2. Financial status report and annual progress report, no more than 90 days after the end of the budget period.

3. Final financial and performance reports, no more than 90 days after the end of the project period.

These reports must be sent to the Grants Management Specialist listed in the "Agency Contacts" section of this announcement.

VII. Agency Contacts

For general questions about this announcement, contact: Technical Information Management Section, CDC Procurement and Grants Office, 2920 Brandywine Road, Atlanta, GA 30341, Telephone: 770–488–2700.

For program technical assistance, contact: Dean S. Seneca, MPH, MCURP (E–32), Assistant Director, Office of Tribal Affairs, Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry, 1600 Clifton Road NE., Atlanta, GA 30333, Telephone: 404–498–0457, e-mail: DSeneca@cdc.gov.

For budget assistance, contact: Edna Green, Grants Management Specialist (K–75), CDC Procurement and Grants Office, 2920 Brandywine Road, Atlanta, GA 30341, Telephone: 770–488–2743, email: *EGreen@cdc.gov*.

Dated: January 27, 2004.

Sandra R. Manning,

CGFM,Director, Procurement and Grants Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

[FR Doc. 04–2047 Filed 1–30–04; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4163–70–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Departmental Advisory Committee on Commercial Operations of the Bureau of Customs and Border Protection ("COAC")

AGENCY: Department of Homeland Security.

ACTION: Notice of meeting.

SUMMARY: This notice announces the date, time, and location for the first meeting of the ninth term of the Departmental Advisory Committee on Commercial Operations of the Bureau of Customs and Border Protection (COAC), and the expected agenda for its consideration.

DATES: The next meeting of the COAC will be held on Friday, February 6, 2004 at 9:30 a.m. to 1 p.m. in the Polaris Room of the Ronald Reagan Building, located at 1300 Pennsylvania, NW., Washington, DC 20229. The duration of the meeting will be approximately four hours.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Vetta Jeffries, Department of Homeland Security, 202–282–8468.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This meeting is open to the public. However, participation in COAC deliberations is limited to COAC members, Homeland Security and Treasury Department officials, and persons invited to attend the meeting for special presentations. All persons entering the building must be cleared by building security at least 72 hours in advance of the meeting. Personal data to obtain this clearance must be submitted to Vetta Jeffries, 202–282–8468, no later than 2 p.m. EST on February 5, 2004.

Agenda

The COAC is expected to pursue the following agenda, which may be modified prior to the meeting:

(1) Department of Homeland Security Reorganization.

(2) Customs and Border Patrol Officer.(3) Food and Drug Administration Bio Terrorism Act.

(4) Advance Cargo Manifest

Information.

(5) Free and Secure Trade (FAST).

- (6) Customs-Trade Partnership Against Terrorism (C–TPAT) and
- Container Security Initiative (CSI)

Human Capital Plan.

(7) Focused Assessment/Importer Self-Assessment Program.

(8) World Customs Organization Task Force on Global Security Standards.

(9) Customs Brokers Examination.

(10) Automated Commercial System Maintenance.

Dated: January 28, 2004.

C. Stewart Verdery,

Assistant Secretary for Border and Transportation Security Policy and Planning. [FR Doc. 04–2120 Filed 1–29–04; 1:41 pm] BILLING CODE 4410-10–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[WY-090-1220-MA]

Notice of Seasonal Closure of Public Lands to Motorized Vehicle Use

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of seasonal closure of certain public lands located in Lincoln County, Wyoming, to all types of motor vehicle use.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to 43 Code of Federal Regulations subpart 8364, the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) may issue an order to close the use of BLM administered lands to the public to protect those lands and resources. The Kemmerer Resource Management Plan (RMP) Record of Decision (ROD), April 29, 1986, states that big game winter ranges may be closed to minimize stress to wintering animals.

After consulting with the Wyoming Game and Fish Department the BLM Kemmerer Field Manager has decided to close certain BLM-administered lands and travel ways including existing roads and two-track trails, to all types of motorized vehicle travel (*i.e.*, snowmobiles, all-terrain vehicles, any vehicle including trucks, sport utility vehicles and cars, motorcycles *etc.*). Winter range as identified in the Kemmerer RMP and as described below in the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** section will be closed from January 1, 2004, through April 30, 2004.

This seasonal closure affects public lands located within the Raymond Mountain Wilderness Study Area (WSA), Slate Creek, Rock Creek, and Bridger Creek winter ranges. This action is necessary for the protection of crucial winter range habitat for elk, moose, antelope, and mule deer. Except for travel on highways or county roads, motorized vehicle travel within these areas will be allowed only by written authorization from the Kemmerer Field Manager. When performing official duties personnel of the BLM, Wyoming Game and Fish Department, U.S. Department of Agriculture-APHIS & Forest Service, U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service, and Lincoln and Uinta County Sheriff Offices are exempt from this closure.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The BLM Kemmerer Field Office is responsible for management of crucial winter range habitat located on public lands within Lincoln County. The Kemmerer RMP identifies areas of crucial winter range and the ROD states that seasonal closures for motorized vehicles may be used to protect big game winter range. Closures will vary depending on conditions and are to be implemented in coordination with the Wyoming Game and Fish Department (Kemmerer RMP, pages 25 and 27). The Raymond Mountain WSA, Slate Creek, Rock Creek, and Bridger Creek areas are crucial wintering ranges for elk, moose, antelope, and mule deer. Because of the effects of 4 years of exceptional drought and the health of wintering deer, moose and elk, the BLM has decided to implement a seasonal closure to protect the winter range from further degradation. Low forage production associated with the drought has caused animals to go into winter in very poor

condition. Additionally, forage production on winter ranges has also been reduced. These impacts to wintering wildlife are currently compounded by significant human activity, such as day and night wildlife observation, still and video photography, snowmobiling, and antler gathering. Because of the increased stress that the presence of motorized vehicles inflict on wintering big game during difficult winter periods, the number of animals that will die on the winter range can increase. This would also decrease production of young during the following summer. Therefore, by closing crucial winter range to motorized vehicles impacts to wintering big game would be reduced.

By this order the following BLMadministered lands are included in this closure:

• The Raymond Mountain WSA is located approximately 15 miles north of Cokeville and contains 32,956 acres.

• The Slate Creek area includes all BLM-administered lands south of Fontenelle Creek, west and north of Route 189, and east of the crest of Slate Creek Ridge, and contains 111,100 acres.

• The Rock Creek area includes all BLM-administered lands south of County Road 204 (Pine Creek Road), west of the crest of Dempsey Ridge, west of Fossil Butte National Monument, north and east of Highway 30, and contains 105,750 acres.

• The Bridger Creek area includes all BLM-administered lands south of Highway 30, west of Fossil Ridge, west of Bear River Divide, north of the Uinta-Lincoln County line, east of the Utah-Wyoming border, and southeast of Highway 89, and contains 98,400 acres.

Maps of these seasonal closure areas will be posted with this notice at key locations that provide access into the closure areas, as well as at the Kemmerer Field Office, 312 Highway 189 North, Kemmerer, Wyoming 83101– 9710.

In addition to the exemption of authorized personnel performing official duty, under this closure the following may continue:

• Maintenance and pumping of existing oil and gas facilities by oil and gas leaseholders and their associated authorized operators as approved,

• Conduct of livestock operations by holders of grazing permits as approved, and

• Use of these areas by non-motorized means such as by foot or horseback.

After April 30, 2004, motorized vehicle use will be limited to existing roads and two-track trails.

Authority for closure orders is provided in regulation 43 CFR, subparts 8341.2 and 8364.1. Violations of this closure are punishable by a fine not to exceed \$1000, and/or imprisonment not to exceed 12 months.

DATES: This seasonal closure will be effective from January 1, 2004, through April 30, 2004.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Wally Mierzejewski, Outdoor Recreation Planner or Jim Wright, Wildlife Biologist, Bureau of Land Management, 312 Highway 189 North, Kemmerer, Wyoming 83101, or contact by telephone at 307–828–4500.

Dated: December 4, 2003.

Alan L. Kesterke,

Associate State Director. [FR Doc. 04–2055 Filed 1–30–04; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–22–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[AK-930-04-1310-DB]

Notice of Availability and Announcement of Public Subsistence-Related Hearings; Alpine Satellite Development Plan, Draft Environmental Impact Statement; National Petroleum Reserve-Alaska, and Colville River Delta

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of availability and announcement of public subsistencerelated hearings: Alpine Satellite Development Plan, Draft Environmental Impact Statement; National Petroleum Reserve-Alaska, and Colville River Delta.

SUMMARY: The Bureau of Land Management (BLM) announces the availability of the Alpine Satellite Development Plan Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS). The DEIS provides National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) analysis and examines potential impacts of ConocoPhillips Alaska, Inc.'s (CPAI) proposed action to develop five satellite oil accumulations in the Northeast National Petroleum Reserve-Alaska (NPR-A) and the adjacent Colville River Delta. CPAI proposes to develop five drilling pads and associated access roads, bridges, airstrips, pipelines and power lines. The pads are termed CD-3, CD-4, CD-5, CD-6, and CD-7. In the Colville River Delta, CD-3 is on State of Alaska land and CD-4 is on land owned by Kuukpik Corporation, a Native-owned corporation created under the authority

of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act for the village of Nuiqsut. CD–5 is on land conveyed to Kuukpik within the NPR–A; CD–6 and CD–7 are on lands administered by the BLM in the NPR– A. The company proposes to place 20 to 30 wells on each pad and to transport the unprocessed, three-phase (oil, gas, and water) drilling product to the Alpine Central Processing Facility for processing. Processed oil would be placed in the existing pipeline system for transport to the Trans-Alaska Pipeline System.

The DEIS evaluates a range of alternatives, consistent with applicable law, by which to accomplish the proposed action while mitigating adverse impacts. Four action alternatives that fulfill the purpose and need of the proposed action are presented and analyzed. The No Action Alternative is presented as a benchmark, enabling the public and decision makers to compare the magnitude of environmental effects of the action alternatives. The alternatives cover the full range of reasonable development scenarios. The Agency's preferred alternative has not been identified in the DEIS, but will be identified in the final EIS.

Also included in the DEIS is an analysis of full-field development (FFD) for an 890.000-acre area that includes the Colville River Delta west of its eastern-most channel and extends west to the vicinity of the mouth of the Kogru River on the west side of Harrison Bay and south from the Kogru River mouth for approximately 45 miles. Though FFD is not proposed at this time, the BLM considers it likely that development besides that currently proposed by CPAI will occur in this area over the next 20 years. As a result, the DEIS evaluates and analyzes alternative development options for potential future development. This approach gives the public and decision makers a comprehensive overview of proposed and potential future development in the area. An agency-preferred alternative or Record of Decision will not be developed for FFD. Decisions on future proposals for developments in the area would be addressed through additional NEPA analysis tiered or incorporated by reference to the final EIS.

Section 810 of the Alaska National Lands Conservation Act requires the BLM to evaluate the effects of plans presented in this DEIS on subsistence activities in the area of the proposed action and alternatives, and to hold public hearings if it finds that any alternative may significantly restrict subsistence activities. The analysis of environmental consequences indicates