## 37.203

the definition of advisory or assistance services:

- (a) Routine information technology services unless they are an integral part of a contract for the acquisition of advisory and assistance services.
- (b) Architectural and engineering services as defined in the Brooks Architect-Engineers Act (Section 901 of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, 40 U.S.C. 541).
- (c) Research on theoretical mathematics and basic research involving medical, biological, physical, social, psychological, or other phenomena.

[60 FR 49722, Sept. 26, 1995, as amended at 61 FR 41470, Aug. 8, 1996]

## 37.203 Policy.

- (a) The acquisition of advisory and assistance services is a legitimate way to improve Government services and operations. Accordingly, advisory and assistance services may be used at all organizational levels to help managers achieve maximum effectiveness or economy in their operations.
- (b) Subject to 37.205, agencies may contract for advisory and assistance services, when essential to the agency's mission, to—
- (1) Obtain outside points of view to avoid too limited judgment on critical issues:
- (2) Obtain advice regarding developments in industry, university, or foundation research;
- (3) Obtain the opinions, special knowledge, or skills of noted experts;
- (4) Enhance the understanding of, and develop alternative solutions to, complex issues;
- (5) Support and improve the operation of organizations; or
- (6) Ensure the more efficient or effective operation of managerial or hardware systems.
- (c) Advisory and assistance services shall not be—
- (1) Used in performing work of a policy, decision-making, or managerial nature which is the direct responsibility of agency officials;
- (2) Used to bypass or undermine personnel ceilings, pay limitations, or competitive employment procedures:
- (3) Contracted for on a preferential basis to former Government employees;

- (4) Used under any circumstances specifically to aid in influencing or enacting legislation; or
- (5) Used to obtain professional or technical advice which is readily available within the agency or another Federal agency.
- (d) Limitation on payment for advisory and assistance services. Contractors may not be paid for services to conduct evaluations or analyses of any aspect of a proposal submitted for an initial contract award unless—
- (1) Neither covered personnel from the requesting agency, nor from another agency, with adequate training and capabilities to perform the required proposal evaluation, are readily available and a written determination is made in accordance with 37.204;
- (2) The contractor is a Federally-Funded Research and Development Center (FFRDC) as authorized in Section 23 of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy (OFPP) Act as amended (41 U.S.C. 419) and the work placed under the FFRDCOs contract meets the criteria of 35.017–3; or
- (3) Such functions are otherwise authorized by law.

## 37.204 Guidelines for determining availability of personnel.

- (a) The head of an agency shall determine, for each evaluation or analysis of proposals, if sufficient personnel with the requisite training and capabilities are available within the agency to perform the evaluation or analysis of proposals submitted for the acquisition.
- (b) If, for a specific evaluation or analysis, such personnel are not available within the agency, the head of the agency shall—
- (1) Determine which Federal agencies may have personnel with the required training and capabilities; and
- (2) Consider the administrative cost and time associated with conducting the search, the dollar value of the procurement, other costs, such as travel costs involved in the use of such personnel, and the needs of the Federal agencies to make management decisions on the best use of available personnel in performing the agency's mission.
- (c) If the supporting agency agrees to make the required personnel available,