

U.S. AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

BUREAU FOR DEMOCRACY, CONFLICT, AND HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE (DCHA)
OFFICE OF U.S. FOREIGN DISASTER ASSISTANCE (OFDA)

INDIAN OCEAN - Earthquake and Tsunamis

Fact Sheet #24, Fiscal Year (FY) 2005

January 21, 2005

Indonesia	114,978 dead ^o , 12,070 missing ^λ	555,156 displaced ^{\(\lambda\)}
Sri Lanka	30,956 dead, 5,637 missing ^a	408,407 displaced ^a
India	10,749 dead, 5,640 missing §	112,558 displaced §
Maldives	82 dead, 26 missing ^o	10,338 displaced ^β
Thailand	5,318 dead, 3,199 missing •	N/A
Malaysia	68 dead, 6 missing [±]	8,000 displaced [±]
Somalia	150 dead [±]	5,000 displaced [±] , 102,000 affected [•]
Seychelles	3 dead [±]	40 households displaced ⁻

Source Legend:

Θ Government of Indonesia, Ministry of Social Affairs, 1/16/05

- λ Government of Indonesia, Ministry of Social Affairs, 1/20/05
- © Government of Sri Lanka, Center for National Operations, 1/18/05
- § Government of India, Ministry of Home Affairs, 1/18/05
- φ Maldives National Disaster Management Center, 1/18/05
- \pm U.N. Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA), 1/14/05 B OCHA, 1/20/04
- Government of Thailand, 1/14/05
- ◆ USAID's Famine Early Warning Systems Network (FEWS NET), 1/12/05 □ U.N./Seychelles and USAID, 1/12/05

Total USG Humanitarian and Recovery Assistance Pledged	\$350,000,000
Total USAID/OFDA Humanitarian Assistance Committed	\$72,219,369
Total USG Humanitarian Assistance Committed ¹	\$102,900,675

CURRENT SITUATION

Numbers Affected

• The number of internally displaced persons (IDPs) continues to decrease as families return home. On January 20, the Government of Sri Lanka's Center for National Operations announced that the number of IDPs in Sri Lanka has decreased to 408,000, down from 437,000 on January 18. On January 20, OCHA reported that the number of displaced in Maldives has decreased to approximately 10,000, down from more than 21,000 on January 14.

Indonesia Update

- On January 20, four members of the USAID Disaster Assistance Response Team (USAID/DART) returned from a six-day multi-sectoral interagency assessment of the west coast of Aceh Province, conducted by helicopter transport from the USS Abraham Lincoln. The interagency rapid assessment team—comprised of representatives from USAID, the Government of Indonesia MOH, the U.N. World Health Organization (WHO), and other U.N. agencies—visited 25 locations, and the findings generally were consistent throughout the assessed area. The assessment provided the humanitarian community with baseline data from which to measure the impact of relief and recovery programming. The following summarizes the USAID/DART's conclusions by sector.
- Sanitation: There is a lack of soap and hygiene products in most areas along the west coast. While some non-governmental organizations (NGOs) have begun to build latrines, the number of latrines is insufficient, and the communities would benefit from instruction on home hygiene and solid waste removal.
- Shelter: IDPs throughout the affected areas are living in schools, mosques, warehouses, community tents, and with host families. All IDPs interviewed expressed a desire to rebuild their homes as soon as possible, but were concerned about the lack of control over their future. The Government of Indonesia relocation plan is continuing, and the USAID/DART visited a model site in Meulaboh. The center had 20 latrines completed with another 20 being constructed, a community cooking center, well water pumped up to storage tanks, raised platforms in the barracks, and electricity available in each tent. Many IDPs are reportedly "day campers," staying part time in the camp to receive food and supplies and part time with host families.
- Water: In general IDPs and host families use open wells and water catchment systems for bathing and washing clothes. These water sources are not chlorinated, but the practice of boiling water for drinking is common, and this has likely contributed to the lack of disease outbreak. Many villagers who receive chlorinated water are not using it because they dislike the taste; IDPs generally prefer to drink bottled water received in food distributions.
- Health: The health situation in the west coast is relatively stable, and no major disease outbreaks have been reported. IDPs remain at risk, but systems are in place to detect and treat any future outbreak. Sporadic cases of diarrhea, respiratory infections, skin infections, and infected wounds continue to occur, but the acute life-saving

¹ This figure includes assistance from USAID, the U.S. Department of State, and the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The value of assistance provided by the U.S. Department of Defense (DOD) is not included in total USG assistance committed.

phase has ended. The reestablishment of primary health care, maternal and child health, and clinical services is a priority. Howard, this will be complicated by the large number of medical personnel killed by the tsunami. In addition, sustainable logistics, close monitoring, and psychological and social initiatives will be critical, particularly for families who lost children.

- Food: The assessment team did not observe widespread malnutrition, but noted that the current food basket is unbalanced and lacks adequate amounts of protein and food for children. Assistance providers should monitor the nutrition situation closely to prevent a decline in the nutritional status of IDPs.
- Logistics: In some coastal areas, small draft boats can deliver market items, although debris continues to block
 many channels. The assessment team noted that some roads that appeared passable in aerial photographs were in
 fact compromised structurally and washed out in many places. Restoring the coastal road infrastructure will be
 critical to increasing access to isolated areas and guaranteeing the food pipeline; however, this likely will be a longterm project. The assessment team observed heavy equipment already working to grade the land for road repairs.
- Rising waters during "the big swell," or a period of increased wave size that occurs annually from February to July off the coast of Indonesia, may decrease the ability for large ships and small boats to navigate the rough waters.

Sri Lanka Update

- The USAID/DART reports that USAID/OFDA implementing Catholic Relief Services (CRS) has contributed to the development of the temporary shelter strategy being submitted for ratification to the Government of Sri Lanka (GOSL) by the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR). The model temporary shelter unit developed by CRS has been used by UNHCR to illustrate to the GOSL the proposed provision of 20 square meter framed units. The District Superintendent and the District technical team have inspected and approved this model.
- In Batticaloa District in eastern Sri Lanka, CRS has erected temporary shelter units and short-term emergency shelters. In Ampara District, CRS has erected demonstration units. Coordination among shelter agencies in Ampara is not as advanced as in Batticaloa, but according to CRS, shelter coordination meetings should provide greater clarity for temporary shelter activities. The CRS team is working with local authorities to identify areas of land within the unrestricted urban zone to enable relocation activities to begin. CRS is assessing the suitability of 14 potential transit locations sites identified by local authorities. CRS has also commenced preliminary site planning, established a warehouse, and begun localized procurement of shelter materials.
- Following a rapid water and sanitation assessment mission in nine camps in Batticaloa, the U.N. World Health Organization (WHO) reports that clean water and sanitation remain concerns. WHO also reported that contaminated wells, insufficient latrine maintenance, poor hygiene practices, and inadequate waste collection have contributed to a poor sanitation situation. Construction of latrines also remains a priority. Heavy rain has hindered construction of latrines in Batticaloa, making the setting of concrete impossible at this time. The U.N. Children's Fund (UNICEF) is working with WHO to develop materials to improve hygiene practices in camps and schools.
- According to OCHA, the Epidemiology Unit of Sri Lanka's Ministry of Health has reported that routine
 immunization services have commenced in many camps, and most camps are expected to be covered by the end of
 January. USAID/OFDA partner UNICEF continues to support disease surveillance.
- OCHA reports that, as of 17 January 2005, the Danish Demining Group has removed more than 80 mines in the Kuchaveli area. In addition, a minefield has been uncovered in Trincomalee District. Mines were uprooted from identified areas during the tsunami, requiring renewed efforts to locate and restrict minefield areas.

India Update

- USAID/OFDA partner CRS is operating in temporary shelter communities in three districts of Tamil Nadu State, coordinating with the government to provide drinking water via tanker trucks. CRS is also constructing latrines and bathing facilities and providing hygiene training to temporary shelter residents. CRS will ensure an adequate soap supply and will provide convenient hand washing stands near latrines. The USAID/DART will provide technical assistance to water and sanitation partners, CRS and CARE, and the Tamil Nadu State Water Supply and Drainage Board as needed, and will verify chlorine residual levels for water sources at various temporary shelter sites.
- According to the USAID/DART, on January 19, the Government of India announced a \$620 million relief and rehabilitation package, including loans and subsidies, for Tamil Nadu, Andhra Pradesh, Kerala, and Pondicherry. These earmarked funds are intended to cover the immediate needs in providing food and other relief items (\$195.9 million); help fishermen resume fishing (\$253.7 million); and construct houses (\$171 million). The Government of India has also announced plans to approve separate assistance packages covering infrastructure reconstruction and desalinization of farmlands inundated by seawater as well as relief for the Andaman and Nicobar Islands.

USG ASSISTANCE

USAID Regional Response

• The USAID/DART and the U.S. military continue to conduct needs assessments and provide supplies and essential logistic support for the relief efforts in affected countries.

Indonesia

• To date, the USG has provided more than \$37.3 million to support emergency relief activities and the provision of food, water, and relief supplies for affected populations in Indonesia. On January 19, through previously allocated

funds, USAID/OFDA implementing partner Development Associates, Inc. (DAI) approved three sub-grants to Indonesian organizations working in tsunami-affected areas. Muhammadiyah, the largest Muslim organization in Indonesia received \$62,688 for a school clean-up and cash-for-work program in Banda Aceh. In addition, Yayasan Rumpun Bambu received \$74,725 to implement cash-for-work rehabilitation activities in Banda Aceh city and Aceh Besar District, and SATKORLAK, the provincial disaster management agency in Aceh, received \$15,000 for disaster management training.

• Under a current grant with USAID/OFDA, CARE is distributing 70,080 bottles of the chlorinated safe water system to 96 IDP camps as well as hygiene kits to approximately 30,000 IDPs. CARE has also trained 40 volunteers on basic primary health care education and the use of a chlorinated safe water system.

Sri Lanka

• To date, the USG has provided nearly \$46 million in emergency food assistance, shelter, water and sanitation, livelihoods recovery, and psychological and social support.

India

- To date, USAID has provided more than \$3.8 million in emergency relief assistance. Department of Defense (DOD) Humanitarian Assistance
- As of January 21, more than 11,600 U.S. military personnel are involved in providing relief support in the affected region. Of the 2,889 military personnel currently on the ground, 1,700 are in Thailand, 707 in Sri Lanka, 320 in Indonesia, 103 in Maldives, and 59 in Malaysia. With 15 ships and 63 aircraft, the U.S. military has delivered a total of 5,394,263 lbs of relief supplies to the governments of Indonesia, Sri Lanka, Thailand, and other affected nations, including 13,072 gallons of water; 159,980 lbs of food; and 44,480 lbs of relief supplies in the last 24 hours.

BACKGROUND

- A magnitude 9.0 earthquake on December 26, off the west coast of Northern Sumatra, Indonesia, triggered massive tsunamis that affected several countries throughout South and Southeast Asia, as well as Somalia, Tanzania, and Kenya in East Africa. Aftershocks from the December 26 earthquake continue to occur in the region.
- Based on initial findings of USG assessment teams and on the recommendation of Secretary of State Powell and
 USAID Administrator Natsios, on December 31, President Bush committed \$350 million toward earthquake and
 tsunami relief and recovery efforts. Dollar amounts in this Fact Sheet are part of the total pledge of \$350 million
 and refer to specific funding actions that have been committed and programmed. USAID/OFDA welcomes
 proposals from qualified humanitarian assistance organizations prepared to implement relief activities in response
 to the Indian Ocean Earthquake and Tsunami disaster. Details can be found at www.usaid.gov.

USAID REGIONAL HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO ASIA

Implementing Partner	Activity	Location	Amount
	USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE ¹		_
IFRC	Response to emergency appeal	Regionwide	\$4,000,000
U.S. Embassy/JTF	Emergency relief supplies (In-kind contribution)	Regionwide	\$585,230
AirServ	Aerial assessment, transport of relief personnel and light cargo	Regionwide	\$2,436,681
WFP	Logistics, air support and coordination	Regionwide	\$5,000,000
Multiple	Emergency relief supplies (In-kind contribution)	Regionwide	\$196,631
Multiple	Transport of relief supplies	Regionwide	\$910,000
	Administrative		\$332,123
TOTAL USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE TO REGION			\$13,460,665
TOTAL USG ASSISTA	ANCE TO REGION	-	\$13,460,665

USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO INDONESIA

Implementing Partner	Activity	Location	Amount
	USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE ¹		
Christian Children's Fund (CCF)	Child protection and psychological and social support	Aceh Province	\$393,188
Church World Service	Psychological and social support for children	Aceh Province	\$221,376
DAI	Immediate relief and rehabilitation interventions	Aceh Province	\$5,000,000

	\$62,688 – Muhammadiyah for school clean-up, cash- for-work program	Banda Aceh	
	\$74,725 – Yayasan Rumpun Bambu for cash-for-work and rehabilitation	Aceh Province	
	\$15,000 – SATKORLAK for disaster management training	Aceh Province	
IFRC/Indonesian Red Cross	Emergency relief activities	Aceh, North Sumatra	\$2,100,000
Indonesian Red Cross	Emergency relief supplies (In-kind contribution)	Aceh, North Sumatra	\$35,650
Indonesian Red Cross	Emergency relief supplies (In-kind contribution)	Aceh, North Sumatra	\$13,650
Indonesian Red Cross	Emergency relief supplies (In-kind contribution)	Aceh, North Sumatra	\$49,750
IMC	Health	Banda Aceh	\$292,129
IMC	Mobile health units, rehabilitation of local health clinics, malaria control, and psychological and social activities	Aceh and North Sumatra	\$2,000,000
IRC	Water and sanitation, mobile health clinics, support for public health networks, and psychological and social activities	Aceh Province	\$2,564,729
SC/US	Emergency response activities	Aceh Province	\$908,942
UNICEF	Child protection and psychological and social activities	Aceh Province	\$1,500,000
USAID/Indonesia*	Emergency grants for water and sanitation, health, shelter	Aceh, North Sumatra	\$2,000,000
	\$288,533 – SC/US for emergency health, sanitation, shelter, and protection activities		
	\$237,000 – Project Concern International (PCI) for four mobile health clinics		
	\$256,000 – CARE for water purification		
	\$249,985 – WVI for shelter and household kits		
	\$285,428 – IRD for water and sanitation		
	\$250,023 – Johns Hopkins for maternal and child health		
	\$292,060 – Mercy Corps for emergency response activities		
IOM	Provision of emergency relief supplies, food, water, and medicine	Aceh, North Sumatra	\$1,000,000
UNHCR	Shelter	Aceh, North Sumatra	\$2,000,000
WHO	Health surveillance	Aceh, North Sumatra	\$291,500
Multiple	Emergency relief supplies (In-kind contribution)	Aceh, North Sumatra	\$375,600
Multiple	Transport of relief supplies	Aceh, North Sumatra	\$254,002
	Administrative		\$84,000
TOTAL USAID/OFDA	A ASSISTANCE TO INDONESIA		\$21,084,516
	USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE		
WFP	3,000 MT of P.L. 480 Title II emergency food assistance	Sumatra	\$3,040,200
TOTAL USAID/FFP A	ASSISTANCE TO INDONESIA		\$3,040,200
	USAID/INDONESIA ASSISTANCE		
CARDI	Emergency response teams	Aceh Province	\$99,960
CARE	Water and sanitation	Aceh Province	\$98,889
ICMC	Targeting/monitoring of emergency relief supplies	Aceh Province	\$100,000

IOM	Logistics	Aceh Province	\$208,452
IOM	Emergency relief activities	Aceh Province	\$1,650,000
Mercy Corps	Shelter, health, water, and trauma counseling	Aceh Province	\$250,000
IRD	Emergency food assistance	Aceh Province	\$99,974
Naval Medical Research Unit	Procurement and staffing of reference laboratory	Banda Aceh	\$579,000
Nurani Dunia	Emergency relief supplies	Aceh Province	\$99,669
SC/US	Emergency relief supplies and health	Aceh Province	\$100,000
Multiple [±]	Emergency relief activities	Aceh Province	\$2,087,000
TOTAL USAID/INDON	NESIA ASSISTANCE TO INDONESIA		\$5,372,944
	USDA ASSISTANCE		
WFP	9,417 MT of P.L. 416 (b) Title I emergency food assistance	Sumatra	\$7,533,600
TOTAL USDA ASSIST	ANCE TO INDONESIA		\$7,533,600
	STATE/PRM ASSISTANCE		
IOM	Anti-Trafficking Initiatives	Aceh and Medan	\$200,000
TOTAL STATE/PRM A	ASSISTANCE TO INDONESIA		\$200,000
TOTAL USG ASSISTA	NCE TO INDONESIA		\$37,231,260

USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO SRI LANKA

Implementing Partner	Activity	Location	Amount
	USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE ¹		
USAID/Sri Lanka	Emergency relief activities	Affected areas	\$100,000
USAID/Sri Lanka *	Community rehabilitation, livelihoods, and microfinance project through Nathan Associates	Affected areas	\$4,000,000
USAID/Sri Lanka *	Emergency relief activities	Affected areas	\$22,500,000
	\$356,220 – Sri Lanka Red Cross for emergency relief supplies, health, and cash-for-work activities	Ampara, Mulaitiva	
	\$1,941,787 – CARE for emergency relief supplies, water system rehabilitation	Ampara	
	\$499,849 – WVI for emergency relief supplies and shelter	Trincomalee, Ampara	
	\$403,763 – ACF/France for emergency relief supplies and water and sanitation	Trincomalee, Mulaitiva, Jaffna	
	\$630,620 – SC/UK for shelter, water and sanitation, and emergency relief supplies	Trincomalee, Matara, Galle	
	\$1,512,051 – CCF for cash-for-work and community rehabilitation	Ampara, Matara, Hambantola	
	\$1,509,477 – Mercy Corps for cash-for-work and community rehabilitation	Trincamolee, Batticaloe, Ampara, Hambantota, Matara	
	\$3,280,423 – GOAL for shelter, water and sanitation, and cash-for-work activities	Ampara, Hambantota, Matara	
	\$3,048,000 – CRS for transitional shelter, home repair, latrine construction	Batticaloa, Ampara	
	\$350,000 – American Center for International Labor for psychological and social support including antitrafficking	All Affected Districts	

^{*} USAID/OFDA funding, provided to USAID/Indonesia, will be allocated to implementing partners based on assessments.

± USAID/Indonesia is using existing funds earmarked for activities in Aceh Province to support grants in response to the earthquake and tsunami.

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	\$1,748,120 – SARVODAYA for cash-for-work, debris clean-up, repair of buildings, and water and sanitation	Galle, Hambantota, Ampara	
	\$1,026,185 – Shelter for Life for transitional shelter and latrine construction	Trincomalee	
	\$3,000,000 – CHF International for cash-for-work, debris clean-up, repair of schools and public buildings, latrine construction, and water and sanitation	Kalutara, Galle, Matara	
	\$1,000,000 – UNICEF for water and sanitation and emergency school kits	All Affected Districts	
	\$199,408 – The Asia Foundation for child protection and psychological and social activities	All Affected Districts	
UNICEF	Child protection and psychological and social activities	Affected areas	\$500,000
UNHCR	Shelter	Affected areas	\$1,000,000
IFRC	Emergency relief supplies (In-kind contribution)	Affected areas	\$44,450
IFRC	Emergency relief supplies (In-kind contribution)	Affected areas	\$5,400
IFRC	Emergency relief supplies (In-kind contribution)	Affected areas	\$49,750
IOM	Provision of emergency relief supplies, food, water, and medicine	Northern, Eastern, and Southern coastal areas	\$500,000
DAI	Relief and recovery projects through DAI contract with USAID/OTI	Affected areas	\$2,500,000
Multiple	Emergency relief supplies (In-kind contribution)	Affected areas	\$267,725
Multiple	Transport of relief supplies		\$160,813
	Administrative		\$67,000
TOTAL USAID/OFI	DA ASSISTANCE TO SRI LANKA		\$31,695,138
	USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE		
WFP	8,040 MT of P.L. 480 Title II emergency food assistance	Affected areas	\$9,824,600
TOTAL USAID/FFP	ASSISTANCE TO SRI LANKA		\$9,824,600
	USAID/OTI ASSISTANCE		
NGO Consortium	Clean-up of debris	Countrywide	\$57,962
TOTAL USAID/OTI	ASSISTANCE TO SRI LANKA		\$57,962
	USDA ASSISTANCE		
WFP	5,583 MT of P.L. 416 (b) Title I emergency food assistance	Countrywide	\$4,466,400
TOTAL USDA ASSI	STANCE TO SRI LANKA		\$4,466,400
TOTAL USG ASSIS	TANCE TO SRI LANKA		\$46,044,100
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^{*} USAID/OFDA funding, provided to USAID/Sri Lanka, is being allocated to implementing partners based on assessments.

USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO INDIA

Implementing Partner	Activity	Location	Amount
	USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE ¹		
Prime Minister's Relief Fund	Emergency relief activities	Countrywide	\$50,000
IFRC/ Implemented by Indian Red Cross	Emergency relief activities	Countrywide	\$50,000
USAID/India*	Emergency relief activities	Countrywide	\$3,700,000

	\$650,000 – CARE for water and sanitation, cash-forwork	Tamil Nadu and Andhra Pradesh	
	\$750,000 – CRS for water and sanitation	Affected areas	
	\$440,295 – PCI for shelter, livelihoods, training	Tamil Nadu	
	\$859,992 – WVI for shelter, cash-for-work	Tamil Nadu	
	\$297,934 – ACTED for livelihoods	Tamil Nadu	
	\$115,195 – EXNORA for cash-for-work	Tamil Nadu	
	\$250,112 – GOAL for eash-for-work and rehabilitation of agricultural land	Tamil Nadu	
	\$280,147 - FHI for livelihoods and debris removal	Tamil Nadu	
	Administrative		
TOTAL USAID/OFDA	A ASSISTANCE TO INDIA		\$3,800,000
TOTAL USG ASSISTA	ANCE TO INDIA		\$3,800,000

^{*} USAID/OFDA funding, provided to USAID/India, will be allocated to implementing partners based on assessments.

USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO THE MALDIVES

Implementing Partner	Activity	Location	Amount
	USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE ¹		
USAID/Sri Lanka	Emergency relief activities	Countrywide	\$100,000
UNICEF	Emergency relief supplies (In-kind contribution)	Countrywide	\$8,100
UNICEF	Emergency relief supplies (In-kind contribution)	Countrywide	\$44,250
UNICEF	Emergency relief supplies (In-kind contribution)	Countrywide	\$42,250
Multiple	Transport of relief supplies		\$68,400
UNICEF	Health, nutrition, water and sanitation	Countrywide	\$1,200,000
TOTAL USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE TO MALDIVES \$1,463,000			
	USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE		
WFP	180 MT of P.L. 480 Title II emergency food assistance	Countrywide	\$185,600
TOTAL USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE TO MALDIVES \$185,600			\$185,600
TOTAL USG ASSISTANCE TO MALDIVES \$1,648,600			

USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO THAILAND

Implementing Partner	Activity	Location	Amount	
	USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE ¹			
Thai Red Cross	Procurement and distribution of relief items	Countrywide	\$100,000	
	Administrative		\$167,000	
TOTAL USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE TO THAILAND			\$267,000	
TOTAL USG ASSISTANCE TO THAILAND			\$267,000	

USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO SEYCHELLES

Implementing Partner	Activity	Location	Amount		
USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE ¹					
Seychelles Red Cross	Emergency relief activities	Countrywide	\$50,000		
TOTAL USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE TO SEYCHELLES					
TOTAL USG ASSISTANCE TO SEYCHELLES					

USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO MALAYSIA

Implementing Partner	Activity	Location	Amount		
USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE ¹					
Malaysia Red Crescent National Disaster Management and Relief Committee	Procurement/distribution of relief items and shelter materials	Northwest Malaysia	\$50,000		
TOTAL USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE TO MALAYSIA					
TOTAL USG ASSISTANCE TO MALAYSIA			\$50,000		

USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO SOMALIA

Implementing Partner	Activity	Location	Amount		
USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE ¹					
UNICEF	Emergency relief activities	Puntland	\$50,000		
UNHCR	Shelter	Puntland	\$200,000		
TOTAL USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE TO SOMALIA					
TOTAL USG ASSISTANCE TO SOMALIA			\$250,000		

¹All USAID/OFDA funding represent committed and/or obligated amounts as of January 21, 2005.

Total USG Humanitarian and Recovery Assistance Pledged \$350,000,000
Total USAID/OFDA Humanitarian Assistance Committed \$72,219,369
Total USG Humanitarian Assistance Committed \$102,900,675

FURTHER INFORMATION ON USG RESPONSE

More detailed information on USG assistance already provided, including DOD resources, in response to the disaster may be found in previous USAID/OFDA Fact Sheets:

http://www.usaid.gov/our work/humanitarian assistance/disaster assistance/countries/indian ocean/et index.html

PUBLIC DONATION INFORMATION

Making a Donation to Relief Efforts

- The most effective way people can assist relief efforts is by making cash contributions to humanitarian organizations that are conducting relief operations.
- For a list of humanitarian organizations accepting donations for South Asia relief operations, please see "Tsunami Relief" at www.usaifeedomcorps.gov. Or call the Center for International Disaster Information at (703) 276-1914
- USAID encourages cash donations because they allow aid professionals to procure the exact items needed (often in the affected region); reduce the burden on scarce resources (such as transportation routes, staff time, warehouse space, etc); can be transferred very quickly and without transportation costs; support the economy of the disaster-stricken region; and ensure culturally, dietary, and environmentally appropriate assistance.

Additional Information

- Information on making effective donations can be found on the following websites:
 - o USAID: <u>www.usaid.gov</u>, Keyword: Donations
 - o The Center for International Disaster Information: www.cidi.org
 - o InterAction: "Guide to Appropriate Giving" at www.interaction.org
- Information on choosing a charity to support can be found on the following websites:
 - o Better Business Bureau: www.give.org
 - o GuideStar (A National Database of Nonprofit Organizations): www.guidestar.org
 - o The American Institute of Philanthropy: www.charitywatch.org
 - o Charity Navigator: <u>www.charitynavigator.org</u>
- Information on relief activities of the humanitarian community can be found at www.reliefweb.int.

² The monetary value of assistance provided by DOD is not included in total USG assistance committed.