authority conferred by 31 U.S.C. 3804(a) is warranted—

- (1) The subpoena so issued shall notify the person to whom it is addressed of the authority under which the subpoena is issued and shall identify the information, records, or documents sought;
- (2) The investigating official may designate a person to act on his behalf to receive the information, records, or documents sought; and
- (3) The person receiving such subpoena shall be required to tender to the investigating official or to the person designated to receive the information, records, or documents, a certification that the information, records, or documents sought have been produced, or that such information, records, or documents are not available and the reasons therefor, or that such information, records, or documents, suitably identified, have been withheld based upon the assertion of an identified legal privilege.
- (b) If the investigating official concludes that an action under the Program Fraud Civil Remedies Act may be warranted, the investigating official shall report the findings and conclusions of such investigation to the reviewing official.
- (c) Nothing in this section shall preclude or limit the investigating official's discretion to refer allegations directly to the Department of Justice for suit under the False Claims Act, 31 U.S.C. 3729–3731, or for other civil relief, or to preclude or limit such official's discretion to defer or postpone a report or referral to avoid interference with an investigation into criminal misconduct or a criminal prosecution.
- (d) Nothing in this section modifies any responsibility of the investigating official to report violations of criminal law to the Attorney General.

§ 16.5 Review by the reviewing official.

(a) If, based on the report of the investigating official under §16.4(b), the reviewing official determines that there is adequate evidence to believe that a person is liable under §16.3 of this part, the reviewing official shall transmit to the Attorney General a written notice of the reviewing offi-

cial's intention to issue a complaint under §16.7.

- (b) Such notice shall include—
- (1) A statement of the reviewing official's reasons for issuing a complaint;
- (2) A statement specifying the evidence that supports the allegations of liability;
- (3) A description of the claims or statements upon which the allegations of liability are based;
- (4) An estimate of the amount of money or the value, if any, of property, services, or other benefits requested or demanded in violation of §16.3 of this part; or, if no monetary value can be put on the property, service or benefit, a statement regarding the non-monetary consequences to the agency of a false statement.
- (5) A statement of any exculpatory or mitigating circumstances that may relate to the claims or statements known by the reviewing official or the investigating official; and
- (6) A statement that there is a reasonable prospect of collecting an appropriate amount of penalties and assessments. Such a statement may be based upon information then known or an absence of any information indicating that the person may be unable to pay such an amount.

§ 16.6 Prerequisites for issuing a complaint.

- (a) The reviewing official may issue a complaint under §16.7 only if—
- (1) The Department of Justice approves the issuance of a complaint in a written statement described in 31 U.S.C. 3803(b)(l), and
- (2) In the case of allegations of liability under §16.3(a) with respect to a claim, the reviewing official determines that, with respect to such claim or a group of related claims submitted at the same time such claim is submitted (as defined in paragraph (b) of this section), the amount of money or the value of property or services demanded or requested in violation of §16.3(a) does not exceed \$150,000.
- (b) For the purposes of this section, a related group of claims submitted at the same time shall include only those claims arising from the same transaction (e.g., grant, loan, application, or