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**BUREAU FOR DEMOCRACY, CONFLICT, AND HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE (DCHA)
OFFICE OF U.S. FOREIGN DISASTER ASSISTANCE (OFDA)**

Horn of Africa – Complex Emergency

Fact Sheet #4, Fiscal Year (FY) 2008

July 21, 2008

Note: The last fact sheet was dated July 7, 2008

KEY DEVELOPMENTS

- On July 11, the Under-Secretary General for Humanitarian Affairs and U.N. Emergency Relief Coordinator John Holmes issued a statement highlighting the escalating humanitarian emergency affecting large areas of the Horn of Africa, including parts of Ethiopia, Somalia, Kenya, Djibouti, and Eritrea. The statement appealed for greater donor and humanitarian community support to address urgent food aid and other humanitarian assistance needs in the coming months.
- According to USAID-supported Famine Early Warning Systems Network (FEWS NET) reports, the number of food insecure people in the Horn of Africa region is expected to continue to increase in the coming months due to rising food costs and reduced crop production resulting from the poor performance of the March to May rains. Poor urban populations are particularly vulnerable to rising food prices due to a dependency on the market for the purchase of the majority of staple food needs.
- Since early July, the U.S. Government (USG) has provided more than \$189 million in additional humanitarian funding to enhance relief efforts in Eritrea, Ethiopia, Kenya, and Somalia in response to the regional food security crisis. Recent funding includes nearly \$13 million in USAID/OFDA support for critical food security and agriculture, nutrition, and water, sanitation, and hygiene interventions and nearly \$154 million in emergency food assistance from USAID’s Office of Food for Peace (USAID/FFP).

NUMBERS AT A GLANCE		SOURCE
Djibouti: Population in Need of Emergency Assistance	155,000	FEWS NET - July 2008
Eritrea: Estimated Population Facing Food Insecurity	1.7 million ¹	FAO ²
Ethiopia: Population in Need of Emergency Assistance	10.4 million	WFP ³ - June 12
Kenya: Population in Need of Emergency Assistance	1.2 million ⁴	OCHA ⁵ - June 20, 2008
Somalia: Population in Need of Emergency Assistance	2.6 million	FSAU ⁶ - May 9, 2008

FY 2008 HUMANITARIAN FUNDING PROVIDED TO DATE

USAID/OFDA Assistance to the Horn of Africa.....	\$72,846,803
USAID/FFP Assistance to the Horn of Africa.....	\$646,890,400
State/PRM⁷ Assistance to the Horn of Africa.....	\$29,490,398
Total USAID and State Humanitarian Assistance to the Horn of Africa.....	\$749,227,601

CURRENT SITUATION⁸

Eritrea

- On July 11, OCHA reported that wheat prices in Eritrea have risen 300 percent between February 2007 and February 2008, contributing to food security concerns for vulnerable populations.
- According to a July 7 European Commission-funded FOOD-SEC crop monitoring report, the agricultural regions of Gasha Barka, Maekel, and Debub received below average rainfall for the month of June, potentially negatively affecting crop production for the main agricultural June to September growing season if inadequate rainfall persists.

¹While accurate and timely information on the humanitarian situation in Eritrea is limited, FAO notes that approximately 1.7 million people have experienced food insecurity over the past decade, and recent reports of below average rainfall and increased prices for food within the country likely exacerbate ongoing food insecurity conditions.

²The U.N. Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO)

³The U.N. World Food Program (WFP)

⁴The 1.2 million figure includes 300,000 people affected by post-election violence and an additional 900,000 people in arid and semi-arid areas.

⁵The U.N. Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA)

⁶FAO’s Food Security Analysis Unit - Somalia (FSAU)

⁷U.S. Department of State’s Bureau of Population, Refugees, and Migration (State/PRM)

⁸Additional reports on Kenya, Ethiopia, and Somalia are available online at www.usaid.gov/our_work/humanitarian_assistance/disaster_assistance

- USAID/OFDA has provided an additional \$850,000 to support health, nutrition, and water, sanitation, and hygiene programs countrywide.

Djibouti

- As of mid-July, FEWS NET reported high and extreme food insecurity conditions in most pastoral areas in Djibouti. An estimated 155,000 people in both rural and urban areas currently require emergency aid, and approximately 341,000 people are expected to require emergency nutrition and water assistance by August, according to FEWS NET.
- WFP began distributing full food rations to 55,900 beneficiaries in July and plans to increase distributions to an estimated 115,000 people in the coming months through March 2009, according to FEWS NET. Approximately 2,175 metric tons (MT) of food assistance is required each month to meet expanded programming needs. However, in the absence of additional contributions, FEWS NET reports that shortfalls are expected to begin in November.
- Despite Government of Djibouti measures to reduce prices by eliminating taxes on staple foods and imported vegetables and fruits, continued price increases are further affecting food security for urban populations. According to FEWS NET, staple food prices increased by 15 percent in June and prices of non-staple food items increased by 7 percent. An estimated 55,000 people in Djibouti city currently require immediate emergency food assistance and FEWS NET noted that the figure is expected to rise if staple food prices continue to increase.

Ethiopia

- According to a July 11 OCHA report, food security continues to deteriorate in several areas of the country and Regional Health Bureaus have identified new emerging nutrition hot spot areas in Oromiya and Southern Nations, Nationalities, and Peoples (SNNP) regions. Recent non-governmental organization (NGO) rapid nutrition assessments have identified high rates of malnutrition in Borena, Bale, East Hararghe, and West Hararghe zones of Oromiya Region and Gurage, Silti, Kembata Tembaro, Sidama, and Hadiya zones in SNNP Region. As of July 7, the Government of the Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia (GFDRE) Emergency Nutrition and Coordination Unit data indicated that at least 20,000 children were receiving treatment in therapeutic feeding programs in SNNP and Oromiya regions.
- From July 4 to 6, USG Humanitarian Assistance Team (HAT) staff traveled to Babile, Goro Gutu, Gursum, and Meta woredas of East Hararghe Zone, Oromiya Region, and Jijiga Zone, Somali Region, to assess current drought conditions. USG HAT staff report that delayed June to October *meher* rains are negatively affecting maize and sorghum crops, contributing to increased food security concerns.
- In Somali Region, recent reports from OCHA highlight deteriorating food security conditions, severe water and pasture shortages, and significant increases in food prices, including the doubling, and in some areas tripling, of basic grain and imported food prices since January 2008. USG HAT staff emphasize the need for augmented humanitarian programs and improved logistical capacity to facilitate food distributions and address escalating needs.
- As of July 15, WFP reported food assistance shortfalls of approximately 256,000 MT, valued at approximately \$210 million, are hindering response efforts. In recent weeks, USAID/FFP has approved an additional 99,440 MT of food assistance, valued at approximately \$71 million, for emergency refugee and relief operations.
- On July 11, OCHA reported that locust and armyworm infestations are under control in Borena, and East Hararghe and West Hararghe zones, Oromiya Region, and that the majority of farmers have replanted damaged crops. However, armyworm infestations in some parts of Somali and SNNP regions continue to affect pasture and crops.
- As of July 17, the GFDRE Ministry of Health (MOH) reported a total of 995 cases of acute watery diarrhea (AWD) countrywide since January, including 11 AWD-related deaths. More than half of total reported AWD cases from January to June occurred in Oromiya and Amhara regions, according to the MOH. During the week of July 7, USAID/OFDA provided nearly \$4 million in additional funding for water, sanitation, and hygiene interventions in Ethiopia that will benefit more than 686,000 people.
- Since early July, USAID/OFDA has provided approximately \$11 million in additional agriculture and food security, humanitarian coordination, nutrition, and water, sanitation, and hygiene funding to Ethiopia. Recent funding includes \$3.8 million for nutrition interventions in Ethiopia, including \$800,000 to support community therapeutic care and nutrition education programs in Somali Region that will benefit an estimated 53,000 people.

Kenya

- On July 14, nine teams comprising representatives from WFP, the U.N. Children's Fund (UNICEF), the Government of Kenya (GOK), and NGOs began an assessment of food security and nutrition conditions in arid and semi-arid lands (ASAL) and post-election violence-affected areas. Preliminary projections indicate that food insecurity will affect 2 to 6 million Kenyans by September, and that an additional 8 million urban residents may be unable to meet daily nutrition requirements due to food price increases.
- According to FEWS NET, below-average agricultural production is expected in July and August, predominantly as a result of an estimated 25 percent reduction in cultivated land due to the impact of the post-election crisis and high

input prices. The GOK has approved the importation of 270,000 metric tons of maize in anticipation of a maize shortfall at the end of July, according to FEWS NET.

- A USAID/OFDA livestock specialist is currently in Kenya to assess the outbreak of the small livestock viral disease *peste des petites ruminants* (PPR) and meet with livestock experts, humanitarian partners, and U.N. agencies. According to GOK officials, PPR has killed an estimated 1.2 million goats and sheep and infected an additional 3.6 million in affected areas since the disease was first detected in Kenya in 2006.

Somalia

- Significant deterioration in security conditions in recent weeks in Somalia, characterized by increased attacks against civilians, humanitarian staff, and civil society groups, is resulting in new displacement, hindering relief efforts, and in some cases halting critical humanitarian assistance. As of July 16, the U.N. reported that 20 aid workers had been killed in 2008, while another 13 aid workers remain held hostage in Somalia. In addition, the U.N. reports 25 carjackings and/or attempted carjackings, in addition to 82 incidents related to the looting of food aid distribution sites, warehouses, and convoys to date in 2008.
- On July 15, the U. N. Resident and Humanitarian Coordinator for Somalia issued a statement expressing concern over the deteriorating security conditions for U.N. and NGO humanitarian staff in Somalia, and urging Somali communities to provide an environment conducive to the delivery of humanitarian assistance.
- On July 4, FSAU released the results from 11 nutrition surveys conducted in Gedo, Bakool, Lower Shabelle, Middle Shabelle, Galgadud, and Mudug regions in May and June. Results indicate sustained critical levels of acute malnutrition in most areas and escalating global acute malnutrition (GAM) rates above 20 percent in parts of the country, including Gedo and Bakool regions and among IDP populations. The most significant deterioration in nutrition conditions occurred in Bakool Region, where the May 2008 assessment identified GAM rates of 24.1 percent and severe acute malnutrition (SAM) rates of 3.2 percent, in comparison to 14.3 percent GAM and 3.4 percent SAM recorded in November 2007.
- WFP and CARE continue to report possible pipeline breaks in emergency food rations in the coming months due to commodity shortfalls. As of July 15, WFP cited a shortfall of 62,000 MT of emergency food assistance valued at approximately \$55 million to meet projected food needs from July through December. In recent weeks, USAID/FFP has an additional 50,000MT, valued at more than \$50.3 million for emergency food assistance programs.
- In recent weeks, USAID/OFDA has provided more than \$11.5 million in additional funding to Somalia, including nearly \$1 million for agriculture and food security programs and nearly \$5.5 million for water, sanitation, and hygiene activities, benefiting more than 739,000 people.

USAID AND STATE HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE

- On May 21, 2008, U.S. Ambassador W. Stuart Symington issued a disaster declaration for Djibouti due to the effects of the drought. In response, USAID/OFDA has provided nearly \$500,000 to support an emergency response program for affected populations and provide therapeutic feeding for up to 25,000 acutely malnourished children. USAID/FFP has contributed 2,360 MT of emergency food assistance valued at approximately \$2.7 million, and State/PRM has provided \$120,000 in earmarked funds for Somali refugee assistance activities.
- On October 12, 2007, U.S. Chargé d'Affaires Jennifer A. McIntyre renewed the Eritrea disaster declaration in response to ongoing food and water insecurity. To date in FY 2008, USAID/OFDA has contributed more than \$3 million for nutrition and water, sanitation, and hygiene activities in drought-affected areas in Eritrea.
- On October 15, 2007, U.S. Ambassador Donald Y. Yamamoto reissued a disaster declaration in response to the ongoing complex emergency in Ethiopia. To date in FY 2008, USAID/OFDA has provided more than \$31.1 million for health, nutrition, agriculture and food security, and water, sanitation, and hygiene interventions targeting drought-affected populations in Amhara, Oromiya, Tigray, SNNP, and Somali regions. USAID/OFDA funds also support international coordination and information sharing among humanitarian actors operating throughout the country. USAID/FFP has provided more than \$360 million in food assistance to Ethiopia to date in FY 2008, including nearly \$185 million in emergency food commodities and more than \$176 million in contributions to the government-managed Productive Safety Net Program (PSNP). To date in FY 2008, State/PRM has provided \$5.3 million in earmarked funds for refugee assistance programs in Ethiopia.
- On January 3, 2008, U.S. Ambassador Michael E. Ranneberger declared a disaster due to the effects of election-related violence in Kenya. To date in FY 2008, USAID/OFDA has provided \$11.3 million in humanitarian assistance targeting populations affected by the post-election turmoil, and a USAID/OFDA Early Recovery Team based in Nairobi continues to monitor conditions throughout western and northern regions. USAID/FFP has provided nearly \$71 million in emergency and development food relief for pastoralists, internally displaced persons, and other vulnerable groups to date in FY 2008. State/PRM has contributed nearly \$15 million in earmarked funds to support primarily Somali and Sudanese refugee populations in northern Kenya and humanitarian services for internally displaced Kenyan populations to date in FY 2008.

- On October 3, 2007, U.S. Ambassador Michael E. Ranneberger redeclared a disaster due to the ongoing complex emergency in Somalia. USAID/OFDA's primary focus in Somalia is addressing the basic humanitarian needs of the most vulnerable populations through health, nutrition, and water, sanitation, and hygiene activities. To date in FY 2008, USAID/OFDA has provided nearly \$27 million for emergency interventions, and ongoing programs from FY 2007 funding continue to assist more than 2 million beneficiaries. In response to the growing food insecurity crisis, USAID/FFP has provided approximately \$198 million in emergency food aid for Somalia, more than tripling FY 2007 food contributions. To date in FY 2008, State/PRM has committed more than \$9.1 million in support of ongoing humanitarian services for displaced and vulnerable populations countrywide, as well as refugees in Somalia.

USAID AND STATE HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO DJIBOUTI

USG ASSISTANCE TO DJIBOUTI IN FY 2008			
<i>Implementing Partner</i>	<i>Activity</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Amount</i>
USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE¹			
UNICEF	Nutrition	Countrywide	\$497,550
TOTAL USAID/OFDA			\$497,550
USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE			
WFP	2,360 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Countrywide	\$2,734,900
TOTAL USAID/FFP			\$2,734,900
STATE/PRM ASSISTANCE			
UNHCR	Refugee Assistance	Countrywide	\$100,000
Life International	Refugee Assistance	Ali Sabieh Region	\$20,000
TOTAL STATE/PRM			\$120,000
TOTAL USAID AND STATE HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO DJIBOUTI IN FY 2008			\$3,352,450

¹ USAID/OFDA funding represents anticipated or actual obligated amounts as of July 21, 2008.

² Estimated value of food assistance.

USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO ERITREA

USG ASSISTANCE TO ERITREA IN FY 2008			
<i>Implementing Partner</i>	<i>Activity</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Amount</i>
USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE¹			
OCHA	Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management	Countrywide	\$250,000
UNICEF	Health, Nutrition, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Countrywide	\$2,663,436
	Program Support Costs	Countrywide	\$92,968
TOTAL USAID/OFDA			\$3,006,404
TOTAL USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO ERITREA IN FY 2008			\$3,006,404

¹ USAID/OFDA funding represents anticipated or actual obligated amounts as of July 21, 2008.

USAID AND STATE HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO ETHIOPIA

USG ASSISTANCE TO ETHIOPIA IN FY 2008			
<i>Implementing Partner</i>	<i>Activity</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Amount</i>
USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE¹			
ADRA	Nutrition	Somali Region	\$800,000
CHF	Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Somali Region	\$1,449,973
Concern	Nutrition	Amhara, Oromiya, Tigray, and SNNP Regions	\$2,580,737
Catholic Relief Services (CRS)	Agriculture and Food Security, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	SNNP Region	\$750,000

DPPA	Logistics and Relief Commodities	Countrywide	\$418,625
GOAL	Nutrition	Countrywide	\$3,000,000
International Committee for the Development of Peoples (CISP)	Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Oromiya Region	\$175,000
International Medical Corps (IMC)	Health, Nutrition, Risk Reduction	Oromiya and SNNP Regions	\$1,150,199
International Rescue Committee (IRC)	Logistics and Relief Commodities, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Countrywide	\$4,217,516
Merlin	Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Oromiya Region	\$628,569
Mercy Corps	Agriculture and Food Security	Oromiya and Somali Regions	\$1,355,887
Samaritan's Purse	Agriculture and Food Security, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	SNNP, Gambella, and Somali Regions	\$652,967
Save the Children/U.K. (SC/UK)	Agriculture and Food Security, Economy and Market Systems, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Somali Region	\$1,724,436
U.N. Development Program	Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management	Somali Region	\$363,051
FAO	Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management	Somali Region	\$1,309,678
UNICEF	Health, Nutrition, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Somali, SNNP, and Oromiya Regions	\$7,336,442
OCHA	Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management	Somali Region	\$500,000
WFP	Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management, Logistics and Emergency Relief Supplies	Somali Region	\$510,680
USAID's Pastoralist Livelihoods Initiative	Risk Reduction	Countrywide	\$1,000,000
Tufts University	Risk Reduction	Somali Region	\$100,000
FEWS NET	Agriculture and Food Security	Countrywide	\$483,232
	Administrative Support	Countrywide	\$657,956
TOTAL USAID/OFDA			\$31,164,948
USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE²			
WFP	247,490 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance and Emerson Trust	Countrywide	\$184,615,700
WFP and NGO Partners	214,210 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance (toward the Productive Safety Net Program)	Countrywide	\$176,314,000
TOTAL USAID/FFP			\$360,929,700
STATE/PRM ASSISTANCE			
IRC	Refugee Assistance in Shimelba Camp	Tigray Region	\$500,000
UNHCR	Refugee Protection and Assistance	Countrywide	\$4,800,000
Somali Cultural Literacy Center	Refugee Assistance	Addis Ababa Region	\$2,222
Africa Humanitarian Action	Refugee Assistance in Shimelba Camp	Tigray Region	\$8,378
ZOA	Refugee Assistance in Shimelba Camp	Tigray Region	\$9,400
TOTAL STATE/PRM			\$5,320,000
TOTAL USAID AND STATE HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO ETHIOPIA IN FY 2008			\$397,414,648

¹ USAID/OFDA funding represents anticipated or actual obligated amounts as of July 21, 2008.

² Estimated value of food assistance.

USAID AND STATE HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO KENYA

USG ASSISTANCE TO KENYA IN FY 2008			
<i>Implementing Partner</i>	<i>Activity</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Amount</i>
USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE¹			
African Medical and Research Foundation (AMREF)	Health	Nairobi	\$197,857
Catholic Relief Services (CRS)	Economy and Market Systems, Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management, Logistics and Emergency Relief Supplies, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Coast, Nyanza, Eastern, Western, and Rift Valley Provinces	\$6,014,029
German Agro Action	Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Coast, Eastern Provinces	\$1,006,250
IMC	Health, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Rift Valley Province	\$500,000
Kenya Red Cross Society	Emergency Relief Supplies, Including Transportation	Countrywide	\$365,400
Merlin	Health	Nyanza Province	\$189,940
UNHCR	Protection, Shelter and Settlements	Countrywide	\$773,825
UNICEF	Health, Nutrition, and Protection	Countrywide	\$2,053,000
	Program Support Costs	Countrywide	\$161,801
TOTAL USAID/OFDA			\$11,262,102
USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE²			
ADRA	4,280 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Countrywide	\$3,571,900
CARE	3,590 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Countrywide	\$3,096,800
Food for the Hungry International (FHI)	3,210 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Countrywide	\$2,753,400
WFP	70,120 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Countrywide	\$76,020,700
TOTAL USAID/FFP			\$85,442,800
STATE/PRM ASSISTANCE			
CARE	Refugee Assistance in Dadaab Camp	North Eastern Province	\$1,000,000
ICRC	IDP Protection and Assistance, Health, Shelter, and Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Countrywide	\$3,400,000
IRC	Refugee Assistance in Kakuma Camp	Turkana District, Rift Valley Province	\$1,437,236
Lutheran World Federation	Refugee Assistance in Kakuma Camp	Turkana District, Rift Valley Province	\$455,869
UNHCR	Refugee Protection and Assistance, IDP Assistance, Camp Coordination and Management, and Emergency Shelter	Countrywide	\$8,650,000
Heshima Kenya	Refugee Assistance	Nairobi	\$7,293
TOTAL STATE/PRM			\$14,950,398
TOTAL USAID AND STATE HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO KENYA IN FY 2008			\$111,655,300

¹ USAID/OFDA funding represents anticipated or actual obligated amounts as of July 21, 2008.² Estimated value of food assistance.

USAID AND STATE HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO SOMALIA

USG ASISTANCE TO SOMALIA IN FY 2008			
<i>Implementing Partner</i>	<i>Activity</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Amount</i>
USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE¹			
ADRA	Agriculture and Food Security, Risk Reduction, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Bay, and Bakool Regions	\$1,500,000
CARE	Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management, Economy and Market Systems, Logistics and Relief Commodities, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Countrywide	\$4,000,000
FAO	Agriculture and Food Security, Nutrition	Countrywide	\$2,100,000
IMC	Agriculture and Food Security, Nutrition, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Bakool, Bay, and Hiran Regions	\$1,022,629
ICRC	Health, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Countrywide	\$1,000,000
Medair Swiss	Health, Nutrition, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Middle Shabelle Region	\$865,384
Mercy Corps	Economy and Market Systems, Logistics and Relief Commodities, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Lower Juba, Middle Juba, Lower Shabelle, and Bari regions	\$2,099,307
Mercy USA	Health, Nutrition, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Hiran, Galgadud, Middle Juba, and Middle Shabelle regions	\$761,347
Merlin	Health, Nutrition, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Galgadud Region	\$576,274
OCHA	Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management	Countrywide	\$300,000
UNHCR	Protection, Shelter and Settlements	Countrywide	\$2,000,000
UNICEF	U.N. Common Air Service	Countrywide	\$800,000
UNICEF	Health, Logistics and Relief Commodities, Nutrition, Protection, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Countrywide	\$7,500,346
U.N. World Health Organization	Health	Countrywide	\$697,961
World Concern	Agriculture and Food Security, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Middle Juba Region	\$699,991
World Vision	Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Middle Juba Region	\$750,000
FEWS NET	Agriculture and Food Security	Countrywide	\$194,221
	Program support costs		\$48,339
TOTAL USAID/OFDA			\$26,915,799
USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE²			
CARE	81,030 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Hiran, Gedo, Middle Shabelle, Galgudud, Mudug Regions	\$70,622,400
WFP	130,290 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Countrywide	\$127,160,600
TOTAL USAID/FFP³			\$197,783,000
STATE/PRM ASSISTANCE			

UNHCR	Refugee Protection and Assistance, IDP Protection, Logistics, and Shelter	Countrywide	\$3,700,000
ICRC	Protection, Health, Relief Commodities, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Countrywide	\$5,400,000
TOTAL STATE/PRM			\$9,100,000
TOTAL USAID AND STATE HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO SOMALIA IN FY 2008			\$233,798,799

¹ USAID/OFDA funding represents anticipated or actual obligated amounts as of July 21, 2008.

² Estimated value of food assistance.

PUBLIC DONATION INFORMATION

- The most effective way people can assist relief efforts is by making cash contributions to humanitarian organizations that are conducting relief operations. Information on organizations responding to the humanitarian situation in the Horn of Africa may be available at www.reliefweb.int.
- USAID encourages cash donations because they allow aid professionals to procure the exact items needed (often in the affected region); reduce the burden on scarce resources (such as transportation routes, staff time, warehouse space, etc); can be transferred very quickly and without transportation costs; support the economy of the disaster-stricken region; and ensure culturally, dietary, and environmentally appropriate assistance.
- More information can be found at:
 - USAID: www.usaid.gov – Keyword: Donations
 - The Center for International Disaster Information: www.cidi.org or (703) 276-1914
 - Information on relief activities of the humanitarian community can be found at www.reliefweb.int