§6.82

- (iv) The industry member's cost of the item furnished (determined by the manufacturer's invoice price); and
- (v) Charges to the retailer for any item.
- (2) Although no separate recordkeeping violation results, an industry member who fails to keep such records is not eligible for the exception claimed.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1512–0392)

[T.D. ATF-364, 60 FR 20422, Apr. 26, 1995]

§6.82 [Reserved]

§ 6.83 Product displays.

- (a) General. The act by an industry member of giving or selling product displays to a retailer does not constitute a means to induce within the meaning of section 105(b)(3) of the Act provided that the conditions prescribed in paragraph (c) of this section are met.
- (b) *Definition.* "Product display" means any wine racks, bins, barrels, casks, shelving, or similar items the primary function of which is to hold and display consumer products.
- (c) Conditions and limitations. (1) The total value of all product displays given or sold by an industry member under paragraph (a) of this section may not exceed \$300 per brand at any one time in any one retail establishment. Industry members may not pool or combine dollar limitations in order to provide a retailer a product display valued in excess of \$300 per brand. The value of a product display is the actual cost to the industry member who initially purchased it. Transportation and installation costs are excluded.
- (2) All product displays must bear conspicuous and substantial advertising matter on the product or the industry member which is permanently inscribed or securely affixed. The name and address of the retailer may appear on the product displays.
- (3) The giving or selling of such product displays may be conditioned upon the purchase of the distilled spirits, wine, or malt beverages advertised on those displays in a quantity necessary for the initial completion of such display. No other condition can be imposed by the industry member on the

retailer in order for the retailer to receive or obtain the product display.

[T.D. ATF-364, 60 FR 20422, Apr. 26, 1995]

§6.84 Point of sale advertising materials and consumer advertising specialties.

- (a) General. The act by an industry member of giving or selling point of sale advertising materials and consumer advertising specialties to a retailer does not constitute a means to induce within the meaning of section 105(b)(3) of the Act provided that the conditions prescribed in paragraph (c) of this section are met.
- (b) Definitions—(1) Point of sale advertising materials are items designed to be used within a retail establishment to attract consumer attention to the products of the industry member. Such materials include, but are not limited to: posters, placards, designs, inside signs (electric, mechanical or otherwise), window decorations, trays, coasters, mats, menu cards, meal checks, paper napkins, foam scrapers, back bar mats, thermometers, clocks, calendars, and alcoholic beverage lists or menus.
- (2) Consumer advertising specialties are items that are designed to be carried away by the consumer, such as trading stamps, nonalcoholic mixers, pouring racks, ash trays, bottle or can openers, cork screws, shopping bags, matches, printed recipes, pamphlets, cards, leaflets, blotters, post cards, pencils, shirts, caps, and visors.
- (c) Conditions and limitations. (1) All point of sale advertising materials and consumer advertising specialties must bear conspicuous and substantial advertising matter about the product or the industry member which is permanently inscribed or securely affixed. The name and address of the retailer may appear on the point of sale advertising materials.
- (2) The industry member may not directly or indirectly pay or credit the retailer for using or distributing these materials or for any expense incidental to their use.

[T.D. ATF-364, 60 FR 20423, Apr. 26, 1995]