Manufacturer	Subject lines
	300SL 500SL 600SL SL320 SL500 SL600 202 Car Line (the models within this line are): C220
MITSUBISHI	C230 C280 C36 C43 Galant Starion
NISSAN	Diamante Nissan Altima Nissan Maxima Nissan Pathfinder Nissan 300ZX Infiniti G35 Infiniti I30 Infiniti J30 Infiniti J30 Infiniti M30
PORSCHE	Infiniti M45 Infiniti QX4 Infiniti Q45 911 928 968 986 Boxster
TOYOTA	9-3 900 (1994–1998) 9000 (1989–1998) Toyota Supra
101017	Toyota Supra Toyota Cressida Lexus ES Lexus GS Lexus LS Lexus SC
VOLKSWAGEN	Audi 5000S Audi 100/A6 Audi 200/S4/S6 Audi Allroad Quattro (MPV) Audi Cabriolet Volkswagen Cabrio Volkswagen Corrado Volkswagen Golf/GTI Volkswagen Jetta/Jetta III Volkswagen Passat

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Line exempted in full beginning with MY 2004.

Issued on: February 24, 2004.

# Stephen R. Kratzke,

Associate Administrator for Rulemaking. [FR Doc. 04-4772 Filed 3-2-04; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-59-P

# **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

**National Oceanic and Atmospheric** Administration

## 50 CFR Part 622

[Docket No. 001005281-0369-02; I.D. 022604B]

Fisheries of the Caribbean, Gulf of Mexico, and South Atlantic; Coastal Migratory Pelagic Resources of the Gulf of Mexico and South Atlantic; Trip **Limit Reduction** 

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and

Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

**ACTION:** Inseason action; trip limit reduction.

**SUMMARY:** NMFS reduces the commercial trip limit of Atlantic group Spanish mackerel in or from the exclusive economic zone (EEZ) in the southern zone to 1,500 lb (680 kg) per day. This trip limit reduction is necessary to maximize the socioeconomic benefits of the quota.

**DATES:** Effective 6 a.m., local time, March 1, 2004, through March 31, 2004, unless changed by further notification in the Federal Register.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Line exempted in full beginning with MY 2005.
<sup>3</sup> The Chevrolet Malibu (produced from MY 1997–2003) was renamed the Chevrolet Classic beginning with MY 2004.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Mark Godcharles, telephone: 727–570–5305, fax: 727–570–5583, e-mail: Mark.Godcharles@noaa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The fishery for coastal migratory pelagic fish (king mackerel, Spanish mackerel, cero, cobia, little tunny, dolphin, and, in the Gulf of Mexico only, bluefish) is managed under the Fishery Management Plan for the Coastal Migratory Pelagic Resources of the Gulf of Mexico and South Atlantic (FMP). The FMP was prepared by the Gulf of Mexico and South Atlantic Fishery Management Councils (Councils) and is implemented under the authority of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act by regulations at 50 CFR part 622.

Based on the Councils' recommended total allowable catch and the allocation ratios in the FMP, on August 2, 2000, (65 FR 41015, July 3, 2000) NMFS implemented a commercial quota of 3.87 million lb (1.76 million kg) for the Atlantic migratory group of Spanish mackerel. For the southern zone, NMFS specified an adjusted quota of 3.62 million lb (1.64 million kg) calculated to allow continued harvest at a set rate for the remainder of the fishing year in accordance with 50 CFR 622.44(b)(2). In accordance with 50 CFR 622.44(b)(1)(ii)(C), after 75 percent of the adjusted quota of Atlantic group Spanish mackerel from the southern zone is taken until 100 percent of the adjusted quota is taken, Spanish mackerel in or from the EEZ in the southern zone may be possessed on board or landed from a permitted vessel in amounts not exceeding 1,500 lb (680 kg) per day. The southern zone for Atlantic migratory group Spanish mackerel extends from 30°42'45.6" N. lat., which is a line directly east from the Georgia/Florida boundary, to 25°20.4′ N. lat., which is a line directly east from the Miami-Dade/Monroe County, FL, boundary.

NMFS has determined that 75 percent of the adjusted quota for Atlantic group Spanish mackerel from the southern zone has been taken. Accordingly, the 1,500 lb (680 kg) per day commercial trip limit applies to Spanish mackerel in or from the EEZ in the southern zone effective 6 a.m., local time, March 1, 2004, through March 31, 2004, unless changed by further notification in the **Federal Register**.

# Classification

This action responds to the best available information recently obtained from the fishery. The Assistant Administrator for Fisheries, NOAA,

(AA), finds good cause to waive the requirement to provide prior notice and opportunity for public comment pursuant to the authority set forth at 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(3)(B), as such prior notice and opportunity for public comment is unnecessary and contrary to the public interest. Such procedures would be unnecessary because the rule itself already has been subject to notice and comment, and all that remains is to notify the public of the trip limit reduction. Allowing prior notice and opportunity for public comment is contrary to the public interest because of the need to immediately implement this action in order to protect the fishery since the capacity of the fishing fleet allows for rapid harvest of the quota. Prior notice and opportunity for public comment will require time and would potentially result in a harvest well in excess of the established quota.

For the aforementioned reasons, the AA also finds good cause to waive the 30–day delay in the effectiveness of this action under 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(3).

This action is taken under 50 CFR 622.43(a) and is exempt from review under Executive Order 12866.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.

Dated: February 26, 2004.

#### Bruce C. Morehead,

Acting Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service. [FR Doc. 04–4678 Filed 2–27–04; 11:39 am]

# **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

# 50 CFR Part 648

[Docket No.040130031-4070-02; I.D. 012704D]

## RIN 0648-AR92

Fisheries of the Northeastern United States; Atlantic Sea Scallop Fishery; Emergency Rule to Maintain an Area Access Program for the Atlantic Sea Scallop Fishery in Hudson Canyon

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

**ACTION:** Final emergency rule.

**SUMMARY:** This emergency rule implements, as of March 1, 2004, an area access program for the Hudson Canyon Area. The area access program continues the controlled access program that has been implemented through Frameworks 14 and 15 to the Atlantic

Sea Scallop Fishery Management Plan (FMP) with modifications similar to the measures proposed in Amendment 10 to the FMP. The measures in this emergency action will be in place for 180 days and may be extended, pursuant to the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (Magnuson-Stevens Act). This action is necessary to avoid localized overfishing of sea scallops in the Hudson Canyon Area, and will help ensure that fishing mortality rates are more consistent with the status of the scallop resource while not exceeding the target thresholds established in the FMP.

**DATES:** Effective February 27, 2004, through August 30, 2004. This rule will be implemented March 1, 2004, through August 30, 2004.

ADDRESSES: Copies of the Environmental Assessment (EA) and the Regulatory Impact Review/Initial Regulatory Flexibility Analysis (RIR/IRFA) and any other documents supporting this action are available from the Regional Office at the address specified here, and are accessible via the Internet at http://www.nero.nmfs.gov/ro/doc/nero.html.

# FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Peter W. Christopher, Fishery Policy

Analyst, 978–281–9288, fax 978–281–9135, e-mail peter.christopher@noaa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The regulations for the sea scallop fishery for the 2003 fishing year (March 1, 2003 -February 29, 2004) include, among other measures, an area access program to govern the fishery within the Hudson Canyon Sea Scallop Access Area (Hudson Canyon Area). Details about the development of this program were provided in the proposed rule for this action, and are not repeated here. The program establishes an overall total allowable catch (TAC) for the area, limits the number of trips that can be taken into the area, establishes a scallop trip limit, and establishes a minimum number of days-at-sea (DAS) that will be deducted for each access trip from the vessel's DAS allocation. The New England Fishery Management Council (Council) adopted Amendment 10 to the FMP in September 2003, and submitted it for review by the Secretary of Commerce (Secretary) on December 19, 2003. Among the measures proposed in Amendment 10 is a continuation of an area access program for the Hudson Canyon Area, with some revisions to the program. Amendment 10 has been made available to the public for comment through March 15, 2004, with the Notice