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each fund citation. (The acquiring department, when preparing the contract, is not required to use the ACRN assigned to a fund citation in the MIPR.)

- (ii) *Appropriation*. Enter the ten positions as follows:
- (A) First and second—Treasury Department number identifying the department or agency to which the appropriation applies or has been transferred.
- (B) Third and fourth—Treasury Department number identifying the department or agency from which an appropriation has been transferred; leave blank if no transfer is involved.
- (C) Fifth and sixth—Identify the appropriation fiscal year. For multiple-year appropriations, the fifth position shall be the last digit of the first year of availability, and the sixth position shall be the last digit of the final year of availability. For annual appropriations, the fifth position shall be blank, and the sixth position shall be the last digit of the fiscal year. For no-year (continuing) appropriations, the fifth position shall be blank, and the sixth position shall be "X."
- (D) Seventh through tenth—Treasury Department appropriation serial number.
- (iii) *Limit/Subhead*. Up to four characters; if less than four characters, leave empty spaces blank.
- (iv) Supplemental accounting classification data. Not to exceed 36 characters. Enter in accordance with departmental or agency regulations.
- (v) Accounting station. Enter the six character DoDAAD code of the accounting station (not used with Navy and Marine Corps funds).
- (vi) *Amount*. Enter the amount for each fund citation if more than one allotment is cited.
- (vii) Additional citations. If space is required for additional fund citations, include as an attachment and reference the attachment on the form.
- (d) When preparing a MIPR amendment, always fill out the basic information in Blocks 1 through 8. Fill out only those other blocks which vary from the data shown on the basic MIPR or a prior amendment. Insert "n/c" in items where there is no change.

(e) Change of a disbursing office cited on a DoD funded MIPR does not require a MIPR amendment when the resultant contract is assigned for administration to the Defense Contract Management Agency. The administrative contracting office may issue an administrative change order, copies of which will be provided to the contracting officer for transmittal to the requiring activity.

[56 FR 36554, July 31, 1991, as amended at 65 FR 52953, Aug. 31, 2000]

253.208-2 DD Form 448-2, Acceptance of MIPR.

- (a) Use the DD Form 448–2 as prescribed in subpart 208.70.
- (b) Instructions for completion of DD Form 448-2. (Complete only the applicable blocks.) (1) *Block 6*. Check the specific terms under which the MIPR is being accepted.
- (2) Block 7. If any one of the MIPR line items is not accepted, check Block 7 and record the affected MIPR line item number and reason in Block 13.
- (3) Blocks 8 and 9. Use Blocks 8 and 9 only—
- (i) When Block 6c acceptance is indicated (indicate the MIPR line item numbers that will be provided under each method of financing in Blocks 8a and 9a, respectively); or
- (ii) If quantities or estimated costs cited in a MIPR require adjustment (list the affected MIPR line item numbers together with the adjusted quantities or estimated costs in the columns provided under Blocks 8 and 9, as appropriate).
- (4) Block 10. Whenever a MIPR is accepted in part or in total under Category II funding, forecast the estimated date of contract award.
- (5) Block 11. Enter the total amount of funds required to fund the MIPR items, as accepted.
- (6) Block 12. (i) Complete this block only in those cases where the amount recorded in Block 11 is not in agreement with the amount recorded in Block 5. This will serve either—
- (A) As a request to the requiring department to issue a MIPR amendment to provide the additional funds; or
- (B) Authority for the requiring department to withdraw the available excess funds.

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- (ii) When funds of two or more appropriations are involved, provide proper breakdown information in Block 13.
- (7) Block 13. Use this block to record—
- (i) Justification, by MIPR line item, for any additional funds required;
- (ii) Explanation for rejection of MIPR whether in part or in total;
- (iii) Appropriation and subhead data cited on the MIPR; and
 - (iv) Other pertinent data.
- (c) Complete a DD Form 448-2 for all MIPR amendments involving an adjustment of funds or delivery schedule, or if requested by the requiring department.
- (d) Unless otherwise agreed, provide the requiring department an original and three copies of each DD Form 448– 2.

253.209 Contractor qualifications.

253.209-1 Responsible prospective contractors.

- (a) SF 1403, Preaward Survey of Prospective Contractor (General). (i) The factors in Section III, Block 19, generally mean—
- (A) Technical capability. An assessment of the prospective contractor's key management personnel to determine if they have the basic technical knowledge, experience, and understanding of the requirements necessary to produce the required product or provide the required service.
- (B) Production capability. An evaluation of the prospective contractor's ability to plan, control, and integrate manpower, facilities, and other resources necessary for successful contract completion. This includes—
- (1) An assessment of the prospective contractor's possession of, or the ability to acquire, the necessary facilities, material, equipment, and labor; and
- (2) A determination that the prospective contractor's system provides for timely placement of orders and for vendor follow-up and control.
- (C) Quality assurance capability. An assessment of the prospective contractor's capability to meet the quality assurance requirements of the proposed contract. It may involve an evaluation of the prospective contractor's quality assurance system, personnel, facilities, and equipment.

- (D) Financial capability. A determination that the prospective contractor has or can get adequate financial resources to obtain needed facilities, equipment, materials, etc.
- (E) Accounting system and related internal controls. An assessment by the auditor of the adequacy of the prospective contractor's accounting system and related internal controls as defined in 242.7501, Definition. Normally, a contracting officer will request an accounting system review when soliciting and awarding cost-reimbursement or incentive type contracts, or contracts which provide for progress payments based on costs or on a percentage or stage of completion.
- (ii) The factors in section III, Block 20, generally mean—
- (A) Government property control. An assessment of the prospective contractor's capability to manage and control Government property.
- (B) Transportation. An assessment of the prospective contractor's capability to follow the laws and regulations applicable to the movement of Government material, or overweight, oversized, hazardous cargo, etc.
- (C) Packaging. An assessment of the prospective contractor's ability to meet all contractual packaging requirements including preservation, unit pack, packing, marking, and unitizing for shipment.
- (D) Security clearance. A determination that the prospective contractor's facility security clearance is adequate and current. (When checked, the surveying activity will refer this factor to the Defense Security Service (DSS)).
- (E) *Plant safety*. An assessment of the prospective contractor's ability to meet the safety requirements in the solicitation.
- (F) Environmental/energy consideration. An evaluation of the prospective contractor's ability to meet specific environmental and energy requirements in the solicitation.
- (G) Flight operations and flight safety. An evaluation of the prospective contractor's ability to meet flight operation and flight safety requirements on solicitations involving the overhaul and repair of aircraft.
- (H) Other. If the contracting officer wants an assessment of other than