enforcement issues; (3) Resource impacts; (4) Education. The meeting will emphasize a problem-solving approach, using a range of practical tools and exercises such as shared history, mapping, and joint fact-finding in order to solicit information and further clarify and address the issues related to recreational shooting in the Tucson Basin.

Background

In 2003, the Tucson Field Office of the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), in the process of developing a management plan for the Ironwood Forest National Monument, requested that the U.S. Institute for Environmental Conflict Resolution conduct a situation assessment on issues related to recreational shooting. Safety concerns and resource damage were identified as significant concerns in the Monument, and the assessment was viewed as an important means to gain an understanding of public attitudes and perceived opportunities for addressing these issues

At the outset, BLM staff underscored their mandate to manage the Monument for multiple uses, with recreational shooting being one among many appropriate public uses within the Monument.

The BLM perceived a need to bring agencies and stakeholders together to consider developing appropriate management guidelines. Believing that issues around recreational shooting could not be adequately addressed without taking a basin-wide approach, BLM staff sought to identify opportunities to work with a wide array of stakeholders to define a common vision for resolving these resource management and public safety issues. The BLM provided the initial funding for the situation assessment. However, in the early stages of development of the project, the USDA Forest Service's Coronado National Forest and the Arizona Game and Fish Department joined as co-sponsors, confirming the importance of looking at the situation in the Tucson basin as a whole.

All three agencies are now supporting a series of public workshops to explore the issues identified in the situation assessment. Workshop #1 is the first in that series. Dates have not yet been established for subsequent workshops.

In the initial planning for the situation assessment, the sponsors determined that the project would specifically address "recreational shooting," defined as the discharge of any firearm for any lawful, recreational purpose other than the lawful taking of a game animal. They separated this

activity from hunting, which the project was not intended to address.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION: Any member of the public who desires further information concerning the meeting or wishes to submit oral or written comments should contact Olivia Montes, Administrative Assistant, U.S. Institute for Environmental Conflict Resolution, 130 S. Scott Avenue. Tucson, AZ 85701; phone (520) 670-5299, fax (520) 670-5530, or e-mail at montes@ecr.gov. Requests to make oral comments must be in writing (or by e-mail) to Ms. Montes and be received no later than 5 p.m. Mountain Standard Time on Friday, May 14, 2004. Copies of the draft meeting agenda may be obtained from Ms. Montes at the address, phone and e-mail address listed above.

A copy of the situation assessment "Recreational Shooting in the Tucson Basin: The Potential for Collaborative Dialogue and Action" can be obtained at http://www.ecr.gov/

s_publications.htm#Tucson_Basin

Dated: May 4, 2004. Christopher L. Helms,

Executive Director, Morris K. Udall Scholarship and Excellence in National Environmental Policy Foundation, and Federal Register Liaison Officer.

[FR Doc. 04–10525 Filed 5–7–04; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6820-FN-P

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

[Notice: (04-061)]

Notice; Correction

AGENCY: National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA).

SUMMARY: In the **Federal Register** issue of Wednesday, April 21, 2004 (Volume 69, No. 77), pg. 2183-2184, Notice [04-051], make the following corrections: "Dates: All comments should be submitted within 60 calendar days of the date of this publication." should read "Dates: All comments should be submitted within 30 calendar dates of the date of this publication;" and "Addresses: All comments should be addressed to Ms. Nancy Kaplan, Code VE, National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Washington, DC, 20546-0001." should read "Addresses: All comments should be addressed to Desk Officer for NASA; Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs; Office of Management and Budget; Room 10236; New Executive Office Building; Washington, DC, 20503."

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Nancy Kaplan, NASA Reports Officer, (202) 358–1372.

Title: Organizational Climate Survey for NASA Marshall Space Flight Center. OMB Number: 2700–XXXX. Type of review: New collection.

Dated: April 29, 2004.

Patricia L. Dunnington,

Chief Information Officer.

[FR Doc. 04–10544 Filed 5–7–04; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7510-01-P

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request

AGENCY: Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC).

ACTION: Notice of pending NRC action to submit an information collection request to OMB and solicitation of public comment.

SUMMARY: The NRC is preparing a submittal to OMB for review of continued approval of information collections under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35).

Information pertaining to the requirement to be submitted:

- 1. The title of the information collection: NRC Form 327, Special Nuclear Material (SNM) and Source Material (SM) Physical Inventory Summary Report, and NUREG/BR–0096, Instructions and Guidance for Completing Physical Inventory Summary Reports
- 2. Current OMB approval number: 3150–0139.
- 3. How often the collection is required: The frequency of reporting corresponds to the frequency of required inventories, which depends essentially on the strategic significance of the SNM covered by the particular license.

 Certain licensees possessing strategic SNM are required to report inventories every 2 months. Licensees possessing SNM of moderate strategic significance must report every 6 months. Licensees possessing SNM of low strategic significance must report annually.
- 4. Who is required or asked to report: Fuel facility licensees possessing special nuclear material.
- 5. The number of annual respondents:
- 6. The number of hours needed annually to complete the requirement or request: 98 hours (an average of approximately 4.25 hours per response for 23 responses).

7. Abstract: NRC Form 327 is submitted by fuel facility licensees to account for special nuclear material. The data is used by NRC to assess licensee material control and accounting programs and to confirm the absence of (or detect the occurrence of) special nuclear material theft or diversion. NUREG/BR-0096 provides specific guidance and instructions for completing the form in accordance with the requirements appropriate for a particular licensee.

Submit, by July 9, 2004, comments that address the following questions:

- 1. Is the proposed collection of information necessary for the NRC to properly perform its functions? Does the information have practical utility?
 - 2. Is the burden estimate accurate?
- 3. Is there a way to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected?
- 4. How can the burden of the information collection be minimized, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology?

A copy of the draft supporting statement may be viewed free of charge at the NRC Public Document Room, One White Flint North, 11555 Rockville Pike, Room O–1 F21, Rockville, MD 20852. OMB clearance requests are available at the NRC worldwide Web site: http://www.nrc.gov/public-involve/doc-comment/omb/index.html. The document will be available on the NRC home page site for 60 days after the signature date of this notice.

Comments and questions about the information collection requirements may be directed to the NRC Clearance Officer, Brenda Jo. Shelton (T–5 F52), U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555–0001, by telephone at 301–415–7233, or by Internet electronic mail to infocollects@nrc.gov.

Dated at Rockville, Maryland, this 3rd day of May 2004.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

Brenda Jo. Shelton,

NRC Clearance Officer, Office of the Chief Information Officer.

[FR Doc. 04–10518 Filed 5–7–04; 8:45 am]

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

[Docket Number 030-04783]

Notice of Availability of Environmental Assessment and Finding of No Significant Impact for License Amendment For the Dow Chemical Company, Midland, MI

AGENCY: Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

ACTION: Notice of availability of Environmental Assessment and Finding of No Significant Impact.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

William Snell, Division of Nuclear Materials Safety, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Region III, 2443 Warrenville Road, Lisle, Illinois 60532; telephone (630) 829–9871; or by e-mail at wgs@nrc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Introduction

The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) is considering the issuance of an amendment to Material License No. 21–00265–06 issued to Dow Chemical Company (the licensee), to remove the 703 Incinerator from its license at its Midland, Michigan facilities, and release the incinerator for unrestricted use.

The NRC staff has prepared this environmental assessment (EA) to support this licensing action in accordance with the requirements of 10 CFR Part 51. Based on the EA, the NRC has concluded that a Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) is appropriate. The amendment will be issued following the publication of this Notice.

II. EA Summary

The purpose of the proposed action is to remove the 703 Incinerator from Byproduct Material License No. 21- $00\overline{2}65-06$, issued to the Dow Chemical Company in Midland, Michigan, and release the licensee's 703 Incinerator for unrestricted use. The 703 Incinerator had been used since 1959 to incinerate hazardous wastes and had been used since 1966 to incinerate materials containing small quantities of hydrogen-3 (H–3) and carbon-14 (C–14). On January 9, 2004, Dow Chemical Company submitted a request to remove the 703 Incinerator from its license at its Midland, Michigan facilities, and release the incinerator for unrestricted use. Dow Chemical Company provided survey results which demonstrated that the 703 Incinerator was in compliance with Title 10, Code of Federal

Regulations, 10 CFR 20.1402, "Radiological Criteria for Unrestricted Use." No radiological remediation activities are required to complete the proposed action. The NRC staff has reviewed the information provided and surveys performed by Dow Chemical Company to demonstrate compliance with the license termination criteria in Subpart E of 10 CFR 20.1402, "Radiological Criteria for Unrestricted Use," to ensure the NRC's decision is protective of public health and safety and the environment.

III. Finding of No Significant Impact

The staff has prepared the EA (summarized above) in support of Dow Chemical Company's proposed license amendment to terminate its license and release the 703 Incinerator for unrestricted use. Based on its review, the staff has determined that the affected environment and the environmental impacts associated with the decommissioning of Dow Chemical Company's facilities are bounded by the impacts evaluated by the "Generic Environmental Impact Statement in Support of Rulemaking on Radiological Criteria for License Termination of NRC-Licensed Nuclear Facilities" (NUREG-1496). Additionally, no non-radiological impacts were identified. The staff also finds that the proposed release for unrestricted use of the Dow Chemical Company's facilities is in compliance with 10 CFR 20.1402, and finds no other activities in the area that could result in cumulative impacts. On the basis of the EA, the staff has concluded that the environmental impacts from the proposed action would not be significant. Accordingly, the staff has determined that a FONSI is appropriate, and has determined that the preparation of an Environmental Impact Statement is not warranted.

IV. Further Information

In accordance with 10 CFR 2.390 of the NRC's "Rules of Practice," Dow Chemical Company's request, the EA summarized above, and the documents related to this proposed action are available electronically for public inspection and copying from the Publicly Available Records (PARS) component of NRC's document system (ADAMS). ADAMS is accessible from the NRC Web site at http://www.nrc.gov/ reading-rm/adams.html. These documents include Dow Chemical Company's letter dated January 9, 2004, with enclosures (Accession No. ML041200347); and the EA summarized above (Accession No. ML041210129). These documents may also be viewed electronically on the public computers