the Board may consider whether any foreign dutiable items are being imported for manufacturing in the subzone primarily because of subzone status and whether the Board should consider requiring Customs duties to be paid on such items.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 21st day of February 2003.

### Faryar Shirzad,

Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Import Administration, Alternate Chairman, Foreign-Trade Zones Board.

[FR Doc. 03–5055 Filed 3–3–03; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### Foreign-Trade Zones Board

### [Order No. 1269]

# Approval of Request for Manufacturing Authority Within Foreign-Trade Zone 46, Cincinnati, OH (Automobile Transmissions)

Pursuant to its authority under the Foreign-Trade Zones Act of June 18, 1934, as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a–81u), the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) adopts the following Order:

Whereas, the Foreign-Trade Zones Act provides for "\*\* the establishment \*\*\* of foreign-trade zones in ports of entry of the United States, to expedite and encourage foreign commerce, and for other purposes," and authorizes the Foreign-Trade Zones Board to grant to qualified corporations the privilege of establishing foreign-trade zones in or adjacent to U.S. Customs ports of entry;

Whereas, the Greater Cincinnati Foreign Trade Zone, Inc., grantee of FTZ 46, has requested authority under 15 CFR 400.31 of the Board's regulations on behalf of ZF Batavia, LLC to manufacture automobile transmissions under zone procedures within Site 3 of FTZ 46 (filed 3–20–2002, FTZ Docket 18–2002):

Whereas, notice inviting public comment was given in **Federal Register** (67 FR 15527, 4/2/2002) and the application has been processed pursuant to the FTZ Act and the Board's regulations; and,

Whereas, the Board adopts the findings and recommendations of the examiner's report, and finds that the requirements of the FTZ Act and the Board's regulations are satisfied, and that approval of the application would be in the public interest;

*Now, therefore,* the Board hereby approves the request subject to the Act and the Board's regulations, including 15 CFR 400.28.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 21st day of February 2003.

#### Faryar Shirzad,

Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Import Administration, Alternate Chairman, Foreign-Trade Zones Board.

[FR Doc. 03–5054 Filed 3–3–03; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

# International Trade Administration

# [A-122-822]

# Notice of Extension of Time Limit for Preliminary Results of the Antidumping Duty Administrative Review: Corrosion-Resistant Carbon Steel Flat Products From Canada

**AGENCY:** Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** March 4, 2003. **SUMMARY:** The Department of Commerce (the Department) is extending the time limit for the preliminary results of the antidumping duty administrative review of corrosion-resistant carbon steel flat products from Canada until no later than September 1, 2003. This review covers the period August 1, 2001, through July 31, 2002. The extension is made pursuant to section 751(a)(2)(B)(iv) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended ("the Act").

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mark Hoadley or Julio A. Fernandez, Office of AD/CVD Enforcement 7, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230, at (202) 482–3148 or (202) 482–0961, respectively.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

# Background

The Department of Commerce (the Department) received a request on August 30, 2002, from Bethlehem Steel Corporation, National Steel Corporation, and United States Steel Corporation (petitioners) for an administrative review of the antidumping duty order on corrosion-resistant carbon steel flat products from Canada, with respect to Stelco, Inc. (Stelco) and Dofasco, Inc. (Dofasco). On September 25, 2002, the Department published a notice of initiation of this administrative review for the period of August 1, 2001, through July 31, 2002 (67 FR 60210).

#### Extension of Time Limits for Preliminary Results

Pursuant to section 751(a)(3)(A) of the Act, the Department shall issue preliminary results in an administrative review of an antidumping duty order within 245 days after the last day of the anniversary month of the date of publication of the order. The Act further provides, however, that the Department may extend that 245-day period to 365 days if it determines it is not practicable to complete the review within the foregoing time period. In light of the complexity of analyzing Stelco and Dofasco's cost calculations, and Stelco's inputs obtained from affiliated parties, it is not practicable to complete this review by the current deadline of May 3, 2003.

Therefore, in accordance with section 751(a)(3)(A) of the Act, the Department is extending the time limit for the preliminary results by 120 days, until no later than August 31, 2003. However, as this date falls on a weekend, the due date will fall on the next business day, September 1, 2003. The final results continue to be due 120 days after the publication of the preliminary results.

This notice is issued and published in accordance to sections 751(a)(1) and 777(I)(1) of the Act.

Dated: February 25, 2003.

# Richard O. Weible,

Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary for Import Administration, Group III. [FR Doc. 03–5056 Filed 3–3–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–S

# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

# National Institute of Standards and Technology

[Docket No. 021127288-2288-01]

# Proposed Withdrawal Of Seventeen (17) Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS)

**AGENCY:** National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST), Commerce. **ACTION:** Notice; Request for comments.

SUMMARY: The National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) proposes to withdraw seventeen (17) Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) from the FIPS series. Some of these FIPS adopt voluntary industry standards for Federal government use, but the FIPS documents have not been updated to reference current or revised voluntary industry standards. Other FIPS adopt data standards that are developed and used by other Federal government agencies. These FIPS have not been updated to reflect changes and modifications in the data representations. The remaining FIPS provide advisory guidance to Federal agencies on computer security issues. This advisory guidance, which has no requirements for compulsory and binding use, has been updated by NIST and issued in more recent recommendations and publications.

Prior to the submission of this proposed withdrawal to the Secretary of Commerce for review and approval, it is essential to assure that consideration is