

Disaster Preparedness for Records Managers T oolkit



Preparing a Disaster Plan for Records

EMERGENCY—An adverse event that does not have widespread impact nor requires the use of extraordinary or prolonged resources to return conditions to normal.

DISASTER—An adverse event of organization-wide or community-wide impact resulting in significant damage and loss that requires the use of prolonged or extraordinary resources to return conditions to normal.

PURPOSE OF A DISASTER PLAN:

- Ensure the safety of people;
- Ensure continued delivery of critical and essential functions and services;
- Reduce losses and damage to records, facilities, and systems

BENEFITS:

- Quick resumptions of business operations
- Enhanced safety and awareness of risk

- Protection of vital records and original records and information resources
- Reduced shock factor

FOUR PHASES OF EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT:

- Mitigation/Prevention
- Preparedness
- Response
- Recovery

STEPS IN DEVELOPING A DISASTER PLAN:

- Secure approval from senior management
- Develop a project plan
- Select & educate teams (Disaster Planning Committee and Disaster Response Team)
- Perform Risk Analysis and Assessment
- Data Collection
- Write the Plan
- Distribute and Train Employees
- Test and Exercise
- Evaluate and Maintain

The National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) is our national recordkeeper. At NARA we work to ensure that anyone can have access to the records that matter to them. NARA ensures, for the Citizen, and the Public Servant, for the President and the Congress and the Courts, ready access to essential evidence. Thus, one of NARA's Primary goals is to ensure that all records are controlled, preserved, and made accessible as long as needed. NARA—Rocky Mountain Region, Bldg. 48, DFC, Denver, CO 80225, Records Management Division—303-407-5720, workshop.denver@nara.gov (Rev. 2/15/05)

Suggested Components of a Records and Information Disaster Plan

- 1. Table of Contents
- 2. Introduction
- 3. Approvals
- 4. Organizational Notification
- Records Holdings

 a. Recovery priority of original records on hand
 b. Vital Records information
- 6. Response Action Checklists
- 7. Supplies and Equipment
- 8. Vendor, Expert, and Contractor Information
- 9. Salvage and Recovery Procedures
- **10.Appendices:**
 - a. Phone Tree
 - b. Medical, utility, emergency responder information
 - c. Floor Plans & diagrams
 - d. Test and Exercise Schedule and Scenarios
 - e. Plain Maintenance Instructions
 - f. Mitigation/Prevention actions
 - g. Safety/Evacuation procedures
 - h. Post-disaster information
 - i. Information Technology



Publications

Eulenberg, Julia Niebuhr. <u>Handbook for the</u> <u>Recovery of Water Damaged Business Re-</u> <u>cords.</u> ARMA International Publication Sales, 4200 Somerset, Suite 215, Prairie Village, Kansas 66208, ISBN 0-933887-17-5, 1986, 800-422-2762.*

Judith Fortson and Neal-Schuman. <u>Disaster</u> <u>Planning and Recovery</u>, ,ISBN: 1-55570-059-4, 1992.

Jones, Virginia A., CRM, and Kris E. Keyes. <u>Emergency Management for Records and Informa-</u> <u>tion Programs</u>, ARMA International, Prairie Village, KS, ISBN: 0-933887-70-1, 1997.*

Websites

toolkit.}

Association of Contingency Planners (ACP) International http://www.acp-international.com Association of Records Managers and Administrators (ARMA) International http://arma.org Stanford University— Online C on servation http://palimpsest.stanford.edu/ Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) http://www.fema.gov Northeast Document Conservation Center http://www.nedcc.org Fire Protection National Administration http://www.nfpa.org NARA. National Archives and Records Administration http://www.archives.gov Disaster Recovery Journal (DRJ). http://www.drj.com Disaster Recovery Institute International (DRII). http://www.drii.org/ * [These Publications were used in preparing this