## § 40.307

with prescribed education and/or treatment. The employee must have a negative drug test result and/or an alcohol test with an alcohol concentration of less than 0.02 before resuming performance of safety-sensitive duties.

- (b) As an employer, you must not return an employee to safety-sensitive duties until the employee meets the conditions of paragraph (a) of this section. However, you are not required to return an employee to safety-sensitive duties because the employee has met these conditions. That is a personnel decision that you have the discretion to make, subject to collective bargaining agreements or other legal requirements.
- (c) As a SAP or MRO, you must not make a "fitness for duty" determination as part of this re-evaluation unless required to do so under an applicable DOT agency regulation. It is the employer, rather than you, who must decide whether to put the employee back to work in a safety-sensitive position.

## § 40.307 What is the SAP's function in prescribing the employee's follow-up tests?

- (a) As a SAP, for each employee who has committed a DOT drug or alcohol regulation violation, and who seeks to resume the performance of safety-sensitive functions, you must establish a written follow-up testing plan. You do not establish this plan until after you determine that the employee has successfully complied with your recommendations for education and/or treatment.
- (b) You must present a copy of this plan directly to the DER (see  $\S\,40.311(d)(9)).$
- (c) You are the sole determiner of the number and frequency of follow-up tests and whether these tests will be for drugs, alcohol, or both, unless otherwise directed by the appropriate DOT agency regulation. For example, if the employee had a positive drug test, but your evaluation or the treatment program professionals determined that the employee had an alcohol problem as well, you should require that the employee have follow-up tests for both drugs and alcohol.
- (d) However, you must, at a minimum, direct that the employee be sub-

ject to six unannounced follow-up tests in the first 12 months of safety-sensitive duty following the employee's return to safety-sensitive functions.

- (1) You may require a greater number of follow-up tests during the first 12-month period of safety-sensitive duty (e.g., you may require one test a month during the 12-month period; you may require two tests per month during the first 6-month period and one test per month during the final 6-month period).
- (2) You may also require follow-up tests during the 48 months of safety-sensitive duty following this first 12-month period.
- (3) You are not to establish the actual dates for the follow-up tests you prescribe. The decision on specific dates to test is the employer's.
- (4) As the employer, you must not impose additional testing requirements (e.g., under company authority) on the employee that go beyond the SAP's follow-up testing plan.
- (e) The requirements of the SAP's follow-up testing plan "follow the employee" to subsequent employers or through breaks in service.

Example 1 to Paragraph (e): The employee returns to duty with Employer A. Two months afterward, after completing the first two of six follow-up tests required by the SAP's plan, the employee quits his job with Employer A and begins to work in a similar position for Employer B. The employee remains obligated to complete the four additional tests during the next 10 months of safety-sensitive duty, and Employer B is responsible for ensuring that the employee does so. Employer B learns of this obligation through the inquiry it makes under § 40.25.

Example 2 to Paragraph (e): The employee returns to duty with Employer A. Three months later, after the employee completes the first two of six follow-up tests required by the SAP's plan, Employer A lays the employee off for economic or seasonal employment reasons. Four months later, Employer A recalls the employee. Employer A must ensure that the employee completes the remaining four follow-up tests during the next nine months.

(f) As the SAP, you may modify the determinations you have made concerning follow-up tests. For example, even if you recommended follow-up testing beyond the first 12-months, you can terminate the testing requirement

at any time after the first year of testing. You must not, however, modify the requirement that the employee take at least six follow-up tests within the first 12 months after returning to the performance of safety-sensitive functions.

## § 40.309 What are the employer's responsibilities with respect to the SAP's directions for follow-up tests?

- (a) As the employer, you must carry out the SAP's follow-up testing requirements. You may not allow the employee to continue to perform safety-sensitive functions unless follow-up testing is conducted as directed by the SAP.
- (b) You should schedule follow-up tests on dates of your own choosing, but you must ensure that the tests are unannounced with no discernable pattern as to their timing, and that the employee is given no advance notice.
- (c) You cannot substitute any other tests (e.g., those carried out under the random testing program) conducted on the employee for this follow-up testing requirement.
- (d) You cannot count a follow-up test that has been cancelled as a completed test. A cancelled follow-up test must be recollected.

## § 40.311 What are the requirements concerning SAP reports?

- (a) As the SAP conducting the required evaluations, you must send the written reports required by this section in writing directly to the DER and not to a third party or entity for forwarding to the DER (except as provided in  $\S40.355(e)$ ). You may, however, forward the document simultaneously to the DER and to a C/TPA.
- (b) As an employer, you must ensure that you receive SAP written reports directly from the SAP performing the evaluation and that no third party or entity changed the SAP's report in any way.
- (c) The SAP's written report, following an initial evaluation that determines what level of assistance is needed to address the employee's drug and/or alcohol problems, must be on the SAP's own letterhead (and not the letterhead of another service agent)

signed and dated by the SAP, and must contain the following delineated items:

- (1) Employee's name and SSN;
- (2) Employer's name and address;
- (3) Reason for the assessment (specific violation of DOT regulations and violation date);
  - (4) Date(s) of the assessment;
- (5) SAP's education and/or treatment recommendation; and
  - (6) SAP's telephone number.
- (d) The SAP's written report concerning a follow-up evaluation that determines the employee has demonstrated successful compliance must be on the SAP's own letterhead (and not the letterhead of another service agent), signed by the SAP and dated, and must contain the following items:
  - (1) Employee's name and SSN;
  - (2) Employer's name and address;
- (3) Reason for the initial assessment (specific violation of DOT regulations and violation date):
- (4) Date(s) of the initial assessment and synopsis of the treatment plan;
- (5) Name of practice(s) or service(s) providing the recommended education and/or treatment;
- (6) Inclusive dates of employee's program participation;
- (7) Clinical characterization of employee's program participation;
- (8) SAP's clinical determination as to whether the employee has demonstrated successful compliance;
  - (9) Follow-up testing plan;
- (10) Employee's continuing care needs with specific treatment, aftercare, and/or support group services recommendations; and
  - (11) SAP's telephone number.
- (e) The SAP's written report concerning a follow-up evaluation that determines the employee has not demonstrated successful compliance must be on the SAP's own letterhead (and not the letterhead of another service agent), signed by the SAP and dated, and must contain the following items:
  - (1) Employee's name and SSN;
  - (2) Employer's name and address;
- (3) Reason for the initial assessment (specific DOT violation and date);
- (4) Date(s) of initial assessment and synopsis of treatment plan;
- (5) Name of practice(s) or service(s) providing the recommended education and/or treatment;