

being required to pay additional special tax or register on account of such sales.

(72 Stat. 1340; 26 U.S.C. 5113)

[25 FR 6270, July 2, 1960. Redesignated and amended by T.D. TTB-25, 70 FR 19884, 19886, Apr. 15, 2005; T.D. TTB-36, 70 FR 62254, Oct. 31, 2005]

§ 31.186 Wholesale dealers in beer consummating sales at premises of other dealers.

Any dealer (including the proprietor of a brewery) who has paid special tax (or who has registered during the suspension period described in § 31.21(b)) as a wholesale dealer in beer for the place from which he conducts his selling operations may consummate sales of beer (but not wines or distilled spirits) to other dealers at the purchasers' places of business without being required to pay additional special tax or register on account of such sales.

(72 Stat. 1340; 26 U.S.C. 5113)

[25 FR 6270, July 2, 1960. Redesignated and amended by T.D. TTB-25, 70 FR 19884, 19886, Apr. 15, 2005; T.D. TTB-36, 70 FR 62254, Oct. 31, 2005]

§ 31.187 Hospitals.

Hospitals and similar institutions furnishing liquors to patients are not required to pay special tax, or to register during the suspension period described in § 31.21(b), provided no specific or additional charge is made for the liquors so furnished.

[25 FR 6270, July 2, 1960. Redesignated and amended by T.D. TTB-25, 70 FR 19884, 19886, Apr. 15, 2005; T.D. TTB-36, 70 FR 62254, Oct. 31, 2005]

§ 31.187a Limited retail dealers.

Limited retail dealers, as specified in § 31.27, are not required to pay special tax, or to register during the suspension period described in § 31.21(b).

[T.D. ATF-271, 53 FR 17553, May 17, 1988. Redesignated and amended by T.D. TTB-25, 70 FR 19884, 19886 Apr. 15, 2005; T.D. TTB-36, 70 FR 62254, Oct. 31, 2005]

§ 31.187b Coordination of taxes under 26 U.S.C. 5111 and 5121.

Effective January 1, 1988, special tax is not imposed concurrently under both 26 U.S.C. 5111(a) (relating to wholesale

liquor sales) and 26 U.S.C. 5111(b) (relating to wholesale beer sales), nor under both 26 U.S.C. 5121(a) (relating to retail liquor sales) and 26 U.S.C. 5121(b) (relating to retail beer sales), with respect to a taxpayer's activities at a single place during a single tax year. (See § 31.72.)

(26 U.S.C. 5113(g), 5123(c))

[T.D. ATF-285, 54 FR 12611, Mar. 28, 1989. Redesignated and amended by T.D. TTB-25, 70 FR 19884, 19886 Apr. 15, 2005]

PERSONS WHO ARE NOT DEALERS IN LIQUORS OR BEER

§ 31.188 Persons making casual sales.

Certain persons making casual sales of liquors are not liquor or beer dealers within the meaning of the statute; they are as follows:

(a) Administrators, executors, receivers, and other fiduciaries who receive distilled spirits, wines, or beer in their fiduciary capacities and sell such liquors in one parcel, or at public auction in parcels of not less than 20 wine gallons (75.7 liters);

(b) Creditors who receive distilled spirits, wines, or beer as security for, or in payment of, debts and sell such liquors in one parcel, or at a public auction in parcels of not less than 20 wine gallons (75.7 liters);

(c) Public officers or court officials who levy on distilled spirits, wines, or beer under order or process of any court or magistrate and sell such liquors in one parcel, or at public auction in parcels of not less than 20 wine gallons (75.7 liters); or,

(d) A retiring partner, or representative of a deceased partner, who sells distilled spirits, wines, or beer to the incoming or remaining partner, or partners, of a partnership.

Persons making such sales are not required to pay special tax (or to register during the suspension period described