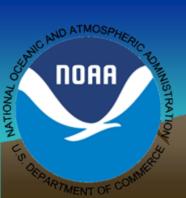
Gunnison River Basin Current Conditions and Forecasts

Aspinall Unit Operation Meeting April 24, 2008

John Lhotak / Brenda Alcorn

Hydrologist / Senior Hydrologist

Colorado Basin River Forecast Center







Outline

- Overview of Forecast Process
- Current conditions
- Current Forecast
- Peak Flow
- Improvements / New Tools





Overview of Water Supply Forecast Process

data analysis and quality control; check OFS initial states and current performance

run SWS and ESP models

SWS:

 Regression equations that relate observed data to future seasonal streamflow volume.

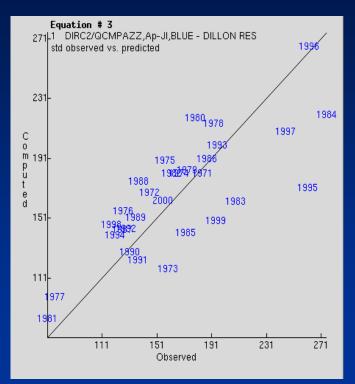
ESP:

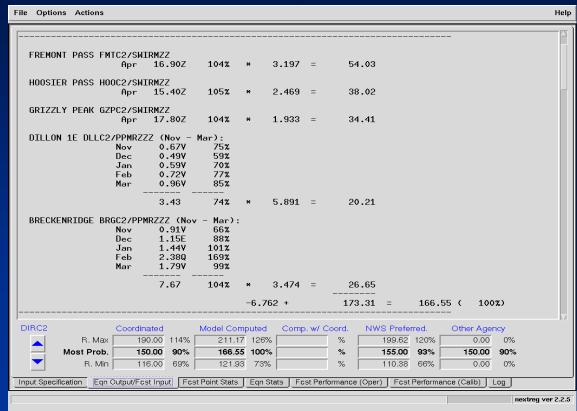
• Uses Operational Forecast System (OFS), a continuous model, for initial states and historical precipitation and temperature data to develop probabilistic forecast.





Statistical Water Supply (SWS)





Sample Equation for April 1:

Apr-Jul volume for Dillon Reservoir

- >Apr 1 swe Fremont Pass Snotel > Nov-Mar precip Dillon
- >Apr 1 swe Hoosier Pass Snotel >Nov-Mar precip Breckenridge
- >Apr 1 swe Grizzly Peak Snotel





NWS River Forecast System

 Continuous, conceptual hydrologic model composed of three major interrelated functional systems.

Calibration System

- ,•determine model parameters
- •store historical data

Operational Forecast System •generate short term

deterministic river forecasts

maintain model states

Ensemble Streamflow Prediction

- generate ensemble of hydrographs,
- •generate probabilistic forecasts





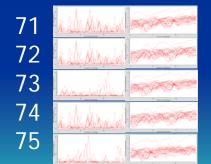
Ensemble Streamflow Prediction (ESP)

Current hydrologic states (from OFS):
River / Res. Levels
Soil Moisture
Snowpack



Past <-

-> Future Time



Historical time series of precipitation and temperature (from Calibration).

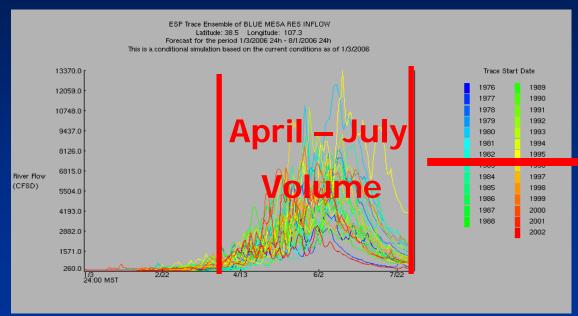
Currently using water years 1976-2005.

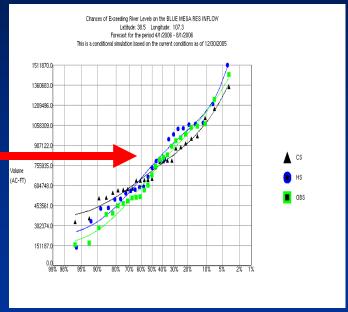


Start with current conditions – Apply each year of historical climate – Create several possible future streamflow patterns



Ensemble Streamflow Prediction (ESP)





- 1. Select a forecast window
- 2. Select a forecast variable
- 3. Model derives a distribution function
- 4. 50% <u>e</u>xceedance value =

most probable forecast

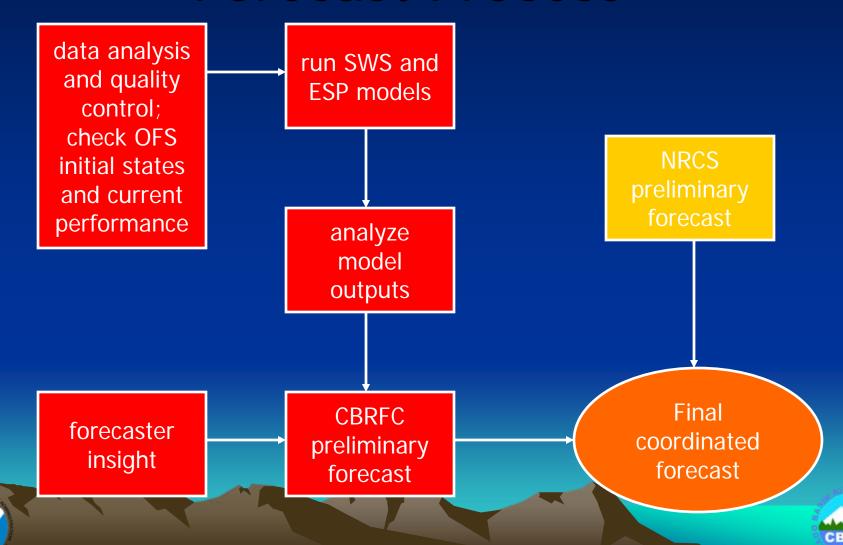
5. Correct for model bias

Statistics based on all years.				
Conditional	Historical	Historical		
Simulation	Simulation	Observed		
438320,500	328520, 656	262730.375		
552369,562	499977, 531	435810.375		
711742.375	751782.938	691946.625		
877104, 812	973699, 188	935549, 938		
1080490, 375	1170393, 125	1157333, 250		
	Conditional Simulation 438320.500 552369.562 711742.375 877104.812	Conditional Historical Simulation Simulation 438320.500 328520.656 552369.562 499977.531 711742.375 751782.938 877104.812 973699.188		

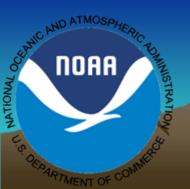




Overview of Water Supply Forecast Process

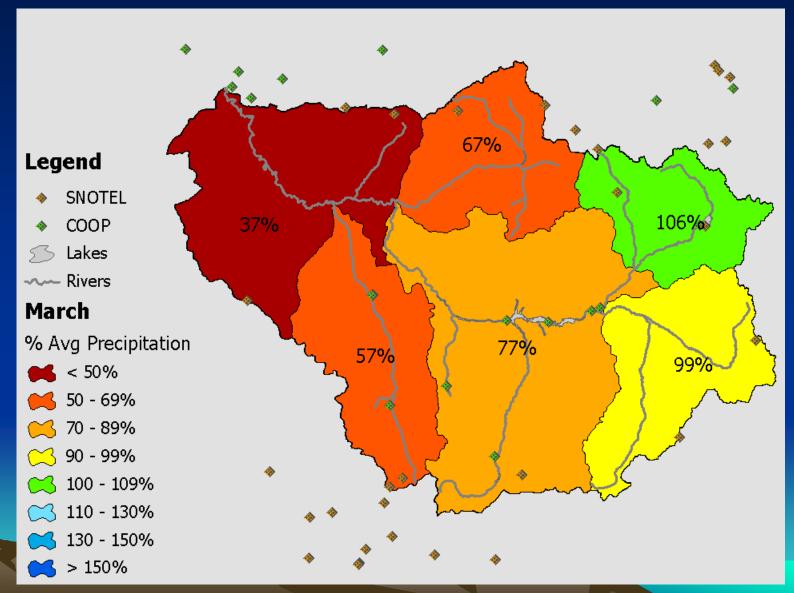


Current Conditions Water Year 2008





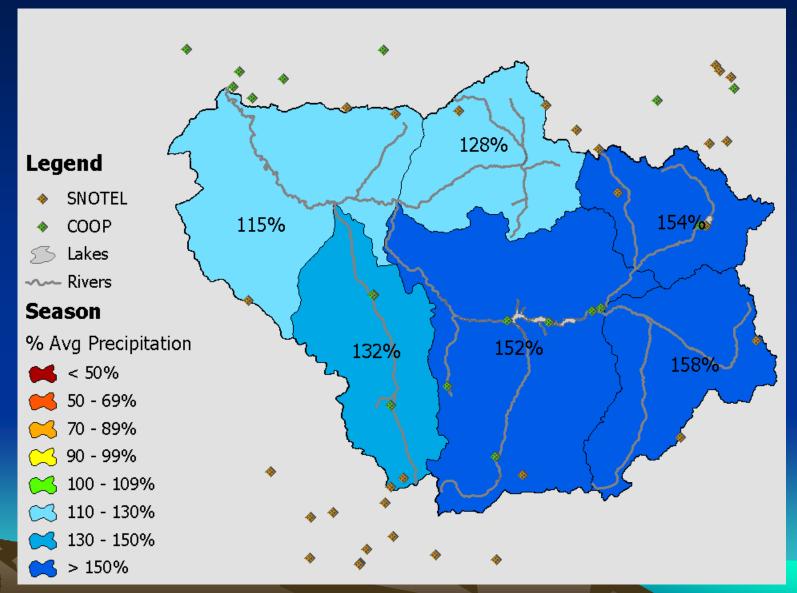
Precipitation March 2008







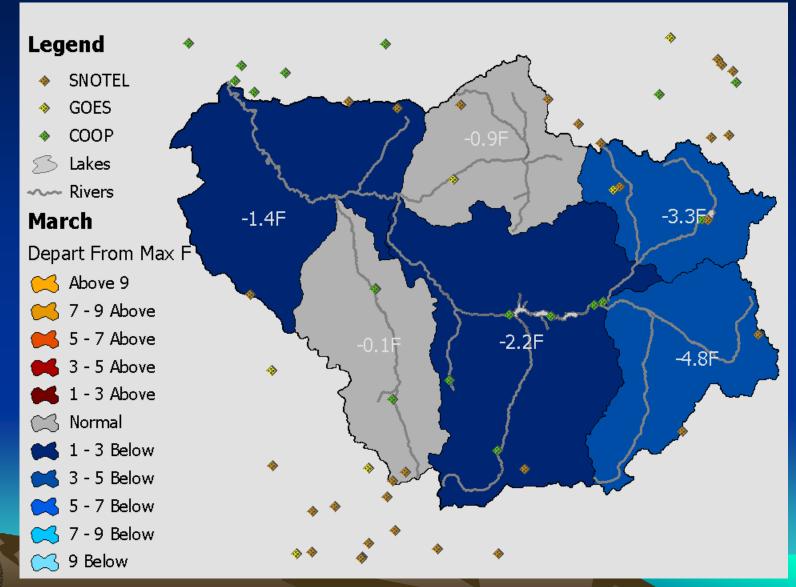
Precipitation Water Year 2008







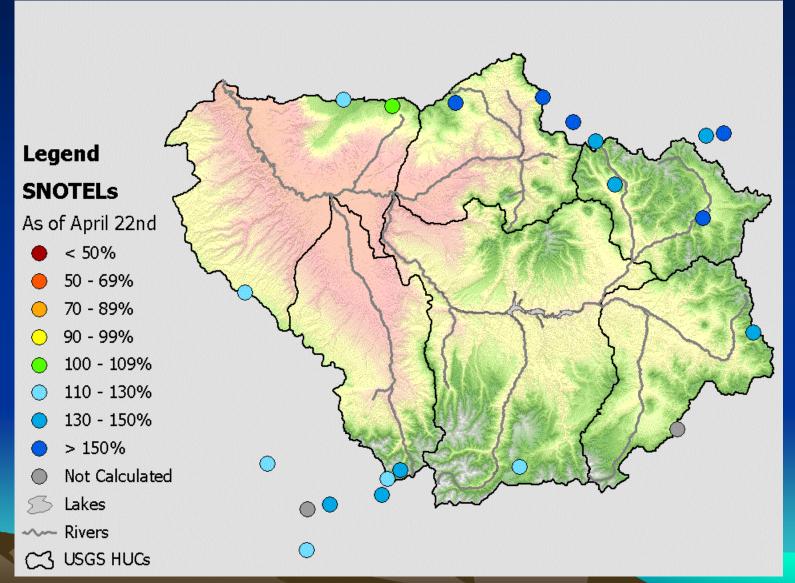
March Max Temperature Departure







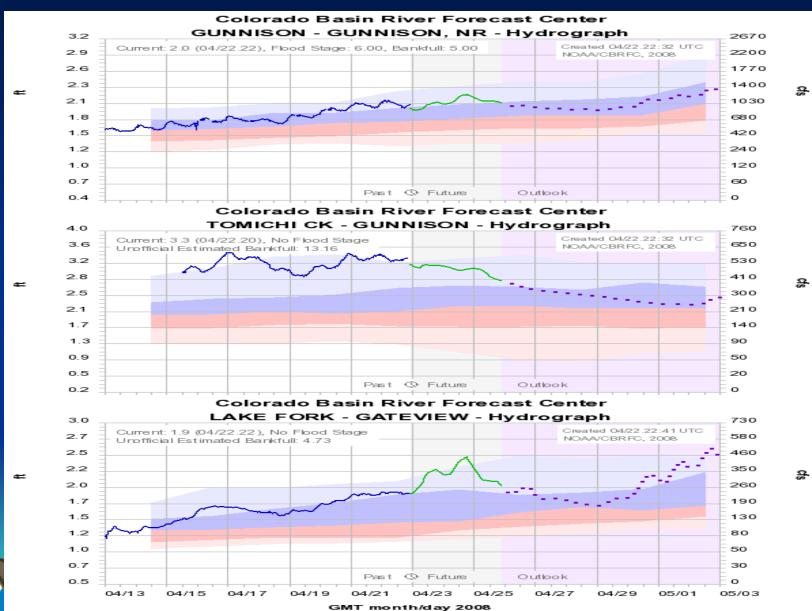
Snow Water Equivalent On April 22st







Current Stream Flow

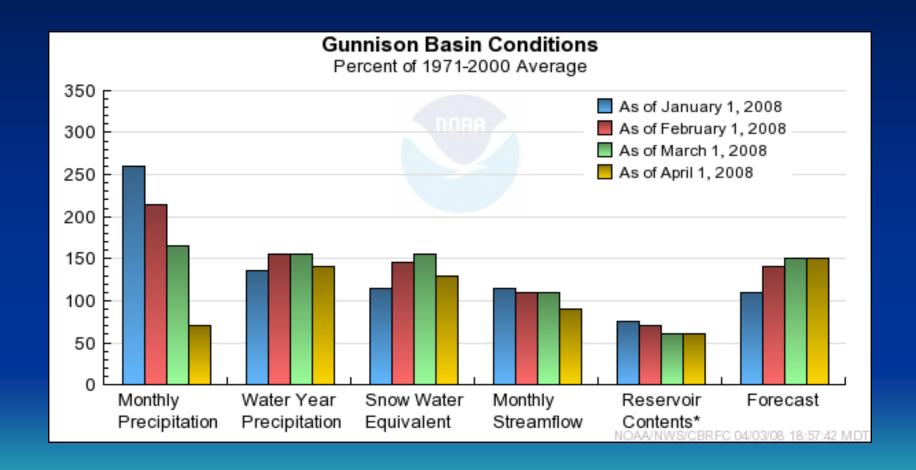


Observed — Forecast (04/22.20:00) — Outlook (increasing uncertainty) -Historical Exceedance Probability (USGS): 90-75% — 75-50% — 50-25% —





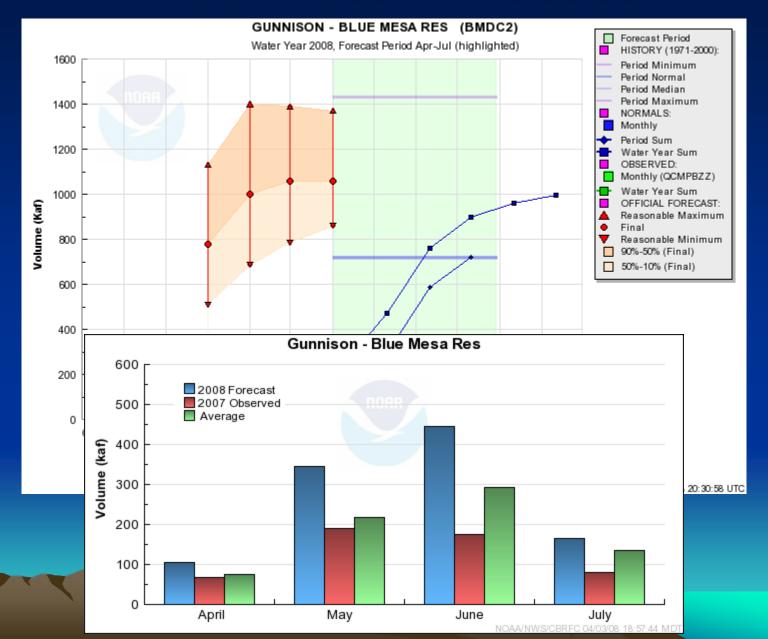
Overview of Monthly Conditions





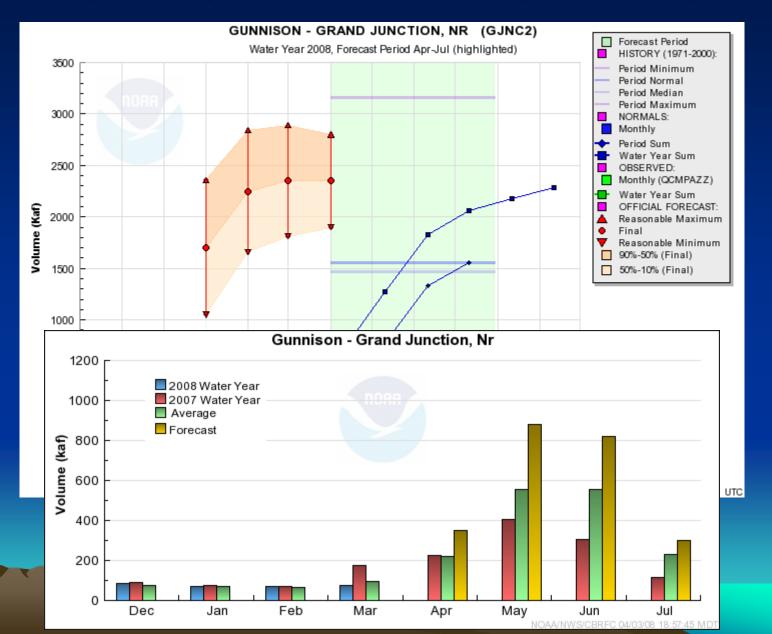


Blue Mesa Forecast





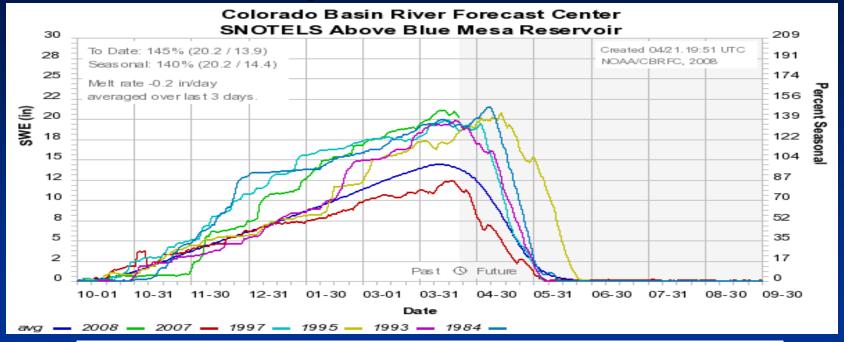
Grand Junction Forecast







Forecast Compared to Previous Years

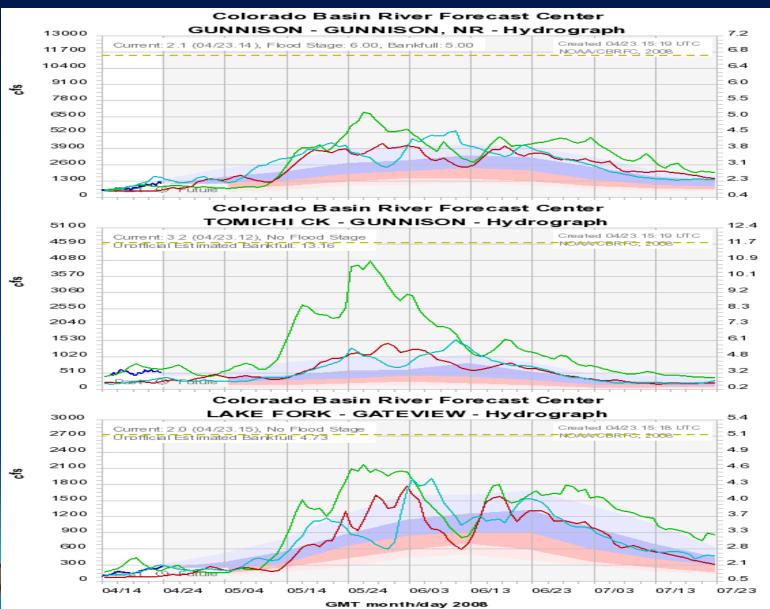


Rank	Year	Apr-Jul kaf	%Avg 720kaf	
1st	1984	1433	199%	
6 th	1993	985	137% 173%	
2 nd	1995	1242		
3rd	1997	1061	147%	
4th	2008	1060	14.7%	





Peak Flows into Blue Mesa



90-75%

75-50% 50-25% 25-10%

Observed - Peak (07/10/1983) - 1984 - 1993 - 1997

Historical Exceedance Probability (USGS):



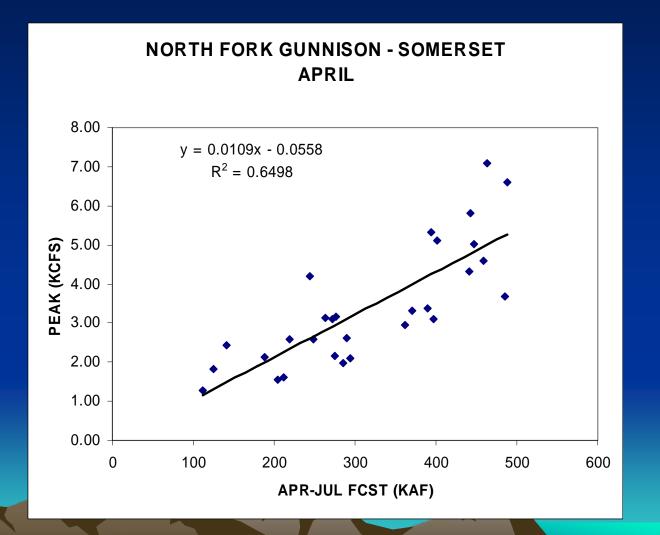


Peak Flow



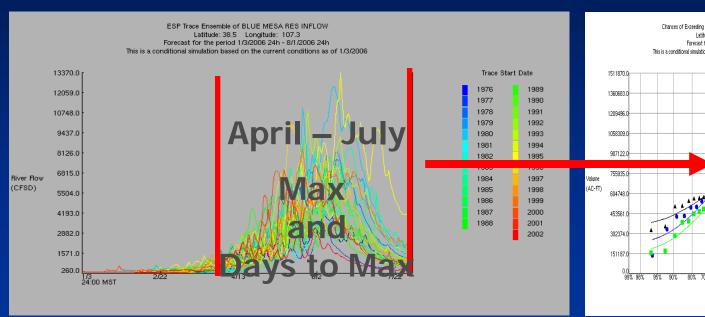


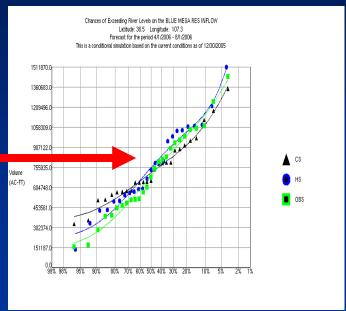
Peak Regression Curves





Ensemble Streamflow Prediction (ESP)





- 1. Select a forecast window
- 2. Select a forecast variable
- 3. Model derives a distribution function
- 4. 50% exceedance value most probable forecast
- 5. Correct for model bias

	Exceedance	Conditional	Historical	Historical	
	Probabilities	Simulation	Simulation	Observed	
*	0,900	1211,872	411,390	441,854	
	0,750	1215,586	579,781	610,528	
	0,500	1219,720	848,439	874,053	
	0,250	1223,868	1241,587	1251,326	
	0,100	1227,619	1749,794	1729,010	



North Fork Gunninson Peaks

www.cbrfc.noaa.gov/product/peak/peak.cgi

Exceedance Prob.	90%	75%	50%	25%	10%	
Somerset: average peak 3,310 cfs between 5/11 & 6/2						
CFSD	4000	4400	4900	5400	5900	
Date of Peak	5/14	5/17	5/23	5/28	6/4	
Cedaredge: average peak 210 cfs between 5/3 & 6/8						
CFSD	230	265	310	360	410	
Date of Peak	5/14	5/18	5/23	5/29	6/5	
Delta (minus flow from Crystal):						
CFSD	6000	6500	7200	8000	8750	
Date of Peak	5/14	5/17	5/23	5/28	6/4	





Climate Forecast





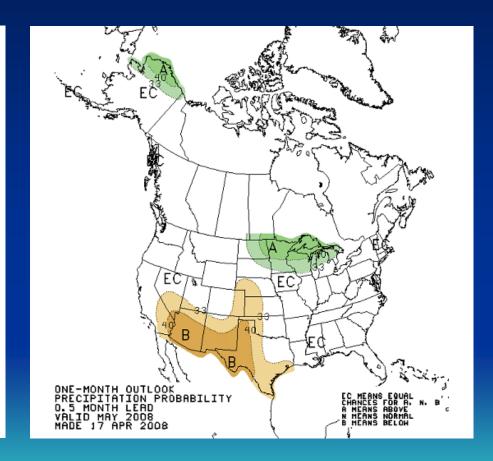
Climate Forecast

1 Month Temperature Forecast

EC PROPERTIES OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

ΕĊ

1 Month Precipitation Forecast



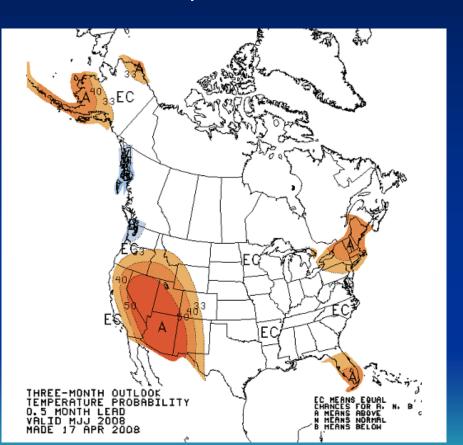


ONE-MONTH OUTLOOK TEMPERATURE PROBABILITY O.5 MONTH LEAD VALID MAY 2008 MADE 17 APR 2008

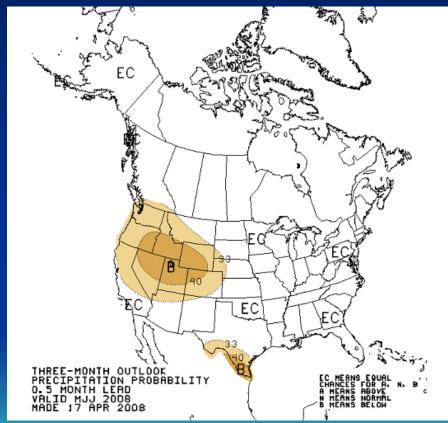


Climate Forecast

3 Month Temperature Forecast



3 Month Precipitation Forecast







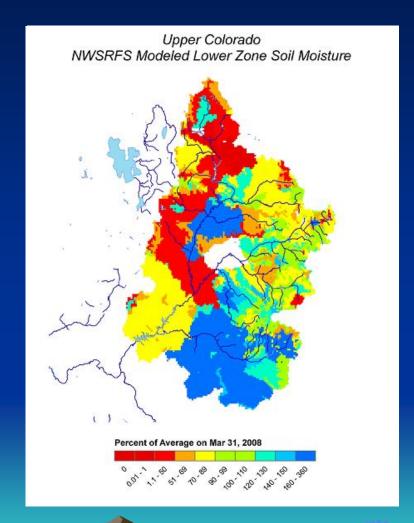
Improvements / New Tools

Current:

- Added 2003 to 2005 data to ESP historical time series. Full ESP period now Water Years 1976 to 2005.
- New technique for looking at soil moisture

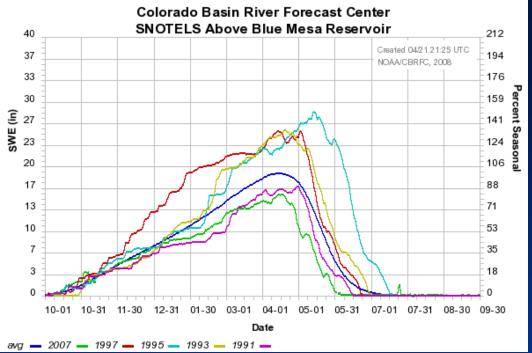
Future:

- CHPS (Community Hydrologic Prediction System)
- Verification Tools

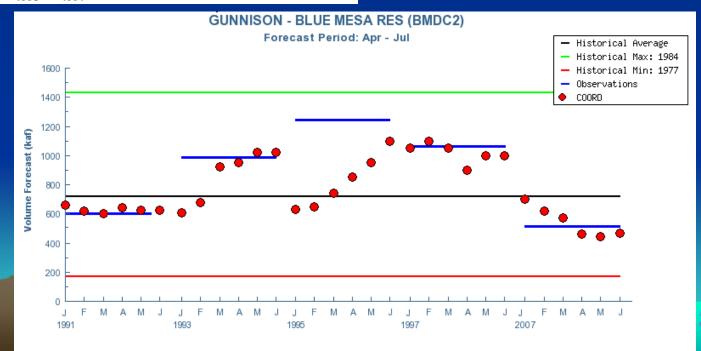








www.nwrfc.noaa.gov/westernwater







Contact Information

John Lhotak john.lhotak@noaa.gov (801) 541-5130

Colorado Basin River Forecast Center www.cbrfc.noaa.gov



