### **Availability of Copies and Electronic Access**

Single copies of this publication may be obtained at no cost by calling the Access Board's automated publications order line (202) 272-0080, by pressing 2 on the telephone keypad, then pressing 1, and requesting publication S-51 (Courthouse Access Advisory Committee notice). Persons using a TTY should call (202) 272-0082. Please record a name, address, telephone number and request publication S-51. This document is available in alternate formats upon request. Persons who want a copy in an alternate format should specify the type of format (cassette tape, Braille, large print, or computer disk). This document is also available on the Board's Internet site (http://www.accessboard.gov/caac.htm).

#### **Courthouse Access Advisory Committee**

In February of this year, the Access Board announced that it will undertake outreach activities that highlight accessibility within a particular sphere or focus area. Outreach efforts will aim to increase awareness of a particular aspect of accessibility through partnerships with interested stakeholders and the development and distribution of information and guidance materials. The goal of this program is to increase the visibility of different facets of accessibility in a manner that supplements the Board's technical assistance and training programs, builds partnerships with other entities, improves compliance with access requirements, and showcases best practices for accessible design. In choosing access to courthouses as its first focus topic, the Board gave priority to an area that has been problematic or not well understood and where supplementary guidance is needed. Access to courts was highlighted in May when the U.S. Supreme Court ruled that individuals may sue states under Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act for failing to provide access to courts.1

As part of the outreach efforts on courthouse accessibility, the Access Board is establishing a Federal advisory committee to advise the Access Board on issues related to the accessibility of courthouses, particularly courtrooms, including best practices, design solutions, promotion of accessible features, educational opportunities, and the gathering of information on existing barriers, practices, recommendations, and guidelines.

On June 25, 2004, the Access Board published a notice of intent to establish an advisory committee to advise the Board on issues related to the accessibility of courthouses covered by the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 and the Architectural Barriers Act of 1968. (69 FR 35578) The notice identified the interests that are likely to be significantly affected by issues relating to courthouse accessibility: courthouse designers; judges and court administrators; Federal, State and local government agencies; standards-setting organizations; organizations representing the access needs of individuals with disabilities; and other persons affected by courthouse accessibility.

Over 60 nominations were submitted. Over one third of the applications were from individuals or organizations representing persons with disabilities. Another third of the applications were from State and local governments; six applications were from Federal entities; several applications were from major code groups and the remainder were from architects, lift manufacturers and distributors, or others with an interest in courthouse accessibility. For the reasons stated in the notice of intent, the Access Board has determined that establishing the Courthouse Access Advisory Committee is necessary and in the public interest. The Access Board has appointed 31 members to the Committee from the following organizations:

Accessibility Equipment Manufacturers Association,

Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts, American Institute of Architects, Board of Governors, American Bar Association,

California Administrative Office of the Courts,

Committee on Persons with Disabilities in the Legal Profession, Arizona State Bar Association,

Conference of State Court Administrators,

Cook Co. Government Office of Capital Planning and Policy,

David Calvert, PA,

Disabilities Law Project,

General Services Administration, HDR Architecture, Inc.,

Hellmuth, Obata and Kassabaum, Inc.,

International Code Council, Michael Graves & Associates,

Montana Advocacy Program, National Association for Court

Management,

National Center for State Courts, National Fire Protection Association, New Hampshire Governor's

Commission on Disability, Ninth Circuit for the U.S. Courts, Paralyzed Veterans of America, Phillips Swager Associates, Securities and Facilities Committee,

United States Judicial Conference, Self Help for Hard of Hearing, T.L. Shield & Associates, Tenth Judicial Circuit Court of Florida, U.S. Department of Justice, United Spinal Association, Vertical Mobility Division, and Western Law Center for Disability Rights.

The Access Board regrets being unable to accommodate all requests for membership on the Committee. In order to keep the Committee to a size that can be effective, it was necessary to limit membership. It is also desirable to have balance among members of the Committee representing different interests, such as disability organizations and court administration. The membership of this Committee represents each of these vested interests.

Committee meetings will be open to the public and interested persons can attend the meetings and communicate their views. Members of the public will have an opportunity to address the Committee on issues of interest to them and the Committee. Historically, advisory committees establish subcommittees to address specific issues. Members of groups or individuals who are not members of the Committee may have an opportunity to participate on these subcommittees. The Access Board believes that participation of this kind can be very valuable for the advisory committee process.

The meeting will be held at a site accessible to individuals with disabilities. Real-time captioning will be provided. Individuals who require sign language interpreters should contact Elizabeth Stewart by October 22, 2004. Decisions with respect to future meetings will be made at the first meeting. Notices of future meetings will be published the **Federal Register**.

#### Lawrence W. Roffee,

Executive Director.

[FR Doc. 04–22856 Filed 10–8–04; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 8150–01–P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

Bureau of the Census

[Docket No. 040907254-4254-01]

## Current Industrial Reports—MQ315A, Apparel

**AGENCY:** Bureau of the Census,

Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice and request for

comments.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Tennessee vs. Lane, 158 L.Ed. 820 (2004)

**SUMMARY:** The Bureau of the Census (Census Bureau) proposes to expand its Current Industrial Reports survey, MQ315A, Apparel, to include the production of socks. The survey currently provides estimates for a number of types of garments but does not include socks. Because of interest among some policymakers to measure the economic impact of imported socks on domestic producers, the Census Bureau anticipates appropriated funds being made available in its Fiscal Year 2005 budget for the collection of data on socks. If funds are made available, we will add socks to the survey for the 2004 reference year and manufacturers of socks will be asked to provide data on the quantity and value of socks they shipped, by fiber type and size category. If funds are not made available, we will not expand the survey to include producers of socks but will conduct the survey with its current definitions and coverage. We expect the survey mailing to occur at the end of December 2004.

**DATES:** Written comments on this notice must be submitted on or before November 12, 2004.

**ADDRESSES:** Direct all written comments to the Director, U.S. Census Bureau, Room 2049, Federal Building 3, Washington, DC 20233.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Judy M. Dodds, Assistant Division Chief, Census and Related Programs, Manufacturing and Construction Division, on (301) 763–4587 or by email at judy.m.dodds@census.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Census Bureau is authorized to conduct surveys necessary to furnish current data on subjects covered by the major censuses authorized by Title 13, United States Code (U.S.C.), Section 182. Data collected in the MQ315A survey is within the general scope, type, and character of inquiries covered in the Economic Census authorized by Title 13, U.S.C., Section 131. The Census Bureau is also authorized to collect and publish quarterly statistics relating to domestic apparel and textile industries (Title 13, U.S.C., Section 81). The MQ315A is conducted quarterly but has an annual mailing which normally collects information from small producers. For survey 2004 we would include all producers of socks in this annual supplement to the quarterly

Published estimates from the MQ315A, Apparel, are used by a variety of private business and trade associations. They are a major source of information about industries that may be impacted by foreign trade. At the present time, manufacturers of socks are

not included in the MQ315A survey. This one-time expansion of MQ315A to include socks will result in quantity and value data for policymakers studying the industry.

Taking into consideration any comments we receive, we will make the decision whether or not to expand the survey for 2004 based on our budget status at the time of the survey mailing in December. As stated previously, if funds are not available and we decide not to expand the survey, we will conduct the annual supplemental mailing of the MQ315A, Apparel, with its existing OMB approval using the current definitions and industry coverage.

#### **Paperwork Reduction Act**

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person is required to respond to, nor shall a person be subject to a penalty for failure to comply with, a collection of information subject to requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA), unless that collection of information displays a current valid Office of Management and Budget (OMB) control number. In accordance with the PRA, 44 U.S.C., Chapter 35, the OMB approved the Current industrial Reports—"MQ315A, Apparel", under OMB Control Number 0607-0395. The total burden hours associated with OMB Control Number 0607-0395 are 14,956 hours. We will provide copies of each form upon written request to the Director, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, DC 20233-

Dated: October 5, 2004.

#### Charles Louis Kincannon,

Director, Bureau of the Census. [FR Doc. 04–22854 Filed 10–8–04; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–07–P

#### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

#### **International Trade Administration**

[A-791-819]

# Notice of Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Certain Aluminum Plate From South Africa

**AGENCY:** Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice of final determination of sales at less than fair value.

**SUMMARY:** On May 21, 2004, the Department of Commerce published its preliminary determination of sales at less than fair value of certain aluminum plate from South Africa. The period of

investigation is October 1, 2002, through September 30, 2003.

Based on our analysis of the comments received, we have made changes in the margin calculations. Therefore, the final determination differs from the preliminary determination. The final weighted-average dumping margin for the investigated company is listed below in the section entitled "Final Determination Margins."

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** October 12, 2004.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Rebecca Trainor or Kate Johnson, AD/CVD Enforcement Office 2, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–4007 or (202) 482–4929, respectively.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### **Final Determination**

We determine that certain aluminum plate from South Africa is being, or is likely to be, sold in the United States at less-than-fair-value (LTFV), as provided in section 735 of the Act.

#### Case History

The preliminary determination in this investigation was published on May 21, 2004. See Notice of Preliminary Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Certain Aluminum Plate from South Africa, 69 FR 29262 (Preliminary Determination).

During the period May 24—27 and June 7—11, 2004, we conducted the sales and cost verifications, respectively, of the questionnaire responses of Hulett Aluminium (Pty) Ltd. (Hulett), the sole respondent in this case.

On June 3, 2004, we postponed the final determination until October 4, 2004. See Notice of Postponement of Final Antidumping Duty Determination: Certain Aluminum Plate from South Africa, 69 FR 31346. On June 21, 2004, the petitioner, Alcoa Inc., requested a hearing. We received case and rebuttal briefs on July 28, 2004, and August 10, 2004, respectively, from the petitioner and Hulett. On August 23, 2004, the petitioner withdrew its request for a hearing.

#### Scope of Investigation

The merchandise covered by this investigation is 6000 series aluminum alloy, flat surface, rolled plate, whether in coils or cut-to-length forms, that is rectangular in cross section with or without rounded corners and with a thickness of not less than .250 inches