

2. In § 36.4302, paragraphs (a)(4), (e)(1)(i), (e)(2)(i), (e)(3), and the authority citation at the end of paragraph (e)(3) are revised to read as follows:

§ 36.4302 Computation of guaranties or insurance credits.

(a) * * *

(4) The lesser of \$60,000 or 25 percent of the original principal loan amount where the loan amount exceeds \$144,000 and the loan is for the purchase or construction of a home or the purchase of a condominium unit.

* * * * *

(e) * * *

(1) * * *

(i) Entitlement may be increased by up to \$24,000 if the loan amount exceeds \$144,000 and the loan is for purchase or construction of a home or purchase of a condominium; and

(2) * * *

(i) Entitlement may be increased by up to \$24,000 if the loan amount exceeds \$144,000 and the loan is for purchase or construction of a home or purchase of a condominium; and

* * * * *

(3) If a veteran previously secured a manufactured home loan under 38 U.S.C. 3712, the amount of entitlement used for that loan is subtracted from \$36,000. The sum remaining is the amount of available entitlement for home loans and the sum remaining may be increased by up to \$24,000 if the loan amount exceeds \$144,000 and the loan is for purchase or construction of a home or purchase of a condominium. To determine the amount of entitlement available for manufactured home loans processed under 38 U.S.C. 3712, the amount of entitlement previously used for that purpose is subtracted from \$20,000. The sum remaining is the amount of available entitlement for use for manufactured home loan purposes under 38 U.S.C. 3712.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 3703)

3. Section 36.4308 is amended by removing the first authority citation at the end of the section, and by revising paragraph (c)(2) to read as follows:

§ 36.4308 Transfer of title by borrower or maturity by demand or acceleration.

* * * * *

(c) * * *

(2) With respect to each such loan at least one of the instruments used in the transaction shall contain the following statement: "This loan is not assumable without the approval of the Department of Veterans Affairs or its authorized agent." This statement must be:

(i) Printed in a font size which is the larger of:

(A) Two times the largest font size contained in the body of the instrument; or

(B) 18 points; and

(ii) Contained in at least one of the following:

(A) The note;

(B) The mortgage or deed of trust; or

(C) A rider to either the note, the mortgage, or the deed of trust.

Authority: (38 U.S.C.3714(d))

4. In § 36.4404, paragraph (a) introductory text, paragraph (b)(2), and the authority citation at the end of the section are revised to read as follows:

§ 36.4404 Computation of cost.

(a) *Computation of cost of housing unit.* Under section 2101(a) of chapter 21, for the purpose of computing the amount of benefits payable to a veteran-beneficiary, there may be included in the total cost to the veteran the following amount, not to exceed \$48,000.

* * * * *

(b) * * *

(2) \$9,250.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 2102)

5. Section 36.4527(a) is amended by:

A. In paragraph (a)(1), at the end of the paragraph, removing "and" and adding, in its place, "or".

B. Redesignating paragraph (a)(2) as paragraph (a)(3).

C. Adding a new paragraph (a)(2).

The addition reads as follows:

§ 36.4527 Direct housing loans to Native American veterans on trust lands.

(a) * * *

(2) The tribal organization that has jurisdiction over the veteran has entered into a memorandum of understanding with any department or agency of the United States with respect to such loans and the memorandum complies with the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 3762(a))

[FR Doc. 03-3176 Filed 2-7-03; 8:45 am]

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52

[WV058-6024a; FRL-7442-1]

Approval and Promulgation of Air Quality Implementation Plans; West Virginia; Regulation To Prevent and Control Air Pollution From Combustion of Refuse

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Direct final rule.

SUMMARY: EPA is taking direct final action to approve a revision to the West Virginia State Implementation Plan (SIP). The SIP revision amends a regulation to prevent and control air pollution from combustion of refuse. EPA is approving these revisions in accordance with the requirements of the Clean Air Act.

DATES: This rule is effective on April 11, 2003 without further notice, unless EPA receives adverse written comment by March 12, 2003. If EPA receives such comments, it will publish a timely withdrawal of the direct final rule in the **Federal Register** and inform the public that the rule will not take effect.

ADDRESSES: Written comments should be mailed to Kathleen Anderson, Air Quality Planning and Information Services Branch, 3AP21, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region III, 1650 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19103. Copies of the documents relevant to this action are available for public inspection during normal business hours at the Air Protection Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region III, 1650 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19103; the Air and Radiation Docket and Information Center, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1301 Constitution Avenue, NW., Room B108, Washington, DC 20460; and West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Air Quality, 7012 MacCorkle Avenue, SE., Charleston, WV 25304-2943.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Kathleen Anderson, (215) 814-2173, or by e-mail at anderson.kathleen@epa.gov. Please note that while questions may be posed via telephone and e-mail, formal comments must be submitted in writing, as indicated in the **ADDRESSES** section of this document.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

On September 21, 2000 and on September 12, 2001, West Virginia submitted revisions to a regulation (45CSR6) to prevent and control air pollution from combustion of refuse as formal revisions to its State Implementation Plan (SIP). The first SIP revision went to public hearing on July 19, 1999 and became effective on August 31, 2000. This SIP revision modified and deleted certain definitions, updated opacity standards and clarified and expanded open burning requirements. The second SIP

revision went to public hearing on August 14, 2000 and became effective on July 1, 2001. This SIP revision added requirements for air curtain incinerators and exempted certain temporary flares from permitting. Since the most recent of the two SIP revisions incorporates all of the changes from the earlier SIP revision, EPA will incorporate by reference the version of 45CSR6 submitted on September 12, 2001 into the SIP.

I. Summary of SIP Revision

(A) The following definitions were revised as follows: (1) Definitions of "Commission," "Ringelmann Smoke Chart," "Construction and Demolition Wastes" were deleted, (2) "Incineration" was modified to include thermal oxidizers and thermal catalytic oxidizers, (3) "Director" was modified to include persons delegated authority by the Director; (4) "Open Burning" was modified to include "burn barrels," (5) "Person" was modified to include the State of West Virginia and the United States, (6) Definitions for "Land Clearing Debris," "Air Curtain Incinerator", "Clean Lumber," and "Yard Waste" were added.

(B) Restrictions on open burning were revised as follows: (1) Open burning is prohibited for any purpose unless specifically exempted in the regulation, (2) Open burning for fire training is exempt but must be conducted according to 45CSR15 and 40 CFR part 61, subpart M, (3) References to "construction and demolition wastes" were replaced with "land clearing debris" and the exemption for open burning of backyard wastes was removed, (4) Prior Director's approval for open burning of land clearing debris is required in all areas of the State, and (5) An exemption was added for open burning of propellant and explosive wastes, subject to 45CSR25.

(C) Emission Standards for incinerators were revised as follows: (1) Particulate matter emission standards were changed from a Ringelmann Chart reading to a measured percent opacity standard, (2) The regulations at 40 CFR part 60 subparts Eb, AAAA and CCCC for air curtain incinerators were incorporated by reference, restrictions were imposed on the types of wastes allowed to be burned in air curtain incinerators, permits for construction, operation and modification of air curtain incinerators are required and an exemption from permitting was given to temporary air curtain incinerators.

(D) Permit requirements were changed to require permits for the construction, modification and relocation of any incinerator as applicable in 45CSR13,

45CSR14 and 45CSR19 and temporary flares and flare stacks with potential emissions below stationary source or major modification thresholds are exempt from permitting.

(E) Stack testing must be conducted using 40 CFR part 60, appendix A, Method 5 or other EPA-approved equivalent method approved by the Director to perform stack testing for particulate matter.

(F) The following sections were added or deleted: (1) The section on delayed compliance orders was deleted, (2) A section titled "Emergencies and Natural Disasters" was added to exempt open burning activities resulting from incineration of vegetation, building debris and other non-hazardous debris from natural disasters, (3) A section titled "Effect of the Rule" was added to prohibit 45CSR6 from being used to allow or permit construction of a new incinerator in violation of other State regulation, and (4) A section titled "Inconsistency Between Rules" allows the Director to determine applicability of conflicting rules based on imposing the more stringent provisions.

These revisions strengthen the SIP by clarifying and updating definitions, updating opacity standards, requiring EPA-approved test methods, and clarifying and expanding open burning and incineration requirements.

III. Final Action

EPA is approving the revisions to 45CSR6, "To Prevent and Control Air Pollution from Combustion of Refuse," submitted by West Virginia on September 12, 2001. EPA is publishing this rule without prior proposal because the Agency views this as a noncontroversial amendment and anticipates no adverse comment. However, in the "Proposed Rules" section of today's **Federal Register**, EPA is publishing a separate document that will serve as the proposal to approve the SIP revision if adverse comments are filed. This rule will be effective on April 11, 2003 without further notice unless EPA receives adverse comment by March 12, 2003. If EPA receives adverse comment, EPA will publish a timely withdrawal in the **Federal Register** informing the public that the rule will not take effect. EPA will address all public comments in a subsequent final rule based on the proposed rule. EPA will not institute a second comment period on this action. Any parties interested in commenting must do so at this time. Please note that if EPA receives adverse comment on an amendment, paragraph, or section of this rule and if that provision may be severed from the remainder of the rule,

EPA may adopt as final those provisions of the rule that are not the subject of an adverse comment.

IV. Regulatory Assessment Requirements

A. General Requirements

Under Executive Order 12866 (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993), this action is not a "significant regulatory action" and therefore is not subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget. For this reason, this action is also not subject to Executive Order 13211, "Actions Concerning Regulations That Significantly Affect Energy Supply, Distribution, or Use" (66 FR 28355, May 22, 2001). This action merely approves state law as meeting Federal requirements and imposes no additional requirements beyond those imposed by state law. Accordingly, the Administrator certifies that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*). Because this rule approves pre-existing requirements under state law and does not impose any additional enforceable duty beyond that required by state law, it does not contain any unfunded mandate or significantly or uniquely affect small governments, as described in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104-4). This rule also does not have tribal implications because it will not have a substantial direct effect on one or more Indian tribes, on the relationship between the Federal Government and Indian tribes, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities between the Federal Government and Indian tribes, as specified by Executive Order 13175 (65 FR 67249, November 9, 2000). This action also does not have Federalism implications because it does not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government, as specified in Executive Order 13132 (64 FR 43255, August 10, 1999). This action merely approves a state rule implementing a Federal standard, and does not alter the relationship or the distribution of power and responsibilities established in the Clean Air Act. This rule also is not subject to Executive Order 13045 "Protection of Children from Environmental Health Risks and Safety Risks" (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997), because it is not economically significant.

In reviewing SIP submissions, EPA's role is to approve state choices, provided that they meet the criteria of the Clean Air Act. In this context, in the absence of a prior existing requirement for the State to use voluntary consensus standards (VCS), EPA has no authority to disapprove a SIP submission for failure to use VCS. It would thus be inconsistent with applicable law for EPA, when it reviews a SIP submission, to use VCS in place of a SIP submission that otherwise satisfies the provisions of the Clean Air Act. Thus, the requirements of section 12(d) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995 (15 U.S.C. 272 note) do not apply. This rule does not impose an information collection burden under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*).

B. Submission to Congress and the Comptroller General

The Congressional Review Act, 5 U.S.C. 801 *et seq.*, as added by the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996, generally provides that before a rule may take effect, the agency promulgating the rule must submit a rule report, which includes a copy of the rule, to each House of the Congress and to the Comptroller General of the United States. EPA will submit a report containing this rule and other required information to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives, and the Comptroller General of the United States prior to publication of the rule in the **Federal Register**. This rule is not a "major rule" as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2).

C. Petitions for Judicial Review

Under section 307(b)(1) of the Clean Air Act, petitions for judicial review of this action must be filed in the United States Court of Appeals for the appropriate circuit by April 11, 2003. Filing a petition for reconsideration by the Administrator of this final rule does not affect the finality of this rule for the purposes of judicial review nor does it extend the time within which a petition for judicial review may be filed, and shall not postpone the effectiveness of such rule or action. This action, to prevent and control air pollution from combustion of refuse in West Virginia, may not be challenged later in proceedings to enforce its requirements. (See section 307(b)(2).)

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Incorporation by reference, Intergovernmental relations,

Particulate matter, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: January 15, 2003.

James W. Newsom,

Acting Regional Administrator, Region III.

40 CFR part 52 is amended as follows:

PART 52—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 52 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401 *et seq.*

Subpart XX—West Virginia

2. Section 52.2520 is amended by adding paragraph (c)(51) to read as follows:

§ 52.2520 Identification of plan.

* * * * *

(c) * * *

(51) Revisions to the West Virginia's Regulations to prevent and control air pollution from combustion of refuse, submitted on September 12, 2001 by the West Virginia Division of Environmental Protection:

(i) Incorporation by reference.

(A) Letter of September 12, 2001 from the West Virginia Division of Environmental Protection.

(B) Revisions to Title 45, Series 6 (45CSR6), To Prevent and Control Air Pollution from Combustion of Refuse, effective July 1, 2001.

(ii) Additional Material.

(A) Letter of September 21, 2000 from the West Virginia Division of Environmental Protection to EPA transmitting the regulation to prevent and control air pollution from the combustion of refuse.

(B) Letter of January 26, 2001 from the West Virginia Division of Environmental Protection to EPA transmitting materials related to revisions of 45CSR6.

(C) Remainder of the State submittals pertaining to the revisions listed in paragraph (c)(51)(i) of this section.

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52

[KY 125-2-200308(c); FRL-7449-9]

Approval and Promulgation of Implementation Plans for Kentucky: Air Permit Regulations; Withdrawal of Direct Final Rule

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Withdrawal of direct final rule.

SUMMARY: Due to adverse comment, EPA is withdrawing the direct final rule published December 30, 2002, (see 67 FR 79523) approving several revisions to the Kentucky State Implementation Plan. The revisions include separating Kentucky's air permits rule into several, smaller rules, and renumbering and rewriting these rules in plain English. EPA stated in the direct final rule that if EPA received adverse comment by January 29, 2003, the rule would be withdrawn and not take effect. EPA subsequently received adverse comment. EPA will address the comment in a subsequent final action based upon the proposed action also published on December 30, 2002 (see 67 FR 79543). EPA will not institute a second comment period on this action.

DATES: The direct final rule is withdrawn as of February 10, 2003.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Michele Notarianni, Air Planning Branch, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region 4, 61 Forsyth Street, SW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303-8960. (404/562-9031 (phone) or notarianni.michele@epa.gov (e-mail).)

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Intergovernmental relations, Lead, Nitrogen dioxide, Ozone, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Sulfur oxides, Volatile organic compounds.

Dated: January 30, 2003.

A. Stanley Meiburg,

Acting, Regional Administrator, Region 4.

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52

[KY 139-200307(c); FRL-7449-8]

Approval and Promulgation of Implementation Plans for Kentucky: Source-Specific Revision for Lawson Mardon Packaging; Withdrawal of Direct Final Rule

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Withdrawal of direct final rule.

SUMMARY: Due to adverse comment, EPA is withdrawing the direct final rule published December 18, 2002, (see 67 FR 77430) approving a source-specific revision to the State Implementation Plan of the Commonwealth of Kentucky.