Type of Response: Recordkeeping; Reporting; and Third party disclosure.

Total Respondents: 4,650.

Information collection requirement	Form No.	Annual responses	Average re- sponse time (hours)	Annual burden hours
Application to Employ Homeworkers Homeworker Handbooks Piece Rate Measurement Recordkeeping 1	WH-46 WH-75 N/A N/A	25 18,400 150 18,550	0.50 0.50 1.00 0.0083	13 9,200 150 154
Total		18,575		9,517

¹ Not included in total responses.

Total Annualized Capital/Startup Costs: \$0.

Total Annual Costs (operating/maintaining systems or purchasing services): \$10.00.

Description: These reporting and recordkeeping requirements for employers and employees in industries employing homeworkers are necessary to insure employees are paid in compliance with the Fair Labor Standards Act.

Agency: Employment Standards Administration.

Type of Review: Extension of a currently approved collection.

Title: Rehabilitation Maintenance Certificate.

OMB Number: 1215–0161.

Affected Public: Individuals or households; Business or other for-profit; Not-for-profit institutions; and State, Local, or Tribal Government.

Frequency: Every four weeks.

Type of Response: Reporting.

Number of Respondents: 1,300.

Number of Annual Responses: 15,600.

Estimated Time Per Response: 10 minutes.

Total Burden Hours: 2,605.

Total Annualized Capital/Startup Costs: \$0.

Total Annual Costs (operating/maintaining systems or purchasing services): \$0.

Description: The OWCP-17 serves as a bill submitted by the program participant or OWCP, requesting reimbursement of expenses incurred due to participation in an approved rehabilitation effort for the preceding four week period or fraction thereof.

Darrin A. King,

Acting Departmental Clearance Officer. [FR Doc. 03–17324 Filed 7–8–03; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–27–P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

Proposed Information Collection Request Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations; Application for Alien Employment Certification

AGENCY: Employment and Training

Administration, Labor.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Department of Labor (the Department), as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, conducts a preclearance consultation program to provide the general public and Federal agencies with an opportunity to comment on proposed and/or continuing collections of information in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA95), 44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A). This program helps to ensure that requested data can be provided in the desired format, reporting burden (time and financial resources) is minimized, collection instruments are clearly understood, and the impact of collection requirements on respondents can be properly assessed. Currently, the Employment and Training Administration is soliciting comments concerning the proposed extension to the collection of information on the Application for Alien Employment Certification. A copy of the proposed information collection request (ICR) can be obtained by contacting the office listed below in the addressee section of this notice.

DATES: Written comments must be submitted to the office listed in the addressee section below on or before September 8, 2003.

ADDRESSES: Comments and questions regarding the collection of information on Form ETA 750, parts A and B, Application for Alien Employment Certification, should be directed to William L. Carlson, Ph.D., Chief,

Division of Foreign Labor Certifications, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW., Room C– 4318, Washington, DC 20210. Dr. Carlson may also be reached at (202) 693–3010; this is not a toll-free number.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

Under section 212(a)(5)(A) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (INA)(8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(5)(A)), certain aliens may not obtain a visa for entrance into the United States in order to engage in permanent employment unless the Secretary of Labor has first certified to the Secretary of State and to the Attorney General that: (1) There are not sufficient U.S. workers who are able, willing, qualified and available at the time of application for a visa and admission into the U.S. and at the place where the alien is to perform the work; and (2) the employment of the alien will not adversely affect the wages and working conditions of U.S. workers similarly employed. Form ETA 750, parts A and B, is the application form submitted by employers that forms the basis for a determination as to whether the Secretary shall provide such a certification. Form ETA 750, part A, is also utilized to collect information that permits the Department to meet Federal responsibilities for administering two nonimmigrant programs: the H-2A and H-2B temporary labor certification programs. The H-2A temporary agricultural program establishes a means for agricultural employers who anticipate a shortage of domestic workers to bring nonimmigrant aliens to the U.S. to perform agricultural labor or services of a temporary or seasonal nature. The H-2B program establishes a means for employers to bring nonimmigrant aliens to the U.S. to perform nonagricultural work of a temporary or seasonal nature.

II. Focus of Review

The Department of Labor is particularly interested in comments which:

- Evaluate whether the proposed information collection is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;
- Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
- Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and
- Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collections techniques or other forms of information, e.g., permitting electronic submissions of responses.

III. Current Actions

In order for the Department to meet its statutory responsibilities under the INA, there is a need for an extension of an existing collection of information pertaining to employers' seeking to hire foreign workers for permanent or temporary employment in the U.S. by filing an Application for Alien Employment Certification on their behalf. There is an increase in burden due to a significant and sustained increase in the number of applications filed by employers each year.

Type of Review: Extension of a currently approved collection.

Agency: Employment and Training Administration, Labor.

Title: Application for Alien Employment Certification.

OMB Number: 1205–0015. Affected Public: Individuals or households; Businesses or other forprofit or not-for-profit institutions; Federal, State, Local, or Tribal governments; Farms.

Form: ETA 750, Parts A and B.

Total Respondents:

Permanent Program: 100,000.

H-2A Program: 4,200. H-2B Program: 5,000.

Frequency of Response: On occasion.

Total Responses: 109,200. Average Burden Hours Per Response:

Permanent Program: 2.8.

H-2A Program: 1. H-2B Program: 1.4.

Estimate Total Annual Burden Hours: 291,200.

Comments submitted in response to this notice will be summarized and/or included in the request for Office of Management and Budget approval of the information collection request; they will also be become a matter of public record. Signed at Washington, DC, this 2nd day of July, 2003.

Emily Stover DeRocco,

Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 03–17325 Filed 7–8–03; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–P

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

[Docket Nos. 50-313 and 50-368]

Entergy Operations, Inc.; Notice of Consideration of Issuance of Amendment to Facility Operating License, Proposed No Significant Hazards Consideration Determination, and Opportunity for a Hearing

The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC or the Commission) is considering issuance of amendments to Renewed Facility Operating License (FOL) No. DPR–51 and FOL No. NPF– 6, issued to Entergy Operations, Inc.(the licensee), for operation of Arkansas Nuclear One (ANO), Units 1 and 2 (ANO–1 and ANO–2), respectively, located in Pope County, Arkansas.

The proposed amendments would allow the licensee to use the spent fuel crane (L–3 crane) to lift heavy loads in excess of 100 tons. Specifically the licensee is requesting approval to use the upgraded L–3 crane for loads up to a total of 130 tons. This application was previously noticed and published in the **Federal Register** on March 7, 2003 (68 FR 11157).

The amendment application, as supplemented, was submitted on an exigent basis based on the following. The licensee has worked expeditiously to revise the appropriate design basis and to confirm the crane's implementation completeness. The licensee has performed available load lifts within the existing design basis to the extent possible. Additionally, the licensee will be seeking an alternate loading pattern for the ANO-2 spent fuel pool that will alleviate interim space limitations due to degradation of the neutron absorbing boroflex panels. Given the acceptability of the alternate loading pattern amendment, the ANO-2 spent fuel pool will be able to accept a full core offload; however, the spent fuel pool will be severely restricted for other potentially necessary spent fuel pool movements and activities (i.e., fuel examinations). In order to provide critical space in the ANO-2 spent fuel pool, the licensee will need to perform fuel transfers using the new Holtec casks during August 2003. To accomplish the first loading of the new Holtec cask, preparation for cask

component heavy load movement requiring the use of the L–3 crane must start the week of July 28, 2003. This schedule will support demonstration of cask component handling capability as required by 10 CFR part 72 prior to loading nuclear fuel. Therefore, the licensee requests NRC approval by July 25, 2003, in order to make final preparations for these cask loading activities.

Before issuance of the proposed license amendment, the Commission will have made findings required by the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (the Act) and the Commission's regulations.

Pursuant to 10 CFR 50.91(a)(6) for amendments to be granted under exigent circumstances, the NRC staff must determine that the amendment request involves no significant hazards consideration. Under the Commission's regulations in 10 CFR 50.92, this means that operation of the facility in accordance with the proposed amendment would not (1) involve a significant increase in the probability or consequences of an accident previously evaluated; or (2) create the possibility of a new or different kind of accident from any accident previously evaluated; or (3) involve a significant reduction in a margin of safety. As required by 10 CFR 50.91(a), the licensee has provided its analysis of the issue of no significant hazards consideration, which is presented below:

1. Does the proposed change involve a significant increase in the probability or consequences of an accident previously evaluated?

ANO Response: No.

The potential load carrying capability of the new L–3 crane has been increased from 100 tons to 130 tons. The transporting of a spent fuel cask is the maximum load that the crane is designed to handle. The process for transporting a cask is essentially unchanged from that previously performed. Once a cask is loaded with spent fuel it is lifted from the cask loading pit, transported to the hatch, and lowered to the railroad bay. This building arrangement is such that the cask is never carried over the spent fuel pool. The transport height of the cask has been increased to a minimum of 1.5 feet based on the design of the new L-3 crane. The impact limiters used under the previous cask transport process have been eliminated since the L-3 crane is now single failure proof. Because the crane is single failure proof, a postulated cask drop is no longer a credible event; therefore, no adverse effects on plant operation are anticipated to occur and the structural integrity of the spent fuel cask will not be impaired.

If a portion of the L–3 crane lifting devices malfunction or fail, the crane system is designed such that the load will move a limited distance downward prior to backup restraints becoming engaged. The increased