

Table G2.A7. Additional Studies Supporting Exercise Training/Physical Activity Studies in Known Disease (Sample of Six Studies) That Were Not Randomized and Controlled

Author/Journal/Year	N	Random/Control	Intervention/Measures	Finding
Womack CJ Med Sci Sports Exerc 1997 (1)	21 Men, 5 Women	Non-randomized No Control	Walking group only 16 weeks	↑ PWT, COT, VO ₂ Also, ↑ submax exercise by ↑ walking economy measured by slow VO ₂ component at constant workload
Gardner AW J Gerontol A Biol Sci Med Sci 2000 (2)	63 (sex not reported)	Non-randomized No Control	Walking only 24 weeks	↑ PWT 65% ↑ COT 115% ↑ VO ₂ 10% ↑ Self-report activity 62% and free living walking by 31% Hyperemic LBF ↑ 27% and correlated with change in COT Walking economy improved 10% and correlated with COT + PWT
Izquierdo-Porrera AM J Vasc Surg 2000 (3)	34 (sex not reported)	Non-randomized Control	Walking vs. Control 24 weeks	↑ PWT 645% ↑ COT 106% ↑ VO ₂ 7%
Brendle DC Am J Cardiol 2001 (4)	17 Men, 2 Women	Non-randomized No Control	Walking group only 24 weeks	↑ PWT 43% ↑ COT 94% ↑ BAFMD 61% ↑ Maximum calf blood flow 35%
Degischer S Vasc Med 2002 (5)	38 Men, 21 Women	Non-randomized	Groups Supervised exercise Supervised exercise + Clopidogrel Home exercise 12 weeks	Supervised training superior to home training for COT, PWT
Killewich LA J Vasc Surg 2004 (6)	21 Men	Non-randomized Control	Walking group vs. Control 24 weeks	↑ PWT 70% ↑ COT 117% Improved fibrinolysis

BAFMD, brachial artery flow-mediated dilation; COT, claudication onset time, LBF, leg blood flow; PWT, peak walking time

Reference List

1. Womack CJ, Sieminski DJ, Katzel LI, Yataco A, Gardner AW. Improved walking economy in patients with peripheral arterial occlusive disease. *Med.Sci.Sports Exerc.* 1997 Oct;29(10):1286-90.
2. Gardner AW, Katzel LI, Sorkin JD, Killewich LA, Ryan A, Flinn WR, Goldberg AP. Improved functional outcomes following exercise rehabilitation in patients with intermittent claudication. *J.Gerontol.A Biol.Sci.Med.Sci.* 2000 Oct;55(10):M570-M577.

3. Izquierdo-Porrera AM, Gardner AW, Powell CC, Katzel LI. Effects of exercise rehabilitation on cardiovascular risk factors in older patients with peripheral arterial occlusive disease. *J.Vasc.Surg.* 2000 Apr;31(4):670-7.
4. Brendle DC, Joseph LJ, Corretti MC, Gardner AW, Katzel LI. Effects of exercise rehabilitation on endothelial reactivity in older patients with peripheral arterial disease. *Am.J.Cardiol.* 2001 Feb 1;87(3):324-9.
5. Degischer S, Labs KH, Hochstrasser J, Aschwanden M, Tschoepf M, Jaeger KA. Physical training for intermittent claudication: a comparison of structured rehabilitation versus home-based training. *Vasc.Med.* 2002 May;7(2):109-15.
6. Killewich LA, Macko RF, Montgomery PS, Wiley LA, Gardner AW. Exercise training enhances endogenous fibrinolysis in peripheral arterial disease. *J.Vasc.Surg.* 2004 Oct;40(4):741-5.