continue to seek information, comments, and assistance from Federal, Tribal, State, and local agencies and other individuals or organizations that may be interested in or affected by the proposed actions.

The Forest Service believes, at this early stage, it is important to give reviewers notice of several court rulings related to public participation in the environmental review process. First, reviewers of draft environmental impact statements must structure their participation in the environmental review of the proposal so that it is meaningful and alerts an agency to the reviewer's position and contentions. Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Corp. v. NRDC, 435 U.S. 519, 533 (1978). Also, environmental objections that could be raised at the draft environmental impact statement stage but that are not raised until after completion of the final environmental impact statement may be waived or dismissed by the courts. City of Angoon v. Hodel, 803 F.2d 1016, 1022 (9th Cir. 1986) and Wisconsin Heritages, Inc. v. Harris, 490 F. Supp. 1334, 1338 (E.D. Wis. 1980). Because of these court rulings, it is very important that those interested in this proposed action participate by the close of the 45 comment period so that substantive comments and objections are made available to the Forest Service at a time when it can meaningfully consider them and respond to them in the final supplemental environmental impact statement.

To assist the Forest Service in identifying and considering issues and concerns on the proposed action, comments on the draft supplemental environmental impact statement should be as specific as possible. It is also helpful if comments refer to specific pages or chapters of the draft statement. Comments may also address the adequacy of the draft environmental impact statement or the merits of the alternatives formulated and discussed in the statement. Reviewers may wish to refer to the Council on Environmental Quality Regulations for implementing the procedural provisions of the National Environmental Policy Act at 40 CFR 1503.3 in addressing these points.

Comments received, including the names and addressees of those who comment, will be considered part of the public record on this proposal and will be available for public inspection.

The Idaho Panhandle National Forests Supervisor will make a decision on the project after considering comments and responses, environmental consequences discussed in the Final Supplemental EIS, and applicable laws, regulations and policies. The decision and supporting reasons will be documented in a Record of Decision.

(Authority: 40 CFR 1501.7 and 1508.22; Forest Service Handbook 1909.15, Section 21)

Dated: November 14, 2005.

#### Ranotta K. McNair,

Forest Supervisor, Idaho Panhandle National Forests.

[FR Doc. 05–22968 Filed 11–18–05; 8:45am] **BILLING CODE 3410–11–M** 

#### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

# **Bureau of the Census**

[Docket Number 051107295-5295-01]

### **Annual Retail Trade Survey**

**AGENCY:** Bureau of the Census, Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice of determination.

SUMMARY: The Bureau of the Census (Census Bureau) is conducting the Annual Retail Trade Survey. The Census Bureau has determined that it needs to collect data covering annual sales, e-commerce sales, percent of e-commerce sales to customers located outside the United States, year-end inventories, purchases, accounts receivables and, for select industries, merchandise line sales and percent of sales by class of customer.

ADDRESSES: The Census Bureau will furnish report forms to organizations included in the survey. Additional copies are available upon written request to the Director, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, DC 20233–0101.

# FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Nancy Piesto, Service Sector Statistics

Nancy Piesto, Service Sector Statistics Division, on (301) 763–2747.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Annual Retail Trade Survey is a continuation of similar retail trade surveys conducted each year since 1951 (except 1954). It provides, on a comparable classification basis, annual sales, e-commerce sales, purchases, and year-end inventories for 2004 and 2005. These data are not available publicly on a timely basis from nongovernmental or other governmental sources.

The Census Bureau will require a selected sample of firms operating retail establishments in the United States (with sales size determining the probability of selection) to report in the 2005 Annual Retail Trade Survey. We will furnish report forms to the firms covered by this survey and will require their submissions within 30 days after receipt. The sample will provide, with measurable reliability, statistics on the subjects specified above.

The Census Bureau is authorized to take surveys that are necessary to furnish current data on the subjects covered by the major censuses authorized by Title 13, United States Code, sections 182, 224, and 225. This survey will provide continuing and timely national statistical data on retail trade for the period between economic censuses. For 2005, the survey will, as it has in the past, operate as a separate sample of retail companies. The data collected in this survey will be similar to that collected in the past and within the general scope and nature of those inquiries covered in the economic census. These data will provide a sound statistical basis for the formation of policy by various government agencies. These data also apply to a variety of public and business needs.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person is required to respond to, nor shall a person be subject to a penalty for failure to comply with, a collection of information subject to the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) unless that collection of information displays a current valid Office of Management and Budget (OMB) control number. In accordance with the PRA, 44 United States Code, Chapter 35, the OMB approved the Annual Retail Trade Survey under OMB Control Number 0607-0013. We will furnish report forms to organizations included in the survey.

Based upon the foregoing, I have directed that an annual survey be conducted for the purpose of collecting these data.

Dated: November 15, 2005.

#### Charles Louis Kincannon,

Director, Bureau of the Census. [FR Doc. 05–22944 Filed 11–18–05; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-07-P

# **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

# Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[Docket 49-2005]

# Foreign-Trade Zone 22 -- Chicago, Illinois, Area, Application for Expansion, Correction

The **Federal Register** notice (70 FR 61429–61430, 10/24/05) describing the request submitted by the Illinois International Port District, grantee of FTZ 22, requesting authority to expand its zone in the Chicago area, is corrected as follows:

Paragraph 8 should read "A copy of the application and accompanying exhibits will be available during this time for public inspection at the address Number 1 listed above, and at the U.S. Department of Commerce Export Assistance Center, 200 W. Adams Street, Suite 2450, Chicago, IL 60606."

Dated: November 14, 2005.

#### Dennis Puccinelli,

Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 05–23009 Filed 11–18–05; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-S

#### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

#### **International Trade Administration**

(A-351-602, A-583-605, A-588-602, A-549-807, A-570-814)

Continuation of Antidumping Duty Orders: Certain Carbon Steel Butt– Weld Pipe Fittings from Brazil, Taiwan, Japan, Thailand, and the People's Republic of China

**AGENCY:** Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**SUMMARY:** As a result of the determinations by the Department of Commerce ("Department") and the International Trade Commission ("Commission") that revocation of these antidumping duty orders would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping and material injury to an industry in the United States, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended ("the Act"), the Department hereby orders the continuation of the antidumping duty orders on certain carbon steel butt-weld pipe fittings ("pipe fittings") from Brazil, Taiwan, Japan, Thailand, and the People's Republic of China ("China"). The Department is publishing notice of the continuation of these antidumping duty orders.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** November 21, 2005.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Hilary E. Sadler, Esq. or Maureen Flannery, Office 8, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Ave., NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–4340 or 482–3020, respectively.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### Background

On December 1, 2004, the Department initiated and the Commission instituted sunset reviews of the antidumping duty orders on pipe fittings from Brazil, Taiwan, Japan, Thailand, and China

pursuant to section 751(c) of the Act.¹ As a result of its review, the Department found that revocation of the antidumping duty orders would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping and notified the Commission of the magnitude of the margins likely to prevail were the orders to be revoked.²

On October 31, 2005, the Commission determined, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Act, that revocation of the antidumping duty orders on pipe fittings from Brazil, Taiwan, Japan, Thailand, and China would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to an industry in the United States within a reasonably foreseeable time. See Carbon Steel Butt-Weld Pipe Fittings from Brazil, China, Japan, Taiwan, and Thailand, 70 FR 66847 (November 3, 2005), USITC Publication 3809 (October 2005) (Investigations Nos. 731-TA-308-310, 520, and 521 (Second Review)).

# **Scope of the Orders**

The products covered by these orders are pipe fittings from Brazil, Taiwan, Japan, Thailand, and China. Pipe fittings from Brazil, Taiwan, and Japan are defined as carbon steel butt-weld pipe fittings, other than couplings, under 14 inches in diameter, whether finished or unfinished, that have been formed in the shape of elbows, tees, reducer, caps, etc., and, if forged, have been advanced after forging. These advancements may include any one or more of the following: coining, heat treatment, shot blasting, grinding, die stamping or painting. Such merchandise was classifiable under Tariff Schedules of the United States Annotated ("TSUSA") item number 610.8800. These imports are currently classifiable under the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States ("HTSUS") item number 7307.93.30.

Pipe fittings from Thailand and China are defined as carbon steel butt—weld pipe fittings, having an inside diameter of less than 14 inches, imported in either finished or unfinished form.

These formed or forged pipe fittings are used to join sections in piping systems where conditions require permanent, welded connections, as distinguished from fittings based on other fastening methods (e.g., threaded, grooved, or bolted fittings). These imports are

currently classifiable under the HTSUS item number 7307.93.30.

The TSUSA and HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes. The written description remains dispositive as to the scope of the product coverage for each of these orders.

#### **Determination**

As a result of the determinations by the Department and the Commission that revocation of these antidumping duty orders would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping and material injury to an industry in the United States, pursuant to section 751(d)(2) of the Act, the Department hereby orders the continuation of the antidumping duty orders on pipe fittings from Brazil, Taiwan, Japan, Thailand, and China.

U.S. Customs and Border Protection will continue to collect antidumping duty deposits at the rates in effect at the time of entry for all imports of subject merchandise. The effective date of the continuation for these orders is the date of publication in the **Federal Register** of this Notice of Continuation. Pursuant to section 751(c)(2) of the Act, the Department intends to initiate the next five-year review of these antidumping orders not later than October 2010.

These sunset reviews and this continuation notice are in accordance with section 751(c) of the Act and published pursuant to 777(i) of the Act.

Dated: November 10, 2005.

# Stephen J. Claeys,

Acting Assistant Secretaryfor Import Administration.

[FR Doc. E5-6400 Filed 11-18-05; 8:45 am]

## **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

# International Trade Administration

A-588-867

Notice of Postponement of Preliminary Determination in the Antidumping Duty Investigation of Metal Calendar Slides from Japan

**AGENCY:** Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**SUMMARY:** The Department of Commerce ("Department") is postponing the preliminary determination in the antidumping duty investigation of metal calendar slides from the Japan from December 6, 2005, until no later than January 25, 2006. This postponement is made pursuant to section 733(c)(1)(A) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended ("the Act").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Initiation of Five-Year ("Sunset") Reviews, 69 FR 69891 (December 1, 2004).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Certain Carbon Steel Butt-Weld Pipe Fittings from Brazil, Taiwan, Japan, Thailand, and the People's Republic of China; Final Results of the Expedited Sunset Reviews of the Antidumping Duty Orders, 70 FR 39486 (July 8, 2005).