconsin	5,556,506	93,549	1.7
Wyoming	515,004	5,786	1.1

SOURCES: U.S. Census Bureau and Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

- a. Population estimates for the United States as of July 1, 2006, as reported by the U.S. Census Bureau.
- b. Excludes 782 recipients in the Northern Mariana Islands.

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Federally Administered Payments

Table 13.
Foreign-born recipients, by region, country of origin, eligibility category, and age, December 2006

Region and country of origin	Total	Category		Age		
		Aged	Blind and disabled	Under 18	18-64	65 or older
All areas	1,568,503	759,018	809,485	17,875	507,823	1,042,805
North America	189,357	27,112	162,245	10,942	116,345	62,070
U.S. territories	181,062	24,866	156,196	10,701	111,691	58,670
Puerto Rico	175,869	24,223	151,646	10,066	108,384	57,419
Other ^a	5,193	643	4,550	635	3,307	1,251
Other	8,295	2,246	6,049	241	4,654	3,400
Latin America	595,258	302,909	292,349	2,585	186,332	406,341
Mexico	263,435	131,899	131,536	807	83,132	179,496
Cuba	98,345	54,412	43,933	396	24,415	73,534
Dominican Republic	68,981	25,013	43,968	568	29,923	38,490
Other	164,497	91,585	72,912	814	48,862	114,821
Africa	23,841	10,202	13,639	602	10,448	12,791
Somalia	5,636	2,383	3,253	153	2,497	2,986
Cape Verde Islands	1,468	940	528	6	424	1,038
Ethiopia	3,156	1,101	2,055	36	1,647	1,473
Other	13,581	5,778	7,803	407	5,880	7,294
Asia	498,796	298,559	200,237	1,464	120,310	377,022
Vietnam	105,078	46,067	59,011	178	34,105	70,795
China	79,439	67,963	11,476	87	5,274	74,078
Laos	34,086	7,070	27,016	86	19,118	14,882
Philippines	70,552	57,446	13,106	154	8,702	61,696
Other	209,641	120,013	89,628	959	53,111	155,571
Middle East	38,138	17,472	20,666	351	10,880	26,907
Lebanon	9,309	4,427	4,882	22	2,271	7,016
Syria	6,895	3,125	3,770	16	1,608	5,271
Turkey	3,579	2,207	1,372	19	580	2,980
Other	18,355	7,713	10,642	294	6,421	11,640
Former Soviet Republics	130,932	66,447	64,485	568	25,131	105,233
Europe	84,750	33,399	51,351	1,187	35,381	48,182
Portugal	7,656	4,290	3,366	13	2,204	5,439
Italy	6,559	2,826	3,733	49	2,316	4,194
United Kingdom	8,269	2,623	5,646	116	4,294	3,859
Poland	8,048	4,739	3,309	22	1,946	6,080
Former Yugoslavia	11,315	4,077	7,238	119	4,826	6,370
Other	42,903	14,844	28,059	868	19,795	22,240
Other or unknown areas	7,431	2,918	4,513	176	2,996	4,259

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

NOTE: Foreign-born means born in an area not served by the Supplemental Security Income program.

a. Includes American Samoa, Guam, and Virgin Islands.

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Recipients of Social Security, SSI, or Both

Table 14.
Persons aged 18–64 receiving benefits on the basis of disability and their total and average
monthly payments, by type of beneficiary, December 1996–2006

Year	Total	Social Security only				SSI only	Both Social Security and SSI			
		Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children		Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children
Number										
1996	7,689,664	4,122,152	a	a	a	2,559,750	1,007,762	a	a	a
1997	7,811,748	4,250,155	a	a	a	2,550,105	1,011,488	a	a	a
1998	8,086,259	4,440,264	a	a	a	2,618,615	1,027,380	a	a	a
1999	8,399,309	4,703,774	a	a	a	2,650,586	1,044,949	a	a	a
2000	8,599,465	4,850,835	--	--	--	2,690,446	1,058,184	--	--	--
2001	8,791,338	4,979,844	4,495,477	87,833	396,534	2,732,020	1,079,474	772,562	35,222	271,690
2002	9,106,014	5,228,262	4,738,246	87,900	402,116	2,768,782	1,108,970	801,351	34,671	272,948
2003	9,445,573	5,492,325	4,997,137	87,203	407,985	2,811,647	1,141,601	833,269	34,101	274,231
2004	9,773,201	5,756,093	5,257,314	89,874	408,905	2,850,815	1,166,293	858,850	33,072	274,371
2005	10,081,625	5,998,755	5,491,980	86,422	420,353	2,880,931	1,201,939	893,437	32,302	276,200
2006	10,362,419	6,210,289	5,698,494	85,259	426,536	2,928,034	1,224,096	915,832	31,443	276,821
Total payments (millions of dollars)										
1996	4,878	3,072	--	--	--	1,222	584	--	--	--
1997	5,106	3,245	--	--	--	1,257	604	--	--	--
1998	5,379	3,444	--	--	--	1,313	622	--	--	--
1999	5,680	3,691	--	--	--	1,346	643	--	--	--
2000	6,058	3,975	--	--	--	1,408	675	--	--	--
2001	6,509	4,299	3,976	65	258	1,491	719	530	22	167
2002	6,920	4,629	4,294	67	268	1,544	747	554	22	171
2003	7,416	5,024	4,674	69	281	1,603	790	592	22	176
2004	7,980	5,464	5,096	72	296	1,686	829	626	22	180
2005	8,604	5,974	5,584	75	315	1,724	906	696	22	187
2006	9,172	6,439	6,029	77	334	1,778	955	739	23	193
Average monthly payment ^a (dollars)										
1996	624.80	744.60	--	--	--	456.00	546.90	--	--	--
1997	637.80	762.80	--	--	--	458.10	557.10	--	--	--
1998	649.90	775.00	--	--	--	467.90	564.30	--	--	--
1999	662.50	784.10	--	--	--	477.60	576.70	--	--	--
2000	689.30	818.80	--	--	--	489.00	594.90	--	--	--
2001	722.84	862.60	883.70	744.80	650.00	506.80	615.20	618.40	595.10	608.70
2002	744.40	884.60	905.40	764.40	666.00	522.50	625.20	626.90	608.30	622.20
2003	768.50	914.10	934.80	790.80	687.30	533.50	638.20	639.90	620.90	635.10
2004	796.80	947.80	967.80	804.80	722.50	545.90	655.20	657.10	639.10	651.40
2005	832.80	993.69	1,014.52	863.06	748.08	558.21	675.91	677.65	659.92	672.32
2006	867.90	1,036.50	1,057.60	900.00	781.70	578.30	697.40	699.20	680.70	693.20

SOURCES: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file and the Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

NOTES: Social Security counts include disabled workers, disabled widow(er)s, and disabled adult children. SSI counts include recipients of federal SSI, federally administered state supplementation, or both.

-- = not available.

a. Averages are not obtained simply by dividing the total dollars by the number of recipients. Averages exclude payments made in the current month for prior-month eligibility, such as back pay for new awards, so that large retroactive payments do not distort the averages.

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Recipients of Social Security, SSI, or Both

Table 15.
Persons aged 18–64 receiving both Social Security and SSI on the basis of disability and their average monthly Social Security benefit and SSI payment, by state or other area and type of beneficiary, December 2006

State or area	Number of SSI recipients with Social Security disability				Average monthly Social Security benefit (dollars)				Average monthly SSI payment (dollars)			
	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children
All areas ^a	1,224,096	915,832	31,443	276,821	485.29	500.10	476.07	437.87	212.09	199.14	204.61	255.33
Alabama	33,264	23,911	1,117	8,236	466.92	489.61	465.40	401.76	180.74	163.55	178.58	230.54
Alaska	1,892	1,538	39	315	461.35	477.69	461.28	382.41	183.23	171.81	208.00	235.34
Arizona	15,620	12,097	330	3,193	458.13	472.60	448.72	404.60	186.36	174.89	190.47	229.16
Arkansas	19,186	14,207	604	4,375	466.85	488.93	475.44	395.13	181.24	164.07	165.39	238.28
California	192,834	151,326	3,801	37,707	577.91	587.54	559.06	541.45	308.15	292.03	311.97	371.98
Colorado	11,572	9,249	181	2,142	467.07	480.80	454.78	409.36	179.14	168.83	188.97	222.39
Connecticut	9,198	6,838	250	2,110	457.70	477.47	441.99	396.20	185.59	170.15	209.43	232.26
Delaware	2,607	1,994	47	566	474.95	479.72	472.84	458.52	187.63	180.02	173.59	215.22
District of Columbia	2,379	1,867	68	444	470.61	488.68	451.54	397.93	214.41	202.59	213.22	264.08
Florida	58,342	44,303	1,371	12,668	459.86	476.33	463.31	402.30	182.85	169.93	184.54	227.56
Georgia	35,382	25,083	1,257	9,042	470.79	491.22	471.80	414.63	174.82	159.81	173.66	216.15
Hawaii	3,058	2,048	72	938	515.67	512.15	460.74	527.50	260.77	214.68	223.88	363.17
Idaho	5,268	4,213	80	975	460.00	470.45	465.41	415.04	188.38	180.47	197.93	221.27
Illinois	34,551	25,939	905	7,707	445.60	459.60	458.41	397.37	198.97	188.81	184.69	234.56
Indiana	21,304	16,852	422	4,030	452.55	462.69	469.22	408.93	190.10	182.50	174.96	223.02
Iowa	11,134	8,647	175	2,312	464.28	475.28	478.59	421.98	189.23	184.60	172.91	207.86
Kansas	9,132	7,123	143	1,866	459.84	472.17	457.31	413.79	183.96	174.67	188.52	218.43
Kentucky	33,700	24,945	1,296	7,459	458.37	481.12	447.22	385.03	189.31	172.71	192.60	243.69
Louisiana	24,635	16,012	1,086	7,537	446.57	474.26	466.96	385.32	196.99	175.31	178.26	245.35
Maine	8,805	6,674	162	1,969	462.84	480.86	481.56	400.38	183.40	169.99	166.52	230.13
Maryland	13,766	10,375	317	3,074	460.93	474.14	476.64	415.40	182.64	174.45	179.53	210.18
Massachusetts	34,617	27,267	694	6,656	508.92	532.26	480.54	417.49	210.73	197.73	248.82	259.29
Michigan	43,943	31,738	909	11,296	466.84	467.52	466.27	464.98	197.46	188.46	192.50	223.01
Minnesota	14,762	11,488	174	3,100	451.65	464.63	445.60	404.52	188.22	179.97	195.49	217.97
Mississippi	22,318	15,401	920	5,997	459.77	488.68	468.02	384.50	186.50	162.79	177.40	248.57
Missouri	26,742	20,384	689	5,669	453.47	468.55	454.81	399.74	189.23	177.24	193.04	231.36
Montana	3,627	2,721	85	821	466.08	474.31	424.32	443.46	186.52	177.54	201.62	214.27
Nebraska	5,829	4,418	71	1,340	459.87	475.15	439.30	411.17	182.95	171.45	231.22	217.82
Nevada	5,139	4,264	88	787	482.13	492.00	476.86	430.04	177.05	169.67	189.38	215.13
New Hampshire	4,034	3,152	45	837	462.82	477.55	496.42	406.92	180.82	169.92	144.57	222.79
New Jersey	22,826	16,947	484	5,395	488.45	501.65	466.07	449.55	194.89	182.66	204.94	231.86
New Mexico	9,436	7,158	240	2,038	451.68	471.16	461.61	382.94	189.33	174.35	182.00	242.18
New York	89,926	63,650	2,346	23,930	526.34	526.87	486.50	528.86	242.12	223.43	228.85	292.91
North Carolina	39,707	28,997	1,103	9,607	464.12	483.11	464.84	407.39	179.78	165.83	177.72	221.67
North Dakota	2,107	1,479	38	590	449.10	463.07	442.97	415.81	184.66	174.09	189.50	209.85
Ohio	45,299	35,058	1,182	9,059	443.39	454.80	447.95	399.04	197.50	189.46	193.15	228.91
Oklahoma	15,643	11,810	458	3,375	451.73	466.33	458.50	400.28	192.92	183.01	179.76	229.01
Oregon	12,788	10,199	208	2,381	463.91	474.13	454.19	421.63	179.61	171.14	183.50	215.03
Pennsylvania	51,416	37,633	1,384	12,399	467.16	480.06	471.00	428.26	204.73	191.88	194.41	244.20
Rhode Island	6,523	5,117	100	1,306	505.58	524.35	481.78	434.31	200.51	186.71	208.31	253.65
South Carolina	19,699	13,467	748	5,484	458.30	477.36	464.62	411.33	180.85	167.54	177.64	213.49
South Dakota	2,843	2,007	63	773	447.67	461.66	436.09	413.11	189.59	179.62	211.97	213.00
Tennessee	32,194	23,186	1,214	7,794	460.47	479.78	456.86	404.68	185.71	171.44	188.51	226.91
Texas	73,626	54,758	2,395	16,473	456.95	476.40	457.96	393.27	186.94	172.50	182.58	234.74
Utah	4,610	3,602	61	947	451.34	464.98	470.87	399.76	192.04	182.38	195.27	227.40

(Continued)

Table 15.

Persons aged 18–64 receiving both Social Security and SSI on the basis of disability and their average monthly Social Security benefit and SSI payment, by state or other area and type of beneficiary, December 2006—Continued

State or area	Number of SSI recipients with Social Security disability				Average monthly Social Security benefit (dollars)				Average monthly SSI payment (dollars)			
	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children
Vermont	3,819	2,825	68	926	502.44	512.13	512.35	472.38	200.72	191.50	165.93	231.22
Virginia	25,331	18,254	732	6,345	458.74	478.22	468.21	402.52	184.86	171.49	166.70	224.80
Washington	20,513	16,504	338	3,671	463.82	474.57	472.34	415.25	182.13	173.61	177.22	220.47
West Virginia	14,451	9,970	542	3,939	452.89	477.32	458.13	390.89	192.89	175.53	183.38	237.74
Wisconsin	20,992	15,799	300	4,893	458.23	469.42	450.19	422.83	185.31	177.70	187.34	209.60
Wyoming	1,430	1,157	24	249	458.73	469.79	459.61	408.13	181.31	172.87	206.57	217.54
Outlying area												
Northern Mariana Islands	87	b	b	b	359.05	b	b	b	271.04	b	b	b

SOURCES: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file and the Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

NOTE: SSI counts include recipients of federal SSI, federally administered state supplementation, or both. They do not include beneficiaries whose own Social Security number is not on the Master Beneficiary Record. Social Security beneficiaries who are entitled to both a primary and a secondary benefit are counted only once in this table.

- a. Includes 190 persons not distributed by state or area.
- b. Data not shown to avoid disclosure of information for particular individuals.

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Noncitizens

Table 16.
By eligibility category, December 1982–2006

Year	Total		Aged		Blind and disabled	
	Number	Percentage of all SSI recipients	Number	Percentage of all SSI recipients	Number	Percentage of all SSI recipients
1982	127,900	3.3	91,900	5.9	36,000	1.6
1983	151,200	3.9	106,600	7.0	44,600	1.9
1984	181,100	4.5	127,600	8.3	53,500	2.1
1985	210,800	5.1	146,500	9.7	64,300	2.4
1986	244,300	5.7	165,300	11.2	79,000	2.8
1987	282,500	6.4	188,000	12.9	94,500	3.2
1988	320,300	7.2	213,900	14.9	106,400	3.5
1989	370,300	8.1	245,700	17.1	124,600	4.0
1990	435,600	9.0	282,400	19.4	153,200	4.6
1991	519,660	10.2	329,690	22.5	189,970	5.2
1992	601,430	10.8	372,930	25.4	228,500	5.6
1993	683,150	11.4	416,420	28.2	266,730	5.9
1994	738,140	11.7	440,000	30.0	298,140	6.2
1995	785,410	12.1	459,220	31.8	326,190	6.3
1996	724,990	11.0	417,360	29.5	307,630	5.9
1997	650,830	10.0	367,200	27.0	283,630	5.5
1998	669,630	10.2	364,980	27.4	304,650	5.8
1999	684,930	10.4	368,330	28.2	316,600	6.0
2000	692,590	10.5	364,470	28.3	328,120	6.2
2001	695,650	10.4	364,550	28.9	331,100	6.1
2002	703,515	10.4	364,827	29.1	338,688	6.1
2003	696,772	10.1	356,298	28.9	340,474	6.0
2004	676,979	9.7	342,220	28.3	334,759	5.8
2005	680,397	9.6	344,166	28.3	336,231	5.7
2006	674,250	9.3	339,073	28.0	335,177	5.6

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

CONTACT: Alfreda Brooks (410) 965-9849 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Noncitizens

Table 17.
Distribution of recipients, by selected characteristics and citizenship status, December 2006

Characteristic	Citizens		Noncitizens	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	6,561,333	100.0	674,250	100.0
Age				
Under 18	1,075,906	16.4	3,071	0.5
18–29	804,148	12.3	13,897	2.1
30–39	627,895	9.6	20,359	3.0
40–49	994,196	15.2	40,905	6.1
50–59	1,074,398	16.4	81,300	12.1
60–64	439,430	6.7	55,602	8.2
65–74	801,067	12.2	209,109	31.0
75 or older	744,293	11.3	250,007	37.1
Sex				
Male	2,892,037	44.1	253,298	37.6
Female	3,669,296	55.9	420,952	62.4
Living arrangement				
Own household	5,254,703	80.1	594,974	88.2
Another's household	273,883	4.2	65,457	9.7
Parent's household	907,774	13.8	3,081	0.5
Medicaid institution	124,973	1.9	10,738	1.6
Income				
Social Security	2,322,626	35.4	206,349	30.6
Worker beneficiary	1,607,321	24.5	153,572	22.8
Auxiliary beneficiary	715,305	10.9	52,777	7.8
Earnings	265,789	4.1	9,463	1.4
SSI payment				
Federal SSI only	4,684,235	71.4	282,769	41.9
State supplementation only	260,338	4.0	36,555	5.4
Both federal SSI and state supplementation	1,616,760	24.6	354,926	52.6

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

CONTACT: Alfreda Brooks (410) 965-9849 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 18.
By state or other area, eligibility category, and age, December 2006

State or area	Total	Category		Age		
		Aged	Blind and disabled	Under 18	18-64	65 or older
All areas	674,250	339,073	335,177	3,071	212,063	459,116
Alabama	766	418	348	5	214	547
Alaska	832	327	505	10	341	481
Arizona	9,898	4,571	5,327	44	3,442	6,412
Arkansas	684	325	359	a	a	431
California	249,284	123,087	126,197	567	78,226	170,491
Colorado	4,807	2,463	2,344	28	1,449	3,330
Connecticut	4,087	2,059	2,028	13	1,230	2,844
Delaware	366	247	119	0	69	297
District of Columbia	695	325	370	5	263	427
Florida	72,166	40,306	31,860	545	21,010	50,611
Georgia	6,197	3,701	2,496	46	1,451	4,700
Hawaii	2,981	1,981	1,000	7	627	2,347
Idaho	886	388	498	15	338	533
Illinois	17,915	9,382	8,533	67	4,841	13,007
Indiana	1,202	647	555	13	345	844
Iowa	1,051	407	644	6	392	653
Kansas	1,367	613	754	a	a	901
Kentucky	1,190	594	596	24	417	749
Louisiana	1,962	985	977	a	a	1,351
Maine	611	157	454	17	306	288
Maryland	6,276	4,177	2,099	33	1,181	5,062
Massachusetts	19,847	11,480	8,367	58	7,742	12,047
Michigan	8,388	3,487	4,901	103	2,896	5,389
Minnesota	8,628	3,070	5,558	171	3,928	4,529
Mississippi	376	174	202	a	a	255
Missouri	2,245	1,032	1,213	36	771	1,438
Montana	127	36	91	a	a	67
Nebraska	897	370	527	14	348	535
Nevada	3,955	2,766	1,189	14	1,042	2,899
New Hampshire	449	191	258	a	a	269
New Jersey	20,064	11,468	8,596	105	5,189	14,770
New Mexico	4,960	2,187	2,773	13	1,719	3,228
New York	96,866	47,498	51,368	396	32,211	64,259
North Carolina	3,586	1,836	1,750	30	1,041	2,515
North Dakota	159	47	112	10	77	72
Ohio	4,377	2,241	2,136	53	1,229	3,095
Oklahoma	1,510	846	664	15	410	1,085
Oregon	4,502	2,205	2,297	36	1,334	3,132
Pennsylvania	11,375	4,640	6,735	88	4,182	7,105
Rhode Island	3,645	1,316	2,329	22	1,563	2,060
South Carolina	887	463	424	5	260	622
South Dakota	190	64	126	6	84	100
Tennessee	1,658	855	803	25	503	1,130
Texas	65,052	34,012	31,040	177	19,574	45,301
Utah	1,479	701	778	20	476	983

(Continued)

Noncitizens

Table 18.
By state or other area, eligibility category, and age, December 2006—Continued

State or area	Total	Category		Age		
		Aged	Blind and disabled	Under 18	18-64	65 or older
Vermont	165	59	106	a	a	92
Virginia	6,216	3,868	2,348	36	1,362	4,818
Washington	13,007	5,426	7,581	122	4,288	8,597
West Virginia	143	71	72	a	a	87
Wisconsin	4,211	1,474	2,737	49	1,873	2,289
Wyoming	52	21	31	0	19	33
Outlying area						
Northern Mariana Islands	11	9	a	0	a	a

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

a. Data not shown to avoid disclosure of information for particular individuals.

CONTACT: Alfreda Brooks (410) 965-9849 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 19.
By region and country of origin, eligibility category, and age, December 2006

Region and country of origin	Total	Category		Age		
		Aged	Blind and disabled	Under 18	18-64	65 or older
All areas	674,250	339,073	335,177	3,071	212,063	459,116
Latin America	354,604	178,025	176,579	1,360	118,854	234,390
Mexico	175,771	89,041	86,730	346	56,703	118,722
Cuba	53,680	28,271	25,409	366	16,762	36,552
Dominican Republic	43,149	15,705	27,444	331	19,765	23,053
Other	82,004	45,008	36,996	317	25,624	56,063
Africa	13,430	5,758	7,672	423	5,797	7,210
Somalia	4,128	1,779	2,349	139	1,787	2,202
Cape Verde Islands	891	568	323	3	261	627
Ethiopia	1,937	698	1,239	24	968	945
Other	6,474	2,713	3,761	257	2,781	3,436
Asia	201,149	104,933	96,216	691	57,901	142,557
Vietnam	41,661	16,384	25,277	84	14,860	26,717
China	28,792	23,998	4,794	16	2,074	26,702
Laos	21,796	4,598	17,198	75	12,171	9,550
Philippines	18,012	13,449	4,563	40	3,037	14,935
Other	90,888	46,504	44,384	476	25,759	64,653
Middle East	11,849	5,612	6,237	82	2,988	8,779
Lebanon	2,808	1,366	1,442	4	606	2,198
Syria	2,163	998	1,165	10	497	1,656
Turkey	1,241	812	429	6	159	1,076
Other	5,637	2,436	3,201	62	1,726	3,849
Former Soviet Republics	50,691	26,315	24,376	302	11,009	39,380
Europe	30,390	13,588	16,802	154	10,902	19,334
Portugal	3,932	2,250	1,682	4	1,149	2,779
Former Yugoslavia	5,898	2,165	3,733	72	2,475	3,351
Great Britain	3,136	1,159	1,977	19	1,419	1,698
Poland	3,102	1,716	1,386	6	895	2,201
Other	14,322	6,298	8,024	53	4,964	9,305
Other areas	6,281	2,257	4,024	24	2,855	3,402
Unknown	5,856	2,585	3,271	35	1,757	4,064

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

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Noncitizens

Table 20.
By number of months between date of U.S. residency and date of SSI application, eligibility category, and age, December 2006

Months	Total	Category		Age		
		Aged	Blind and disabled	Under 18	18-64	65 or older
All recipients	674,250	339,073	335,177	3,071	212,063	459,116
0-11 ^a	79,973	42,882	37,091	1,027	20,204	58,742
12-23	27,892	11,317	16,575	321	8,737	18,834
24-35	24,257	10,300	13,957	223	7,424	16,610
36-47	55,292	35,133	20,159	200	10,501	44,591
48-59	33,296	17,096	16,200	178	8,501	24,617
60-71	48,265	29,433	18,832	317	10,128	37,820
72-83	33,055	17,472	15,583	175	8,757	24,123
84-119	84,920	42,535	42,385	392	25,453	59,075
120 and over	283,986	131,914	152,072	203	111,269	172,514
State conversions ^b	1,459	180	1,279	0	468	991
Unknown	1,855	811	1,044	35	621	1,199

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

a. Includes an estimated 2,842 persons whose records indicate that they applied in the same month that their residence began.

b. Persons who were converted in 1973 from the state Old-Age Assistance, Aid to the Blind, and Aid to the Permanently and Totally Disabled programs to the SSI program.

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Recipients Under Age 65

Table 21.
Recipients, by diagnostic group, 1998–2006

Diagnostic group	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Total	4,533,060	4,538,033	4,590,806	4,693,315	4,792,526	4,912,627	5,010,235	5,119,368	5,231,107
Congenital anomalies	58,440	57,094	58,593	62,730	65,999	70,084	73,146	77,052	82,019
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	179,273	186,317	178,184	172,371	164,994	160,047	155,513	151,141	147,524
Infectious and parasitic diseases	73,426	73,538	73,510	73,513	72,499	71,676	70,236	69,595	68,689
Injuries	95,321	97,762	100,046	103,284	105,313	107,051	108,670	110,314	112,929
Mental disorders ^a									
Retardation	1,067,247	1,062,530	1,059,769	1,085,032	1,093,759	1,099,557	1,096,223	1,094,164	1,088,438
Other	1,232,642	1,294,064	1,419,469	1,523,835	1,629,652	1,743,224	1,846,743	1,949,904	2,042,751
Neoplasms	53,526	51,326	51,491	51,802	52,699	53,376	54,687	56,388	59,461
Diseases of the—									
Blood and blood- forming organs	b	b	b	b	27,009	27,475	27,631	28,189	28,761
Circulatory system	185,267	186,909	188,069	188,982	189,017	188,745	187,274	186,787	186,910
Digestive system	30,310	31,940	34,017	36,197	38,518	40,400	42,165	43,908	45,522
Genitourinary system	b	b	b	b	43,994	44,694	44,908	45,405	45,945
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	300,895	318,388	334,879	354,108	373,402	390,646	407,042	422,333	437,260
Nervous system and sense organs	356,266	365,529	371,211	384,411	393,439	400,302	405,239	411,093	416,944
Respiratory system	108,122	107,046	107,490	109,004	109,609	110,694	110,871	111,481	112,391
Skin and subcu- taneous tissue	b	b	b	b	6,855	7,082	7,245	7,459	7,850
Other ^a	178,692	193,372	153,846	164,129	85,625	94,310	97,398	98,812	106,757
Unknown	613,633	512,218	460,232	383,917	340,143	303,264	275,244	255,343	240,956

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

- a. Beginning in 2000, approximately 60,000 persons previously shown under "Other diagnoses" are shown under "Other mental disorders."
- b. Before 2002, diagnosis was reported under "Other."

CONTACT: Stella M. Coleman (410) 965-0157 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Recipients Under Age 65

Table 22.
By diagnostic group and age, December 2006

Diagnostic group	All ages	Under 5	5-12	13-17	18-21	22-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-64
	<i>Number</i>									
Total	5,231,107	165,250	511,940	401,787	301,164	516,881	648,254	1,035,101	1,155,698	495,032
Congenital anomalies	82,019	21,646	23,201	9,614	8,731	9,559	4,536	2,794	1,437	501
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	147,524	1,650	3,080	2,309	1,784	4,362	11,872	31,214	59,780	31,473
Infectious and parasitic diseases	68,689	182	912	1,197	646	2,135	10,346	27,159	21,025	5,087
Injuries	112,929	1,194	2,455	2,052	3,962	11,488	17,802	28,737	31,568	13,671
Mental disorders										
Retardation	1,088,438	6,586	73,425	112,901	120,421	203,732	205,665	207,034	123,216	35,458
Other	2,042,751	39,251	280,678	204,418	107,923	182,595	256,415	441,062	406,445	123,964
Neoplasms	59,461	2,349	5,760	2,880	2,228	3,410	4,370	11,446	18,833	8,185
Diseases of the—										
Blood and blood- forming organs	28,761	2,007	6,242	4,399	3,138	4,314	3,318	2,739	1,974	630
Circulatory system	186,910	2,155	2,019	1,183	1,234	3,917	8,795	30,148	81,344	56,115
Digestive system	45,522	3,548	2,232	843	705	1,831	3,467	11,259	16,342	5,295
Genitourinary system	45,945	586	1,289	1,120	1,597	4,351	7,903	12,216	12,686	4,197
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	437,260	1,326	3,273	3,227	3,304	8,987	27,058	90,064	186,427	113,594
Nervous system and sense organs	416,944	15,602	45,164	31,950	36,152	62,584	59,850	71,232	67,068	27,342
Respiratory system	112,391	8,194	14,457	5,614	1,968	2,251	4,737	15,937	36,432	22,801
Skin and subcu- taneous tissue	7,850	331	682	299	240	569	1,004	1,906	2,005	814
Other	106,757	52,228	35,129	9,092	3,047	2,852	1,211	1,351	1,378	469
Unknown	240,956	6,415	11,942	8,689	4,084	7,944	19,905	48,803	87,738	45,436

(Continued)

Table 22.
By diagnostic group and age, December 2006—Continued

Diagnostic group	All ages	Under 5	5–12	13–17	18–21	22–29	30–39	40–49	50–59	60–64
	<i>Average monthly payment (dollars)</i>									
Total	485.35	522.27	549.07	540.66	542.11	500.67	462.59	459.38	471.07	429.05
Congenital anomalies	525.14	538.24	548.98	535.20	536.77	515.51	457.15	384.12	409.23	385.71
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	454.94	531.71	539.05	521.01	527.04	462.22	450.80	463.67	462.47	411.53
Infectious and parasitic diseases	475.45	551.67	535.78	508.79	527.02	481.14	465.11	472.69	488.43	427.14
Injuries	447.46	530.17	527.22	514.22	500.24	460.51	432.20	431.94	457.35	419.43
Mental disorders										
Retardation	483.15	560.01	554.71	544.75	543.40	510.88	460.69	432.59	422.81	396.23
Other	503.21	545.54	548.60	542.35	548.35	494.50	470.07	481.53	496.42	463.83
Neoplasms	459.32	522.58	534.26	523.32	504.40	454.34	438.07	447.07	452.70	397.75
Diseases of the—										
Blood and blood- forming organs	510.89	549.00	549.35	537.60	538.67	498.72	467.22	452.85	460.08	409.24
Circulatory system	443.58	533.65	539.33	522.11	523.31	462.30	436.94	446.31	459.58	408.52
Digestive system	474.80	527.71	551.59	526.67	523.10	428.73	429.71	467.53	481.63	431.96
Genitourinary system	455.94	526.96	550.95	525.03	516.48	457.20	438.48	452.90	456.76	413.51
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	440.29	541.41	544.00	530.30	540.30	467.81	424.09	430.98	457.02	412.34
Nervous system and sense organs	477.01	537.84	541.98	529.10	531.01	503.84	451.49	430.49	438.59	412.68
Respiratory system	481.25	555.19	560.68	543.46	554.80	492.66	467.25	475.06	469.04	408.01
Skin and subcu- taneous tissue	468.41	558.33	553.57	548.00	521.61	459.12	442.80	447.05	457.82	428.87
Other	513.39	484.56	553.71	538.68	547.84	522.85	465.71	440.26	457.15	399.20
Unknown	498.55	484.65	541.70	529.03	534.04	534.61	536.35	484.60	499.72	470.11

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

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Recipients Under Age 65

Table 23.
By diagnostic group, age, and sex, December 2006

Diagnostic group	All ages				Under age 18				Aged 18–64			
	Number	Percent			Number	Percent			Number	Percent		
		Total	Male	Female		Total	Male	Female		Total	Male	Female
Total	5,231,107	100.0	48.3	51.7	1,078,977	100.0	65.6	34.4	4,152,130	100.0	43.8	56.2
Congenital anomalies	82,019	100.0	52.2	47.8	54,461	100.0	53.7	46.3	27,558	100.0	49.1	50.9
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	147,524	100.0	25.7	74.3	7,039	100.0	51.7	48.3	140,485	100.0	24.4	75.6
Infectious and parasitic diseases	68,689	100.0	57.2	42.8	2,291	100.0	50.0	50.0	66,398	100.0	57.5	42.5
Injuries	112,929	100.0	61.0	39.0	5,701	100.0	59.0	41.0	107,228	100.0	61.1	38.9
Mental disorders												
Retardation	1,088,438	100.0	51.7	48.3	192,912	100.0	61.8	38.2	895,526	100.0	49.5	50.5
Other	2,042,751	100.0	50.7	49.3	524,347	100.0	73.4	26.6	1,518,404	100.0	42.8	57.2
Neoplasms	59,461	100.0	43.3	56.7	10,989	100.0	55.3	44.7	48,472	100.0	40.6	59.4
Diseases of the—												
Blood and blood- forming organs	28,761	100.0	48.4	51.6	12,648	100.0	56.7	43.3	16,113	100.0	42.0	58.0
Circulatory system	186,910	100.0	47.1	52.9	5,357	100.0	54.6	45.4	181,553	100.0	46.9	53.1
Digestive system	45,522	100.0	48.0	52.0	6,623	100.0	54.6	45.4	38,899	100.0	46.9	53.1
Genitourinary system	45,945	100.0	49.4	50.6	2,995	100.0	59.2	40.8	42,950	100.0	48.7	51.3
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	437,260	100.0	34.6	65.4	7,826	100.0	48.8	51.2	429,434	100.0	34.3	65.7
Nervous system and sense organs	416,944	100.0	47.8	52.2	92,716	100.0	55.9	44.1	324,228	100.0	45.4	54.6
Respiratory system	112,391	100.0	41.1	58.9	28,265	100.0	64.4	35.6	84,126	100.0	33.2	66.8
Skin and subcu- taneous tissue	7,850	100.0	36.7	63.3	1,312	100.0	51.4	48.6	6,538	100.0	33.7	66.3
Other	106,757	100.0	54.9	45.1	96,449	100.0	55.2	44.8	10,308	100.0	51.9	48.1
Unknown	240,956	100.0	45.4	54.6	27,046	100.0	60.4	39.6	213,910	100.0	43.5	56.5

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

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Table 24.
Recipients with a representative payee, by diagnostic group and age, December 2006

Diagnostic group	All ages			Under age 18			Aged 18–64		
	Total	Number with payee	Percentage with payee	Total	Number with payee	Percentage with payee	Total	Number with payee	Percentage with payee
Total	5,231,107	2,494,592	47.7	1,078,977	1,078,161	99.9	4,152,130	1,416,431	34.1
Congenital anomalies	82,019	71,416	87.1	54,461	54,432	99.9	27,558	16,984	61.6
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	147,524	12,664	8.6	7,039	7,032	99.9	140,485	5,632	4.0
Infectious and parasitic diseases	68,689	8,406	12.2	2,291	2,288	99.9	66,398	6,118	9.2
Injuries	112,929	22,742	20.1	5,701	5,689	99.8	107,228	17,053	15.9
Mental disorders									
Retardation	1,088,438	789,172	72.5	192,912	192,746	99.9	895,526	596,426	66.6
Other	2,042,751	1,076,935	52.7	524,347	523,920	99.9	1,518,404	553,015	36.4
Neoplasms	59,461	14,383	24.2	10,989	10,976	99.9	48,472	3,407	7.0
Diseases of the—									
Blood and blood-forming organs	28,761	15,639	54.4	12,648	12,639	99.9	16,113	3,000	18.6
Circulatory system	186,910	20,803	11.1	5,357	5,354	99.9	181,553	15,449	8.5
Digestive system	45,522	9,573	21.0	6,623	6,621	100.0	38,899	2,952	7.6
Genitourinary system	45,945	5,172	11.3	2,995	2,991	99.9	42,950	2,181	5.1
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	437,260	21,892	5.0	7,826	7,816	99.9	429,434	14,076	3.3
Nervous system and sense organs	416,944	183,814	44.1	92,716	92,646	99.9	324,228	91,168	28.1
Respiratory system	112,391	32,604	29.0	28,265	28,254	100.0	84,126	4,350	5.2
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	7,850	1,668	21.2	1,312	1,312	100.0	6,538	356	5.4
Other	106,757	101,596	95.2	96,449	96,417	100.0	10,308	5,179	50.2
Unknown	240,956	106,113	44.0	27,046	27,028	99.9	213,910	79,085	37.0

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

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Recipients Under Age 65

Table 25.
Percentage distribution, by state or other area and diagnostic group, December 2006

State or area	Total		Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases	Injuries	Mental disorders			Neoplasms
	Number	Percent					Total	Retardation	Other	
All areas	5,231,107	100.0	1.6	2.8	1.3	2.2	59.9	20.8	39.1	1.1
Alabama	130,908	100.0	1.2	3.3	0.8	2.5	55.0	25.6	29.4	1.1
Alaska	8,282	100.0	1.7	2.4	1.0	3.0	55.7	14.1	41.7	1.4
Arizona	75,585	100.0	2.3	2.5	0.6	2.3	61.5	18.3	43.1	1.0
Arkansas	74,479	100.0	1.5	3.3	0.6	2.4	59.2	29.5	29.7	1.2
California	695,447	100.0	1.7	2.5	1.5	2.7	56.3	14.3	42.1	1.3
Colorado	42,718	100.0	2.4	2.5	1.0	2.9	53.7	18.0	35.8	1.3
Connecticut	40,631	100.0	1.2	2.7	2.4	1.8	61.6	16.5	45.1	1.0
Delaware	11,605	100.0	1.6	2.7	1.9	1.7	60.9	22.4	38.5	1.1
District of Columbia	17,489	100.0	0.6	2.1	3.4	2.0	63.9	21.1	42.8	0.9
Florida	283,785	100.0	1.7	2.6	2.2	2.4	60.0	18.1	42.0	1.4
Georgia	154,931	100.0	1.7	3.3	1.8	2.3	54.6	25.8	28.8	1.3
Hawaii	14,369	100.0	1.2	2.1	1.0	2.2	64.8	14.7	50.1	1.2
Idaho	19,765	100.0	2.1	2.5	0.4	2.2	64.2	19.7	44.6	1.0
Illinois	202,920	100.0	1.4	2.8	1.2	1.7	65.4	23.7	41.6	1.0
Indiana	88,725	100.0	1.5	3.2	0.6	1.7	64.9	27.8	37.1	1.1
Iowa	36,869	100.0	1.7	3.0	0.4	1.8	64.7	26.5	38.2	1.0
Kansas	33,075	100.0	2.0	3.4	0.5	2.2	62.3	23.9	38.4	1.0
Kentucky	148,381	100.0	1.1	2.8	0.4	1.7	64.9	24.4	40.5	0.9
Louisiana	123,367	100.0	1.3	3.2	1.0	2.3	55.5	28.7	26.9	1.1
Maine	27,227	100.0	1.2	2.7	0.4	1.9	65.9	19.0	46.9	0.9
Maryland	71,461	100.0	1.4	2.4	2.8	2.2	58.2	21.3	36.8	1.2
Massachusetts	126,494	100.0	1.2	1.9	1.8	1.7	65.8	12.5	53.3	0.9
Michigan	188,718	100.0	1.3	2.9	0.6	1.8	64.1	23.3	40.8	0.9
Minnesota	58,807	100.0	1.6	1.9	0.7	2.3	68.1	19.6	48.5	0.8
Mississippi	94,128	100.0	1.1	3.5	0.8	2.1	57.8	24.4	33.4	1.1
Missouri	100,069	100.0	1.7	3.6	0.7	2.5	59.0	23.5	35.5	1.1
Montana	12,764	100.0	2.1	2.5	0.5	3.1	55.4	19.4	36.0	1.4
Nebraska	18,700	100.0	2.6	3.0	0.6	2.6	58.3	24.3	34.0	1.1
Nevada	25,076	100.0	2.6	2.4	1.4	2.6	54.9	15.6	39.3	1.5
New Hampshire	12,633	100.0	1.8	1.9	0.4	1.8	70.1	16.8	53.3	0.8
New Jersey	103,167	100.0	1.5	2.3	2.2	2.1	57.2	17.7	39.5	1.2
New Mexico	39,412	100.0	2.0	3.0	0.6	3.2	56.7	17.3	39.4	1.1
New York	410,798	100.0	1.2	2.4	3.2	1.8	57.4	16.9	40.5	1.2
North Carolina	155,184	100.0	1.7	3.0	1.2	2.1	60.6	28.5	32.2	1.2
North Dakota	6,230	100.0	2.4	2.2	0.4	2.6	61.9	25.6	36.3	1.1
Ohio	217,062	100.0	1.3	3.0	0.6	1.5	67.4	24.8	42.6	0.9
Oklahoma	66,921	100.0	1.7	3.4	0.5	2.3	59.1	28.3	30.8	1.2
Oregon	48,963	100.0	1.6	2.8	0.7	2.6	58.3	17.8	40.5	1.2
Pennsylvania	265,062	100.0	1.2	2.7	1.1	1.8	64.2	21.1	43.1	0.9
Rhode Island	23,456	100.0	1.2	2.1	1.2	1.6	68.2	19.8	48.4	0.8
South Carolina	81,113	100.0	1.5	2.7	1.1	2.4	58.1	27.9	30.2	1.1
South Dakota	9,703	100.0	2.4	2.4	0.5	2.5	59.1	21.2	37.9	1.0
Tennessee	127,843	100.0	1.3	2.6	0.7	1.9	60.9	26.6	34.3	1.1
Texas	361,185	100.0	2.2	3.8	1.2	2.4	53.3	16.8	36.5	1.5
Utah	19,487	100.0	3.5	2.3	0.4	2.1	59.8	22.2	37.6	1.0

(Continued)

Table 25.
Percentage distribution, by state or other area and diagnostic group, December 2006—Continued

State or area	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circulatory system	Digestive system	Genito-urinary system	Musculo-skeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respiratory system	Skin and subcutaneous tissue		
All areas	0.5	3.6	0.9	0.9	8.4	8.0	2.1	0.2	2.0	4.6
Alabama	0.9	4.2	0.9	0.8	9.5	7.9	3.2	0.2	3.8	4.7
Alaska	0.2	3.1	1.3	0.6	12.4	9.7	1.5	0.2	2.0	3.9
Arizona	0.3	2.5	0.9	1.0	8.3	9.0	1.8	0.1	2.7	3.3
Arkansas	0.6	4.0	0.9	0.7	9.5	8.2	2.3	0.2	2.2	3.1
California	0.3	3.7	1.1	1.1	10.6	9.0	1.6	0.1	1.6	4.8
Colorado	0.2	2.5	1.2	1.0	10.5	11.8	2.1	0.2	2.2	4.4
Connecticut	0.5	3.1	0.7	0.8	7.4	7.6	2.0	0.2	1.6	5.3
Delaware	0.7	2.7	0.9	1.0	8.4	7.5	2.5	0.1	2.4	3.9
District of Columbia	0.9	3.2	0.6	1.7	6.4	6.4	1.8	0.1	1.8	4.2
Florida	0.8	3.8	1.0	0.9	6.6	7.2	2.3	0.2	1.9	5.0
Georgia	1.2	4.5	0.9	1.2	7.6	8.3	2.6	0.2	2.9	5.6
Hawaii	0.2	3.8	0.8	1.3	7.4	7.6	1.8	0.1	1.2	3.2
Idaho	0.1	2.2	0.8	0.5	7.6	9.4	1.4	0.1	1.7	3.8
Illinois	0.6	3.2	0.6	0.9	5.4	7.4	2.2	0.1	2.1	4.1
Indiana	0.4	2.9	0.8	0.7	6.1	8.2	2.2	0.1	1.6	4.0
Iowa	0.3	2.3	0.8	0.6	7.7	8.8	1.8	0.1	2.0	3.1
Kansas	0.4	2.6	0.9	0.7	7.6	9.1	2.0	0.1	2.0	3.2
Kentucky	0.2	3.3	0.7	0.5	8.8	6.3	2.7	0.1	1.7	3.8
Louisiana	1.0	5.4	0.8	1.0	8.9	8.1	2.4	0.3	2.6	5.1
Maine	0.1	2.5	0.7	0.4	10.3	6.4	1.6	0.2	0.9	3.9
Maryland	0.8	3.9	0.8	1.2	6.2	8.2	2.0	0.1	2.3	6.3
Massachusetts	0.3	2.4	0.8	0.5	7.8	7.2	1.9	0.1	1.2	4.5
Michigan	0.5	3.4	0.6	0.8	7.0	7.4	2.0	0.2	1.9	4.7
Minnesota	0.3	2.0	0.6	0.6	5.7	8.5	1.1	0.1	2.9	2.7
Mississippi	1.1	4.8	0.6	1.0	6.5	7.3	2.8	0.2	3.9	5.5
Missouri	0.6	3.2	0.9	0.8	9.2	7.8	2.2	0.1	1.9	4.6
Montana	0.1	2.6	1.3	0.8	11.8	10.6	2.2	0.2	1.9	3.4
Nebraska	0.4	3.0	1.1	0.8	8.9	10.1	2.0	0.1	1.9	3.5
Nevada	0.6	3.5	1.2	1.0	9.3	9.5	2.3	0.2	2.7	4.4
New Hampshire	0.2	2.0	0.6	0.3	6.2	8.2	1.4	0.1	1.4	2.8
New Jersey	0.7	4.0	0.8	1.0	8.0	8.7	2.9	0.2	3.4	3.7
New Mexico	0.2	2.6	1.3	1.1	11.8	9.2	1.8	0.2	1.7	3.5
New York	0.6	4.3	0.7	0.8	9.3	7.2	2.7	0.1	1.3	5.6
North Carolina	0.7	3.7	0.9	0.9	7.5	7.3	2.4	0.2	2.3	4.6
North Dakota	0.1	3.0	0.8	0.7	8.6	10.7	1.4	0.1	1.8	2.1
Ohio	0.5	2.6	0.7	0.7	5.4	6.6	1.9	0.1	1.6	5.1
Oklahoma	0.4	3.7	0.9	0.7	9.3	9.1	2.5	0.2	2.0	3.1
Oregon	0.2	2.6	1.1	0.6	10.2	9.8	1.7	0.1	2.7	3.9
Pennsylvania	0.4	3.1	0.8	0.7	8.1	6.3	2.2	0.1	1.4	5.0
Rhode Island	0.3	2.6	0.8	0.5	7.1	6.1	1.8	0.2	1.4	4.2
South Carolina	1.3	4.2	0.8	1.1	7.1	8.2	2.9	0.2	2.7	4.5
South Dakota	0.2	2.3	1.2	1.0	10.0	11.0	2.2	0.1	1.8	2.1
Tennessee	0.5	3.5	0.8	0.8	8.4	6.9	2.3	0.1	2.2	6.1
Texas	0.6	4.5	1.2	1.3	9.9	9.7	1.8	0.1	2.9	3.6
Utah	0.1	1.7	0.9	0.8	6.6	11.2	1.6	0.1	3.0	5.0

(Continued)

Recipients Under Age 65

Table 25.
Percentage distribution, by state or other area and diagnostic group, December 2006—Continued

State or area	Total		Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases	Injuries	Mental disorders		
	Number	Percent					Total	Retardation	Other
Vermont	10,951	100.0	1.5	2.5	0.5	1.9	66.5	17.2	49.3
Virginia	104,306	100.0	1.5	2.7	1.0	1.9	60.8	25.8	35.1
Washington	91,636	100.0	1.7	2.5	0.8	2.1	62.2	15.9	46.3
West Virginia	65,881	100.0	0.9	3.6	0.4	2.2	61.7	29.8	31.9
Wisconsin	77,773	100.0	2.3	2.7	0.6	2.0	64.0	22.5	41.5
Wyoming	4,944	100.0	2.2	2.2	0.4	2.9	58.7	21.5	37.3
Outlying area									
Northern Mariana Islands	622	100.0	4.2	1.6	1.0	2.3	41.2	12.9	28.3

(Continued)

Table 25.
Percentage distribution, by state or other area and diagnostic group, December 2006—Continued

State or area	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circulatory system	Digestive system	Genitourinary system	Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respiratory system	Skin and subcutaneous tissue		
Vermont	0.1	2.0	0.8	0.3	9.2	7.2	1.7	0.1	0.9	4.0
Virginia	0.6	3.6	0.8	1.0	8.0	7.5	2.2	0.1	2.0	5.0
Washington	0.2	2.4	1.1	0.6	9.0	8.3	1.6	0.2	1.9	4.2
West Virginia	0.1	3.5	0.8	0.5	9.0	6.4	2.7	0.2	1.1	6.0
Wisconsin	0.5	2.3	0.8	0.7	6.4	8.9	1.6	0.1	2.2	4.0
Wyoming	0.1	2.6	1.1	0.5	9.5	10.9	2.8	0.2	2.2	2.6
Outlying area										
Northern Mariana Islands	0.8	5.3	0.3	4.0	7.1	18.8	1.9	1.6	7.1	1.8

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

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Recipients Under Age 65

Table 26.
Average monthly payment, by state or other area and diagnostic group,
December 2006 (in dollars)

State or area	Total	Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases	Injuries	Mental disorders			Neoplasms
						Total	Retardation	Other	
All areas	485.35	525.14	454.94	475.45	447.46	496.23	483.15	503.21	459.32
Alabama	448.12	505.12	408.14	410.26	401.96	465.70	473.40	458.98	422.39
Alaska	452.47	493.59	462.89	469.37	421.68	453.49	435.05	459.71	458.79
Arizona	468.28	522.78	442.30	419.60	429.44	475.54	478.81	474.15	453.35
Arkansas	442.80	499.80	402.18	390.68	395.18	465.39	464.92	465.85	420.05
California	619.69	642.23	576.92	565.73	574.22	638.64	640.99	637.84	557.77
Colorado	438.36	495.50	427.74	391.88	399.18	445.74	444.49	446.36	424.82
Connecticut	456.70	489.04	461.26	478.66	418.43	456.22	440.77	461.89	434.06
Delaware	451.39	487.20	418.07	413.30	401.56	463.09	456.59	466.88	442.13
District of Columbia	496.92	490.31	451.44	489.23	463.75	506.18	467.01	525.44	461.57
Florida	460.15	494.70	421.14	435.51	406.61	475.49	470.08	477.82	429.04
Georgia	450.97	503.31	420.02	425.44	406.19	464.85	468.09	461.94	430.19
Hawaii	496.15	492.95	467.69	439.83	465.40	505.71	502.42	506.67	443.45
Idaho	439.02	503.95	400.22	416.67	407.42	445.12	439.09	447.78	452.61
Illinois	480.55	512.19	473.30	465.65	449.77	488.03	484.24	490.20	462.48
Indiana	451.47	494.82	427.84	405.50	407.12	460.67	461.53	460.04	434.62
Iowa	427.11	478.66	427.74	375.10	391.04	434.22	420.30	443.87	421.22
Kansas	439.39	495.91	418.38	385.96	383.71	446.60	437.57	452.24	428.86
Kentucky	459.02	501.20	436.03	389.30	406.19	474.61	477.40	472.93	417.38
Louisiana	464.64	508.06	446.26	428.78	426.89	481.82	476.21	487.81	440.25
Maine	426.00	472.31	419.29	402.25	381.94	431.58	420.00	436.26	425.96
Maryland	469.95	490.52	452.41	456.71	427.30	478.65	473.96	481.37	459.50
Massachusetts	490.65	523.87	488.50	511.73	457.17	491.90	463.97	498.44	488.41
Michigan	476.73	517.62	460.47	435.12	447.61	486.40	487.91	485.54	452.93
Minnesota	451.12	488.14	447.01	441.60	431.31	452.53	436.24	459.11	446.86
Mississippi	452.38	503.15	414.92	394.60	403.11	466.81	459.31	472.28	433.04
Missouri	444.46	496.69	419.48	390.16	410.55	454.51	451.70	456.37	446.15
Montana	437.79	504.78	409.69	366.98	428.79	441.27	437.81	443.13	416.29
Nebraska	421.67	495.63	421.80	393.25	367.28	425.98	430.52	422.73	427.05
Nevada	457.40	502.40	417.10	425.51	410.05	469.96	472.17	469.08	438.79
New Hampshire	425.97	477.86	399.32	402.13	396.54	427.07	408.47	432.95	456.16
New Jersey	472.54	501.43	461.00	462.12	428.81	479.51	467.66	484.81	444.08
New Mexico	455.19	516.66	438.71	423.33	412.92	467.38	461.25	470.07	461.18
New York	522.80	539.68	503.67	534.57	480.35	534.37	508.56	545.14	482.50
North Carolina	435.73	488.90	404.65	399.99	393.79	447.57	441.91	452.59	422.18
North Dakota	402.24	452.24	429.62	415.14	405.81	398.29	373.00	416.12	404.09
Ohio	469.90	496.65	457.79	424.44	413.48	478.56	476.03	480.03	451.93
Oklahoma	451.74	512.44	415.35	416.41	413.25	464.90	470.12	460.10	429.91
Oregon	452.27	495.92	427.68	398.34	425.50	457.17	454.92	458.15	463.04
Pennsylvania	481.77	498.35	456.93	469.36	447.26	492.53	475.64	500.80	441.69
Rhode Island	489.57	535.97	480.90	481.65	430.20	495.84	493.68	496.72	457.60
South Carolina	443.40	496.43	417.75	410.76	410.13	454.54	454.62	454.46	425.75
South Dakota	425.25	469.82	440.20	379.55	410.84	425.63	400.90	439.48	407.63
Tennessee	448.28	501.16	414.97	410.18	399.76	461.74	468.32	456.65	434.20
Texas	450.27	511.07	412.24	431.02	409.31	467.36	446.55	476.95	431.04
Utah	435.65	494.44	415.14	434.27	400.47	436.55	433.89	438.13	425.03

(Continued)

Table 26.
Average monthly payment, by state or other area and diagnostic group,
December 2006 (in dollars)—Continued

State or area	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circulatory system	Digestive system	Genitourinary system	Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respiratory system	Skin and subcutaneous tissue		
All areas	510.89	443.58	474.80	455.94	440.29	477.01	481.25	468.41	513.39	498.55
Alabama	494.60	388.88	444.52	409.77	370.52	440.73	468.09	436.95	519.78	440.68
Alaska	434.13	423.98	450.97	450.72	442.07	448.36	430.55	466.60	454.21	504.24
Arizona	485.26	432.47	462.02	430.65	423.50	465.47	470.03	439.00	520.28	471.01
Arkansas	490.26	384.07	431.33	410.02	364.06	426.19	414.72	438.63	518.51	410.99
California	641.32	569.56	589.32	555.41	562.86	609.56	613.90	589.92	624.89	674.17
Colorado	475.96	406.54	440.49	412.49	402.28	441.51	439.61	436.52	395.75	482.98
Connecticut	510.71	438.99	456.34	455.61	437.60	450.69	477.78	435.62	489.73	482.83
Delaware	455.56	396.83	430.31	441.76	405.91	455.92	443.38	458.35	485.30	436.57
District of Columbia	499.21	459.52	482.09	477.53	465.14	488.54	502.55	428.77	494.44	508.29
Florida	497.12	411.10	439.56	427.54	398.19	448.67	452.36	424.86	472.08	468.86
Georgia	489.61	403.91	439.21	422.87	388.22	452.95	447.82	431.93	491.52	448.36
Hawaii	486.68	472.39	473.41	469.24	477.87	486.22	466.31	507.10	495.05	509.01
Idaho	382.34	417.01	456.55	454.98	402.59	418.80	411.56	435.27	458.49	474.67
Illinois	512.23	442.31	451.86	470.90	439.59	462.07	484.49	466.27	508.67	478.20
Indiana	495.01	404.57	444.36	436.20	395.75	434.97	434.65	442.47	516.93	467.63
Iowa	465.16	393.87	433.32	383.19	395.99	408.78	432.48	414.16	471.78	405.22
Kansas	497.55	407.44	450.46	421.86	390.59	445.42	406.43	479.81	478.25	448.32
Kentucky	482.85	395.75	427.76	413.95	398.47	448.35	447.68	465.13	519.25	442.40
Louisiana	505.98	416.69	445.26	421.14	412.81	452.49	473.08	457.99	528.40	433.62
Maine	451.13	411.50	392.12	448.29	386.18	430.35	432.25	397.95	489.36	440.61
Maryland	491.07	436.97	462.96	436.95	431.71	459.84	482.33	466.78	460.00	488.90
Massachusetts	514.94	461.20	495.28	473.15	453.09	489.55	512.22	488.31	517.89	534.03
Michigan	512.26	435.44	453.56	455.54	421.42	469.46	466.89	452.14	526.70	474.79
Minnesota	507.69	431.47	452.63	441.42	426.01	448.77	457.40	447.45	493.68	437.77
Mississippi	502.30	396.21	432.17	406.89	377.88	439.00	468.30	440.09	521.48	442.24
Missouri	492.94	402.71	434.17	425.32	388.86	443.73	428.48	425.20	505.07	464.90
Montana	394.64	404.92	434.74	377.67	423.07	439.53	436.21	422.68	505.04	440.08
Nebraska	521.84	394.34	415.64	398.94	371.29	439.17	414.63	436.00	475.63	410.27
Nevada	484.01	418.43	458.25	417.48	406.18	463.66	452.53	431.65	440.07	484.27
New Hampshire	417.00	406.73	434.14	394.68	400.84	426.74	435.06	263.83	471.17	443.18
New Jersey	509.27	440.60	448.69	447.91	442.54	460.06	501.10	510.46	500.57	483.82
New Mexico	480.39	406.27	453.57	436.38	405.79	451.25	462.71	433.38	512.08	468.14
New York	536.17	495.18	505.61	494.14	480.78	500.01	537.73	527.49	525.90	541.54
North Carolina	476.74	389.51	435.46	406.45	378.06	430.82	433.44	425.02	476.48	429.75
North Dakota	419.40	401.24	412.18	435.10	425.05	384.01	416.52	397.71	434.17	375.68
Ohio	500.23	420.72	463.80	440.14	426.63	449.22	456.33	458.28	519.08	470.66
Oklahoma	495.91	404.16	465.05	422.73	402.83	450.95	442.11	426.94	512.87	421.72
Oregon	484.19	433.71	452.73	422.10	417.24	446.21	433.55	439.63	512.62	492.55
Pennsylvania	508.07	443.94	460.47	462.56	441.46	453.47	486.79	466.85	508.97	494.01
Rhode Island	511.29	447.50	503.20	435.84	436.93	477.67	503.66	474.45	567.04	511.61
South Carolina	479.98	397.14	439.92	422.84	385.05	441.39	457.80	448.11	495.82	419.05
South Dakota	413.05	404.37	454.92	453.91	408.20	420.07	449.70	380.08	449.99	440.88
Tennessee	504.51	390.83	438.52	431.39	387.50	440.98	427.51	408.61	498.22	450.76
Texas	489.19	403.59	446.99	420.43	395.49	445.91	448.36	432.12	495.16	433.60
Utah	395.32	395.87	457.03	436.51	406.11	441.40	433.34	456.04	436.87	446.56

(Continued)

Recipients Under Age 65

Table 26.
Average monthly payment, by state or other area and diagnostic group,
December 2006 (in dollars)—Continued

State or area	Total	Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases	Injuries	Mental disorders			Neoplasms
						Total	Retardation	Other	
Vermont	448.10	503.42	454.87	349.02	404.57	458.03	428.26	468.40	452.75
Virginia	442.61	486.61	413.25	418.33	398.61	454.80	447.84	459.91	426.93
Washington	467.25	506.92	446.08	428.46	431.81	471.22	463.83	473.77	451.50
West Virginia	459.45	498.56	432.44	404.84	424.99	473.85	471.82	475.76	411.42
Wisconsin	447.71	496.32	434.68	418.41	422.24	454.12	450.40	456.13	432.64
Wyoming	424.13	491.67	441.29	380.57	427.20	423.95	411.43	431.16	487.93
Outlying area									
Northern Mariana Islands	523.48	564.42	538.13	538.17	515.27	527.63	530.29	526.43	552.43

(Continued)

Table 26.
Average monthly payment, by state or other area and diagnostic group,
December 2006 (in dollars)—Continued

State or area	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circulatory system	Digestive system	Genitourinary system	Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respiratory system	Skin and subcutaneous tissue		
Vermont	409.73	404.69	475.10	412.06	390.85	437.92	423.99	540.21	530.12	449.47
Virginia	479.80	407.73	426.90	412.45	393.04	435.25	441.02	436.39	464.89	433.00
Washington	476.30	440.22	474.22	433.23	446.10	462.94	464.64	459.13	483.92	498.35
West Virginia	481.47	415.33	439.90	419.69	412.40	446.77	448.34	431.02	493.13	458.71
Wisconsin	501.96	406.99	432.80	417.21	393.23	444.61	441.73	450.46	491.87	442.37
Wyoming	558.67	400.46	402.80	411.26	373.43	444.61	433.86	344.20	437.13	449.55
Outlying area										
Northern Mariana Islands	497.40	430.64	603.00	549.75	532.86	512.99	535.75	359.60	572.82	535.73

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

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Recipients Who Work

Table 27.
By selected months, 1976–2006

Month	All blind and disabled recipients ^a	Blind and disabled recipients who work			Total as a percentage of all blind and disabled recipients
		Total	Receiving SSI ^b	Section 1619(b) participants	
December					
1976	2,088,242	70,719	70,719	...	3.4
1977	2,186,771	83,697	83,697	...	3.8
1978	2,249,025	87,697	87,697	...	3.9
1979	2,277,859	92,270	92,270	...	4.1
1980	2,334,241	99,276	99,276	...	4.3
1981	2,340,785	102,632	102,632	...	4.4
1982	2,314,364	107,803	102,288	5,515	4.7
1983	2,391,262	113,899	108,734	5,165	4.8
1984	2,499,046	--	--	--	--
1985	2,633,552	--	--	--	--
1986	2,795,756	--	--	--	--
1987	2,945,244	172,855	157,223	15,632	5.9
1988	3,046,074	189,144	173,519	15,625	6.2
1989	3,172,270	205,837	187,583	18,254	6.5
1990	3,386,603	219,932	196,415	23,517	6.5
1991	3,681,050	229,619	202,355	27,264	6.2
1992	4,126,816	248,917	217,268	31,649	6.0
1993	4,544,777	265,649	230,350	35,299	5.8
1994	4,870,564	282,476	241,793	40,683	5.8
1995	5,115,014	298,635	251,633	47,002	5.8
1996	5,252,991	308,300	256,395	51,905	5.9
1997	5,189,724	319,855	262,766	57,089	6.2
1998	5,293,829	326,475	266,933	59,542	6.2
1999	5,317,861	340,618	271,353	69,265	6.4
2000	5,395,935	360,427	276,855	83,572	6.7
2001	5,500,481	346,110	269,655	76,455	6.3
2002	5,618,506	340,910	258,733	82,177	6.1
2003	5,740,683	323,682	252,585	71,097	5.6
2004	5,850,359	328,204	254,523	73,681	5.6
2005	5,977,788	336,570	258,365	78,205	5.6
2006	6,113,277	349,420	260,070	89,350	5.7
2004					
March	5,796,837	321,030	251,498	69,532	5.5
June	5,834,265	323,624	250,726	72,898	5.5
September	5,869,004	328,831	253,174	75,657	5.6
December	5,850,359	328,204	254,523	73,681	5.6
2005					
March	5,919,765	325,357	251,110	74,247	5.5
June	5,946,966	333,089	253,721	79,368	5.6
September	5,966,290	337,325	257,191	80,134	5.7
December	5,977,788	336,570	258,365	78,205	5.6

(Continued)

Recipients Who Work

Table 27.
By selected months, 1976–2006—Continued

Month	All blind and disabled recipients ^a	Blind and disabled recipients who work			Total as a percentage of all blind and disabled recipients
		Total	Receiving SSI ^b	Section 1619(b) participants	
2006					
March	6,014,109	336,446	257,536	78,910	5.6
June	6,045,960	341,450	258,360	83,090	5.6
September	6,098,112	346,309	259,093	87,216	5.7
December	6,113,277	349,420	260,070	89,350	5.7

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

NOTE: . . . = not applicable; -- = not available.

a. Includes section 1619(b) participants.

b. Includes section 1619(a) participants.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 28.
Recipients participating in section 1619(a) or section 1619(b), selected months, 1982–2006

Month	Section 1619(a)		Section 1619(b) ^a	
	Number	Percentage change from prior period	Number	Percentage change from prior period
December				
1982	287	...	5,515	...
1983	392	36.6	5,165	-6.3
1984	--	--	--	--
1985	--	--	--	--
1986	--	--	--	--
1987	14,559	...	15,632	...
1988	19,920	36.8	15,625	0
1989	25,655	28.8	18,254	16.8
1990	13,994	-45.5	23,517	28.8
1991	15,531	11.0	27,264	15.9
1992	17,603	13.3	31,649	16.1
1993	20,028	13.8	35,299	11.5
1994	24,315	21.4	40,683	15.3
1995	28,060	15.4	47,002	15.5
1996	31,085	10.8	51,905	10.4
1997	34,673	11.5	57,089	10.0
1998	37,271	7.5	59,542	4.3
1999	25,528	-31.5	69,265	16.3
2000	27,542	7.9	83,572	20.7
2001	22,100	-19.8	76,455	-8.5
2002	17,271	-21.9	82,177	7.5
2003	17,132	-0.8	71,097	-13.5
2004	17,114	-0.1	73,681	3.6
2005	17,621	3.0	78,205	6.1
2006	17,394	-1.3	89,350	14.3
2004				
March	16,879	-1.5	69,532	-2.2
June	16,587	-1.7	72,898	4.8
September	16,892	1.8	75,657	3.8
December	17,114	1.3	73,681	-2.6
2005				
March	17,082	-0.2	74,247	0.8
June	17,655	3.4	79,368	6.9
September	17,874	1.2	80,134	1.0
December	17,621	-1.4	78,205	-2.4
2006				
March	17,597	-0.1	78,910	0.9
June	18,159	3.2	83,090	5.3
September	18,670	2.8	87,216	5.0
December	17,394	-6.8	89,350	2.4

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

NOTES: When the substantial gainful activity (SGA) level is periodically raised, SSI recipients with earnings below the increased SGA level become eligible for regular SSI benefits rather than the special cash payments under section 1619(a). This can lead to decreases in the number of 1619(a) participants.

... = not applicable; -- = not available.

a. Includes blind participants. Of the 89,350 participants in December 2006, 1,444 were blind.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Recipients Who Work

Table 29.
By state or other area, December 2006

State or area	Total	Section 1619(a) participants	Section 1619(b) participants	Other blind and disabled recipients who work
All areas	349,420	17,394	89,350	242,676
Alabama	4,268	284	1,195	2,789
Alaska	621	a	a	388
Arizona	4,263	281	1,424	2,558
Arkansas	3,858	164	897	2,797
California	46,849	4,067	9,945	32,837
Colorado	4,102	156	938	3,008
Connecticut	3,941	132	1,171	2,638
Delaware	969	46	303	620
District of Columbia	795	63	282	450
Florida	13,435	810	4,530	8,095
Georgia	7,213	322	1,839	5,052
Hawaii	926	58	338	530
Idaho	2,007	91	613	1,303
Illinois	14,242	702	3,603	9,937
Indiana	5,911	225	1,589	4,097
Iowa	6,985	159	1,592	5,234
Kansas	4,282	140	1,037	3,105
Kentucky	4,843	225	1,249	3,369
Louisiana	5,428	332	1,539	3,557
Maine	2,193	91	677	1,425
Maryland	6,277	286	1,658	4,333
Massachusetts	9,812	544	3,295	5,973
Michigan	13,664	504	3,159	10,001
Minnesota	10,430	279	2,493	7,658
Mississippi	3,164	188	938	2,038
Missouri	7,635	254	2,100	5,281
Montana	1,904	60	456	1,388
Nebraska	3,133	94	639	2,400
Nevada	1,814	104	561	1,149
New Hampshire	1,313	35	402	876
New Jersey	7,869	333	2,124	5,412
New Mexico	2,316	127	645	1,544
New York	31,382	1,598	7,568	22,216
North Carolina	8,353	310	1,974	6,069
North Dakota	1,396	35	357	1,004
Ohio	17,170	576	3,546	13,048
Oklahoma	4,242	132	1,019	3,091
Oregon	4,227	153	1,079	2,995
Pennsylvania	16,180	728	4,361	11,091
Rhode Island	1,641	63	468	1,110
South Carolina	4,859	153	992	3,714
South Dakota	2,114	44	508	1,562
Tennessee	5,352	223	1,360	3,769
Texas	15,027	737	4,131	10,159
Utah	2,517	100	690	1,727

(Continued)

Table 29.
By state or other area, December 2006—Continued

State or area	Total	Section 1619(a) participants	Section 1619(b) participants	Other blind and disabled recipients who work
Vermont	1,255	60	418	777
Virginia	7,198	331	2,018	4,849
Washington	6,415	482	2,197	3,736
West Virginia	2,254	150	654	1,450
Wisconsin	10,488	308	2,284	7,896
Wyoming	875	33	278	564
Outlying area				
Northern Mariana Islands	13	a	a	7

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

a. Data are not shown to avoid disclosure of information for particular individuals.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Recipients Who Work

Table 30.
Recipients benefiting from specified work incentives, by state or other area, December 2006

State or area	Plans for achieving self-support (PASS) ^a	Impairment-related work expenses (IRWE)	Blind work expenses (BWE)
All areas	1,583	5,650	2,370
Alabama	23	143	28
Alaska	4	b	b
Arizona	7	59	27
Arkansas	16	48	20
California	371	366	391
Colorado	13	27	24
Connecticut	9	108	32
Delaware	0	27	9
District of Columbia	b	0	3
Florida	39	306	82
Georgia	26	194	48
Hawaii	5	7	8
Idaho	23	8	4
Illinois	43	191	57
Indiana	30	94	38
Iowa	53	50	47
Kansas	25	286	30
Kentucky	64	81	34
Louisiana	b	96	34
Maine	46	27	10
Maryland	18	161	34
Massachusetts	100	147	211
Michigan	43	95	78
Minnesota	52	113	44
Mississippi	7	36	22
Missouri	34	104	29
Montana	17	9	9
Nebraska	17	19	8
Nevada	b	19	13
New Hampshire	12	19	6
New Jersey	3	201	44
New Mexico	0	56	15
New York	86	477	185
North Carolina	73	293	93
North Dakota	b	7	3
Ohio	26	106	80
Oklahoma	6	65	21
Oregon	31	36	20
Pennsylvania	13	242	88
Rhode Island	10	10	8
South Carolina	20	60	31
South Dakota	7	12	6
Tennessee	20	101	36
Texas	22	284	156
Utah	b	36	13

(Continued)

Table 30.
Recipients benefiting from specified work incentives, by state or other area, December 2006—Continued

State or area	Plans for achieving self-support (PASS) ^a	Impairment-related work expenses (IRWE)	Blind work expenses (BWE)
Vermont	30	9	4
Virginia	7	465	58
Washington	33	89	45
West Virginia	11	25	13
Wisconsin	78	234	64
Wyoming	b	b	3
Outlying area			
Northern Mariana Islands	0	0	b

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

a. Includes 435 persons with a PASS that excludes only resources.

b. Data are not shown to avoid disclosure of information for particular individuals.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Applications

Table 31.
All applications, by age of applicant, 1973–2006

Year	All ages ^a	Under 18	18–64	65 or older
Total	59,723,740	8,548,333	41,089,040	10,086,367
State conversions ^b	3,402,474	3,939	1,419,041	1,979,494
Federal applications				
1973	282,472	5,007	82,993	194,472
1974	2,069,452	125,028	1,098,373	846,051
1975	1,468,610	99,996	977,209	391,405
1976	1,207,448	83,960	865,790	257,698
1977	1,268,462	95,314	903,618	269,530
1978	1,265,436	99,610	902,756	263,070
1979	1,323,113	106,828	949,087	267,198
1980	1,408,034	114,508	1,013,221	280,305
1981	1,148,844	94,246	864,481	190,117
1982	1,015,848	93,872	775,491	146,485
1983	1,131,890	101,087	834,190	196,613
1984	1,264,820	104,748	868,375	291,697
1985	1,399,869	119,021	1,049,758	231,090
1986	1,467,326	124,938	1,098,832	243,556
1987	1,435,024	126,575	1,069,285	239,164
1988	1,365,117	125,953	1,013,316	225,848
1989	1,388,545	130,307	1,015,483	242,755
1990	1,547,230	166,416	1,133,564	247,250
1991	1,807,821	248,325	1,315,918	243,578
1992	2,087,788	378,808	1,465,039	243,941
1993	2,310,005	503,486	1,571,203	235,316
1994	2,260,271	540,124	1,517,140	203,007
1995	2,055,907	500,333	1,375,696	179,878
1996	1,922,472	465,685	1,289,985	166,802
1997	1,601,970	336,074	1,133,623	132,273
1998	1,629,223	339,243	1,139,825	150,155
1999	1,661,448	350,382	1,153,450	157,616
2000	1,744,386	360,329	1,224,826	159,231
2001	1,861,123	376,002	1,324,057	161,064
2002	2,084,828	414,068	1,490,731	180,029
2003	2,224,739	437,492	1,608,391	178,856
2004	2,418,096	458,236	1,771,003	188,857
2005	2,545,079	458,588	1,850,002	236,489
2006	2,648,570	459,805	1,923,288	265,477

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

a. Totals include applications taken under the abbreviated application process, which was used from 1987 to 1999. Totals do not include reapplications as a result of the *Sullivan v. Zebley* decision. These reapplications were received from 1991 to 1995.

b. Persons who were converted in 1973 from the state Old-Age Assistance, Aid to the Blind, and Aid to the Permanently and Totally Disabled programs to the SSI program.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Applications

Table 32.
Applications for children under age 18, by selected characteristics, 1998–2006

Characteristic	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Total ^a	339,243	350,382	360,329	376,002	414,068	437,492	458,236	458,588	459,805
Age									
Under 5	122,635	124,374	125,428	131,613	140,610	145,506	150,283	154,450	156,241
5–12	159,945	167,169	172,275	177,909	197,425	208,354	217,010	210,763	209,901
13–17	56,663	58,839	62,626	66,480	76,033	83,632	90,943	93,375	93,663
Sex									
Male	212,619	219,807	225,626	235,121	258,940	274,605	287,629	287,157	286,975
Female	126,624	130,575	134,703	140,881	155,128	162,887	170,607	171,431	172,830
Citizenship status									
Citizen	337,041	348,131	358,265	373,855	411,812	435,385	456,020	456,326	457,610
Noncitizen	2,202	2,251	2,064	2,147	2,256	2,107	2,216	2,262	2,195
SSA administrative region									
Boston	11,706	11,668	11,764	11,824	12,984	13,651	14,300	15,902	16,282
New York	34,727	33,222	33,667	33,691	35,414	35,721	38,223	37,451	37,052
Philadelphia	33,738	35,743	35,528	37,162	41,441	43,289	45,582	47,489	48,628
Atlanta	87,320	92,440	99,280	105,465	115,207	120,265	122,287	119,201	118,180
Chicago	64,057	65,659	66,177	70,370	77,096	82,158	84,100	83,524	83,619
Dallas	45,380	47,999	49,626	50,551	58,794	67,139	74,880	74,199	76,527
Kansas City	15,318	15,371	15,038	15,530	16,440	16,695	17,332	17,620	17,560
Denver	6,061	6,042	6,123	6,339	6,725	7,188	7,542	7,601	7,869
San Francisco	33,186	33,523	34,104	35,647	39,724	41,385	43,201	44,392	43,015
Seattle	7,524	8,531	8,870	9,276	10,130	9,925	10,721	11,134	11,009
Unknown	226	184	152	147	113	76	68	75	64

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

a. Totals include applications taken under the abbreviated application process, which was used from 1987 to 1999.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 33.
Applications for adults aged 18–64, by selected characteristics, 1998–2006

Characteristic	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Total ^a	1,139,825	1,153,450	1,224,826	1,324,057	1,490,731	1,608,391	1,771,003	1,850,002	1,923,288
Age									
18–21	81,197	85,488	90,994	99,251	110,690	116,569	124,284	123,561	126,991
22–29	132,985	131,204	135,688	147,194	169,969	181,987	198,991	202,177	207,438
30–39	272,066	266,978	271,472	283,462	306,718	314,586	330,160	323,024	322,096
40–49	320,162	328,615	355,328	387,448	438,578	472,602	519,999	533,307	541,692
50–59	259,156	265,262	291,945	320,975	367,740	412,175	470,120	519,426	559,756
60–64	74,259	75,903	79,399	85,727	97,036	110,472	127,449	148,507	165,315
Sex									
Men	548,880	554,630	590,330	644,606	732,740	793,711	869,693	911,021	946,356
Women	590,945	598,820	634,496	679,451	757,991	814,680	901,310	938,981	976,932
Citizenship status									
Citizen	1,071,153	1,082,600	1,156,008	1,254,051	1,416,935	1,534,995	1,694,842	1,774,054	1,847,683
Noncitizen	68,672	70,850	68,818	70,006	73,796	73,396	76,161	75,948	75,605
SSA administrative region									
Boston	50,245	48,893	49,006	50,967	55,580	64,098	70,315	84,732	89,743
New York	112,139	109,161	108,853	117,352	120,711	121,097	128,341	128,653	135,340
Philadelphia	110,332	112,712	117,143	124,290	140,586	154,770	170,232	179,519	188,425
Atlanta	284,814	288,111	316,528	344,111	381,188	396,605	426,469	442,705	456,661
Chicago	168,713	167,056	186,104	208,019	241,983	269,757	300,502	314,824	336,938
Dallas	140,562	147,855	159,477	172,406	203,521	227,721	256,360	259,523	263,222
Kansas City	52,576	54,723	58,842	64,749	71,632	75,766	84,259	85,892	88,517
Denver	24,865	25,789	27,252	29,760	33,584	35,896	43,112	44,970	45,813
San Francisco	158,123	158,421	156,846	163,422	188,348	206,089	226,244	238,936	245,983
Seattle	36,592	40,050	44,021	48,201	52,661	55,533	63,950	69,081	71,511
Unknown	864	679	754	780	937	1,059	1,219	1,167	1,135

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

a. Totals include applications taken under the abbreviated application process, which was used from 1987 to 1999.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Applications

Table 34.
Applications for adults aged 65 or older, by selected characteristics, 1998–2006

Characteristic	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Total ^a	150,155	157,616	159,231	161,064	180,029	178,856	188,857	236,489	265,477
Age									
65–69	82,165	86,379	87,055	88,070	96,288	96,301	100,905	123,000	143,383
70–74	29,607	31,225	32,288	33,179	38,941	38,142	40,849	50,805	54,000
75 or older	38,383	40,012	39,888	39,815	44,800	44,413	47,103	62,684	68,094
Sex									
Men	54,668	58,001	59,877	60,772	69,067	69,664	74,377	92,907	107,695
Women	95,487	99,615	99,354	100,292	110,962	109,192	114,480	143,582	157,782
Citizenship status									
Citizen	101,319	107,201	110,197	110,164	117,383	119,793	126,554	161,489	192,123
Noncitizen	48,836	50,415	49,034	50,900	62,646	59,063	62,303	75,000	73,354
SSA administrative region									
Boston	6,104	6,226	6,120	5,869	6,053	6,764	7,083	12,694	18,979
New York	20,877	21,620	22,302	23,917	26,697	24,676	26,164	46,708	44,841
Philadelphia	11,022	11,830	11,372	10,900	11,102	11,029	11,137	11,876	12,288
Atlanta	30,907	31,633	31,330	31,555	35,529	33,119	34,616	41,269	44,856
Chicago	11,648	11,877	12,469	12,097	12,414	12,855	13,932	17,491	23,408
Dallas	17,628	19,413	20,067	21,392	22,864	22,919	24,108	26,000	27,266
Kansas City	3,213	3,189	3,420	2,971	2,919	2,854	2,976	3,439	5,077
Denver	2,181	2,289	2,744	2,553	2,701	2,831	3,088	3,556	3,961
San Francisco	43,016	45,480	45,402	45,712	55,706	56,935	61,107	67,661	77,219
Seattle	3,523	4,041	3,991	4,086	4,037	4,867	4,641	5,780	7,569
Unknown	36	18	14	12	7	7	5	15	13

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

a. Totals include applications taken under the abbreviated application process, which was used from 1987 to 1999.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 35.
All applications, by state or other area and age of applicant, 2006

State or area	Total	Under 18	18-64	65 or older
All areas	2,648,570	459,805	1,923,288	265,477
Alabama	57,368	12,624	42,539	2,205
Alaska	6,003	521	4,505	977
Arizona	38,575	6,052	29,872	2,651
Arkansas	41,833	9,956	30,575	1,302
California	303,317	33,857	198,336	71,124
Colorado	26,849	3,448	21,275	2,126
Connecticut	28,581	3,375	19,464	5,742
Delaware	6,293	1,407	4,681	205
District of Columbia	6,697	1,260	5,072	365
Florida	167,876	31,588	111,702	24,586
Georgia	85,965	16,592	64,681	4,692
Hawaii	6,921	566	5,093	1,262
Idaho	10,845	1,717	8,646	482
Illinois	94,934	19,448	68,988	6,498
Indiana	55,350	10,323	43,027	2,000
Iowa	22,126	3,577	16,877	1,672
Kansas	20,743	3,294	16,595	854
Kentucky	59,365	10,790	46,356	2,219
Louisiana	57,310	13,513	41,164	2,633
Maine	12,689	1,429	10,131	1,129
Maryland	39,327	6,150	30,776	2,401
Massachusetts	60,169	8,209	42,164	9,796
Michigan	97,923	19,063	75,625	3,235
Minnesota	32,863	5,233	24,758	2,872
Mississippi	48,611	11,091	35,317	2,203
Missouri	55,166	8,831	44,697	1,638
Montana	6,970	933	5,743	294
Nebraska	13,119	1,858	10,348	913
Nevada	17,189	2,459	12,588	2,142
New Hampshire	7,578	918	6,342	318
New Jersey	51,251	9,325	34,681	7,245
New Mexico	19,509	2,931	15,173	1,405
New York	165,982	27,727	100,659	37,596
North Carolina	89,607	16,277	68,988	4,342
North Dakota	3,914	499	3,055	360
Ohio	122,001	21,526	93,024	7,451
Oklahoma	36,415	6,172	28,354	1,889
Oregon	27,199	3,037	22,082	2,080
Pennsylvania	123,244	26,834	90,926	5,484
Rhode Island	11,227	1,656	7,792	1,779
South Carolina	47,478	8,723	36,542	2,213
South Dakota	5,761	969	4,344	448
Tennessee	63,427	10,495	50,536	2,396
Texas	211,948	43,955	147,956	20,037
Utah	11,162	1,682	8,852	628

(Continued)

Applications

Table 35.

All applications, by state or other area and age of applicant, 2006—*Continued*

State or area	Total	Under 18	18-64	65 or older
Vermont	4,760	695	3,850	215
Virginia	48,707	9,487	36,063	3,157
Washington	46,042	5,734	36,278	4,030
West Virginia	25,073	3,490	20,907	676
Wisconsin	40,894	8,026	31,516	1,352
Wyoming	2,987	338	2,544	105
Outlying area				
Northern Mariana Islands	215	81	94	40
Unknown	1,212	64	1,135	13

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 36.
All applicants, by year of first application and age, 1973–2006

Year	All ages ^a	Under 18	18–64	65 or older
Total	40,627,469	6,706,066	26,336,527	7,584,876
State conversions ^b	3,402,447	3,939	1,419,029	1,979,479
Federal applications				
1973	279,923	4,921	81,976	193,026
1974	2,007,786	122,958	1,064,223	820,605
1975	1,303,896	93,684	859,790	350,422
1976	971,621	75,158	686,086	210,377
1977	943,084	81,750	661,112	200,222
1978	899,731	84,845	629,784	185,102
1979	912,850	89,054	637,521	186,275
1980	936,442	93,059	652,690	190,693
1981	721,999	74,306	529,231	118,462
1982	604,008	72,480	448,905	82,623
1983	645,244	78,616	467,151	99,477
1984	736,509	81,634	486,922	167,953
1985	857,757	91,242	628,241	138,274
1986	933,045	97,656	689,437	145,952
1987	892,945	98,174	653,728	141,043
1988	839,066	96,325	608,131	134,610
1989	852,453	98,931	605,939	147,583
1990	978,993	129,266	695,281	154,446
1991	1,198,677	208,822	835,058	154,797
1992	1,451,391	336,632	955,060	159,699
1993	1,624,332	440,585	1,030,912	152,835
1994	1,571,525	459,531	982,275	129,719
1995	1,381,111	406,498	860,162	114,451
1996	1,246,066	361,211	780,058	104,797
1997	981,841	256,888	644,982	79,971
1998	984,062	251,074	640,585	92,403
1999	996,186	256,120	641,973	98,093
2000	1,038,677	259,137	680,397	99,143
2001	1,127,672	272,977	753,650	101,045
2002	1,278,653	302,682	862,899	113,072
2003	1,367,391	320,201	938,352	108,838
2004	1,489,330	336,735	1,038,077	114,518
2005	1,559,272	335,539	1,079,252	144,481
2006	1,611,484	333,436	1,107,658	170,390

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

NOTE: Data include only the first application for each person.

- Totals include applications taken under the abbreviated application process, which was used from 1987 to 1999. Totals do not include reapplications as a result of the *Sullivan v. Zebley* decision. These reapplications were received from 1991 to 1995.
- Persons who were converted in 1973 from the state Old-Age Assistance, Aid to the Blind, and Aid to the Permanently and Totally Disabled programs to the SSI program.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Awards

Table 37.
All awards, by age of awardee, 1974–2006

Year	All ages	Under 18	18–64	65 or older
Total	27,226,940	3,534,700	15,953,361	7,738,879
State conversions ^a	3,155,995	2,748	1,299,343	1,853,904
Federal applications				
1974	1,336,164	66,699	493,511	775,954
1975	929,369	63,060	509,271	357,038
1976	667,994	46,114	400,314	221,566
1977	642,712	50,883	377,454	214,375
1978	563,117	46,520	321,413	195,184
1979	517,446	44,911	293,910	178,625
1980	523,758	45,781	292,080	185,897
1981	409,992	39,106	248,105	122,781
1982	343,928	35,410	203,335	105,183
1983	453,789	42,154	259,042	152,593
1984	585,832	45,766	322,858	217,208
1985	526,418	46,362	324,933	155,123
1986	603,989	50,632	390,499	162,858
1987	589,053	48,292	372,914	167,847
1988	578,748	47,798	362,903	168,047
1989	630,486	50,985	390,703	188,798
1990	718,917	77,923	447,849	193,145
1991	821,396	125,874	506,177	189,345
1992	1,054,441	221,362	641,750	191,329
1993	1,052,415	236,564	629,246	186,605
1994	943,889	203,688	580,253	159,948
1995	888,633	175,784	568,072	144,777
1996	797,137	144,404	525,350	127,383
1997	676,444	117,090	463,444	95,910
1998	743,121	136,383	490,638	116,100
1999	758,076	140,520	494,609	122,947
2000	750,163	144,136	485,798	120,229
2001	772,775	156,844	504,366	111,565
2002	820,992	170,048	535,507	115,437
2003	827,029	179,566	539,127	108,336
2004	852,052	183,152	561,487	107,413
2005	852,222	177,688	560,960	113,574
2006	838,448	170,453	556,140	111,855

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

a. Persons who were converted in 1973 from the state Old-Age Assistance, Aid to the Blind, and Aid to the Permanently and Totally Disabled programs to the SSI program.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Awards

Table 38.
Awards for children under age 18, by selected characteristics, 1998–2006

Characteristic	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Total	136,383	140,520	144,136	156,844	170,048	179,566	183,152	177,688	170,453
Age									
Under 5	58,862	60,992	62,391	64,841	68,329	70,101	72,068	72,214	71,202
5–12	56,084	58,053	59,546	66,582	72,720	77,896	77,903	73,648	69,746
13–17	21,437	21,475	22,199	25,421	28,999	31,569	33,181	31,826	29,505
Sex									
Male	85,056	88,786	91,225	100,034	109,265	116,130	118,679	115,274	109,800
Female	51,327	51,734	52,911	56,810	60,783	63,436	64,473	62,414	60,653
Citizenship status									
Citizen	135,171	139,433	143,166	155,959	169,243	178,905	182,514	177,011	169,881
Noncitizen	1,212	1,087	970	885	805	661	638	677	572
Diagnostic group									
Congenital anomalies	6,484	6,612	6,887	7,137	7,505	7,730	8,045	7,891	8,065
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic disorders	1,000	1,013	1,019	1,061	1,052	1,113	1,162	1,150	1,144
Infectious and parasitic diseases	364	306	230	223	222	179	152	150	143
Injuries	989	992	1,079	966	1,091	1,048	1,146	1,138	1,061
Mental disorders									
Mental retardation	32,003	29,163	27,341	27,553	28,406	27,158	24,209	21,127	18,123
Other	45,882	53,064	58,608	70,837	82,292	93,414	97,908	95,721	91,640
Neoplasms	2,616	2,683	2,733	2,665	2,987	2,861	2,979	2,841	2,820
Diseases of the—									
Blood and blood-forming organs	1,404	1,448	1,361	1,362	1,475	1,433	1,473	1,330	1,293
Circulatory system	816	820	843	808	938	1,013	1,063	1,013	943
Digestive system	808	864	943	1,031	1,221	1,368	1,393	1,341	1,492
Genitourinary system	500	514	535	551	587	560	641	603	548
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	1,307	1,329	1,378	1,483	1,405	1,262	1,219	1,199	1,235
Nervous system and sense organs	10,729	10,928	11,045	11,524	11,956	11,696	11,425	10,445	10,536
Respiratory system	4,329	4,429	4,517	4,487	4,766	4,902	4,560	3,765	3,604
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	136	142	138	149	179	164	212	251	271
Other	18,614	20,090	21,046	21,299	20,307	20,150	22,020	24,339	23,894
Unknown	8,402	6,123	4,433	3,708	3,659	3,515	3,545	3,384	3,641
SSA administrative region									
Boston	5,124	5,632	5,713	5,770	5,829	6,375	6,467	6,517	6,766
New York	11,046	12,378	12,548	12,943	13,795	14,198	15,302	15,140	14,145
Philadelphia	14,448	14,863	15,072	17,712	18,071	19,455	20,534	20,662	19,485
Atlanta	36,502	38,350	39,423	42,069	43,229	45,719	43,032	40,206	38,025
Chicago	25,324	22,978	23,527	26,272	29,047	29,896	29,784	28,871	27,149
Dallas	16,211	16,607	17,204	19,472	24,808	28,346	31,126	31,123	30,603
Kansas City	5,135	5,984	5,871	6,174	6,748	6,571	7,093	6,627	6,626
Denver	2,791	2,717	2,668	3,086	3,274	3,208	3,230	3,340	3,560
San Francisco	16,102	16,918	17,471	18,552	20,048	20,504	21,015	19,700	18,559
Seattle	3,696	4,090	4,637	4,791	5,199	5,294	5,568	5,499	5,534
Unknown	4	3	2	3	0	0	1	3	1

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 39.
Awards for adults aged 18–64, by selected characteristics, 1998–2006

Characteristic	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Total	490,638	494,609	485,798	504,366	535,507	539,127	561,487	560,960	556,140
Age									
18–21	33,349	35,169	37,334	40,514	43,116	44,678	46,187	45,760	44,743
22–29	43,242	42,330	41,803	43,826	47,544	49,737	51,870	51,020	49,888
30–39	97,166	95,440	90,847	90,827	92,383	89,885	89,554	84,462	80,163
40–49	126,436	130,675	128,103	134,410	144,441	145,735	151,181	149,549	147,433
50–59	143,837	144,437	142,667	149,400	161,003	162,774	174,696	181,797	186,544
60–64	46,608	46,558	45,044	45,389	47,020	46,318	47,999	48,372	47,369
Sex									
Men	233,157	234,863	234,493	245,214	261,617	265,340	278,548	279,984	279,779
Women	257,481	259,746	251,305	259,152	273,890	273,787	282,939	280,976	276,361
Citizenship status									
Citizen	453,432	458,839	451,433	471,664	502,085	507,578	530,962	531,177	527,811
Noncitizen	37,206	35,770	34,365	32,702	33,422	31,549	30,525	29,783	28,329
Diagnostic group									
Congenital anomalies	815	864	1,224	1,682	1,796	2,033	2,094	2,016	2,164
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic disorders	28,169	28,447	13,867	14,642	15,929	15,928	17,340	17,729	18,266
Infectious and parasitic diseases	14,520	13,700	13,251	12,680	11,987	11,044	10,937	10,430	10,036
Injuries	15,105	15,559	16,087	16,914	17,965	17,998	19,054	19,289	19,917
Mental disorders									
Mental retardation	33,738	35,680	35,736	35,628	35,953	34,739	34,875	32,787	30,506
Other	129,917	140,051	149,713	161,305	171,307	175,632	181,605	179,750	172,390
Neoplasms	25,746	26,220	26,648	27,294	28,559	28,230	30,285	31,520	32,267
Diseases of the—									
Blood and blood-forming organs	1,340	1,345	1,405	1,501	1,563	1,631	1,691	1,704	1,708
Circulatory system	41,457	41,040	42,933	44,776	47,318	46,432	47,897	48,723	48,217
Digestive system	7,960	8,986	9,781	10,258	11,741	11,717	12,394	12,358	12,170
Genitourinary system	9,137	9,335	9,775	10,018	9,976	10,289	10,761	10,987	11,539
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	59,044	64,522	70,640	77,062	86,037	87,628	95,560	98,672	101,922
Nervous system and sense organs	29,191	29,690	30,787	32,268	34,846	34,829	36,677	36,408	36,520
Respiratory system	16,435	16,881	17,509	17,820	18,970	19,230	19,838	19,715	19,204
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	813	844	828	959	1,020	1,002	1,097	1,131	1,224
Other	492	513	699	908	1,021	1,045	1,105	1,073	1,057
Unknown	76,759	60,932	44,915	38,651	39,519	39,720	38,277	36,668	37,033
SSA administrative region									
Boston	24,727	24,520	24,592	23,813	24,536	25,572	26,740	27,558	28,593
New York	48,686	51,723	49,049	47,871	46,791	43,394	48,699	48,458	47,419
Philadelphia	50,605	51,096	50,888	53,161	52,489	54,633	57,146	57,654	58,530
Atlanta	123,994	121,971	119,635	122,818	126,532	128,596	127,302	126,280	125,147
Chicago	71,730	67,440	65,853	69,741	77,152	78,576	82,084	82,844	84,075
Dallas	55,565	57,331	56,170	64,953	77,499	77,367	80,786	82,819	82,337
Kansas City	19,714	20,381	20,632	20,953	21,088	20,881	24,005	22,795	22,570
Denver	9,538	9,167	8,785	9,782	10,643	10,100	10,578	11,708	12,239
San Francisco	70,056	73,092	72,043	72,206	78,399	79,937	83,848	79,844	74,359
Seattle	16,018	17,878	18,139	19,063	20,372	20,069	20,291	20,996	20,868
Unknown	5	10	12	5	6	2	8	4	3

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Awards

Table 40.
Awards for adults aged 65 or older, by selected characteristics, 1998–2006

Characteristic	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Total	116,100	122,947	120,229	111,565	115,437	108,336	107,413	113,574	111,855
Age									
65	34,805	35,284	34,979	32,702	32,787	31,843	31,007	32,142	31,471
66–69	29,176	31,981	31,433	29,710	31,284	29,126	28,998	30,659	29,814
70–74	21,826	23,860	23,607	21,731	23,148	21,297	21,613	22,993	23,008
75–79	14,035	15,241	14,667	13,162	13,630	12,583	12,652	13,703	13,559
80 or older	16,258	16,581	15,543	14,260	14,588	13,487	13,143	14,077	14,003
Sex									
Men	40,634	43,532	43,258	40,307	42,254	40,621	40,810	43,220	42,782
Women	75,466	79,415	76,971	71,258	73,183	67,715	66,603	70,354	69,073
Citizenship status									
Citizen	81,686	85,686	85,801	80,375	82,032	80,397	81,053	83,704	85,241
Noncitizen	34,414	37,261	34,428	31,190	33,405	27,939	26,360	29,870	26,614
SSA administrative region									
Boston	4,921	4,980	4,917	4,370	4,126	4,134	4,033	4,225	4,228
New York	16,407	17,367	17,460	16,374	15,638	14,321	14,379	18,060	17,072
Philadelphia	8,714	9,513	9,129	8,303	7,898	7,474	7,365	6,941	6,877
Atlanta	22,529	22,462	22,191	20,686	22,941	19,664	18,353	21,873	20,354
Chicago	9,405	9,613	9,291	8,514	8,188	8,050	8,429	8,544	8,868
Dallas	13,276	14,862	14,428	13,844	14,240	13,238	12,871	12,149	12,064
Kansas City	2,328	2,385	2,497	2,062	1,991	1,868	1,917	1,920	1,961
Denver	1,675	1,673	1,914	1,654	1,670	1,726	1,653	1,745	1,761
San Francisco	33,900	36,818	35,175	32,766	35,816	34,429	35,393	35,086	35,676
Seattle	2,944	3,271	3,223	2,989	2,928	3,430	3,020	3,029	2,993
Unknown	1	3	4	3	1	2	0	2	1

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 41.
All awards, by state or other area and age of awardee, 2006

State or area	Total	Under 18	18-64	65 or older
All areas	838,448	170,453	556,140	111,855
Alabama	19,440	3,746	14,590	1,104
Alaska	1,703	288	1,213	202
Arizona	12,028	2,705	8,072	1,251
Arkansas	12,703	3,295	8,705	703
California	107,864	14,456	60,572	32,836
Colorado	7,632	1,447	5,272	913
Connecticut	6,791	1,121	4,996	674
Delaware	1,933	533	1,287	113
District of Columbia	3,160	690	2,236	234
Florida	51,932	10,895	30,236	10,801
Georgia	23,398	4,693	16,435	2,270
Hawaii	2,943	260	2,021	662
Idaho	3,606	856	2,496	254
Illinois	28,051	6,446	18,804	2,801
Indiana	14,429	3,336	10,439	654
Iowa	5,517	1,300	3,765	452
Kansas	5,712	1,383	3,970	359
Kentucky	18,595	4,210	13,259	1,126
Louisiana	17,644	4,311	11,975	1,358
Maine	3,846	634	3,004	208
Maryland	12,983	2,626	8,942	1,415
Massachusetts	20,843	3,568	14,573	2,702
Michigan	26,219	5,915	18,524	1,780
Minnesota	10,626	2,185	7,187	1,254
Mississippi	12,420	2,975	8,571	874
Missouri	16,692	3,299	12,497	896
Montana	2,328	446	1,716	166
Nebraska	3,236	644	2,338	254
Nevada	5,666	1,098	3,661	907
New Hampshire	2,961	446	2,424	91
New Jersey	18,996	3,657	11,875	3,464
New Mexico	6,940	1,422	4,810	708
New York	59,640	10,488	35,544	13,608
North Carolina	25,795	5,553	18,242	2,000
North Dakota	1,136	220	795	121
Ohio	29,002	6,322	21,015	1,665
Oklahoma	11,783	2,633	8,414	736
Oregon	7,821	1,487	5,329	1,005
Pennsylvania	40,275	10,632	26,709	2,934
Rhode Island	3,337	649	2,255	433
South Carolina	11,804	2,509	8,438	857
South Dakota	1,663	433	1,029	201
Tennessee	20,142	3,444	15,376	1,322
Texas	75,934	18,942	48,433	8,559
Utah	3,919	862	2,743	314

(Continued)

Awards

Table 41.
All awards, by state or other area and age of awardee, 2006—Continued

State or area	Total	Under 18	18-64	65 or older
Vermont	1,809	348	1,341	120
Virginia	18,573	3,568	13,165	1,840
Washington	16,265	2,903	11,830	1,532
West Virginia	7,968	1,436	6,191	341
Wisconsin	11,765	2,945	8,106	714
Wyoming	882	152	684	46
Outlying area				
Northern Mariana Islands	93	40	33	20
Unknown	5	1	3	1

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 42.
All persons awarded SSI, by year of first award and age, 1974–2006

Year	All ages	Under 18	18–64	65 or older
Total	24,586,221	3,330,281	14,311,402	6,944,538
State conversions ^a	3,155,607	2,738	1,299,165	1,853,704
Federal applications				
1974	1,324,931	66,062	488,386	770,483
1975	916,824	62,545	503,780	350,499
1976	638,206	45,118	385,832	207,256
1977	580,829	47,675	347,409	185,745
1978	494,509	43,348	287,797	163,364
1979	448,824	41,464	259,149	148,211
1980	449,437	42,142	253,629	153,666
1981	348,666	35,365	214,339	98,962
1982	285,142	31,495	172,443	81,204
1983	357,797	37,757	214,397	105,643
1984	481,215	41,506	272,933	166,776
1985	445,951	41,950	279,275	124,726
1986	520,771	45,864	342,655	132,252
1987	508,760	43,918	327,890	136,952
1988	501,869	43,596	319,120	139,153
1989	549,240	46,472	344,526	158,242
1990	634,462	72,072	398,648	163,742
1991	737,339	118,676	455,676	162,987
1992	966,873	214,273	586,317	166,283
1993	968,268	229,701	576,355	162,212
1994	862,977	197,343	528,799	136,835
1995	810,367	169,897	516,967	123,503
1996	723,977	138,753	476,698	108,526
1997	602,946	111,728	411,199	80,019
1998	660,324	129,876	431,784	98,664
1999	667,305	132,280	430,624	104,401
2000	653,066	133,967	417,225	101,874
2001	670,146	144,852	430,838	94,456
2002	711,763	157,313	456,779	97,671
2003	713,787	166,188	457,638	89,961
2004	734,909	169,985	476,287	88,637
2005	735,530	165,380	475,538	94,612
2006	723,604	158,982	471,305	93,317

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

NOTE: Data include only the first award for each person.

a. Persons who were converted in 1973 from the state Old-Age Assistance, Aid to the Blind, and Aid to the Permanently and Totally Disabled programs to the SSI program.

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Outcomes of Applications for Disability Benefits

Notes

The tables in this section provide data on the outcomes of applications for SSI benefits based on blindness or disability. The data on applications are derived from the Social Security Administration's (SSA's) Disability Research File (DRF) maintained by the Office of Disability Programs. Each year the DRF is updated with information about applications for disability benefits that is then used to determine the outcome of those applications. The outcome data in these tables are reported by year of filing and include decisions made through the administrative appeals process.

Table 43 shows the total number of applications filed in a year, the number that are pending a final decision, the number denied for nonmedical reasons before a medical decision is made (technical denials), the outcome of applications for which a medical allowance or denial was made, and award and allowance rates. Applications for which a medical allowance or denial decision was made but which were subsequently denied for nonmedical reasons are shown under the medical decision header as subsequent denials. The most common nonmedical reason for denying a claim is excess income.

The allowance rate is calculated by dividing the number of medical allowances (including subsequent technical denials) by the total number of medical decisions made for a 1-year cohort. The award rate is a broader program measure that is calculated as the number of allowances minus subsequent denials divided by total applications (minus pending claims) filed for a given year.

Claims that remain pending after 6 years are probably the result of imperfect data rather than excessive delays in the decisionmaking process. It is highly probable that decisions have been rendered on most of the older claims. For more recent years, the award and allowance rates will change as decisions are made on pending claims.

Tables 44–46 show the allowance rate for SSI only and the SSI portion of concurrent (a claim for both Social Security and SSI disability benefits) applications, one for each level in the administrative decisionmaking process, that is, initial, reconsideration, and hearing or higher level.

Beginning with fiscal year 2000, the proportion of claims awarded at each level of the process changed as a result of the Prototype Process being tested in 10 states. Under this test, the reconsideration step of the appeals process was eliminated for applications filed October 1, 1999, or later. Elimination of the reconsideration level in these states results in a decrease in the aggregate proportion of claims awarded at this step.

This section also includes one table that shows the reason for medical allowance and one that shows reason for medical denial (Tables 47 and 48). The reasons are derived from the sequential evaluation process used by decisionmakers. SSA maintains a list of impairments that are considered disabling under its regulations. An applicant can be found to be disabled if he or she

- has a listed impairment,
- has a severe impairment that is equal to a listed impairment,
- has a severe impairment when medical and vocational factors are considered, or
- had previously established entitlement to a disability benefit.

An applicant can be denied benefits if he or she

- has an impairment that is not expected to last 12 months;
 - has an impairment that is not considered severe;
 - is able to perform his or her usual type of work;
 - is able to perform another type of work; or
 - provides insufficient medical evidence, fails to cooperate, fails to follow prescribed treatment, does not want to continue development of the claim, or returns to substantial work before disability can be established.
-

Outcomes of Applications for Disability Benefits

Table 43.
Outcomes at all adjudicative levels, by age and year of application, 1992–2005

Year	Total	Pending final decision	Technical denials ^a	Medical decisions				Award rate ^b (percent)	Allowance rate ^c (percent)
				Denials		Allowances			
				Medical	Subsequent nonmedical ^d	Awards	Subsequent denials ^e		
All ages ^f									
1992	1,828,951	0	134,438	741,839	1,556	860,875	90,243	47.1	56.1
1993	2,048,945	0	141,214	937,757	1,600	878,932	89,442	42.9	50.8
1994	2,014,499	0	123,175	1,041,432	1,681	770,905	77,306	38.3	44.8
1995	1,845,212	0	103,335	995,185	1,344	683,850	61,498	37.1	42.8
1996	1,786,770	0	113,027	938,407	1,886	671,900	61,550	37.6	43.8
1997	1,505,145	0	97,320	738,863	2,074	606,169	60,719	40.3	47.4
1998	1,520,538	0	95,990	701,449	3,831	656,447	62,821	43.2	50.5
1999	1,528,217	2,297	105,819	686,835	4,003	664,858	64,405	43.6	51.4
2000	1,612,826	3,413	156,525	687,445	3,823	692,721	68,899	43.0	52.4
2001	1,749,572	5,673	203,387	724,598	3,501	736,448	75,965	42.2	52.7
2002	1,959,039	14,210	278,291	805,381	3,558	774,948	82,651	39.8	51.5
2003	2,112,577	56,360	342,201	845,048	3,401	772,626	92,941	37.6	50.5
2004	2,247,178	181,230	433,290	838,357	2,853	709,249	82,199	34.3	48.5
2005	2,298,723	252,015	564,039	817,108	2,153	598,668	64,740	29.3	44.7
Under age 18									
1992	376,812	0	16,695	148,221	103	204,083	7,710	54.2	58.8
1993	500,676	0	18,788	240,668	135	232,344	8,741	46.4	50.0
1994	530,538	0	16,897	311,137	147	194,655	7,702	36.7	39.4
1995	491,638	0	14,364	306,298	92	163,896	6,988	33.3	35.8
1996	457,057	0	13,532	291,265	86	144,670	7,504	31.7	34.3
1997	334,975	0	10,906	195,731	69	121,438	6,831	36.3	39.6
1998	338,592	0	10,904	182,599	74	137,650	7,365	40.7	44.3
1999	345,067	188	11,898	182,246	68	142,855	7,812	41.4	45.2
2000	355,477	290	15,775	179,412	64	151,974	7,962	42.8	47.1
2001	375,975	405	18,710	181,951	61	166,327	8,521	44.3	49.0
2002	412,972	1,098	22,678	199,916	78	180,117	9,085	43.7	48.6
2003	438,601	5,030	25,776	211,408	64	186,632	9,691	43.0	48.1
2004	451,806	16,781	31,735	210,081	76	183,698	9,435	42.2	47.9
2005	440,724	24,189	47,115	194,526	85	165,905	8,904	39.8	47.3

(Continued)

Outcomes of Applications for Disability Benefits

Table 43.

Outcomes at all adjudicative levels, by age and year of application, 1992–2005—Continued

Year	Total	Pending final decision	Technical denials ^a	Medical decisions				Award rate ^b (percent)	Allowance rate ^c (percent)
				Denials		Allowances			
				Medical	Subsequent nonmedical ^d	Awards	Subsequent denials ^e		
Aged 18–64									
1992	1,451,417	0	117,675	593,455	1,451	656,374	82,462	45.2	55.4
1993	1,547,527	0	122,364	696,934	1,463	646,157	80,609	41.8	51.0
1994	1,482,503	0	106,181	729,927	1,529	575,431	69,435	38.8	46.9
1995	1,351,903	0	88,839	688,438	1,245	519,041	54,340	38.4	45.4
1996	1,277,604	0	87,869	646,497	1,534	488,215	53,489	38.2	45.5
1997	1,135,602	0	78,303	542,042	1,456	460,952	52,849	40.6	48.6
1998	1,133,015	0	76,709	516,789	1,860	483,783	53,874	42.7	50.9
1999	1,133,722	2,105	83,733	503,257	1,542	487,657	55,428	43.1	51.8
2000	1,208,866	3,121	127,968	507,000	1,423	509,384	59,970	42.2	52.8
2001	1,323,142	5,259	167,675	541,702	1,398	540,561	66,547	41.0	52.8
2002	1,483,791	13,099	230,118	604,378	1,574	562,026	72,596	38.2	51.2
2003	1,615,844	51,285	287,736	632,857	1,809	559,707	82,450	35.8	50.3
2004	1,734,012	164,347	367,793	627,695	1,531	500,524	72,122	31.9	47.6
2005	1,783,959	227,697	474,028	622,142	1,084	403,683	55,325	25.9	42.4

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disability Research File, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data for the initial and reconsideration levels are current through June 2006. Data for the hearing level or above are current through August 2006.

Because a number of applications remain pending for more recent years, the award and allowance rates will change over time. Cases can be pending at the initial or appellate levels and can include either medical or technical issues.

Includes decisions for SSI-only applications and applications for both Social Security and SSI. Does not include Social Security-only applications.

- a. Applications denied for nonmedical reasons so no decision was made on severity of impairment.
- b. Rate determined by dividing awards by all applications minus pending claims for that year.
- c. Rate determined by dividing medical allowances by all medical decisions for that year.
- d. Applications denied for nonmedical reasons after a decision was made that applicant did not meet the medical severity criteria for disability benefits.
- e. Applications denied for nonmedical reasons after a decision was made that applicant met the medical severity criteria for disability benefits.
- f. Includes applicants aged 65 or older.

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Table 44.
Medical decisions at the initial adjudicative level, by age, year of application,
and program, 1992–2005

Year	All decisions			Decisions on applications for SSI only			Decisions on applications for both Social Security and SSI		
	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)
<i>All ages^b</i>									
1992	1,694,513	686,962	40.5	946,348	399,334	42.2	748,165	287,628	38.4
1993	1,907,731	687,630	36.0	1,106,624	409,102	37.0	801,107	278,528	34.8
1994	1,891,324	577,721	30.5	1,105,532	335,756	30.4	785,792	241,965	30.8
1995	1,741,877	507,742	29.1	1,037,201	291,168	28.1	704,676	216,574	30.7
1996	1,673,743	508,931	30.4	1,000,530	296,655	29.6	673,213	212,276	31.5
1997	1,407,825	459,297	32.6	820,527	260,354	31.7	587,298	198,943	33.9
1998	1,424,548	520,690	36.6	843,671	304,856	36.1	580,877	215,834	37.2
1999	1,422,398	531,498	37.4	843,031	312,871	37.1	579,367	218,627	37.7
2000	1,456,301	556,990	38.2	845,623	321,029	38.0	610,678	235,961	38.6
2001	1,546,185	595,925	38.5	860,922	338,218	39.3	685,263	257,707	37.6
2002	1,680,748	619,748	36.9	904,266	345,482	38.2	776,482	274,266	35.3
2003	1,770,376	635,241	35.9	917,511	344,751	37.6	852,865	290,490	34.1
2004	1,813,786	641,328	35.4	928,738	346,083	37.3	885,048	295,245	33.4
2005	1,734,403	607,630	35.0	900,302	331,048	36.8	834,101	276,582	33.2
<i>Under age 18</i>									
1992	360,117	194,494	54.0	329,316	176,929	53.7	30,801	17,565	57.0
1993	481,888	218,724	45.4	443,778	200,206	45.1	38,110	18,518	48.6
1994	513,641	177,660	34.6	475,233	164,436	34.6	38,408	13,224	34.4
1995	477,274	149,140	31.2	443,367	138,959	31.3	33,907	10,181	30.0
1996	443,525	133,375	30.1	413,379	124,846	30.2	30,146	8,529	28.3
1997	324,069	112,387	34.7	302,540	105,366	34.8	21,529	7,021	32.6
1998	327,688	129,729	39.6	306,164	121,371	39.6	21,524	8,358	38.8
1999	333,169	135,117	40.6	310,763	126,253	40.6	22,406	8,864	39.6
2000	339,702	143,267	42.2	316,328	133,426	42.2	23,374	9,841	42.1
2001	357,265	157,730	44.1	332,724	146,688	44.1	24,541	11,042	45.0
2002	390,294	170,542	43.7	363,020	158,263	43.6	27,274	12,279	45.0
2003	412,825	178,453	43.2	384,481	165,876	43.1	28,344	12,577	44.4
2004	420,066	180,386	42.9	392,531	168,705	43.0	27,535	11,681	42.4
2005	393,575	167,416	42.5	369,372	158,031	42.8	24,203	9,385	38.8

(Continued)

Outcomes of Applications for Disability Benefits

Table 44.
Medical decisions at the initial adjudicative level, by age, year of application,
and program, 1992–2005—Continued

Year	All decisions			Decisions on applications for SSI only			Decisions on applications for both Social Security and SSI		
	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)
Aged 18–64									
1992	1,333,742	492,046	36.9	616,523	222,077	36.0	717,219	269,969	37.6
1993	1,425,163	468,477	32.9	662,298	208,554	31.5	762,865	259,923	34.1
1994	1,376,322	399,267	29.0	629,051	170,618	27.1	747,271	228,649	30.6
1995	1,263,064	357,732	28.3	592,390	151,417	25.6	670,674	206,315	30.8
1996	1,189,735	338,209	28.4	555,158	142,505	25.7	634,577	195,704	30.8
1997	1,057,299	324,213	30.7	498,637	139,003	27.9	558,662	185,210	33.2
1998	1,056,306	356,592	33.8	506,024	157,861	31.2	550,282	198,731	36.1
1999	1,049,989	362,246	34.5	502,870	162,036	32.2	547,119	200,210	36.6
2000	1,080,898	382,587	35.4	503,636	166,188	33.0	577,262	216,399	37.5
2001	1,155,467	408,901	35.4	505,101	172,232	34.1	650,366	236,669	36.4
2002	1,253,673	416,823	33.2	515,934	165,906	32.2	737,739	250,917	34.0
2003	1,328,108	430,707	32.4	515,659	164,504	31.9	812,449	266,203	32.8
2004	1,366,122	436,077	31.9	521,576	165,119	31.7	844,546	270,958	32.1
2005	1,309,684	411,265	31.4	513,828	157,787	30.7	795,856	253,478	31.8

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disability Research File, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data are current through June 2006.

Because a number of applications remain pending for more recent years, the award and allowance rates will change over time.

Applications with a medical decision may be pending a final nonmedical decision or subsequently denied for nonmedical reasons.

a. Rate determined by dividing medical allowances by all medical decisions for that year.

b. Includes applicants aged 65 or older.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 45.
Medical decisions at the reconsideration level, by age, year of application,
and program, 1992–2005

Year	All decisions			Decisions on applications for SSI only			Decisions on applications for both Social Security and SSI		
	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)
<i>All ages ^b</i>									
1992	479,152	74,500	15.5	234,057	38,371	16.4	245,095	36,129	14.7
1993	557,384	75,559	13.6	280,174	38,663	13.8	277,210	36,896	13.3
1994	571,602	73,734	12.9	290,341	36,826	12.7	281,261	36,908	13.1
1995	522,987	66,780	12.8	275,013	33,432	12.2	247,974	33,348	13.4
1996	480,593	65,352	13.6	249,224	32,510	13.0	231,369	32,842	14.2
1997	409,396	62,496	15.3	208,993	31,881	15.3	200,403	30,615	15.3
1998	390,212	61,266	15.7	203,132	31,818	15.7	187,080	29,448	15.7
1999	382,196	55,625	14.6	197,671	28,499	14.4	184,525	27,126	14.7
2000	382,757	53,139	13.9	192,285	26,455	13.8	190,472	26,684	14.0
2001	407,299	53,434	13.1	190,634	25,393	13.3	216,665	28,041	12.9
2002	458,317	56,059	12.2	203,464	25,783	12.7	254,853	30,276	11.9
2003	487,775	57,108	11.7	202,378	24,699	12.2	285,397	32,409	11.4
2004	482,806	52,648	10.9	196,653	22,571	11.5	286,153	30,077	10.5
2005	377,342	35,713	9.5	161,020	16,752	10.4	216,322	18,961	8.8
<i>Under age 18</i>									
1992	49,099	9,570	19.5	44,562	8,590	19.3	4,537	980	21.6
1993	75,816	11,440	15.1	69,176	10,355	15.0	6,640	1,085	16.3
1994	91,854	11,475	12.5	83,789	10,461	12.5	8,065	1,014	12.6
1995	86,651	10,459	12.1	79,397	9,625	12.1	7,254	834	11.5
1996	74,836	9,646	12.9	68,797	8,863	12.9	6,039	783	13.0
1997	51,365	8,583	16.7	47,131	7,883	16.7	4,234	700	16.5
1998	49,909	8,042	16.1	45,989	7,417	16.1	3,920	625	15.9
1999	49,456	7,476	15.1	45,465	6,839	15.0	3,991	637	16.0
2000	48,361	7,513	15.5	44,462	6,950	15.6	3,899	563	14.4
2001	49,495	7,649	15.5	45,567	7,069	15.5	3,928	580	14.8
2002	56,273	8,312	14.8	51,775	7,620	14.7	4,498	692	15.4
2003	59,715	8,457	14.2	54,939	7,763	14.1	4,776	694	14.5
2004	57,984	7,786	13.4	53,638	7,287	13.6	4,346	499	11.5
2005	45,803	6,301	13.8	42,625	5,920	13.9	3,178	381	12.0

(Continued)

Outcomes of Applications for Disability Benefits

Table 45.
Medical decisions at the reconsideration level, by age, year of application,
and program, 1992–2005—Continued

Year	All decisions			Decisions on applications for SSI only			Decisions on applications for both Social Security and SSI		
	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)
Aged 18–64									
1992	429,944	64,891	15.1	189,409	29,744	15.7	240,535	35,147	14.6
1993	481,434	64,074	13.3	210,882	28,268	13.4	270,552	35,806	13.2
1994	479,439	62,150	13.0	206,253	26,260	12.7	273,186	35,890	13.1
1995	435,988	56,205	12.9	195,281	23,695	12.1	240,707	32,510	13.5
1996	403,309	54,194	13.4	178,404	22,457	12.6	224,905	31,737	14.1
1997	355,514	52,588	14.8	159,694	22,951	14.4	195,820	29,637	15.1
1998	337,411	51,759	15.3	154,436	23,051	14.9	182,975	28,708	15.7
1999	330,830	47,244	14.3	150,460	20,862	13.9	180,370	26,382	14.6
2000	332,767	44,865	13.5	146,383	18,874	12.9	186,384	25,991	13.9
2001	356,236	45,039	12.6	143,740	17,759	12.4	212,496	27,280	12.8
2002	400,138	46,817	11.7	150,064	17,452	11.6	250,074	29,365	11.7
2003	426,628	47,997	11.3	146,276	16,472	11.3	280,352	31,525	11.2
2004	423,706	44,332	10.5	142,158	14,953	10.5	281,548	29,379	10.4
2005	330,689	28,831	8.7	117,786	10,459	8.9	212,903	18,372	8.6

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disability Research File, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data are current through June 2006.

Because a number of applications remain pending for more recent years, the award and allowance rates will change over time.

Applications with a medical decision may be pending a final nonmedical decision or subsequently denied for nonmedical reasons.

A revised process was introduced on October 1, 1999, in 10 states, under which initial denials could be appealed directly to the hearing level without a reconsideration.

a. Rate determined by dividing medical allowances by all medical decisions for that year.

b. Includes applicants aged 65 or older.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 46.
Medical decisions at the hearing level or above, by age, year of application,
and program, 1992–2005

Year	All decisions			Decisions on applications for SSI only			Decisions on applications for both Social Security and SSI		
	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)
<i>All ages ^b</i>									
1992	280,751	189,656	67.6	128,789	79,307	61.6	151,962	110,349	72.6
1993	327,271	205,185	62.7	153,126	85,195	55.6	174,145	119,990	68.9
1994	333,329	196,756	59.0	156,584	80,594	51.5	176,745	116,162	65.7
1995	300,958	170,826	56.8	145,570	70,445	48.4	155,388	100,381	64.6
1996	271,977	159,167	58.5	128,712	64,430	50.1	143,265	94,737	66.1
1997	238,744	145,095	60.8	112,201	59,737	53.2	126,543	85,358	67.5
1998	224,759	137,312	61.1	107,693	57,970	53.8	117,066	79,342	67.8
1999	229,227	142,140	62.0	110,192	59,799	54.3	119,035	82,341	69.2
2000	247,904	151,491	61.1	118,077	62,359	52.8	129,827	89,132	68.7
2001	268,813	163,054	60.7	119,948	62,406	52.0	148,865	100,648	67.6
2002	298,063	181,792	61.0	124,856	64,828	51.9	173,207	116,964	67.5
2003	275,372	173,218	62.9	105,746	55,477	52.5	169,626	117,741	69.4
2004	148,293	97,472	65.7	55,178	29,637	53.7	93,115	67,835	72.9
2005	29,072	20,065	69.0	12,136	6,423	52.9	16,936	13,642	80.6
<i>Under age 18</i>									
1992	19,988	7,729	38.7	17,979	6,890	38.3	2,009	839	41.8
1993	31,658	10,921	34.5	28,625	9,784	34.2	3,033	1,137	37.5
1994	38,751	13,222	34.1	34,869	11,860	34.0	3,882	1,362	35.1
1995	35,856	11,285	31.5	32,428	10,131	31.2	3,428	1,154	33.7
1996	28,105	9,153	32.6	25,589	8,295	32.4	2,516	858	34.1
1997	19,549	7,299	37.3	17,723	6,593	37.2	1,826	706	38.7
1998	18,904	7,244	38.3	17,199	6,546	38.1	1,705	698	40.9
1999	20,715	8,074	39.0	18,816	7,285	38.7	1,899	789	41.5
2000	24,289	9,156	37.7	22,096	8,242	37.3	2,193	914	41.7
2001	25,752	9,469	36.8	23,524	8,573	36.4	2,228	896	40.2
2002	28,621	10,348	36.2	26,180	9,396	35.9	2,441	952	39.0
2003	25,853	9,413	36.4	23,626	8,513	36.0	2,227	900	40.4
2004	13,075	4,961	37.9	12,077	4,533	37.5	998	428	42.9
2005	2,272	1,092	48.1	2,113	1,014	48.0	159	78	49.1

(Continued)

Outcomes of Applications for Disability Benefits

Table 46.

Medical decisions at the hearing level or above, by age, year of application, and program, 1992–2005—Continued

Year	All decisions			Decisions on applications for SSI only			Decisions on applications for both Social Security and SSI		
	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)
Aged 18–64									
1992	260,727	181,899	69.8	110,785	72,398	65.4	149,942	109,501	73.0
1993	295,551	194,215	65.7	124,445	75,368	60.6	171,106	118,847	69.5
1994	294,441	183,449	62.3	121,584	68,654	56.5	172,857	114,795	66.4
1995	264,954	159,444	60.2	113,002	60,224	53.3	151,952	99,220	65.3
1996	243,064	149,301	61.4	102,414	55,516	54.2	140,650	93,785	66.7
1997	218,234	137,000	62.8	93,582	52,402	56.0	124,652	84,598	67.9
1998	204,892	129,306	63.1	89,580	50,706	56.6	115,312	78,600	68.2
1999	207,909	133,595	64.3	90,819	52,083	57.3	117,090	81,512	69.6
2000	223,028	141,902	63.6	95,444	53,725	56.3	127,584	88,177	69.1
2001	242,502	153,168	63.2	95,910	53,448	55.7	146,592	99,720	68.0
2002	268,771	170,982	63.6	98,051	55,003	56.1	170,720	115,979	67.9
2003	249,014	163,453	65.6	81,676	46,662	57.1	167,338	116,791	69.8
2004	134,887	92,237	68.4	42,804	24,858	58.1	92,083	67,379	73.2
2005	26,727	18,912	70.8	9,965	5,363	53.8	16,762	13,549	80.8

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disability Research File, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data are current through August 2006.

Because a number of applications remain pending for more recent years, the award and allowance rates will change over time.

Applications with a medical decision may be pending a final nonmedical decision or subsequently denied for nonmedical reasons.

A revised process was introduced on October 1, 1999, in 10 states, under which initial denials could be appealed directly to the hearing level without a reconsideration.

a. Rate determined by dividing medical allowances by all medical decisions for that year.

b. Includes applicants aged 65 or older.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 47.
Percentage distribution of final medical allowances, by age, year of application,
and reason for allowance, 1992–2005

Year	Total		Meets level of severity of listings ^a	Under age 18 only		Aged 18 or older only		Other ^{a,b}
				Medically equals level of severity of listings	Functionally equals level of severity of listings	Equals level of severity of listings	Medical and vocational factors considered	
	Number	Percent						
All ages ^c								
1992	951,118	100.0	36.6	1.5	1.3	7.5	18.6	34.4
1993	968,374	100.0	36.5	1.5	1.6	5.5	17.4	37.6
1994	848,211	100.0	36.8	1.5	2.1	4.4	18.1	37.1
1995	745,348	100.0	35.8	1.6	2.5	4.3	18.6	37.2
1996	733,450	100.0	35.9	1.8	3.3	4.4	17.4	37.2
1997	666,888	100.0	37.6	1.8	4.3	4.7	18.4	33.3
1998	719,268	100.0	38.2	1.9	4.8	4.2	20.1	30.8
1999	729,263	100.0	36.6	2.0	5.3	4.0	20.8	31.2
2000	761,620	100.0	35.1	1.9	6.1	4.2	21.4	31.3
2001	812,413	100.0	34.8	1.8	7.0	4.2	22.2	30.0
2002	857,599	100.0	33.3	1.7	7.9	3.7	21.8	31.6
2003	865,567	100.0	33.1	1.7	9.0	3.7	22.6	29.9
2004	791,448	100.0	35.1	1.6	10.6	4.0	25.1	23.6
2005	663,408	100.0	37.5	1.8	12.1	4.1	26.7	17.8
Under age 18								
1992	211,793	100.0	48.3	6.9	5.9	...	...	38.9
1993	241,085	100.0	44.9	5.9	6.4	...	...	42.7
1994	202,357	100.0	45.6	6.5	8.6	...	...	39.3
1995	170,884	100.0	44.8	7.0	11.0	...	...	37.2
1996	152,174	100.0	52.7	8.7	16.0	...	...	22.6
1997	128,269	100.0	55.8	9.2	22.1	...	...	12.9
1998	145,015	100.0	55.6	9.6	23.6	...	...	11.2
1999	150,667	100.0	53.2	9.8	25.8	...	...	11.3
2000	159,936	100.0	50.2	9.2	28.9	...	...	11.7
2001	174,848	100.0	48.3	8.2	32.4	...	...	11.1
2002	189,202	100.0	45.3	7.7	35.9	...	...	11.1
2003	196,323	100.0	43.9	7.5	39.7	...	...	9.0
2004	193,133	100.0	42.8	6.8	43.4	...	...	7.0
2005	174,809	100.0	41.0	6.7	46.1	...	...	6.2

(Continued)

Outcomes of Applications for Disability Benefits

Table 47.

Percentage distribution of final medical allowances, by age, year of application, and reason for allowance, 1992–2005—Continued

Year	Total		Meets level of severity of listings ^a	Under age 18 only		Aged 18 or older only		Other ^{a,b}
				Medically equals level of severity of listings	Functionally equals level of severity of listings	Equals level of severity of listings	Medical and vocational factors considered	
	Number	Percent						
Aged 18–64								
1992	738,836	100.0	33.3	...	...	9.7	23.9	33.2
1993	726,766	100.0	33.7	...	...	7.3	23.1	35.9
1994	644,866	100.0	34.0	...	...	5.8	23.8	36.4
1995	573,381	100.0	33.2	...	...	5.6	24.0	37.2
1996	541,704	100.0	33.7	...	...	5.9	23.3	37.1
1997	513,801	100.0	34.5	...	...	6.1	22.6	36.9
1998	537,657	100.0	35.6	...	...	5.5	23.9	35.1
1999	543,085	100.0	34.0	...	...	5.3	25.1	35.6
2000	569,354	100.0	32.6	...	...	5.6	26.4	35.5
2001	607,108	100.0	32.5	...	...	5.6	27.8	34.2
2002	634,622	100.0	31.3	...	...	5.0	27.6	36.1
2003	642,157	100.0	31.1	...	...	5.0	29.1	34.8
2004	572,646	100.0	33.9	...	...	5.5	33.6	27.0
2005	459,008	100.0	38.5	...	...	5.9	37.4	18.1

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disability Research File, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data for the initial and reconsideration levels are current through June 2006. Data for the hearing level or above are current through August 2006.

Because a number of applications remain pending for more recent years, the numbers and percentages will change over time.

Applications with a medical decision may be pending a final nonmedical decision or subsequently denied for nonmedical reasons.

Includes decisions for SSI-only applications and applications for both Social Security and SSI. Does not include Social Security-only applications.

... = not applicable.

a. Includes all age groups.

b. Includes applications for which the disability was previously established and those for which the basis for the determination is not available. For final determinations made in or before August 1996 for applicants under age 18, also includes applications allowed because individual functional assessment showed impairment of comparable severity.

c. Includes applicants aged 65 or older.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 48.
Percentage distribution of final medical denials, by age, year of application,
and reason for denial, 1992–2005

Year	Total		Impairment did not or is not expected to last 12 months	Impairment is not severe	Impairment does not cause severe functional limitations ^a	Able to do usual past work ^b	Able to do other type of work ^b	Other ^c
	Number	Percent						
<i>All ages ^d</i>								
1992	743,395	100.0	7.3	22.1	...	17.5	26.3	26.9
1993	939,357	100.0	6.6	21.2	...	15.4	24.8	31.9
1994	1,043,113	100.0	6.2	20.7	...	13.6	23.3	36.1
1995	996,529	100.0	6.2	19.7	...	12.4	22.4	39.2
1996	940,293	100.0	6.4	20.6	5.8	12.1	22.9	32.2
1997	740,937	100.0	6.8	16.7	16.2	13.0	25.1	22.1
1998	705,280	100.0	6.9	15.0	18.3	14.7	25.4	19.9
1999	690,838	100.0	6.7	14.0	19.1	15.5	24.5	20.2
2000	691,268	100.0	6.4	13.3	18.7	15.8	24.2	21.5
2001	728,099	100.0	6.1	13.2	18.3	16.6	26.1	19.8
2002	808,939	100.0	5.7	13.0	18.3	16.9	26.5	19.7
2003	848,449	100.0	5.1	12.2	18.9	16.9	26.9	20.0
2004	841,210	100.0	4.8	11.3	18.9	16.2	26.4	22.4
2005	819,261	100.0	4.7	10.8	17.7	15.8	26.6	24.3
<i>Under age 18</i>								
1992	148,324	100.0	1.5	22.7	...	...	...	75.8
1993	240,803	100.0	1.3	21.8	...	...	...	76.9
1994	311,284	100.0	1.4	22.4	...	...	...	76.2
1995	306,390	100.0	1.3	21.8	...	...	...	76.9
1996	291,351	100.0	1.4	26.9	18.7	...	...	53.0
1997	195,800	100.0	1.6	19.1	61.4	...	...	18.0
1998	182,673	100.0	1.3	14.4	70.6	...	...	13.7
1999	182,314	100.0	1.1	13.3	72.4	...	...	13.2
2000	179,476	100.0	1.1	13.2	72.1	...	...	13.6
2001	182,012	100.0	1.1	14.0	73.0	...	...	11.9
2002	199,994	100.0	1.0	13.4	73.9	...	...	11.8
2003	211,472	100.0	0.9	12.3	75.7	...	...	11.0
2004	210,157	100.0	0.8	11.1	75.7	...	...	12.4
2005	194,611	100.0	0.9	11.0	74.4	...	...	13.6

(Continued)

Outcomes of Applications for Disability Benefits

Table 48.

Percentage distribution of final medical denials, by age, year of application, and reason for denial, 1992–2005—Continued

Year	Total		Impairment did not or is not expected to last 12 months	Impairment is not severe	Impairment does not cause severe functional limitations ^a	Able to do usual past work ^b	Able to do other type of work ^b	Other ^c
	Number	Percent						
Aged 18–64								
1992	594,906	100.0	8.8	21.9	...	21.8	32.8	14.7
1993	698,397	100.0	8.4	21.0	...	20.7	33.4	16.4
1994	731,456	100.0	8.3	20.0	...	19.4	33.2	19.1
1995	689,683	100.0	8.4	18.8	...	17.9	32.4	22.5
1996	648,031	100.0	8.6	17.8	...	17.5	33.3	22.8
1997	543,498	100.0	8.8	15.8	...	17.7	34.2	23.6
1998	518,649	100.0	8.9	14.9	...	19.7	34.4	22.0
1999	504,799	100.0	8.7	14.1	...	21.0	33.5	22.7
2000	508,423	100.0	8.4	13.2	...	21.2	32.9	24.3
2001	543,100	100.0	7.8	12.8	...	22.1	34.9	22.4
2002	605,952	100.0	7.3	12.7	...	22.5	35.3	22.2
2003	634,666	100.0	6.6	12.0	...	22.5	36.0	22.9
2004	629,226	100.0	6.2	11.4	...	21.5	35.2	25.7
2005	623,226	100.0	5.9	10.7	...	20.8	35.0	27.6

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disability Research File, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data for the initial and reconsideration levels are current through June 2006. Data for the hearing level or above are current through August 2006.

Because a number of applications remain pending for more recent years, the numbers and percentages will change over time.

Applications with a medical decision may be pending a final nonmedical decision or subsequently denied for nonmedical reasons.

Includes decisions for SSI-only applications and applications for both Social Security and SSI. Does not include Social Security-only applications.

... = not applicable.

a. Used only for applicants under age 18. Category effective for final determinations made August 1996 or later.

b. Used only for applicants aged 18 or older.

c. Applicant provided insufficient evidence, failed to cooperate, failed to follow prescribed treatment, did not want to continue development of the claim, or returned to substantial work before disability could be established. For final determinations made August 1996 or before for applicants under age 18, also includes claims denied because individual functional assessment showed impairment not of comparable severity.

d. Includes applicants aged 65 or older.

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Suspensions and Terminations

Notes

The 2006 report includes several changes to this section:

- The name of the section has been changed from “Suspensions” to “Suspensions and Terminations.”
 - Deaths are no longer reported as suspensions in Tables 49 and 50.
 - The title of Table 51 has been changed from “Recipients suspended for at least 12 months, by age and reason for suspension” to “Recipients terminated, by age and reason for termination.” Table 51 shows information concerning people whose SSI business relationship was terminated automatically because their benefits had been suspended for 12 consecutive months. The table no longer provides information concerning suspensions that do not result in an automatic termination after 12 consecutive months.
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Table 49.
Suspensions, by age of recipient and reason for suspension, 1998–2006

Year	Total	Excess income	In Medicaid facility	Whereabouts unknown	Excess resources	Presumptive disability	No representative payee	In public institution	Failed to furnish report	Outside United States	In transition	No longer disabled	Other
<i>All ages</i>													
1998	939,000	524,200	49,500	90,900	37,000	2,200	34,400	50,000	28,200	18,800	15,300	81,500	7,000
1999	1,008,300	552,100	46,300	88,600	43,700	2,200	37,300	59,000	37,700	21,100	3,300	108,800	8,200
2000	1,016,800	562,200	49,400	94,000	39,000	2,000	37,200	59,100	50,200	22,700	--	90,600	10,400
2001	1,045,300	575,900	50,000	106,600	48,400	2,700	37,100	64,300	51,900	19,600	7,400	67,500	13,900
2002	1,092,500	596,400	50,000	105,200	46,800	2,800	33,200	64,900	53,600	21,600	6,600	90,600	20,800
2003	1,063,400	579,700	45,100	119,900	47,000	2,500	32,700	64,700	45,600	22,100	7,500	74,800	21,800
2004	1,107,500	614,700	44,300	122,600	45,700	2,000	34,600	69,200	47,700	26,100	6,500	70,200	23,900
2005	1,089,540	608,410	44,400	130,030	39,320	2,450	35,610	75,560	31,700	24,710	8,380	65,900	23,070
2006	1,045,373	593,810	42,763	133,626	38,075	3,205	31,620	79,127	17,464	23,909	9,474	45,023	27,277
<i>Under age 18</i>													
1998	193,300	98,200	1,000	13,800	7,200	700	14,100	4,200	10,000	600	3,000	39,100	1,400
1999	226,500	106,300	900	16,700	7,300	1,000	14,300	4,600	15,200	800	300	57,800	1,300
2000	217,700	112,700	1,000	18,300	6,600	400	15,800	3,300	19,400	700	--	38,200	1,300
2001	198,100	107,400	900	17,500	9,100	700	14,800	3,300	17,800	400	500	24,700	1,000
2002	228,100	116,100	900	22,000	9,800	700	13,300	4,500	22,200	600	0	36,900	1,100
2003	214,300	115,500	800	23,900	9,300	500	13,700	4,300	19,600	300	500	24,900	1,000
2004	220,100	110,900	1,100	30,400	9,000	700	13,000	3,800	20,000	1,000	200	28,400	1,600
2005	200,550	108,750	800	27,650	8,150	460	12,870	3,740	12,930	740	280	23,020	1,160
2006	177,273	101,982	948	27,420	7,854	802	11,920	4,336	6,307	867	388	12,118	1,331
<i>Aged 18–64</i>													
1998	585,000	358,000	14,700	53,600	18,600	1,500	18,500	44,800	14,500	5,900	8,100	42,400	4,400
1999	619,100	375,200	10,400	52,800	22,400	1,200	21,100	53,300	17,500	6,000	2,100	51,000	6,100
2000	635,000	385,100	12,600	53,700	19,600	1,500	19,400	54,500	24,400	4,200	--	52,400	7,600
2001	678,300	403,000	14,700	64,300	24,200	2,000	20,600	60,100	26,300	4,200	4,900	42,800	11,200
2002	704,900	421,800	14,200	59,900	22,900	2,100	18,800	59,100	25,500	4,200	4,100	53,700	18,600
2003	685,500	403,900	12,800	69,100	23,000	2,000	17,000	59,400	19,500	4,800	5,100	49,800	19,100
2004	717,000	433,400	14,000	66,900	22,800	1,300	20,300	64,700	20,700	5,900	4,600	41,800	20,600
2005	733,580	437,240	15,980	75,350	21,260	1,980	20,600	70,410	14,770	6,310	6,420	42,870	20,390
2006	722,577	435,160	15,047	79,018	20,671	2,383	18,030	73,258	8,811	5,854	7,122	32,896	24,327
<i>Aged 65 or older</i>													
1998	160,700	68,000	33,800	23,500	11,200	0	1,800	1,000	3,700	12,300	4,200	0	1,200
1999	162,700	70,600	35,000	19,100	14,000	0	1,900	1,100	5,000	14,300	900	0	800
2000	164,100	64,400	35,800	22,000	12,800	100	2,000	1,300	6,400	17,800	--	0	1,500
2001	168,900	65,500	34,400	24,800	15,100	0	1,700	900	7,800	15,000	2,000	0	1,700
2002	159,500	58,500	34,900	23,300	14,100	0	1,100	1,300	5,900	16,800	2,500	0	1,100
2003	163,600	60,300	31,500	26,900	14,700	0	2,000	1,000	6,500	17,000	1,900	100	1,700
2004	170,400	70,400	29,200	25,300	13,900	0	1,300	700	7,000	19,200	1,700	0	1,700
2005	155,410	62,420	27,620	27,030	9,910	10	2,140	1,410	4,000	17,660	1,680	10	1,520
2006	145,523	56,668	26,768	26,188	9,550	20	1,670	1,533	2,346	17,188	1,964	9	1,619

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format). Data through 2004 are based on a 1 percent sample; data for 2005 are based on a 10 percent sample; and data for 2006 are 100 percent data.

NOTES: Includes multiple suspensions per person.

-- = not available.

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Suspensions and Terminations

Table 50.
Recipients suspended, by age and reason for suspension, 1998–2006

Year	Total	Excess income	In Medicaid facility	Whereabouts unknown	Excess resources	Presumptive disability	No representative payee	In public institution	Failed to furnish report	Outside United States	In transition	No longer disabled	Other
<i>All ages</i>													
1998	851,600	457,300	47,900	83,900	35,800	1,900	30,900	47,600	26,100	18,100	14,300	80,900	6,900
1999	897,400	461,300	44,600	82,800	42,900	1,900	34,600	55,000	35,600	20,800	3,300	107,200	7,400
2000	906,500	472,900	46,900	87,000	38,000	2,000	35,000	56,100	47,300	22,000	--	89,500	9,800
2001	929,800	485,500	47,500	97,000	47,500	2,500	33,900	59,600	49,500	19,100	7,300	66,900	13,500
2002	972,800	509,100	48,100	96,000	45,500	2,600	27,700	59,000	47,500	20,800	6,300	90,100	20,100
2003	954,400	499,600	43,500	110,500	45,800	2,300	30,500	59,800	41,200	21,400	7,500	72,200	20,100
2004	997,300	533,200	43,100	113,900	44,600	1,900	30,600	64,200	43,800	25,000	6,500	68,200	22,300
2005	977,680	526,050	42,430	119,630	38,040	2,350	32,650	69,870	29,430	23,930	8,200	63,790	21,310
2006	942,421	517,552	70,996	124,100	37,020	3,040	28,843	73,109	16,411	23,243	9,279	43,563	25,265
<i>Under age 18</i>													
1998	164,500	73,300	900	12,800	6,600	600	13,000	4,000	9,400	600	2,900	39,000	1,400
1999	192,200	77,000	900	15,400	7,000	800	13,800	3,900	14,200	600	300	57,100	1,200
2000	177,400	76,500	1,000	16,900	6,300	500	15,100	3,200	18,100	600	--	38,000	1,200
2001	161,900	75,200	800	15,700	9,000	700	13,800	3,000	17,300	300	400	24,700	1,000
2002	185,700	81,200	800	20,700	9,400	700	10,900	4,200	19,300	600	0	36,900	1,000
2003	173,700	79,900	800	22,300	8,700	400	13,300	4,300	18,000	300	500	24,300	900
2004	178,300	76,100	900	28,500	8,800	700	11,900	3,400	17,700	900	200	27,600	1,600
2005	163,850	77,340	720	25,540	7,840	460	12,020	3,580	11,860	730	260	22,400	1,100
2006	145,724	74,485	881	26,582	7,577	775	11,066	4,116	5,913	844	377	11,845	1,263
<i>Aged 18–64</i>													
1998	537,600	324,100	13,600	49,300	18,400	1,300	16,300	42,600	13,000	5,400	7,400	41,900	4,300
1999	554,600	323,800	9,300	49,200	22,000	1,100	19,000	50,000	16,500	6,000	2,100	50,100	5,500
2000	578,100	340,600	11,100	49,400	19,300	1,500	18,100	51,600	23,500	4,200	--	51,500	7,300
2001	611,100	353,300	13,000	58,200	23,700	1,800	18,400	55,700	24,800	4,200	4,900	42,200	10,900
2002	637,900	375,100	13,200	54,000	22,500	1,900	15,700	53,700	22,500	4,200	3,900	53,200	18,000
2003	625,600	363,700	11,500	63,100	22,700	1,900	15,200	54,500	17,600	4,800	5,100	47,800	17,700
2004	657,800	392,800	13,200	61,300	22,300	1,200	17,500	60,100	19,300	5,800	4,600	40,600	19,100
2005	668,700	392,840	14,660	68,710	20,600	1,880	18,690	64,950	13,720	6,120	6,320	41,380	18,830
2006	659,401	391,737	13,864	72,612	20,114	2,245	16,204	67,542	8,227	5,672	6,972	31,711	22,501
<i>Aged 65 or older</i>													
1998	149,500	59,900	33,400	21,800	10,800	0	1,600	1,000	3,700	12,100	4,000	0	1,200
1999	150,600	60,500	34,400	18,200	13,900	0	1,800	1,100	4,900	14,200	900	0	700
2000	151,000	55,800	34,800	20,700	12,400	0	1,800	1,300	5,700	17,200	--	0	1,300
2001	156,800	57,000	33,700	23,100	14,800	0	1,700	900	7,400	14,600	2,000	0	1,600
2002	149,200	52,800	34,100	21,300	13,600	0	1,100	1,100	5,700	16,000	2,400	0	1,100
2003	155,100	56,000	31,200	25,100	14,400	0	2,000	100	5,600	16,300	1,900	100	1,500
2004	161,200	64,300	29,000	24,100	13,500	0	1,200	700	6,800	18,300	1,700	0	1,600
2005	145,130	55,870	27,050	25,380	9,600	10	1,940	1,340	3,850	17,080	1,620	10	1,380
2006	137,296	51,330	26,251	24,906	9,329	20	1,529	1,451	2,271	16,727	1,930	7	1,501

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format). Data through 2004 are based on a 1 percent sample; data for 2005 are based on a 10 percent sample; and data for 2006 are 100 percent data.

NOTE: -- = not available.

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Table 51.
Recipients terminated, by age and reason for termination, 1998–2005

Year	Total	Excess income	Death	In Medicaid facility	Whereabouts unknown	Excess resources	In public institution	Failed to furnish report	Outside United States	No longer disabled	Other
<i>All ages</i>											
1998	673,400	285,500	201,100	38,900	22,900	18,600	19,700	9,000	10,100	63,300	4,300
1999	691,500	282,800	195,300	36,100	22,800	24,200	20,600	13,500	11,700	80,000	4,500
2000	686,400	284,900	203,400	35,500	23,800	20,200	20,500	15,100	10,300	66,500	6,200
2001	662,700	284,300	193,500	37,000	21,600	25,700	20,500	15,500	9,700	47,800	7,100
2002	712,600	311,900	202,700	36,600	22,200	24,500	20,700	14,200	10,400	60,300	9,100
2003	674,900	311,200	194,500	32,000	24,200	22,700	19,700	12,600	9,800	39,200	9,000
2004	709,110	333,150	195,600	32,360	25,250	22,340	21,120	12,080	13,060	44,620	9,530
2005	716,458	347,285	192,842	31,531	26,575	21,426	22,935	8,466	12,272	44,412	8,714
<i>Under age 18</i>											
1998	79,200	28,700	5,400	500	3,700	2,900	2,100	3,200	500	31,200	1,000
1999	92,600	25,100	5,000	100	3,700	5,000	2,100	5,300	400	45,000	900
2000	76,700	24,100	6,400	200	4,100	3,700	1,600	6,600	200	28,800	1,000
2001	65,900	23,400	5,100	400	4,200	5,900	1,500	5,900	100	18,700	700
2002	80,800	27,900	5,700	400	4,800	5,700	1,400	6,500	200	27,500	700
2003	60,400	25,600	4,000	100	3,900	5,000	1,500	5,200	200	14,100	800
2004	65,270	23,290	5,500	210	4,720	4,980	1,810	4,850	570	18,550	790
2005	62,676	24,551	5,051	304	4,992	4,796	1,651	3,380	496	16,747	708
<i>Aged 18–64</i>											
1998	385,000	220,100	77,200	8,800	10,000	9,200	17,000	4,300	3,500	32,100	2,800
1999	394,400	221,300	78,600	6,100	10,800	11,700	17,700	6,100	3,800	35,000	3,300
2000	410,800	228,200	84,500	5,700	12,600	9,900	18,200	7,100	2,300	37,700	4,600
2001	403,200	229,300	81,900	7,900	9,600	11,800	18,700	7,400	2,200	29,100	5,300
2002	441,100	254,800	88,200	8,200	9,900	11,800	18,900	6,700	2,100	32,800	7,700
2003	426,600	253,100	87,200	7,400	11,900	10,400	17,400	4,600	2,000	25,100	7,200
2004	457,220	278,050	87,100	8,390	11,980	10,430	18,740	5,210	3,310	26,070	7,940
2005	470,025	290,006	85,428	8,560	12,623	10,804	20,660	3,764	3,227	27,663	7,290
<i>Aged 65 or older</i>											
1998	209,200	36,700	118,500	29,600	9,200	6,500	600	1,500	6,100	0	500
1999	204,500	36,400	111,700	29,900	8,300	7,500	800	2,100	7,500	0	300
2000	198,900	32,600	112,500	29,600	7,100	6,600	700	1,400	7,800	0	600
2001	193,600	31,600	106,500	28,700	7,800	8,000	300	2,200	7,400	0	1,100
2002	190,700	29,200	108,800	28,000	7,500	7,000	400	1,000	8,100	0	700
2003	188,200	32,500	103,300	24,500	8,400	7,300	800	2,800	7,600	0	1,000
2004	186,620	31,810	103,000	23,760	8,550	6,930	570	2,020	9,180	0	800
2005	183,757	32,728	102,363	22,667	8,960	5,826	624	1,322	8,549	2	716

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format). Data through 2003 are based on a 1 percent sample; data for 2004 are based on a 10 percent sample; and data for 2005 are 100 percent data.

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Appendix and Glossary

Appendix: Sampling Variability

Estimates based on sample data may differ from the figures that would have been obtained had all, rather than specified samples, of the records been used. These differences are termed sampling variability. The standard error is a measure of the sampling variability. About 68 percent of all possible probability samples selected with the same specifications will give estimates within one standard error of the figure obtained from a compilation of all records. Similarly, approximately 90 percent will give estimates within 1.645 standard errors, about 95 percent will give estimates within two standard errors, and about 99 percent will give estimates within two and one-half standard errors. The standard error of an estimate depends on the design elements such as the method of sampling, sample size, and the estimation process.

Because of the large number of data cells tabulated from the sample files, it is not practical to calculate the standard error for every possible cell. However, standard errors for a large number of cells were estimated. These estimates were used to fit regression curves to provide estimates of approximate standard errors associated with tabulated counts and proportions.

The tables showing the sampling variability provide a general order of magnitude for similar estimates from the various sample files. Table A-1 presents approximate standard errors for the estimated number of persons from the 1 percent and the 10 percent files. The reliability of an estimated percentage depends on both the size of the percentage and on the size of the total on which the percentage is based. Data in Table A-2 provide approximations of the standard errors of the estimated percentage of persons in the 1 percent and 10 percent files. The standard errors are expressed in percentage points, and the bases shown are in terms of inflated data.

Table A-1.
Approximations of standard errors of estimated number of persons

Size of estimate (inflated)	Standard error
<i>1 percent file</i>	
500	250
1,000	300
2,500	500
5,000	800
7,500	900
10,000	1,100
25,000	1,700
50,000	2,400
75,000	3,000
100,000	3,400
250,000	5,400
500,000	7,800
750,000	9,600
1,000,000	11,100
5,000,000	25,800
10,000,000	36,900
25,000,000	57,700
50,000,000	76,100
75,000,000	82,900
<i>10 percent file</i>	
100	30
500	70
1,000	100
5,000	225
10,000	300
50,000	700
100,000	1,000
500,000	2,200
1,000,000	3,200
2,000,000	4,300
3,000,000	5,300
5,000,000	6,500
10,000,000	8,500
20,000,000	9,300

Table A-2.
Approximations of standard errors of estimated percentage of persons

Size of base (inflated)	2 or 98	5 or 95	10 or 90	25 or 75	50
1 percent file					
1,000	4.7	7.3	10.1	14.5	16.8
10,000	1.5	2.3	3.2	4.6	5.3
50,000	0.7	1.0	1.4	2.1	2.4
100,000	0.5	0.7	1.0	1.5	1.7
500,000	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.7	0.8
1,000,000	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.5
5,000,000	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
10,000,000	a	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
50,000,000	a	a	a	0.1	0.1
100,000,000	a	a	a	a	a
10 percent file					
500	1.9	3.0	4.1	5.9	6.8
1,000	1.3	2.1	2.9	4.1	4.8
2,500	0.8	1.3	1.8	2.6	3.0
10,000	0.4	0.6	0.9	1.3	1.5
50,000	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.7
100,000	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5
500,000	a	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
1,000,000	a	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
5,000,000	a	a	a	a	0.1
10,000,000	a	a	a	a	a
50,000,000	a	a	a	a	a

a. Less than 0.05 percent.

Glossary

- abbreviated application.** An SSI application that is formally denied for nonmedical reasons when the applicant alleges information that clearly results in ineligibility.
- adult.** A person who is older than age 21, is aged 18–21 but is not a student, is under 21 and married, or is the head of a household.
- aged person.** A person aged 65 or older.
- allowance.** A determination by the Disability Determination Services, an administrative law judge, or the Appeals Council that an applicant meets the medical definition of disability under the law.
- auxiliary benefit (OASDI).** Monthly benefit payable to a spouse or a child of a retired or disabled worker or to a survivor of a deceased worker.
- award.** An administrative determination that an individual is entitled to receive monthly benefits.
- blind.** "Blindness," for Social Security purposes, means either central visual acuity of 20/200 or less in the better eye with the use of a correcting lens or a limitation in the fields of vision so that the widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle of 20 degrees or less (tunnel vision).
- blind work expenses (BWE).** Permits the exclusion of any earned income of a blind person that is used to meet expenses reasonably attributable to earning the income.
- child.** An unmarried blind or disabled person who is not the head of a household and who is either under age 18 or aged 18–21 and a student.
- concurrent application.** An application for both Title II (Social Security) and Title XVI (Supplemental Security Income) benefits at the same time.
- deeming (SSI).** Counting part of the income and resources of certain persons who live with an SSI recipient when determining the amount of the payment. These persons include the ineligible spouses of adult recipients, the ineligible parents of child recipients under age 18, and the immigration sponsor for certain noncitizens.
- diagnostic group.** Classification of impairments, by body system, that identifies the medical condition(s) on which disability-related benefits are based. Before 1985, the coding of the primary and secondary diagnoses for Social Security and Supplemental Security Income applicants was in accordance with the *International Classification of Diseases: 9th revision, Clinical Modification, 4th ed.*, using 4-digit ICD-9 codes. In 1985, the Social Security Administration (SSA) implemented a revised method to determine and enter impairment codes in administrative records. This revised approach provides for a modified impairment coding system, generally using 3 digits (followed by zero), loosely based on the ICD-9 codes. For research purposes, the ICD-9 codes and SSA impairment codes are, typically, identical. However, the diagnostic groupings shown in the statistical tables closely parallel the major ICD-9 disease classifications.
- disability.** The inability to engage in substantial gainful activity (SGA) by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment that can be expected to result in death or to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months. (Special rules apply for workers aged 55 or older whose disability is based on blindness. The 12-month requirement does not apply to SSI beneficiaries who are blind.)
- Individuals are considered to be disabled only if their physical or mental impairment(s) is of such severity that they are not only unable to do their previous work but cannot—because of their age, education, or work experience—engage in any other kind of substantial gainful activity that exists in the national economy, regardless of whether such work exists in the immediate area in which they live, or whether a specific job vacancy exists for them, or whether they would be hired if they applied for work.
- The SGA criterion does not apply to children under age 18 in the Supplemental Security Income program. The standard for them is a medically determinable physical or mental impairment that results in marked and severe functional limitations.
- Disability Determination Services (DDS).** The state agency responsible for developing medical evidence and rendering the initial determination and reconsideration on whether a claimant is disabled or a beneficiary continues to be disabled within the meaning of the law.

federal benefit rates (FBR). The basic benefit standards used in computing the amount of federal SSI payments. Benefit levels differ for individuals and couples living in households and for persons in Medicaid institutions. Individuals or couples living in their own household receive the full federal benefit. The federal benefit is reduced by one-third if an individual or couple is living in another person's household and receiving support and maintenance there. The federal benefit rates are increased annually to reflect increases in the cost of living.

impairment-related work expenses (IRWE). The costs of items or services that a disabled person needs to work. The expenses, when paid by the beneficiary, are deducted from his or her gross earnings when determining if the work is considered substantial gainful activity.

Medicaid institution. Living arrangement for persons in public or private institutions when more than 50 percent of the cost of care is met by the Medicaid program. In these situations, the monthly federal SSI payment is limited to no more than \$30.

own household. Used to determine the federal benefit rate. Applies to adults who own their living quarters, are liable for the rent, pay their pro rata shares of household expenses, are living in households composed only of recipients of public income-maintenance payments, and are placed by agencies in private households. Also applies to children living in their parent's household. See **federal benefit rates**.

plans for achieving self-support (PASS). Permits a recipient with an approved PASS to set aside earned or unearned income and resources for a work goal. The income or resources set aside are used to pay for goods or services needed to reach the goal, such as education, vocational training, starting a business, or purchasing work-related equipment. The income and resources that are set aside under a PASS are excluded from SSI income and resource tests, but they do not influence the determination of ability to engage in substantial gainful activity.

presumptive disability or blindness. For certain diagnoses, where there is high probability of a favorable medical determination of disability or blindness, payments may be made for up to 6 months before the formal determination, if the applicant meets the nonmedical eligibility requirements.

representative payee. A person designated by the Social Security Administration to receive monthly benefit checks on behalf of an adult beneficiary who is unable to manage his or her own funds. A beneficiary under age 18 is generally considered incapable of managing benefit payments, and a representative payee will be selected to receive benefits on the beneficiary's behalf.

Section 1619(a). Continuing cash benefits for disabled individuals whose gross earned income is at the amount designated as the substantial gainful activity level. The person must continue to be disabled and meet all other eligibility rules. Also known as special cash payment.

Section 1619(b). For Medicaid purposes, provides special status to working disabled or blind individuals when their earnings make them ineligible for cash payments. Also known as special recipient status.

SSA administrative regions

Boston: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Vermont

New York: New Jersey, New York, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands

Philadelphia: Delaware, District of Columbia, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia, and West Virginia

Atlanta: Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Tennessee

Chicago: Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, and Wisconsin

Dallas: Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas

Kansas City: Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, and Nebraska

Denver: Colorado, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, and Wyoming

San Francisco: Arizona, California, Hawaii, Nevada, American Samoa, Guam, and Northern Mariana Islands

Seattle: Alaska, Idaho, Oregon, and Washington

NOTE: The SSI program does not cover American Samoa, Guam, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands.

state conversions. Persons who were eligible for payments under the federal and state adult assistance programs in December 1973 were automatically eligible for SSI payments beginning January 1974.

state supplementation. Payments to eligible persons made under state provisions. These payments may vary by the recipient's living situation and by geographic area within the state. The payments may be administered by the Social Security Administration or the state.

substantial gainful activity (SGA). Describes a level of work activity that is productive and yields or usually yields remuneration or profit. The Social Security Administration's regulations establish a dollar amount to indicate whether a person's work is substantial.

Supplemental Security Income (SSI). A federal program for low-income aged, blind, and disabled individuals who meet income and resource requirements. Beginning in 1974, SSI replaced the former federal and state programs of Old-Age Assistance, Aid to the Blind, and Aid to the Permanently and Totally Disabled. SSI is funded by general tax revenues, not Social Security taxes.

suspended benefit. A payment that has been temporarily stopped until the condition or conditions causing the suspension are known to have ended. The suspension does not affect eligibility for Medicaid benefits.