

U.S. AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

BUREAU FOR DEMOCRACY, CONFLICT, AND HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE (DCHA)
OFFICE OF U.S. FOREIGN DISASTER ASSISTANCE (OFDA)

Horn of Africa (Djibouti, Ethiopia, Kenya, & Somalia) – Complex Emergency

Situation Report #18, Fiscal Year (FY) 2006

May 31, 2006

Note: The last situation report was dated May 26, 2006.

BACKGROUND

Successive seasons of failed rains contributed to a humanitarian emergency across the Horn of Africa. Poverty, weak governance, and in some cases political marginalization of local populations have compounded chronic food insecurity in the region. According to the U.N. Consolidated Appeals Process (CAP) for the Horn of Africa, the drought is affecting more than 15 million people, of whom 8 million people are in need of immediate humanitarian assistance. The most-affected populations are primarily located in pastoral areas of southern Somalia, northern Kenya, and southern and southeastern Ethiopia. Insecurity is hampering relief efforts and limiting humanitarian access throughout Somalia and in parts of Somali Region of Ethiopia. A U.S. government (USG) assessment team, deployed in late March, continues to evaluate humanitarian conditions in the region.

Numbers at a Glance			
Country	Estimated Numbers of Most-Affected	Source	
Djibouti	88,000	Horn of Africa CAP – April 7, 2006	
Ethiopia	2.6 million	Horn of Africa CAP – April 7, 2006	
Kenya	3.5 million	Horn of Africa CAP – April 7, 2006	
Somalia	2.1 million	Horn of Africa CAP – April 7, 2006	

CURRENT SITUATION

Kenya. From May 22 to 24, a USG assessment team traveled to Garissa District, North Eastern Province to assess health and nutrition conditions. The team noted that access to health services was limited in the district. According to District Ministry of Health officials, 6 of the district's 30 health facilities were not operational due to staff shortages and infrastructural challenges. In addition, health facilities had catchment areas of 50 to 80 km, requiring residents to travel long distances to access healthcare. The team visited health centers in Bura and Modogashe localities and a dispensary in Dujis locality, and reported that the facilities had adequate supplies of drugs. However, the centers lacked sufficient staff for outreach activities or vehicles to transport patients to the district hospital for specialized care. In areas visited, the major morbidities for children were malaria, upper respiratory tract infections, and diarrheal disease.

*Ethiopia*¹. On May 28, a USG health officer arrived in Ethiopia to assist USG assessment team members already in country. On May 31, a USG assessment team, including a health officer, field officer, and program monitor, departed for Borena Zone, Oromiya

The U.N. World Food Program (WFP) reported that despite favorable rains, continued emergency food assistance will be required until livestock conditions substantially improve and recovery of communities becomes visible. Daily food dispatches by the Government of Ethiopia's Disaster Prevention and Preparedness Agency (DPPA) continue. However, the U.N. Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA) reported that distribution of the commodities to beneficiaries was delayed due to ongoing insecurity and poor road conditions from heavy rains.

Somalia². On May 30, a USG assessment team member attended the interagency steering committee health and nutrition cluster meeting in Nairobi, chaired by the U.N. World Health Organization (WHO). During the meeting, humanitarian agencies reported that the recent violence in Mogadishu had resulted in population

² Further information on the situation in Somalia and the USG response can be found in the USAID/OFDA Somalia Situation Report, located at www.usaid.gov/our_work/humanitarian assistance/disaster_assistance

Region. The team will assess conditions in drought-affected areas and monitor the progress of USG-funded community-based therapeutic care programs and nutrition interventions.

¹ Further information on the situation in Ethiopia and the USG response can be found in the USAID/OFDA Ethiopia Situation Report, located at www.usaid.gov/our_work/humanitarian_assistance/disaster_assistance

displacement and temporary suspension of commercial activities. Scheduled immunization campaigns were also affected. Agencies reported that the measles vaccination campaign in Mogadishu was delayed due to insecurity. The polio campaign is scheduled for the first week of June, and agencies expect that organizers will be able to carry out the campaign, as the required resources are available locally. No major disease outbreak was reported and aid agencies continued to assess the health impact of the violence in Mogadishu. The U.N. Children's Fund (UNICEF) and WHO have pre-positioned cholera treatment supplies and emergency health kits in southern and central regions, including Mogadishu, as part of contingency planning for disease outbreaks.

At the May 30 meeting, humanitarian agencies noted the need to enhance nutritional support programs in southern and central regions. UNICEF and implementing partners are expanding therapeutic and supplemental feeding programs and looking to support mobile health services with allocations from the U.N.'s Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF).

Djibouti. From May 19 to 26, WFP distributed 395 metric tons (MT) of food commodities, including USG food assistance, to drought-affected pastoralists in the southern livelihood dependent zones.

U.S. GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE

The USG's ongoing assistance programs in the Horn of Africa are enabling humanitarian aid agencies to respond quickly to the current emergency. To date in FY 2006, the USG has committed more than \$218 million for immediate life-saving interventions, targeting the most affected areas in the Horn of Africa with water and sanitation, health, nutrition, and food assistance.

USAID's drought-response strategy in the Horn of Africa includes the following humanitarian interventions: treating children suffering from acute malnutrition, providing emergency health services to vulnerable populations, rehabilitating water sources and facilitating the creation or enhancement of local water committees, providing animal vaccines, introducing small-scale livelihoods activities, and supporting logistics for relief operations.

Kenya. To date in FY 2006, the USG has provided more than \$76.3 million for humanitarian activities in Kenya. USAID has contributed more than \$71 million to support programs in Kenya. With nearly \$2.3 million

from USAID's Office of U.S. Foreign Disaster Assistance (USAID/OFDA), implementing partners are providing urgently needed water and sanitation and health interventions. USAID's Office of Food for Peace (USAID/FFP) has provided 98,340 MT of P.L. 480 Title II emergency food assistance, valued at more than \$68.8 million, to WFP's drought relief and refugee feeding programs. In addition, the U.S. Department of State's Bureau of Population, Refugees, and Migration (State/PRM) has contributed more than \$5 million to the Office of the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) for programs to support refugees in Kenya.

Ethiopia. The USG has provided more than \$51.5 million for humanitarian activities in Ethiopia in FY 2006, including more than \$49.2 million through USAID. USAID/OFDA has designated more than \$6.5 million to treat severely malnourished children; increase access to safe drinking water; improve hygiene, sanitation, health care, and food security; and promote livelihoods in the most affected areas. The USG is the largest donor of food assistance to Ethiopia, committing 76,660 MT of P.L. 480 Title II emergency food assistance, valued at more than \$42.7 million, through USAID/FFP. USAID/FFP provides food assistance to vulnerable populations through direct distribution, foodfor-work programs, emergency school feeding, maternal and child health, and selective feeding programs. In addition, State/PRM has provided \$2.3 million to UNHCR and more than \$3 million to non-governmental organizations to assist refugees.

Somalia. To date in FY 2006, the USG has committed more than \$85.2 million to support humanitarian activities in Somalia. USAID has provided more than \$84.1 million, including both food and non-food assistance. Of this total, USAID/OFDA has provided more than \$2.7 million for emergency water and sanitation programs and nutrition, food security, and agriculture activities to assist affected populations. USAID/FFP has contributed 121,760 MT of P.L. 480 Title II emergency food assistance, valued at \$81.4 million. More than \$1 million from State/PRM to UNHCR supports the Somalia country program.

Djibouti. The USG has contributed more than \$2.3 million to programs supporting humanitarian activities in Djibouti in FY 2006. USAID/OFDA is providing \$200,000 to the U.N. Children's Fund (UNICEF) for emergency immunizations and nutritional surveillance activities. USAID/FFP has contributed 3,210 MT of P.L. 480 Title II emergency food assistance, valued at nearly \$2.1 million, to meet the needs of 70,000 people.

U.S. GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE TO KENYA

Implementing Partner	Activity	Location	Amount
	USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE ¹		
Catholic Relief Services (CRS)	Water and Sanitation	Eastern and Coast Provinces	\$497,448
German Agro-Action (GAA)	Water and Sanitation	Eastern Province	\$500,000
UNICEF	Water and Sanitation	North Eastern Province	\$442,000
UNICEF	Health	Countrywide	\$350,000
World Vision	Water and Sanitation	Rift Valley Province	\$459,196
	Administrative and Support Costs	Countrywide	\$15,230
TOTAL USAID/OFDA			\$2,263,874
	USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE ²		
WFP	69,590 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	North, Northeast, and Southwest Kenya	\$49,827,359
WFP	28,750 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Refugee Camps in Northern Kenya	\$18,985,400
TOTAL USAID/FFP			\$68,812,759
	STATE/PRM ASSISTANCE		
International Rescue Committee (IRC)	Refugee Health	Kakuma Refugee Camp	\$1,964,000
Lutheran World Relief	Refugee Camp Care and Maintenance	Kakuma Refugee Camp	\$1,103,305
UNHCR	Refugee Assistance	Countrywide	\$5,250,000
TOTAL STATE/PRM			\$8,317,305
TOTAL USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO KENYA IN FY 2006			\$71,076,633
TOTAL USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO KENYA IN FY 2006 \$7			\$79,393,938

U.S. GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE TO ETHIOPIA

Implementing Partner	Activity	Location	Amount
	USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE ¹		
CHF International	Water and Sanitation, Health	Somali Region	\$648,889
CISP	Water and Sanitation, Health	Oromiya Region	\$600,000
GOAL	Nutrition	Countrywide	\$1,000,000
International Medical Corps (IMC)	Nutrition	Somali and Oromiya Regions	\$765,652
IRC	Water and Sanitation	Afar, Oromiya, SNNPR, and Somali Regions	\$1,029,181
Merlin	Water and Sanitation	Somali and Oromiya Regions	\$534,210
Population Services International (PSI)	Water and Sanitation, Humanitarian Relief Supplies	Somali and Oromiya Regions	\$197,009
UNICEF	Health	Countrywide	\$300,000
WFP	Food Security and Agriculture	Countrywide	\$1,000,000

¹USAID/OFDA funding represents anticipated or actual obligated amounts as of May 31, 2006.
² This does not include 34,650 MT of P.L. 480 Title II development food assistance, with a value of more than \$11.8 million, provided in FY 2006 to the Consortium, comprising the Adventist Development Relief Agency, CARE, CRS, Food for the Hungry, and World Vision.

	Administrative and Support Costs	Countrywide	\$437,907
TOTAL USAID/OFDA			\$6,512,848
	USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE ²		
WFP	57,510 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Countrywide	\$33,621,700
NGO partners	19,150 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Countrywide	\$9,142,300
TOTAL USAID/FFP \$42,764,00			\$42,764,000
STATE/PRM ASSISTANCE			
UNHCR	Refugee Assistance	Countrywide	\$2,300,000
TOTAL STATE/PRM			\$2,300,000
TOTAL USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO ETHIOPIA IN FY 2006 \$49,276,84			\$49,276,848
TOTAL USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO ETHIOPIA IN FY 2006			\$51,576,848

U.S. GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE TO SOMALIA

Implementing Partner	Activity	Location	Amount	
USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE ¹				
Adventist Development and Relief Agency (ADRA)	Water and Sanitation	Bakol Region	\$449,267	
IMC	Nutrition, Food Security and Agriculture	Bakol Region	\$199,833	
FAO	Nutrition Surveillance	Countrywide	\$700,000	
UNICEF	Water and Sanitation	Countrywide	\$1,150,000	
World Vision	Water and Sanitation	Middle Juba Region	\$250,000	
	Administrative and Support Costs	Countrywide	\$10,500	
TOTAL USAID/OFDA	TOTAL USAID/OFDA \$2,759,600			
	USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE			
CARE	73,410 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Southern and Central	\$48,113,000	
WFP	48,350 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Countrywide	\$33,287,000	
TOTAL USAID/FFP	TOTAL USAID/FFP \$81,400,0			
STATE/PRM ASSISTANCE				
UNHCR	Refugee Assistance	Countrywide	\$1,070,000	
TOTAL STATE/PRM \$1,070,00			\$1,070,000	
TOTAL USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO SOMALIA IN FY 2006			\$84,159,600	
TOTAL USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO SOMALIA IN FY 2006 \$8			\$85,229,600	
USAID/OFDA funding represents anticipated or actual obligated amounts as of May 31, 2006				

USAID/OFDA funding represents anticipated or actual obligated amounts as of May 31, 2006.

U.S. GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE TO DJIBOUTI

Implementing Partner	Activity	Location	Amount
USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE ¹			
UNICEF	Health and Nutrition	Countrywide	\$200,000
TOTAL USAID/OFDA \$200,000			

¹USAID/OFDA funding represents anticipated or actual obligated amounts as of May 31, 2006.
²USAID/FFP also contributes 16,660 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance valued at \$15.8 million for the Government of Ethiopia's Productive Safety Net Program.

USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE ²			
WFP	3,210 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Countrywide	\$2,089,300
TOTAL USAID/FFP			\$2,089,300
TOTAL USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO DJIBOUTI IN FY 2006			\$2,289,300
TOTAL USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO DJIBOUTI IN FY 2006			\$2,289,300

¹USAID/OFDA funding represents anticipated or actual obligated amounts as of May 31, 2006.

TOTAL U.S. GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE TO THE HORN OF AFRICA

USAID/OFDA ¹	\$11,736,322
USAID/FFP	\$195,066,059
STATE/PRM	\$11,687,305
TOTAL FY 2006 USAID FUNDING: DJIBOUTI, ETHIOPIA, KENYA, & SOMALIA	\$206,802,381
TOTAL FY 2006 USG FUNDING: DJIBOUTI, ETHIOPIA, KENYA, & SOMALIA ²	\$218,489,686

¹ USAID/OFDA funding represents anticipated or actual obligated amounts as of May 31, 2006.

Gregory C. Gottlieb Acting Director

Office of U.S. Foreign Disaster Assistance

² On April 6, President George W. Bush announced a USG commitment of an additional \$92 million to diminish the underlying causes of food insecurity in the Horn of Africa. The pledge includes Congressional funding for early intervention to prevent or mitigate the effects of severe food insecurity. Part of the total amount pledged is reflected in the total FY 2006 USG Funding to Djibouti, Ethiopia, Kenya, and Somalia.