of Quest Capital Corp., Ivanpah, CA: August 8, 2003.

TA-W-52,498; Smart Modular Technologies, (MA), Inc. a wholly owned subsidiary of Solectron Crop., Technology Solutions Business Unit Div., Wilmington, MS: August 7, 2002.

TA-W-52,492; Buckeye Lumberton, Inc., Lumberton, NC: August 6, 2002.

TA-W-52,488; McKenzie Forest Products, LLC, Myrtle Point, OR: August 6, 2002.

I hereby certify that the aforementioned determinations were issued during the months of September. Copies of these determinations are available for inspection in Room C–5311, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20210 during normal business hours or will be mailed to persons who write to the above address.

Dated: September 18, 2003.

#### Timothy Sullivan,

Director, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 03–25722 Filed 10–9–03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

# **Employment and Training Administration**

[TA-W-52,638]

#### Vesuvius USA, Champaign Machine Shop, Champaign, Illinois; Notice of Termination of Investigation

Pursuant to Section 221 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, an investigation was initiated on August 21, 2003 in response to a worker petition filed by the company on behalf of workers at Vesuvius USA, Champaign Machine Shop, Champaign, Illinois.

The petitioner has requested that the petition be withdrawn. Consequently, the investigation has been terminated.

Signed at Washington, DC this 9th day of September, 2003.

#### Richard Church,

Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 03–25734 Filed 10–9–03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

## **Employment and Training Administration**

[TA-W-52,723]

#### W-Phone, Inc., Highlands Ranch, CO; Notice of Termination of Investigation

Pursuant to Section 221 of the Trade Act of 1974, an investigation was initiated on September 2, 2003 in response to a worker petition which was filed on behalf of workers at W-Phone, Inc., Highlands Ranch, Colorado.

All workers were separated from the subject firm more than one year before the date of the petition. Section 223(b) of the Act specifies that no certification may apply to any worker whose last separation occurred more than one year before the date of the petition. Consequently, further investigation in this case would serve no purpose, and the investigation has been terminated.

Signed in Washington, DC, this 8th day of September 2003.

#### Richard Church,

Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 03–25728 Filed 10–9–03; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 4510–30–P** 

#### **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

# Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-51,455A and TA-W-51,455C]

White Rodgers, Coils Division, A
Division of Emerson, Harrison,
Arkansas; and White Rodgers, Air
Cleaners Division, A Division of
Emerson, Harrison, Arkansas; Notice
of Negative Determination Regarding
Application for Reconsideration

By application of June 19, 2003, a company official requested administrative reconsideration of the Department's negative determination regarding eligibility for workers and former workers of the subject firm to apply for Trade Adjustment Assistance (TAA). The denial notice was signed on June 4, 2003 and published in the **Federal Register** on April 24, 2003 (68 FR 36847).

Pursuant to 29 CFR 90.18(c) reconsideration may be granted under the following circumstances:

(1) If it appears on the basis of facts not previously considered that the determination complained of was erroneous:

(2) If it appears that the determination complained of was based on a mistake

in the determination of facts not previously considered; or

(3) If in the opinion of the Certifying Officer, a mis-interpretation of facts or of the law justified reconsideration of the decision.

The TAA petition, filed on behalf of workers at White Rodgers, Coils Division, a division of Emerson, Harrison, Arkansas (TA–W–51,455A) engaged in the production of coils, and on behalf of workers at White Rodgers, Air Cleaner Division, a division of Emerson, Harrison, Arkansas (TA–W–51,455C) were denied because the "contributed importantly" group eligibility requirement of Section 222(3) of the Trade Act of 1974 was not met and production was not shifted abroad.

The company official who filed the reconsideration request stated that, in regard to the Coils Division, production at the subject division was dependent on other divisions being adjacent; once production phases that preceded coil production (injection molding used to wind coils), and followed coil production (gas valves that incorporated the coils) were shifted from the subject division site, it became necessary to move the coil production to another domestic location. As a result, the official contends, the coil production was impacted by a shift of production to Mexico.

Contact with another company official confirmed what had been established in the initial investigation, which was that production at the Coils Division shifted exclusively to a domestic site. It was also revealed that, although competitive production does occur at an affiliate in Mexico, there was no evidence of a shift from the subject facility to the Mexican affiliate or any U.S. imports resulting from this or any other foreign production.

The company official who filed the reconsideration request also stated that, in regard to the Air Cleaner Division, (TA–W–51–455C) production had been shifted to Mexico in June of 2003.

Follow up contact with the company revealed that the majority of production was shifted from the Air Cleaner Division in Harrison, Arkansas to Mexico. However, the shift began outside of the relevant period of this investigation. The petitioners are thus encouraged to file a new petition on behalf of workers at the Air Cleaner Division, thereby creating a relevant period of investigation that would include changing conditions.

#### Conclusion

After review of the application and investigative findings, I conclude that there has been no error or

misinterpretation of the law or of the facts which would justify reconsideration of the Department of Labor's prior decision. Accordingly, the application is denied.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 22nd day of September, 2003.

#### Linda G. Poole,

Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 03–25713 Filed 10–9–03; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

### **Employment and Training Administration**

[TA-W-52,504]

# Wirco Castings, Inc., New Athens, Illinois; Notice of Termination of Investigation

Pursuant to section 221 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, an investigation was initiated on August 11, 2003, in response to a petition filed on behalf of workers at Wirco Castings, Inc., New Athens, Illinois.

The petitioner has requested that the petition be withdrawn. Consequently, the investigation has been terminated.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 9th day of September, 2003.

#### Richard Church,

Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 03–25725 Filed 10–9–03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

#### Employment Standards Administration; Wage and Hour Division

#### Minimum Wages for Federal and Federally Assisted Construction; General Wage Determination Decisions

General wage determination decisions of the Secretary of Labor are issued in accordance with applicable law and are based on the information obtained by the Department of Labor from its study of local wage conditions and data made available from other sources. They specify the basic hourly wage rates and fringe benefits which are determined to be prevailing for the described classes of laborers and mechanics employed on construction projects of a similar character and in the localities specified therein.

The determination in these decisions of prevailing rates and fringe benefits have been made in accordance with 29

CFR part 1, by authority of the Secretary of Labor pursuant to the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act of March 3, 1931, as amended (46 Stat. 1494, as amended, 40 U.S.C. 276a) and of other Federal statutes referred to in 29 CFR part 1, appendix, as well as such additional statutes as may from time to time be enacted containing provisions for the payment of wages determined to be prevailing by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act. The prevailing rates and fringe benefits determined in these decisions shall, in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing statutes, constitute the minimum wages payable on Federal and federally assisted construction projects to laborers and mechanics of the specified classes engaged on contract work of the character and in the localities described therein.

Good cause is hereby found or not utilizing notice and public comment procedure thereon period to the issuance of these determinations as prescribed in 5 U.S.C. 553 and not providing for delay in the effective date as prescribed in that section, because the necessity to issue current construction industry wage determinations frequently and in large volume causes procedures to be impractical and contrary to the public interest.

General wage determination decisions, and modifications and supersedes decisions thereto, contain no expiration dates and are effective from their date of notice in the Federal **Register**, or on the date written notice is received by the agency, whichever is earlier. These decisions are to be used in accordance with the provisions of 29 CFR parts 1 and 5. Accordingly, the applicable decision, together with any modifications issued, must be made a part of every contract for performance of the described work within the geographic area indicated as required by an applicable Federal prevailing wage law and 29 CFR part 5. The wage rates and fringe benefits, notice of which is published herein, and which are contained in the Government Printing Office (GPO) document entitled "General Wage Determinations Issued Under The Davis-Bacon And Related Acts," shall be the minimum paid by contractors and subcontractors to laborers and mechanics.

Any person, organization, or governmental agency having an interest in the rates determined as prevailing is encouraged to submit wage rate and fringe benefit information for consideration by the Department.

Further information and selfexplanatory forms for the purpose of submitting this data may be obtained by writing to the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment Standards Administration, Wage and Hour Division, Division of Wage Determinations, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW., Room S–3014, Washington, DC 20210.

#### **Modification to General Wage Determination Decisions**

The number of the decisions listed to the Government Printing Office document entitled "General Wage Determinations Issued Under the Davis-Bacon and related Acts" being modified are listed by Volume and State. Dates of publication in the **Federal Register** are in parentheses following the decisions being modified.

Volume I

Maine

MEI030001 (Jun. 13, 2003) MEI030002 (Jun. 13, 2003) MEI030005 (Jun. 13, 2003)

Volume II

None

Volume III

None

Volume IV

None

 $Volume\ V$ 

None

Volume VI

North Dakota

ND030003 (Jun. 13, 2003) ND030004 (Jun. 13, 2003)

Volume VII

None

## General Wage Determination Publication

General wage determinations issued under the Davis-Bacon and related Acts, including those noted above, may be found in the Government Printing Office (GPO) document entitled "General Wage Determinations Issued Under the Davis-Bacon And Related Acts". This publication is available at each of the 50 Regional Government Depository Libraries and many of the 1,400 Government Depository Libraries across the country.

General wage determinations issued under the Davis-Bacon and related Acts are available electronically at no cost on the Government Printing Office site at <a href="http://www.access.gpo.gov/davisbacon">http://www.access.gpo.gov/davisbacon</a>. They are also available electronically by subscription to the Davis-Bacon Online Service (<a href="http://">http://</a>

davisbacon.fedworld.gov) of the National Technical Information Service (NTIS) of the U.S. Department of Commerce at 1–800–363–2068. This