facilities. National securities exchanges obtain funds to pay their Section 31 fees to the Commission by charging fees to broker-dealers who generate the covered sales on which Section 31 fees are based. An exchange can obtain most of these funds by imposing a fee on one of its members whenever the member is on the sell side of a transaction. However, when the exchange accepts an ITS commitment to buy, the ultimate seller is a party on another market. The exchange lacks the ability to pass a fee to that seller directly, because the seller may not be a member of the exchange. Under the proposed arrangement, which the Commission understands will be adopted by each of the ITS participant exchanges,17 the exchange that routed the ITS commitment away will continue to collect a fee from the broker-dealer that placed the sell order. Then, with respect to each ITS participant exchange, the exchange will determine whether it is a net sender or net receiver of ITS trades and send fees to or accept fees from each other exchange accordingly. The Commission believes this is an equitable manner for the exchanges to obtain funds to pay their Section 31 fees on covered sales resulting from ITS trades.

Under Section 19(b)(2) of the Act,18 the Commission may not approve any proposed rule change prior to the thirtieth day after the date of publication of the notice of filing thereof, unless the Commission finds good cause for so doing. The Commission hereby finds good cause for approving the proposed rule change prior to the thirtieth day after publishing notice of filing thereof in the Federal Register. In this case, the Commission does not believe a comment period is necessary because all of the parties affected by the proposed fee—the other ITS participant exchanges—have already consented to and will adopt the same fee arrangement. 19

For the reasons set forth above, the Commission finds good cause to accelerate approval of the proposed rule change pursuant to Section 19(b)(2) of the Act.²⁰

V. Conclusion

It is therefore ordered, pursuant to Section 19(b)(2) of the Act,²¹ that the

proposed rule change (SR-Phlx-2005-64) is hereby approved on an accelerated basis.

For the Commission, by the Division of Market Regulation, pursuant to delegated authority. 22

Jonathan G. Katz,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. E5–6247 Filed 11–10–05; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 8010–01–P**

SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

[Disaster Declaration # 10224]

California Disaster # CA-00021 Declaration of Economic Injury

AGENCY: Small Business Administration. **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: This is a notice of an Economic Injury Disaster Loan (EIDL) declaration for the State of California, dated 10/27/2005.

Incident: Lake Tahoe Sewage Spill. Incident Period: 07/19/2005. Effective Date: 10/27/2005. EIDL Loan Application Deadline Date: 07/27/2006.

ADDRESSES: Submit completed loan applications to: U.S. Small Business Administration, National Processing and Disbursement Center, 14925 Kingsport Road, Fort Worth, TX 76155.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: A. Escobar, Office of Disaster Assistance, U.S. Small Business Administration, 409 3rd Street, Suite 6050, Washington, DC 20416.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice is hereby given that as a result of the Administrator's EIDL declaration on 10/27/2005, applications for economic injury disaster loans may be filed at the address listed above or other locally announced locations.

The following areas have been determined to be adversely affected by the disaster:

Primary Counties:

Placer

Contiguous Counties:

California

El Dorado, Nevada, Sacramento, Sutter, Yuba.

Nevada

Carson City, Douglas, Washoe. The Interest Rate is: 4.000.

The number assigned to this disaster for economic injury is 102240.

The States which received an EIDL Declaration # are California and Nevada.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number 59002) Dated: October 27, 2005.

Hector V. Barreto,

Administrator.

[FR Doc. 05–22535 Filed 11–10–05; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 8025–01–P

SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

[Disaster Declaration # 10205 and # 10206]

Louisiana Disaster Number LA-00004

AGENCY: Small Business Administration. **ACTION:** Amendment 8.

SUMMARY: This is an amendment of the Presidential declaration of a major disaster for the State of Louisiana (FEMA-1607-DR), dated 09/24/2005.

Incident: Hurricane Rita. Incident Period: 09/23/2005 and continuing through 11/01/2005. Effective Date: 11/01/2005.

Physical Loan Application Deadline Date: 01/11/2006.

EIDL Loan Application Deadline Date: 06/26/2006.

ADDRESSES: Submit completed loan applications to: U.S. Small Business Administration, National Processing And Disbursement Center, 14925 Kingsport Road, Fort Worth, TX 76155.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: A. Escobar, Office of Disaster Assistance, U.S. Small Business Administration, 409 3rd Street, Suite 6050, Washington, DC 20416.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The notice of the President's major disaster declaration for the State of Louisiana, dated 09/24/2005, is hereby amended to establish the incident period for this disaster as beginning 09/23/2005 and continuing through 11/01/2005.

All other information in the original declaration remains unchanged.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Numbers 59002 and 59008)

Cheri L. Cannon,

 $\label{lem:Acting Associate Administrator for Disaster Assistance.} Acting Associate Administrator for Disaster Assistance.$

[FR Doc. 05–22533 Filed 11–10–05; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 8025–01–P

SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

[Disaster Declaration # 10176 and # 10177]

LOUISIANA Disaster Number LA-00002

AGENCY: Small Business Administration. **ACTION:** Amendment 2.

SUMMARY: This is an amendment of the Presidential declaration of a major disaster for the State of Louisiana (FEMA–1603–DR), dated 08/29/2005.

¹⁷ See letter from George W. Mann, Jr., Executive Vice President and General Counsel, BSE, and Chairman, Subcommittee, to Michael Gaw, Assistant Director, Division, Commission, dated September 29, 2005.

¹⁸ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(2).

¹⁹ See supra note 17.

²⁰ *Id*.

²¹ Id.

²² 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).