1	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT					
2	FOR THE DISTRICT O	F COLUM	MBIA			
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4	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,)				
5	Plaintiff,)				
6	vs.) No.	98-1232 (TPJ)			
7	MICROSOFT CORPORATION,)				
8	Defendant.)				
9	STATE OF NEW YORK, ex rel.)	DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			
10	Attorney General DENNIS C. VACCO, et al.,)	SEP - 3 1998			
11	Plaintiff,)	JE1 3 1550			
12	vs.)	ANTITRUST DIVISION SAN FRANCISCO OFFICE			
13	MICROSOFT CORPORATION,)	, \			
14	Defendant.	R	eleaned: 12/8/98			
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17	DEPOSITION	DEPOSITION OF HADI PARTOVI,				
18	a witness herein, taken on behalf of Plaintiff United					
19	States of America at 9:17 a.m., Wednesday, September					
20	2, 1998, at One Microsoft Way, Building 42, 3607,					
21	Redmond, Washington, before Lori D. Casillas, CSR,					
22	RPR, pursuant to Notice.					
23	DUDORWED DV					
24	REPORTED BY: Lori D. Casillas,					
25	CSR No. 9869, RPR Our File No. 1-49177					

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9	Q. What is a DLL?
10	A. A DLL is a dynamically linked library.
11	·It is a package of code that contains subroutines
12	performing particular functions. And it can be used
13	by other code and other applications or other DLLs or
14	operating system functions.
15	Q. It contains subroutines that execute
16	various functions; is that correct?
17	A. Correct.
18	Q. And do those subroutines have a name?
19	Are they generically described in some way?
20	Basically I'm just trying to I'm going to ask some
21	more specific questions, I just want to make sure
22	that we're all using the same terminology so that
23	there is no confusion.
24	A. They're often known as functions.
25	Q. Is there more than one layer? Is there
	20

1	a hierarchal structure within a DLL? Or are they			
2	just a series of functions grouped into this file			
3	called a DLL?			
4	A. Within a DLL there is no rule on how to			
5	organize a set of functions. They are often a			
6	straight list of functions. The underlying			
7	implementation may be hierarchal.			
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14	Q. T	urning to Exhibit 686, and specifically
15	the page 9 of	that exhibit, the subhead with the
16	No. 1 in front	of it.
17	C	an you read that to yourself.
18	A. Y	es.
19	Q. O	kay. Which DLL provides the function
20	that's describ	ed here, which is, quote, "Open Windows
21	Explorer, type	a web address into the web bar"?
22	А. Т	here is not a single DLL that provides
23	that functiona	lity. There is many DLLs within the
24	operating syst	em.
25	Q. C	an you identify those DLLs?

- 1 A. They would be the USER32.DLL, U-S-E-R,
- 2 32.DLL, GDI32.DLL, KERNEL32.DLL, K-E-R-N-E-L, 32.DLL,
- often VGADRV.DLL, SHDOCVW.DLL, SHELL32.DLL,
- 4 ADVAPI.DLL, COMCTL, C-O-M-C-T-L, 32.DLL.
- There would be SHLWAPI.DLL, URLMON.DLL,
- 6 WININET, W-I-N-I-N-E-T, .DLL, WINSOCK.DLL,
- 7 W-I-N-S-O-C-K, MSHTML.DLL.
- And there may be others, but that's a
- 9. pretty long list.
- 10 Q. Are all of these DLLs components of
- 11 Internet Explorer?
- 12 A. I would prefer if you were less
- ambiguous about the question.
- 14 Q. What is ambiguous about the question to
- 15 you?
- 16 A. I would state the question -- if the
- 17 question you're asking is which components are
- included in the downloadable files for upgrading the
- 19 Windows operating system to Internet Explorer 4.0
- 20 functionality. I can answer that question.
- Q. Okay. Which of these DLLs are included
- in the downloadable version of Internet Explorer 4.0?
- A. The SHLWAPI.DLL, SHELL32.DLL,
- 24 SHDOCVW.DLL, COMCTL, C-O-M-C-T-L, 32.DLL,
- 25 WININET.DLL, URLMON.DLL, MSHMTL.DLL. I think that's

2	Q. Do you want to look at a list just to
3	make sure?
4	A. Yes.
5	Q. Okay. So having looked at my list,
6	assuming that I wrote everything down right, you've
7	identified all of the files that are included in the
8	downloadable version of Internet Explorer 4.0?
9	A. Yes.
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18	Q. BY MS. DE MORY: With regard to access
19	method No. 1 which I'll just call it for shorthand
20	because that's what it's numbered here in response
21	Interrogatory No. 3 what function does USER32.DLL
22	provide with regard to that access method?
23	A. USER32.DLL is responsible for managing
24	the child Windows, which is the technical term, that
25	are displayed during the course of all the actions.

1 all of them.

- 1 And child Windows can be window frames or they could
- be boxes within windows, or for example, the start
- 3 menu.
- Q. Okay. So when you were -- so does
- 5 USERDLL, for instance -- USER32.DLL allow a user to
- open Windows Explorer? Is that what you're talking
- 7 about, the function of actually opening that window?
- A. For example, yes. It also tracks
- 9 messages of actions the user takes.
- Q. While inside the window?
- 11 A. At any point. For example, mouse
- 12 movements, typing.
- Q. How about GDI32.DLL, what functionality
- does that provide with regard to user access method
- 15 No. 1?
- A. GDI32.DLL provides drawing subroutines
- for drawing various UI affordances all along the way
- 18 from opening the Windows Explorer, typing the web
- address, and displaying the HTML pages when they
- 20 return.
- Q. And when you used UI in that sentence,
- 22 you meant user interface?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. So in layman's terms, is this a DLL that
- 25 actually draws things on the screen, is that

1	essenti	ially	what	it	does?
2		A.	Yes	•	
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