Rules and Regulations

Federal Register Vol. 67, No. 237 Tuesday, December 10, 2002

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DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Office of Thrift Supervision

12 CFR Part 562

[No. 2002-54]

RIN 1550-AB54

Regulatory Reporting Standards: Qualifications for Independent Public Accountants Performing Audit Services for Voluntary Audit Filers

AGENCY: Office of Thrift Supervision, Treasury.

ACTION: Interim final rule with request for comments; correction.

SUMMARY: The Office of Thrift Supervision (OTS) published in the **Federal Register** of November 25, 2002, a document concerning amending its annual independent audit requirements for small, non-public, highly rated savings associations that voluntarily obtain independent audits. Inadvertently, the comment period was incorrectly stated. This document corrects that comment period.

DATES: Effective on December 10, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Christine Smith, Project Manager, (202) 906–5740, Examination Policy Division, or Teresa A. Scott, Counsel (Banking & Finance), (202) 906–6478, Regulations and Legislation Division, Office of Thrift Supervision, 1700 G Street, NW., Washington, DC 20552.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: OTS published a document in the **Federal Register** of November 25, 2002 (67 FR 70529), FR Doc. 02–29833, that inadvertently stated an incorrect comment period. This correction sets forth the correct comment period.

In rule FR Doc. 02–29833, published on November 25, 2002 (67 FR 70529), make the following correction. On page 70530, in the first column, remove the date "December 26, 2002" and add, in its place, "January 27, 2003".

Dated: November 27, 2002.

By the Office of Thrift Supervision.

Marilyn K. Burton,

Federal Register Liaison Officer. [FR Doc. 02–30853 Filed 12–9–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6720–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 2002–CE–31–AD; Amendment 39–12973; AD 2002–24–08]

RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Cirrus Design Corporation Models SR20 and SR22 Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT **ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: This amendment supersedes Airworthiness Directive (AD) 2002–05– 05, which currently applies to certain Cirrus Design Corporation (Cirrus) Models SR20 and SR22 airplanes. AD 2002–05–05 currently requires you to incorporate temporary operating limitations into the Limitation Section of the airplane flight manual (AFM) for certain affected airplanes and install a cable clamp external to the cone adapter on the Cirrus Airplane Parachute System (CAPS) activation cable for all affected airplanes. AD 2002-05-05 resulted from a report from the manufacturer that certain CAPS may not activate in an emergency situation. This AD is the result of the manufacturer redesigning the CAPS activation system. This AD requires you to modify the CAPS activation system. The actions specified by this AD are intended to prevent failure of the CAPS activation system in an emergency situation. Failure of this system could result in occupant injury and/or loss of life and loss of aircraft.

DATES: This AD becomes effective on January 24, 2003.

The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in the regulations as of January 24, 2003. ADDRESSES: You may get the service information referenced in this AD from Cirrus Design Corporation, 4515 Taylor Circle, Duluth, MN 55811; telephone: (218) 727–2737. You may view this information at the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Central Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2002–CE– 31–AD, 901 Locust, Room 506, Kansas City, Missouri 64106; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., Suite 700, Washington, DC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Gregory J. Michalik, Aerospace Engineer, FAA, Chicago ACO, 2300 East Devon Avenue, Des Plaines, IL 60018; telephone: (847) 294–7135; facsimile: (847) 294–7834.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Discussion

Has FAA taken any action to this point? The FAA received a report from the type certificate holder that a condition exists that could cause the Cirrus Airplane Parachute System (CAPS) installed on certain Cirrus Design Corporation (Cirrus) Model SR20 and SR22 airplanes not to activate in the event of an emergency. Ballistic Recovery Systems (BRS), the supplier of the CAPS, discovered the condition during a supplemental type certificate (STC) certification test of the same unit on another airplane.

Investigation revealed that the rocket cone could allow for variance in the internal diameter at the threaded end of the rocket cone. This variance could result in the retaining nut internal to the cone adapter not being fully secured on the affected parachutes. When the igniter end of the cable housing is unsecured, the cable will not pull the igniter pin free to release the parachute.

Section 23.221 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 23.221) requires that single-engine, normal category airplanes demonstrate compliance with either the one-turn spin recovery or the spin-resistant requirements. The airplane, for spin recovery compliance, must recover from a one-turn spin or a three-second spin, whichever takes longer, in not more than one additional turn after the controls have been applied for recovery. The Cirrus SR20/SR22 are not certificated to meet the spin recovery requirements or spin resistant requirements of 14 CFR 23.221. Instead, Cirrus installed Cirrus Airplane

Parachute System (CAPS) that was FAAapproved as part of the SR20/SR22 type design.

Possible failure of the CAPS activation system in an emergency situation caused us to issue AD 2002– 05–05, Amendment 39–12673 (67 FR 11220, March 13, 2002). AD 2002–05–05 requires the following:

- —Incorporating temporary operating limitations into the Limitation Section of the airplane flight manual (AFM) for the airplanes with a CAPS that incorporates the process change; and
- —Installing a cable clamp external to the cone adapter on the CAPS activation cable (as terminating action for the AFM requirements).

What has happened since AD 2002– 05–05 to initiate this action? After further testing, Cirrus has made design changes to the whole CAPS activation system that now eliminate possible failure of the CAP activation system. Incorporation of the design changes eliminates the need for the actions of AD 2002–05–05. Has FAA taken any action to this point? We issued a proposal to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) to include an AD that would apply to certain Cirrus Models SR20 and SR22 airplanes. This proposal was published in the **Federal Register** as a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) on August 29, 2002 (67 FR 55357). The NPRM proposed to supersede AD 2002–05–05 with a new AD that would require you to replace the CAPS handle access cover, replace the CAPS activation handle bracket, and replace the CAPS activation cable.

Was the public invited to comment? The FAA encouraged interested persons to participate in the making of this amendment. We did not receive any comments on the proposed rule or on our determination of the cost to the public.

FAA's Determination

What is FAA's final determination on this issue? After careful review of all available information related to the subject presented above, we have determined that air safety and the public interest require the adoption of the rule as proposed except for minor editorial corrections. We have determined that these minor corrections:

- --Provide the intent that was proposed in the NPRM for correcting the unsafe condition; and
- —Do not add any additional burden upon the public than was already proposed in the NPRM.

Cost Impact

How many airplanes does this AD impact? We estimate that this AD affects 391 airplanes in the U.S. registry.

What is the cost impact of this AD on owners/operators of the affected airplanes? We estimate the following costs to accomplish the replacement of the CAPS handle access cover:

Labor cost	Parts cost	Total cost per airplane	Total cost on U.S. oper- ators
1 workhour \times \$60 per hour = \$60	\$19	\$79	\$79 × 391 = \$30,889.

We estimate the following costs to accomplish the replacement of the CAPS activation handle bracket:

Labor cost	Parts cost	Total cost per airplane	Total cost on U.S. oper- ators
2 workhours × \$60 per hour = \$120		\$127	\$127 × 391 = \$49,657.

We estimate the following costs to accomplish the replacement of the CAPS activation cable:

Labor cost	Parts cost	Total cost per airplane	Total cost on U.S. oper- ators
3 workhours \times \$60 per hour = \$180	\$320	\$500	\$500 × 391 = \$195,500.

We summarize the following estimated costs to accomplish the modification to the CAPS activation system:

Total labor cost	Total parts	Total cost	Total cost on U.S. oper-
	cost	per airplane	ators
$\overline{6}$ workhours \times \$60 per hour = \$360	\$346	\$706	\$706 × 391 = \$276,046.

The manufacturer will provide warranty credit for labor and parts to the extent noted under WARRANTY INFORMATION in each previouslyreferenced service bulletin.

Compliance Time of This AD

What is the compliance time of this AD? The compliance time of this AD is "within 90 days after the effective date of this AD, unless already accomplished."

Why is the compliance time presented in calendar time instead of hours timein-service (TIS)? Failure of the CAPS is only unsafe during airplane operation; this unsafe condition is not a result of the number of times the airplane is operated. The chance of this situation occurring is the same for an airplane with 10 hours time-in-service (TIS) as it is for an airplane with 500 hours TIS. For this reason, the FAA has determined that a compliance based on calendar time will be utilized in this AD in order to assure that the unsafe condition is addressed on all airplanes in a reasonable time period.

Regulatory Impact

Does this AD impact various entities? The regulations adopted herein will not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, it is determined that this final rule does not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132.

Does this AD involve a significant rule or regulatory action? For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this action (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A copy of the final evaluation prepared for this action is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained by contacting the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption **ADDRESSES**.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, under the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§39.13 [Amended]

2. FAA amends § 39.13 by removing Airworthiness Directive (AD) 2002–05– 05, Amendment 39–12673 (67 FR March 13, 2002), and by adding a new AD to read as follows:

2002–24–08 Cirrus Design Corporation: Amendment 39–12973; Docket No.

2002–CE–31–AD.

(a) What airplanes are affected by this AD? This AD affects the following airplane models and serial numbers that are certificated in any category:

Model	Serial numbers	
SR20	1005 through 1195.	
SR22	0002 through 0209.	

(b) Who must comply with this AD? Anyone who wishes to operate any of the airplanes identified in paragraph (a) of this AD must comply with this AD.

(c) What problem does this AD address? The actions specified by this AD are intended to prevent failure of the Cirrus Airplane Parachute System (CAPS) activation system in an emergency situation. Failure of this system could result in occupant injury and/ or loss of life and loss of aircraft.

(d) What actions must I accomplish to address this problem? To address this problem, you must accomplish the following:

Actions	Compliance	Procedures
Modify the Cirrus Airplane Parachute System (CAPS) by replacing the CAPS handle ac- cess cover, the CAPS activation handle bracket, and the CAPS activation cable with parts of improved design.	2003 (the effective date of this AD), unless already accomplished.	

(e) What service information should I use to accomplish the actions required in paragraph (d) of this AD: Use the service

bulletins specified below, as applicable: (1) Cirrus Service Bulletin SB 20–95–03, Issued: June 10, 2002;

(2) Cirrus Service Bulletin SB 20–95–04, Issued: July 10, 2002;

(3) Cirrus Service Bulletin SB 20–95–05, Issued: July 10, 2002; or Cirrus Service

Bulletin SB 20–95–05, Rev 1: dated August 14, 2002;

(4) Cirrus Service Bulletin SB 22–95–03, Issued: June 10, 2002;

(5) Cirrus Service Bulletin SB 22–95–04, Issued: July 10, 2002; and

(6) Cirrus Service Bulletin SB 22–95–05, Issued: July 10, 2002; or Cirrus Service Bulletin SB 22–95–05, Rev 1: dated August 14, 2002.

Note 1: Cirrus Service Bulletin SB 20–95– 03, Issued: June 10, 2002, on page 2 of 2, includes an incorrect reference to SB 22–95– 03 in step 4. The correct reference should be to SB 20–95–03.

Note 2: Cirrus Service Bulletin SB 20–95–05, Issued: July 10, 2002, on page 9 of 16, includes an incorrect reference to SB 22–95–05 in step 15. The correct reference should be to SB 20–95–05.

(f) Can I comply with this AD in any other way?

(1) You may use an alternative method of compliance or adjust the compliance time if:

(i) Your alternative method of compliance provides an equivalent level of safety; and

(ii) The Manager, Chicago Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), approves your alternative. Submit your request through an FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Chicago ACO.

(2) Alternative methods of compliance approved in accordance with AD 2002–05– 05, which is superseded by this AD, are not approved as alternative methods of compliance with this AD.

Note 3: This AD applies to each airplane identified in paragraph (a) of this AD, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (f) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if you have not eliminated the unsafe condition, specific actions you propose to address it.

(g) Where can I get information about any already-approved alternative methods of

compliance? Contact Gregory J. Michalik, Aerospace Engineer, FAA, Chicago ACO, 2300 East Devon Avenue, Des Plaines, IL 60018; telephone: (847) 294–7135; facsimile: (847) 294–7834.

(h) What if I need to fly the airplane to another location to comply with this AD? The FAA can issue a special flight permit under sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate your airplane to a location where you can accomplish the requirements of this AD.

(i) Are any service bulletins incorporated into this AD by reference? Actions required by this AD must be done in accordance with Cirrus Service Bulletin SB 20-95-03, Issued: June 10, 2002; Cirrus Service Bulletin SB 20-95-04, Issued: July 10, 2002; Cirrus Service Bulletin SB 20-95-05, Issued: July 10, 2002; Cirrus Service Bulletin SB 20-95-05, Rev 1: dated August 14, 2002; Cirrus Service Bulletin SB 22-95-03, Issued: June 10, 2002; Cirrus Service Bulletin SB 22-95-04, Issued: July 10, 2002; Cirrus Service Bulletin SB 22-95-05, Issued: July 10, 2002; and Cirrus Service Bulletin SB 22-95-05, Rev 1: dated August 14, 2002. The Director of the Federal Register approved this incorporation by reference under 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. You may get copies from Cirrus Design

Corporation, 4515 Taylor Circle, Duluth, MN 55811; telephone: (218) 727–2737. You may view copies at the FAA, Central Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, 901 Locust, Room 506, Kansas City, Missouri, or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., Suite 700, Washington, DC.

(j) *Does this AD action affect any existing AD actions?* This amendment supersedes AD 2002–05–05, Amendment 39–12673.

(k) When does this amendment become effective? This amendment becomes effective on January 24, 2003.

Issued in Kansas City, Missouri, on November 26, 2002.

Michael Gallagher,

Manager, Small Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 02–30685 Filed 12–9–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 2002–CE–34–AD; Amendment 39–12974; AD 2002–24–09]

RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Pilatus Britten-Norman Limited BN2T and BN2T–4R Series Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT. **ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: This amendment adopts a new airworthiness directive (AD) that applies to all Pilatus Britten-Norman Limited (Pilatus Britten-Norman) BN2T and BN2T–4R series airplanes. This AD requires you to repetitively inspect the left and right engine-mounting frame for cracks and replace the frame if cracks are found. This AD is the result of mandatory continuing airworthiness information (MCAI) issued by the airworthiness authority for the United Kingdom. The actions specified by this AD are intended to detect and correct cracks in the left and right enginemounting frame, which could lead to engine mount failure. Such failure could result in separation of the engine from the airplane.

DATES: This AD becomes effective on January 27, 2003.

The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in the regulations as of January 27, 2003.

ADDRESSES: You may get the service information referenced in this AD from Pilatus Britten-Norman Limited, Bembridge, Isle of Wight, United Kingdom PO35 5PR; telephone: +44 (0) 1983 872511; facsimile: +44 (0) 1983 873246. You may view this information at the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Central Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2002–CE–34–AD, 901 Locust, Room 506, Kansas City, Missouri 64106; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., Suite 700, Washington, DC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Doug Rudolph, Aerospace Engineer, FAA, Small Airplane Directorate, 901 Locust, Room 301, Kansas City, Missouri 64106; telephone: (816) 329– 4059; facsimile: (816) 329–4090.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Discussion

What events have caused this AD? The Civil Aviation Authority (CAA), which is the airworthiness authority for the United Kingdom, recently notified FAA that an unsafe condition may exist on all Pilatus Britten-Norman BN2T and BN2T–4R Series airplanes. The CAA reports that the manufacturer has reported six occurrences of cracks in the left and right turbine engine-mounting frame detected during routine inspections by operators of aircraft used on parachute drop or pilot training operations.

What is the potential impact if FAA took no action? These cracks could lead

to engine mount failure with consequent separation of the engine from the airplane.

Has FAA taken any action to this point? We issued a proposal to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) to include an AD that would apply to all Pilatus Britten-Norman BN2T and BN2T–4R series airplanes. This proposal was published in the **Federal Register** as a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) on September 17, 2002 (67 FR 58544). The NPRM proposed to require you to repetitively inspect the left and right engine-mounting frame for cracks and replace the frame if cracks are found.

Was the public invited to comment? The FAA encouraged interested persons to participate in the making of this amendment. We did not receive any comments on the proposed rule or on our determination of the cost to the public.

FAA's Determination

What is FAA's final determination on this issue? After careful review of all available information related to the subject presented above, we have determined that air safety and the public interest require the adoption of the rule as proposed except for minor editorial corrections. We have determined that these minor corrections:

—Provide the intent that was proposed in the NPRM for correcting the unsafe condition; and

—Do not add any additional burden upon the public than was already proposed in the NPRM.

Cost Impact

How many airplanes does this AD impact? We estimate that this AD affects 6 airplanes in the U.S. registry.

What is the cost impact of this AD on owners/operators of the affected airplanes? We estimate the following costs to accomplish the inspection:

Labor cost	Parts cost	Total cost per airplane	Total cost on U.S. op- erators
4 workhours × \$60 per hour = \$240	No cost for parts	\$240	6 × \$240 = \$1,440.

We estimate the following costs to accomplish any necessary replacements that will be required based on the results of the inspection. We have no way of determining the number of airplanes that may need such replacement:

Labor cost	Parts cost	Total cost per airplane
30 workhours × \$60 per hour = \$1,800 per frame	\$5,400	\$7,200.