at the Washington State Community College, Community Room, 710 Colegate Drive, Marietta, Ohio 45750.

Public comment on the application is invited from interested parties.
Submissions (original and 3 copies) shall be addressed to the Board's Executive Secretary at one of the following addresses below:

- 1. Submissions via Express/Package Delivery Services: Foreign-Trade Zones Board, U.S. Department of Commerce, Franklin Court Building-Suite 4100W, 1099 14th Street, NW., Washington, DC 20005; or
- 2. Submissions via U.S. Postal Service: Foreign-Trade Zones Board, U.S. Department of Commerce, FCB– 4100W, 1401 Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230.

The closing period for their receipt is February 28, 2005. Rebuttal comments in response to material submitted during the foregoing period may be submitted during the subsequent 15-day period (to March 14, 2005).

A copy of the application will be available for public inspection at the Office of the Foreign-Trade Zones Board's Executive Secretary at address No. 1 listed above and the Office of the Southeastern Ohio Port Authority, 205 Putnam Street, Marietta, Ohio 45750.

Dated: December 20, 2004.

Dennis Puccinelli,

Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 04–28432 Filed 12–28–04; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[Order No. 1362]

Grant of Authority for Subzone Status, Mitsubishi Electric Power Products, Inc., (Circuit Breakers), Warrendale and Freedom, PA

Pursuant to its authority under the Foreign-Trade Zones Act of June 18, 1934, as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a–81u), the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) adopts the following Order:

Whereas, the Foreign-Trade Zones Act provides for "* * the establishment * * of foreign-trade zones in ports of entry of the United States, to expedite and encourage foreign commerce, and for other purposes," and authorizes the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) to grant to qualified corporations the privilege of establishing foreign-trade zones in or adjacent to U.S. Customs ports of entry;

Whereas, the Board's regulations (15 CFR part 400) provide for the

establishment of special-purpose subzones when existing zone facilities cannot serve the specific use involved, and when the activity results in a significant public benefit and is in the public interest;

Whereas, the Regional Industrial Development Corporation of Southwestern Pennsylvania, grantee of Foreign-Trade Zone 33, has made application for authority to establish special-purpose subzone status at the circuit breaker manufacturing facilities of Mitsubishi Electric Power Products, Inc. (MEPPI), located in Warrendale and Freedom, Pennsylvania (FTZ Docket 35–2003, filed 7–16–2003);

Whereas, the application was amended on January 20, 2004, to expand the list of foreign-sourced components to be included within the scope of authority;

Whereas, notice inviting public comment was given in the **Federal Register** (68 FR 44281, 7–28–2003; 69 FR 8379, 2–24–2004); and,

Whereas, the Board adopts the findings and recommendations of the examiner's report, and finds that the requirements of the FTZ Act and Board's regulations are satisfied, and that approval of the application, as amended, is in the public interest;

Now, therefore, the Board hereby grants authority for subzone status at the circuit breaker manufacturing facilities of Mitsubishi Electric Power Products, Inc., located in Warrendale and Freedom, Pennsylvania (Subzone 33D), at the locations described in the application, subject to the FTZ Act and the Board's regulations, including section 400.28.

Signed in Washington, DC, this 15th day of December, 2004.

James J. Jochum,

Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Import Administration, Alternate Chairman, Foreign-Trade Zones Board.

Attest:

Dennis Puccinelli,

Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 04–28435 Filed 12–28–04; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[Docket 46-2004]

ExxonMobil Corporation—Expansion of Manufacturing Authority; Extension of Comment Period

The comment period for the application submitted by the Port of Houston Authority on behalf of

ExxonMobil Corporation (ExxonMobil), to expand the scope of manufacturing activity conducted under zone procedures within Subzone 84O at the ExxonMobil oil refinery complex in Baytown, Texas (69 FR 64026, 11/3/04), is being extended to January 18, 2005, to allow interested parties additional time in which to comment. Rebuttal comments may be submitted during the subsequent 15-day period, until February 2, 2005. Submissions (original and 3 copies) shall be addressed to the Board's Executive Secretary at one of the following addresses:

1. Submissions Via Express/Package Delivery Services: Foreign-Trade-Zones Board, U.S. Department of Commerce, Franklin Court Building—Suite 4100W, 1099 14th St., NW., Washington, DC 20005: or

2. Submissions Via the U.S. Postal Service: Foreign-Trade-Zones Board, U.S. Department of Commerce, FCB— Suite 4100W, 1401 Constitution Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20230.

Dated: December 16, 2004.

Dennis Puccinelli,

Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 04–28434 Filed 12–28–04; 8:45 am]

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board

Review of Oil/Petrochemical Refinery Subzone Activity

Background. The Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) has authorized 81 refinery/petrochemical complexes to conduct crude oil/petrochemical product refining activity under FTZ procedures. In 2000, active refinery/ petrochemical subzones requested and were approved an indefinite extension of their NPF authority, which initially had been granted for a five-year period (Board Order 1116, 65 FR 52696, 8/30/ 2000). NPF authority involves full access to FTZ procedures for export activity and, with regard to products sold in the U.S., the ability to choose the Customs duty rates that apply to certain petrochemical products and refinery byproducts (duty-free), by admitting incoming foreign inputs, such as crude oil, in non-privileged foreign status. Such petrochemicals and by-products account for about 20 to 25 percent of refinery activity, on average. [NPF authority does not apply to the foreign inputs used to produce other refinery products, such as gasoline, jet fuel, and heating oil (some 75–80% of output); they would continue to be subject to their normal duty rates.] The extension