today's rule on small entities under the Regulatory Flexibility Act, I certify that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. 4. Unfunded Mandates Reform Act—Because this rule approves pre-existing requirements under State law and does not impose any additional enforceable duty beyond that required by State law, it does not contain any unfunded mandate or significantly or uniquely affect small governments, as described in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act. 5. Executive Order 13132: Federalism-Executive Order 12132 does not apply to this rule because it will not have federalism implications (i.e., substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government). 6. Executive Order 13175: Consultation and Coordination with Indian Tribal Governments—Executive Order 13175 does not apply to this rule because it will not have tribal implications (i.e., substantial direct effects on one or more Indian tribes, on the relationship between the Federal government and Indian tribes, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities between the Federal Government and Indian tribes). 7. Executive Order 13045: Protection of Children from Environmental Health & Safety Risks—This rule is not subject to Executive Order 13045 because it is not economically significant and it is not based on health or safety risks. 8. Executive Order 13211: Actions that Significantly Affect Energy Supply, Distribution, or Use—This rule is not subject to Executive Order 13211 because it is not a significant regulatory action as defined in Executive Order 12866. 9. National Technology Transfer Advancement Act—EPA approves State programs as long as they meet criteria required by RCRA, so it would be inconsistent with applicable law for EPA, in its review of a State program, to require the use of any particular voluntary consensus standard in place of another standard that meets the requirements of RCRA. Thus, section 12(d) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act does not apply to this rule. 10. Congressional Review Act—EPA will submit a report containing this rule and other information required by the Congressional Review Act (5 U.S.C. 801 et seq.) to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives, and the Comptroller General of the United States prior to publication in the

Federal Register. A major rule cannot take effect until 60 days after it is published in the **Federal Register.** This action is not a "major rule" as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2). This action will be effective on May 3, 2004.

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 271

Environmental protection, Administrative practice and procedure, Confidential business information, Hazardous waste, Hazardous waste transportation, Indian lands, Intergovernmental relations, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Authority: This action is issued under the authority of sections 2002(a), 3006 and 7004(b) of the Solid Waste Disposal Act as amended, 42 U.S.C. 6912(a), 6926, 6974(b).

Dated: February 20, 2004.

James W. Newsom,

Acting Regional Administrator, EPA Region

[FR Doc. 04–4820 Filed 3–3–04; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Coast Guard

46 CFR Part 67

[USCG-2001-8825]

RIN 1625-AA28 (Formerly RIN 2115-AG08)

Vessel Documentation: Lease Financing for Vessels Engaged in the Coastwise Trade; Correction

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DHS. **ACTION:** Final rule; correction.

SUMMARY: On February 4, 2004, the Coast Guard published a final rule in the **Federal Register**, which inadvertently contained errors in the preamble. This document corrects those errors.

DATE: Effective on March 4, 2004.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Patricia Williams, Deputy Director, National Vessel Documentation Center, Coast Guard, telephone 304–271–2506.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Coast Guard published a final rule in the **Federal Register** of February 4, 2004 (69 FR 5390; FR Doc. 04–2230). The rule contained inadvertent errors in the preamble, under the heading, *List of Changes to the SNPRM*. These errors are nonsubstantive, but we are correcting them to prevent confusion.

In final rule FR Doc. 04–2230 published on February 4, 2004 (69 FR 5390), make the following corrections.

On page 5392, in the third column, in item number 12, under the *List of Changes to the SNPRM*, remove the first paragraph which begins with the words, "The grandfather provision * * *" and ends with the words, "* * prohibited by this rule." In its place add the following paragraph:

'The grandfather provision in § 67.20(b) has one change. The date before which an endorsement must be issued to be eligible for the grandfather provision is changed from the effective date of this final rule to the date of publication of this rule. The purpose of the grandfather provision is to protect existing business arrangements. Changing the effective date (which, at the time the SNPRM was written, we expected to be 30 days after the publication date) of the rule to the date of publication prevents the establishment of new business arrangements that would be prohibited by this rule."

The second and third paragraphs under item 12 remain unchanged.

Dated: February 26, 2004.

Joseph J. Angelo,

Director of Standards, Marine Safety, Security, and Environmental Protection. [FR Doc. 04–4782 Filed 3–3–04; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-15-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 648

[Docket No. 031229327-4073-02; I.D. 121603B]

RIN 0648-AR58

Fisheries of the Northeastern United States; Atlantic Deep-Sea Red Crab Fishery

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Final 2004 specifications for the Atlantic deep-sea red crab fishery.

SUMMARY: NMFS issues final specifications for the 2004 Atlantic deep-sea red crab (red crab) fishery. The target total allowable catch (TAC) and fleet days at sea (DAS) for fishing year (FY) 2004 are 5.928 million lb (2.69 million kg) and 780 fleet DAS, respectively. One qualified limited access vessel has opted out of the fishery for FY2004; therefore, the four remaining limited access vessels are each allocated 195 DAS. The intent of