

ammonium has a common mechanism of toxicity with other substances or how to include this pesticide in a cumulative risk assessment. Unlike other pesticides for which EPA has followed a cumulative risk approach based on a common mechanism of toxicity, glufosinate-ammonium does not appear to produce a toxic metabolite produced by other substances. For the purposes of this tolerance petition, therefore, it has not been assumed that glufosinate-ammonium has a common mechanism of toxicity with other substances.

#### E. Safety Determination

1. *U.S. population.* Using the conservative assumptions described above and based on the completeness and reliability of the toxicity data, it is concluded that chronic dietary exposure to the registered and proposed uses of glufosinate-ammonium will utilize at most 3.2% of the chronic population adjusted dose for the U.S. population. The actual exposure is likely to be significantly less than predicted by this analysis as data and models that are more realistic are developed. Exposures below 100% of the PAD are generally assumed to be of no concern because the PAD represents the level at or below which daily aggregate exposure over a lifetime will not pose appreciable risk to human health.

The acute population of concern, female 13+ utilizes 13% of the aPAD. This is a Tier I highly conservative assessment and actual exposure is likely to be far less. DWLOCs based on dietary exposures are greater than the conservative estimated levels, and would be expected to be well below the 100% level of the reference dose, if they occur at all.

EPA has concluded that it is not appropriate to aggregate non-dietary exposures with dietary exposures in a risk assessment because the toxicity end-points are different.

Therefore, there is a reasonable certainty that no harm will occur to the U.S. population from aggregate exposure (food, drinking water and nonresidential) to residues of glufosinate-ammonium and metabolites.

2. *Infants and children.* The toxicological data base is sufficient for evaluating prenatal and postnatal toxicity for glufosinate-ammonium. There are no prenatal or postnatal susceptibility concerns for infants and children, based on the results of the rat and rabbit developmental toxicity studies and the 2-generation reproduction study. Based on clinical signs of neurological toxicity in short and intermediate dermal toxicity studies with rats, EPA has determined that an

added FQPA safety factor of 3x is appropriate of assessing the risk of glufosinate-ammonium derived residues in crop commodities.

Using the conservative assumptions described in the exposure section above, the percent of the chronic population adjusted dose that will be used for exposure to residues of glufosinate-ammonium in food for children 1-2 (the most highly exposed sub-group) is 12%. Infants utilize 11.6% of the chronic PAD. As in the adult situation, DWLOCs are higher than the worst case EDWC and are expected to use well below 100% of the PAD, if they occur at all.

Therefore, there is a reasonable certainty that no harm will occur to infants and children from aggregate exposure to residues of glufosinate-ammonium.

#### F. International Tolerances

Maximum residue limits for glufosinate-ammonium and metabolites in or on rice commodities have not been established by the Codex Alimentarius Commission.

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## ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[OPPT-2003-0050; FRL-7323-6]

### Certain New Chemicals; Receipt and Status Information

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** Section 5 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) requires any person who intends to manufacture (defined by statute to include import) a new chemical (i.e., a chemical not on the TSCA Inventory) to notify EPA and comply with the statutory provisions pertaining to the manufacture of new chemicals. Under sections 5(d)(2) and 5(d)(3) of TSCA, EPA is required to publish a notice of receipt of a premanufacture notice (PMN) or an application for a test marketing exemption (TME), and to publish periodic status reports on the chemicals under review and the receipt of notices of commencement to manufacture those chemicals. This status report, which covers the period from July 14, 2003 to July 31, 2003, consists of the PMNs and TME, both pending or expired, and the notices of commencement to manufacture a new chemical that the Agency has received under TSCA section 5 during this time period.

**DATES:** Comments identified by the docket ID number OPPT-2003-0050 and the specific PMN number or TME number, must be received on or before September 15, 2003.

**ADDRESSES:** Comments may be submitted electronically, by mail, or through hand delivery/courier. Follow the detailed instructions as provided in Unit I. of the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Barbara Cunningham, Director, Environmental Assistance Division, Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics (7408M), Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460-0001; telephone number: (202) 554-1404; e-mail address: TSCA-Hotline@epa.gov.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### I. General Information

###### A. Does this Action Apply to Me?

This action is directed to the public in general. As such, the Agency has not attempted to describe the specific entities that this action may apply to. Although others may be affected, this action applies directly to the submitter of the premanufacture notices addressed in the action. If you have any questions regarding the applicability of this action to a particular entity, consult the person listed under **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT**.

###### B. How Can I Get Copies of This Document and Other Related Information?

1. *Docket.* EPA has established an official public docket for this action under docket identification (ID) number OPPT-2003-0050. The official public docket consists of the documents specifically referenced in this action, any public comments received, and other information related to this action. Although a part of the official docket, the public docket does not include Confidential Business Information (CBI) or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. The official public docket is the collection of materials that is available for public viewing at the EPA Docket Center, Rm. B102-Reading Room, EPA West, 1301 Constitution Ave., NW., Washington, DC. The EPA Docket Center is open from 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The EPA Docket Center Reading Room telephone number is (202) 566-1744 and the telephone number for the OPPT Docket, which is located in EPA Docket Center, is (202) 566-0280.

2. *Electronic access.* You may access this **Federal Register** document electronically through the EPA Internet under the “**Federal Register**” listings at <http://www.epa.gov/fedrgstr/>.

An electronic version of the public docket is available through EPA’s electronic public docket and comment system, EPA Dockets. You may use EPA Dockets at <http://www.epa.gov/edocket/> to submit or view public comments, access the index listing of the contents of the official public docket, and to access those documents in the public docket that are available electronically. Although not all docket materials may be available electronically, you may still access any of the publicly available docket materials through the docket facility identified in Unit I.B.1. Once in the system, select “search,” then key in the appropriate docket ID number.

Certain types of information will not be placed in the EPA Dockets. Information claimed as CBI and other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute, which is not included in the official public docket, will not be available for public viewing in EPA’s electronic public docket. EPA’s policy is that copyrighted material will not be placed in EPA’s electronic public docket but will be available only in printed, paper form in the official public docket. To the extent feasible, publicly available docket materials will be made available in EPA’s electronic public docket. When a document is selected from the index list in EPA Dockets, the system will identify whether the document is available for viewing in EPA’s electronic public docket. Although not all docket materials may be available electronically, you may still access any of the publicly available docket materials through the docket facility identified in Unit I.B.1. EPA intends to work towards providing electronic access to all of the publicly available docket materials through EPA’s electronic public docket.

For public commenters, it is important to note that EPA’s policy is that public comments, whether submitted electronically or in paper, will be made available for public viewing in EPA’s electronic public docket as EPA receives them and without change, unless the comment contains copyrighted material, CBI, or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. When EPA identifies a comment containing copyrighted material, EPA will provide a reference to that material in the version of the comment that is placed in EPA’s electronic public docket. The entire printed comment, including the

copyrighted material, will be available in the public docket.

Public comments submitted on computer disks that are mailed or delivered to the docket will be transferred to EPA’s electronic public docket. Public comments that are mailed or delivered to the docket will be scanned and placed in EPA’s electronic public docket. Where practical, physical objects will be photographed, and the photograph will be placed in EPA’s electronic public docket along with a brief description written by the docket staff.

#### *C. How and To Whom Do I Submit Comments?*

You may submit comments electronically, by mail, or through hand delivery/courier. To ensure proper receipt by EPA, identify the appropriate docket ID number and specific PMN number or TME number in the subject line on the first page of your comment. Please ensure that your comments are submitted within the specified comment period. Comments received after the close of the comment period will be marked “late.” EPA is not required to consider these late comments. If you wish to submit CBI or information that is otherwise protected by statute, please follow the instructions in Unit I.D. Do not use EPA Dockets or e-mail to submit CBI or information protected by statute.

1. *Electronically.* If you submit an electronic comment as prescribed in this unit, EPA recommends that you include your name, mailing address, and an e-mail address or other contact information in the body of your comment. Also include this contact information on the outside of any disk or CD ROM you submit, and in any cover letter accompanying the disk or CD ROM. This ensures that you can be identified as the submitter of the comment and allows EPA to contact you in case EPA cannot read your comment due to technical difficulties or needs further information on the substance of your comment. EPA’s policy is that EPA will not edit your comment, and any identifying or contact information provided in the body of a comment will be included as part of the comment that is placed in the official public docket, and made available in EPA’s electronic public docket. If EPA cannot read your comment due to technical difficulties and cannot contact you for clarification, EPA may not be able to consider your comment.

i. *EPA Dockets.* Your use of EPA’s electronic public docket to submit comments to EPA electronically is EPA’s preferred method for receiving comments. Go directly to EPA Dockets

at <http://www.epa.gov/edocket>, and follow the online instructions for submitting comments. Once in the system, select “search,” and then key in docket ID number OPPT–2003–0050. The system is an “anonymous access” system, which means EPA will not know your identity, e-mail address, or other contact information unless you provide it in the body of your comment.

ii. *E-mail.* Comments may be sent by e-mail to [oppt.ncic@epa.gov](mailto:oppt.ncic@epa.gov), Attention: Docket ID Number OPPT–2003–0050 and PMN Number or TME Number. In contrast to EPA’s electronic public docket, EPA’s e-mail system is not an “anonymous access” system. If you send an e-mail comment directly to the docket without going through EPA’s electronic public docket, EPA’s e-mail system automatically captures your e-mail address. E-mail addresses that are automatically captured by EPA’s e-mail system are included as part of the comment that is placed in the official public docket, and made available in EPA’s electronic public docket.

iii. *Disk or CD ROM.* You may submit comments on a disk or CD ROM that you mail to the mailing address identified in Unit I.C.2. These electronic submissions will be accepted in WordPerfect or ASCII file format. Avoid the use of special characters and any form of encryption.

2. *By mail.* Send your comments to: Document Control Office (7407M), Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics (OPPT), Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460–0001.

3. *By hand delivery or courier.* Deliver your comments to: OPPT Document Control Office (DCO) in EPA East Building Rm. 6428, 1201 Constitution Ave., NW., Washington, DC. Attention: Docket ID Number OPPT–2003–0050 and PMN Number or TME Number. The DCO is open from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The telephone number for the DCO is (202) 564–8930.

#### *D. How Should I Submit CBI To the Agency?*

Do not submit information that you consider to be CBI electronically through EPA’s electronic public docket or by e-mail. You may claim information that you submit to EPA as CBI by marking any part or all of that information as CBI (if you submit CBI on disk or CD ROM, mark the outside of the disk or CD ROM as CBI and then identify electronically within the disk or CD ROM the specific information that is CBI). Information so marked will not be

disclosed except in accordance with procedures set forth in 40 CFR part 2.

In addition to one complete version of the comment that includes any information claimed as CBI, a copy of the comment that does not contain the information claimed as CBI must be submitted for inclusion in the public docket and EPA's electronic public docket. If you submit the copy that does not contain CBI on disk or CD ROM, mark the outside of the disk or CD ROM clearly that it does not contain CBI. Information not marked as CBI will be included in the public docket and EPA's electronic public docket without prior notice. If you have any questions about CBI or the procedures for claiming CBI, please consult the technical person listed under **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT**.

#### *E. What Should I Consider as I Prepare My Comments for EPA?*

You may find the following suggestions helpful for preparing your comments:

1. Explain your views as clearly as possible.
2. Describe any assumptions that you used.
3. Provide copies of any technical information and/or data you used that support your views.

4. If you estimate potential burden or costs, explain how you arrived at the estimate that you provide.

5. Provide specific examples to illustrate your concerns.

6. Offer alternative ways to improve the notice or collection activity.

7. Make sure to submit your comments by the deadline in this document.

8. To ensure proper receipt by EPA, be sure to identify the docket ID number assigned to this action and the specific PMN number you are commenting on in the subject line on the first page of your response. You may also provide the name, date, and **Federal Register** citation.

#### **II. Why is EPA Taking this Action?**

Section 5 of TSCA requires any person who intends to manufacture (defined by statute to include import) a new chemical (i.e., a chemical not on the TSCA Inventory to notify EPA and comply with the statutory provisions pertaining to the manufacture of new chemicals. Under sections 5(d)(2) and 5(d)(3) of TSCA, EPA is required to publish a notice of receipt of a PMN or an application for a TME and to publish periodic status reports on the chemicals under review and the receipt of notices of commencement to manufacture those

chemicals. This status report, which covers the period from July 14, 2003 to July 31, 2003, consists of the PMNs and TME, both pending or expired, and the notices of commencement to manufacture a new chemical that the Agency has received under TSCA section 5 during this time period.

#### **III. Receipt and Status Report for PMNs and TME**

This status report identifies the PMNs and TME, both pending or expired, and the notices of commencement to manufacture a new chemical that the Agency has received under TSCA section 5 during this time period. If you are interested in information that is not included in the following tables, you may contact EPA as described in Unit II. to access additional non-CBI information that may be available.

In Table I of this unit, EPA provides the following information (to the extent that such information is not claimed as CBI) on the PMNs received by EPA during this period: The EPA case number assigned to the PMN; the date the PMN was received by EPA; the projected end date for EPA's review of the PMN; the submitting manufacturer; the potential uses identified by the manufacturer in the PMN; and the chemical identity.

#### **I. 61 PREMANUFACTURE NOTICES RECEIVED FROM: 07/14/03 TO 07/31/03**

Case No.	Received Date	Projected Notice End Date	Manufacturer/Importer	Use	Chemical
P-03-0686	07/15/03	10/12/03	Lynx Chemical Group, LLC	(S) Scale and corrosion inhibitor for downhole oilfield applications	(G) Ammonium salt of phosphonomethylated diamine
P-03-0687	07/15/03	10/12/03	Lynx Chemical Group, LLC	(S) Scale and corrosion inhibitor for downhole oilfield applications	(G) Potassium salt of phosphonomethylated diamine
P-03-0688	07/15/03	10/12/03	CBI	(G) Pigment dispersant	(G) Phosphated polyalkoxylate
P-03-0689	07/15/03	10/12/03	CBI	(G) Open, non-dispersive use	(G) Blocked isocyanate
P-03-0690	07/16/03	10/13/03	CBI	(S) The pmn substances function as binders in lithographic and publication gravure printing inks, as follows: Heatset web offset printing inks; sheetfed quickset printing inks; publication gravure printing inks	(G) Rosin, polymer with a monocarboxylic acid, a phenol, maleic anhydride, formaldehyde and pentaerythritol
P-03-0691	07/16/03	10/13/03	CBI	(S) The pmn substances function as binders in lithographic and publication gravure printing inks, as follows: Heatset web offset printing inks; sheetfed quickset printing inks; publication gravure printing inks	(G) Rosin, polymer with a monocarboxylic acid, a phenol, formaldehyde and pentaerythritol
P-03-0692	07/16/03	10/13/03	CBI	(S) The pmn substances function as binders in lithographic and publication gravure printing inks, as follows: Heatset web offset printing inks; sheetfed quickset printing inks; publication gravure printing inks	(G) Rosin, polymer with a monocarboxylic acid, phenols, maleic anhydride, formaldehyde and pentaerythritol

## I. 61 PREMANUFACTURE NOTICES RECEIVED FROM: 07/14/03 TO 07/31/03—Continued

Case No.	Received Date	Projected Notice End Date	Manufacturer/Importer	Use	Chemical
P-03-0693	07/16/03	10/13/03	CBI	(S) The pmn substances function as binders in lithographic and publication gravure printing inks, as follows: Heatset web offset printing inks; sheetfed quickset printing inks; publication gravure printing inks	(G) Rosin, polymer with a monocarboxylic acid, phenols, formaldehyde and pentaerythritol
P-03-0694	07/16/03	10/13/03	CBI	(S) The pmn substances function as binders in lithographic and publication gravure printing inks, as follows: Heatset web offset printing inks; sheetfed quickset printing inks; publication gravure printing inks	(G) Rosin, polymer with a monocarboxylic acid, a phenol, maleic anhydride, formaldehyde and pentaerythritol, metal salts.
P-03-0695	07/16/03	10/13/03	CBI	(S) The pmn substances function as binders in lithographic and publication gravure printing inks, as follows: Heatset web offset printing inks; sheetfed quickset printing inks; publication gravure printing inks	(G) Rosin, polymer with a monocarboxylic acid, phenols, formaldehyde, maleic anhydride and pentaerythritol
P-03-0696	07/16/03	10/13/03	CBI	(S) The pmn substances function as binders in lithographic and publication gravure printing inks, as follows: Heatset web offset printing inks; sheetfed quickset printing inks; publication gravure printing inks	(G) Rosin, polymer with a monocarboxylic acid, phenols, formaldehyde and pentaerythritol
P-03-0697	07/16/03	10/13/03	CBI	(S) The pmn substances function as binders in lithographic and publication gravure printing inks, as follows: Heatset web offset printing inks; sheetfed quickset printing inks; publication gravure printing inks	(G) Rosin, polymer with a monocarboxylic acid, alkylphenol, formaldehyde, maleic anhydride and pentaerythritol
P-03-0698	07/16/03	10/13/03	CBI	(S) The pmn substances function as binders in lithographic and publication gravure printing inks, as follows: Heatset web offset printing inks; sheetfed quickset printing inks; publication gravure printing inks	(G) Rosin, polymer with a monocarboxylic acid, alkylphenols, formaldehyde, maleic anhydride and pentaerythritol
P-03-0699	07/16/03	10/13/03	CBI	(S) The pmn substances function as binders in lithographic and publication gravure printing inks, as follows: Heatset web offset printing inks; sheetfed quickset printing inks; publication gravure printing inks	(G) Rosin, polymer with a monocarboxylic acid, alkylphenol, formaldehyde, maleic anhydride and pentaerythritol
P-03-0700	07/16/03	10/13/03	CBI	(S) The pmn substances function as binders in lithographic and publication gravure printing inks, as follows: Heatset web offset printing inks; sheetfed quickset printing inks; publication gravure printing inks	(G) Rosin, polymer with a monocarboxylic acid, a phenol, maleic anhydride, formaldehyde and glycerine
P-03-0701	07/16/03	10/13/03	CBI	(G) Ingredients for use in consumer products: Highly dispersive	(G) Methylene bicycloalkane
P-03-0702	07/16/03	10/13/03	CBI	(G) Ingredients for use in consumer products: Highly dispersive	(G) Trialkyl oxathiane
P-03-0703	07/16/03	10/13/03	CBI	(G) Redispersible powder	(G) Water redispersible actionic acrylic copolymer
P-03-0704	07/16/03	10/13/03	CBI	(G) Commercial and consumer use in an article	(G) Pyrazolotriazol derivative
P-03-0705	07/17/03	10/14/03	CBI	(G) Polymeric add mixture for cements	(G) Polycarboxylate polymer with alkenyloxyalkylol modified poly(oxyalkylenediyl), calcium potassium salt

## I. 61 PREMANUFACTURE NOTICES RECEIVED FROM: 07/14/03 TO 07/31/03—Continued

Case No.	Received Date	Projected Notice End Date	Manufacturer/Importer	Use	Chemical
P-03-0706	07/17/03	10/14/03	CBI	(G) Polymeric add mixture for cements	(G) Alkylcarboxyalkenyl dihydroxyalkylate, polymer with carboxyalkenyl and alkylalkenyl sodium sulfonate, calcium salt
P-03-0707	07/17/03	10/14/03	CBI	(G) Polymeric add mixture for cements	(G) Alkylcarboxyalkenyl polymer with carboxyalkenyl dihydroxyalkylate and alkylalkenyl sulfonate sodium salt
P-03-0714	07/18/03	10/15/03	CBI	(G) Solution additive	(G) Aluminum alkoxide complex
P-03-0715	07/21/03	10/18/03	Lonza Inc.	(S) Metal treating Chemical; corrosion inhibitor in process equipment; surfactant in hard cleaning applications	(G) Dialkyl dimethyl ammonium carbonate (1:1)
P-03-0716	07/21/03	10/18/03	Lonza Inc.	(S) Metal treating Chemical; corrosion inhibitor in process equipment; surfactant in hard cleaning applications	(G) Dialkyl dimethyl ammonium carbonate (2:1)
P-03-0717	07/22/03	10/19/03	CBI	(G) Industrial crosslinker	(G) Alcohol blocked polymeric isocyanate
P-03-0718	07/22/03	10/19/03	CBI	(G) Surfactant/dispersant	(G) Aminated polypropylene glycol formate
P-03-0719	07/22/03	10/19/03	Forbo Adhesives, LLC	(G) Hot melt polyurethane adhesive	(G) Isocyanate functional polyester polyether urethane polymer
P-03-0720	07/22/03	10/19/03	CBI	(G) Open, non-dispersive (resin)	(G) Aromatic polyisocyanate
P-03-0721	07/22/03	10/19/03	CBI	(G) Industrial coatings binder	(G) Aminated epoxy formates
P-03-0722	07/23/03	10/20/03	CBI	(G) Thermal transfer ink ribbon	(G) Pyrazolone derivative
P-03-0723	07/23/03	10/20/03	Ciba Specialty Chemicals Corporation, Textile Effects	(S) Exhaust dyeing of polyester fibers	(G) Substituted alkylamino phenyl azo substitute isoindole
P-03-0724	07/23/03	10/20/03	The Dow Chemical Company	(S) Surfactant for waterbourne epoxy dispersions	(G) Polyetherester diepoxide
P-03-0725	07/23/03	10/08/03	The Dow Chemical Company	(S) Surfactant for waterbourne epoxy dispersions	(G) Polyetherester diepoxide
P-03-0726	07/23/03	10/08/03	The Dow Chemical Company	(S) Surfactant for waterbourne epoxy dispersions	(G) Polyetherester diepoxide
P-03-0727	07/23/03	10/08/03	The Dow Chemical Company	(S) Surfactant for waterbourne epoxy dispersions	(G) Polyetherester diepoxide
P-03-0728	07/23/03	10/20/03	CBI	(G) Polyol component in polyester resin synthesis - destructive use	(G) Polyester polyol
P-03-0729	07/24/03	10/21/03	CBI	(G) Component of batteries	(G) Alkyleneoxide derivatives
P-03-0730	07/24/03	10/21/03	CBI	(G) Ingredients for use in consumer products: Highly dispersive	(G) Tert- cycloalkanol
P-03-0731	07/24/03	10/21/03	CBI	(G) Sealant component	(G) Polypropylene glycol, polymer with a carbomonocyclic diisocyanate, substituted-trialkoxysilane-blocked
P-03-0732	07/25/03	10/22/03	CBI	(S) Industrial coating for plastic, metal, wood	(G) Copolymer based on methacrylic acid esters
P-03-0733	07/25/03	10/22/03	CBI	(G) Open, non-dispersive (resin used in coatings applications)	(G) Aspartic ester
P-03-0734	07/25/03	10/22/03	Scotia Ventures, L.L.C.	(S) Paper coating additive; wet-end paper additive	(G) Cationic polyvinyl alcohol
P-03-0735	07/25/03	10/22/03	Scotia Ventures, L.L.C.	(S) Paper coating additive; wet-end paper additive	(G) Cationic polyvinyl alcohol
P-03-0736	07/25/03	10/22/03	Scotia Ventures, L.L.C.	(S) Paper coating additive; wet-end paper additive	(G) Cationic polyvinyl alcohol
P-03-0737	07/25/03	10/22/03	Scotia Ventures, L.L.C.	(S) Paper coating additive; wet-end paper additive	(G) Cationic polyvinyl alcohol
P-03-0739	07/28/03	10/25/03	Dow Corning Corporation	(G) Epoxy molding compound for encapsulation of semiconductor devices	(G) Epoxy functional silsesquioxane
P-03-0740	07/24/03	10/21/03	The Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company	(S) Monomer	(G) Pyrrolidene, Functionzed Styrene
P-03-0741	07/28/03	10/25/03	BASF Corporation	(G) Intermediate in the production of pigments	(G) Diol distillation bottoms.
P-03-0742	07/28/03	10/25/03	BASF Corporation	(G) Intermediate in the production of pigments	(G) Diol distillation bottoms.

## I. 61 PREMANUFACTURE NOTICES RECEIVED FROM: 07/14/03 TO 07/31/03—Continued

Case No.	Received Date	Projected Notice End Date	Manufacturer/Importer	Use	Chemical
P-03-0743	07/28/03	10/25/03	BASF Corporation	(G) Intermediate in the production of pigments	(G) Diol distillation bottoms.
P-03-0744	07/28/03	10/25/03	Dupont Company	(G) Molded and extruded rubber parts	(G) Modified ethylene/acrylate polymer
P-03-0745	07/28/03	10/25/03	Dupont Company	(G) Molded and extruded rubber parts	(G) Modified ethylene/acrylate polymer
P-03-0746	07/29/03	10/26/03	CBI	(G) Polymeric colorant	(G) Polymeric aromatic amine colorant
P-03-0747	07/30/03	10/27/03	CBI	(G) Automotive coatings	(G) Polyacrylic resin
P-03-0748	07/30/03	10/27/03	CBI	(G) Automotive coatings	(G) Polyacrylic resin
P-03-0749	07/30/03	10/27/03	CBI	(G) Automotive coatings	(G) Polyacrylic resin
P-03-0750	07/30/03	10/27/03	CBI	(G) Automotive coatings	(G) Polyacrylic resin
P-03-0751	07/30/03	10/27/03	CBI	(G) Automotive coatings	(G) Polyacrylic resin
P-03-0752	07/30/03	10/27/03	CBI	(G) Automotive coatings	(G) Polyacrylic resin

In Table II of this unit, EPA provides the following information (to the extent that such information is not claimed as CBI) on the TMEs received:

## II. 1 TEST MARKETING EXEMPTION NOTICES RECEIVED FROM: 07/14/03 TO 07/31/03

Case No.	Received Date	Projected Notice End Date	Manufacturer/Importer	Use	Chemical
T-03-0005	07/31/03	09/13/03	Gardere Wynne Sewell LLP	(S) For use as a cleaning solvent and insecticide carrier	(S) Alkanes, C8-C12, branched

In Table III of this unit, EPA provides the following information (to the extent that such information is not claimed as CBI) on the Notices of Commencement to manufacture received:

## III. 26 NOTICES OF COMMENCEMENT FROM: 07/14/03 TO 07/31/03

Case No.	Received Date	Commencement/Import Date	Chemical
P-01-0452	07/17/03	04/21/03	(S) Silicon sodium strontium titanium hydroxide oxide
P-01-0769	07/29/03	07/22/03	(G) Alkylated phenothiazine/diphenylamine mixture
P-01-0770	07/29/03	07/22/03	(G) Alkylated phenothiazine/diphenylamine mixture
P-01-0771	07/29/03	07/22/03	(G) Alkylated phenothiazine/diphenylamine mixture
P-01-0772	07/29/03	07/22/03	(G) Alkylated phenothiazine/diphenylamine mixture
P-02-0651	07/23/03	06/25/03	(G) Bis(phenol), 3,3-bis(3,4-dihydro-3phenyl-2h-1,3-benzoxazin-6-yl) derivative
P-03-0032	07/22/03	07/14/03	(S) Blocked fluorochemical urethane
P-03-0033	07/22/03	07/09/03	(G) Fluorochemical alcohol
P-03-0039	07/29/03	07/22/03	(G) Amine stabilizer
P-03-0133	07/24/03	06/17/03	(G) Polysilazane
P-03-0215	07/15/03	06/26/03	(S) 4h-1,3,2-benzodioxabismine-4-one, 2-hydroxy-
P-03-0282	07/25/03	06/30/03	(G) Amino-substituted carbopolycycle
P-03-0283	07/23/03	06/26/03	(S) Adenosine, n-benzoyl-5'-o-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-2'-deoxy-
P-03-0296	07/23/03	06/26/03	(S) Cytidine, n-benzoyl-5'-o-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-2'-deoxy-
P-03-0298	07/23/03	06/26/03	(S) Guanosine, 5'-o-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-2'-deoxy-n-(2-methyl-1-oxopropyl)-
P-03-0302	07/15/03	06/20/03	(G) Acrylic copolymer
P-03-0315	07/16/03	06/24/03	(G) Substituted polymethacrylic esters, hydrolyzed, sodium salt
P-03-0331	07/23/03	06/26/03	(S) Thymidine, 5'-o-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-
P-03-0361	07/21/03	07/10/03	(S) 2-propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-hydroxyethyl ester, polymer with n-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-2-methyl-2-propenamamide and 1-ethenylhexahydro-2h-azepin-2-one, 2,2'-azobis[2-methylbutanenitrile]-initiated
P-03-0392	07/21/03	06/19/03	(G) Anthranilic acid derivative
P-03-0400	07/14/03	06/10/03	(G) Substituted anthracene ester
P-03-0430	07/28/03	07/02/03	(G) Polymer of methylene diphenyl diisocyanate, polyether polyol and a polyester polyol
P-03-0442	07/24/03	06/26/03	(G) Polysiloxazane
P-03-0459	07/18/03	07/10/03	(G) Carboxylated modified poly(oxyalkylenediyl), calcium salt
P-92-0830	07/24/03	07/16/03	(S) 4-isobutyl benzaldehyde

## III. 26 NOTICES OF COMMENCEMENT FROM: 07/14/03 TO 07/31/03—Continued

Case No.	Received Date	Commencement/ Import Date	Chemical
P-93-0563	07/22/03	04/13/98	(G) Alkoxylated alkyl phenol

**List of Subjects**

Environmental protection, Chemicals, Premanufacturer notices.

Dated: August 12, 2003.

**Sandra R. Wilkins,**

*Acting Director, Information Management Division, Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics.*

[FR Doc. 03-20900 Filed 8-14-03; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 6560-50-S**

**ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY**

[FRL-7544-2]

**Mission Foods Corporation—Administrative Consent Agreement and Final Order; Notice of Proposed Administrative Consent Agreement and Final Order Pursuant to Section 311(B)(6) of the Clean Water Act**

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency.

**ACTION:** Notice, request for public comments.

**SUMMARY:** In accordance with section 311(b)(6)(C) of the Clean Water Act, (“CWA”), 33 U.S.C. 1321(b)(6)(C), notice is hereby given of a proposed Consent Agreement and Final Order (“CA/FO,” Region 9 Docket No. OPA 9-2003-0003), which resolves penalties for alleged violations of sections 311(b)(3) and 311(j) of the CWA. The respondent to the CA/FO is the Mission Foods Corporation, a California corporation. Through the proposed CA/FO, the Mission Foods Corporation will pay \$60,000 to the Oil Spill Liability Trust Fund as a penalty for alleged violations involving the discharge of oil into waters of the United States, and the failure to prepare and maintain Spill Prevention, Control and Countermeasure plans. The penalty included in this CA/FO was calculated in accordance with the Agency’s guidance document, *Civil Penalty Policy for Section 311(b)(3) and Section 311(j) of the Clean Water Act*, dated August 21, 1998. For thirty (30) days following the date of publication of this Notice, the Agency will receive written comments relating to the proposed CA/FO. Any person who comments on the proposed CA/FO shall be given notice of any hearing held and a reasonable

opportunity to be heard and to present evidence. If no hearing is held regarding comments received, any person commenting on this proposed CA/FO may, within 30 days after the issuance of the final order, petition the Agency to set aside the CA/FO, as provided by section 311(b)(6)(C)(iii) of the CWA, 33 U.S.C. 1321(b)(6)(C)(iii).

**DATES:** Comments must be submitted on or before September 15, 2003.

**ADDRESSES:** The proposed CA/FO may be obtained from Laurie Williams, telephone (415) 972-3867. Comments regarding the proposed CA/FO should be addressed to Danielle Carr (ORC-1) at 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, California 94105, and should reference the Mission Foods Corporation and Region 9 Docket No. OPA 9-2003-0003.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Laurie Williams (ORC-3), Office of Regional Counsel, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 9, 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, CA 94105, (415) 972-3867.

Dated: August 6, 2003.

**Daniel Meer,**

*Acting Director, Superfund Division, Region 9.*

[FR Doc. 03-20896 Filed 8-14-03; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 6560-50-P**

**ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY**

[FRL-7544-9]

**Public Water System Supervision Program Revision for the State of Colorado**

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** The State of Colorado has revised its Public Water System Supervision (PWSS) primacy program by adopting regulations for the Interim Enhanced Surface Water Treatment Rule (IESWTR), Disinfectants/Disinfection Byproducts Rule (D/DBPR), Radionuclides Rule, revisions to the Variances and Exemptions Rule, Administrative Penalty Authority, Definition of “Public Water System,” and the Public Notification Rule (PNR). Having determined that these revisions meet all pertinent requirements in the

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA), and EPA’s implementing regulations, the EPA approves them.

Today’s approval action does not extend to public water systems in Indian country. Please see **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**, Item B.

**DATES:** Any member of the public is invited to submit written comments and/or request a public hearing on this determination by September 15, 2003. Please see **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**, Item C, for information on submitting comments and requesting a hearing. If no hearing is requested or granted, then this action shall become effective September 15, 2003. If a public hearing is requested and granted, then this determination shall not become effective until such time following the hearing as the Regional Administrator (RA) issues an order affirming or rescinding this action.

**ADDRESSES:** Written comments and requests for a public hearing should be addressed to: Robert E. Roberts, Regional Administrator, c/o Qian Zhang (8P-W-MS), U.S. EPA, Region 8, 999 18th Street, Suite 300, Denver, CO 80202-2466.

All documents relating to this determination are available for inspection at the following locations: (1) U.S. EPA, Region 8, Municipal Systems Unit, 999 18th Street (4th Floor), Denver, CO 80202-2466; (2) Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE), Drinking Water Section, 4300 Cherry Creek Drive South, Denver, CO.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Qian Zhang, Municipal Systems Unit, EPA, Region 8 (8P-W-MS), 999 18th Street, Suite 300, Denver, CO 80202-2466, 303-312-6267.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** EPA approved Colorado’s application for assuming primary enforcement authority for the PWSS program, pursuant to section 1413 of SDWA, 42 U.S.C. 300g-2, and 40 CFR part 142. CDPHE administers Colorado’s PWSS program. The State of Colorado has revised its PWSS primacy program by adopting regulations for the IESWTR (December 16, 1998, 63 FR 69478-69521), D/DBPR (December 16, 1998, 63 FR 69390-69476), Radionuclides Rule (December 7, 2000, 65 FR 76708), revisions to the Variances and