32.503-4

32.503-4 Approval of progress payment requests.

- (a) When the reliability of the contractor and the adequacy of the contractor's accounting system and controls have been established (see 32.503—3 above) the ACO may, in approving any particular progress payment request (including initial requests on new contracts), rely upon that accounting system and upon the contractor's certification, without requiring audit or review of the request before payment.
- (b) The ACO should not routinely ask for audits of progress payment requests. However, when there is reason to (1) question the reliability or accuracy of the contractor's certification or (2) believe that the contract will involve a loss, the ACO should ask for a review or audit of the request before payment is approved or the request is otherwise disposed of.
- (c) When there is reason to doubt the amount of a progress payment request, only the doubtful amount should be withheld, subject to later adjustment after review or audit; any clearly proper and due amounts should be paid without awaiting resolution of the differences.

32.503-5 Administration of progress payments.

- (a) While the ACO may, in approving progress payment requests under 32.503–3 above, rely on the contractor's accounting system and certification without prepayment review, postpayment reviews (including audits when considered necessary) shall be made periodically, or when considered desirable by the ACO to determine the validity of progress payments already made and expected to be made.
- (b) These postpayment reviews or audits shall, as a minimum, include a determination of whether or not—
- (1) The unliquidated progress payments are fairly supported by the value of the work accomplished on the undelivered portion of the contract;
- (2) The applicable limitation on progress payments in the Progress Payments clause has been exceeded;
- (3)(i) The unpaid balance of the contract price will be adequate to cover the anticipated cost of completion, or

- (ii) The contractor has adequate resources to complete the contract; and
- (4) There is reason to doubt the adequacy and reliability of the contractor's accounting system and controls and certification.
- (c) Under indefinite-delivery contracts, the contracting officer should administer progress payments made under each individual order as if the order constituted a separate contract, unless agency procedures provide otherwise.

[48 FR 42328, Sept. 19, 1983, as amended at 65 FR 16280, Mar. 27, 2000]

32.503-6 Suspension or reduction of payments.

- (a) General. The Progress Payments clause provides a Government right to reduce or suspend progress payments, or to increase the liquidation rate, under specified conditions. These conditions and actions are discussed in paragraphs (b) through (g) below.
- (1) The contracting officer shall take these actions only in accordance with the contract terms and never precipitately or arbitrarily. These actions should be taken only after—
- (i) Notifying the contractor of the intended action and providing an opportunity for discussion;
- (ii) Evaluating the effect of the action on the contractor's operations, based on the contractor's financial condition, projected cash requirements, and the existing or available credit arrangements; and
- (iii) Considering the general equities of the particular situation.
- (2) The contracting officer shall take immediate unilateral action only if warranted by circumstances such as overpayments or unsatisfactory contract performance.
- (3) În all cases, the contracting officer shall (i) act fairly and reasonably, (ii) base decisions on substantial evidence, and (iii) document the contract file. Findings made under paragraph (c) of the Progress Payments clause shall be in writing.
- (b) Contractor noncompliance. (1) The contractor must comply with all material requirements of the contract. This includes the requirement to maintain an efficient and reliable accounting system and controls, adequate for the