

FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

Washington, DC 20463



AGENDA ITEM

For Meeting of: 01-17-02

January 10, 2002

MEMORANDUM

TO:

The Commission

THROUGH:

James A. Pehrkon

Staff Director

FROM:

Lawrence H. Norton

General Counsel

N. Bradley Litchfield

Associate General Coun

Jonathan Levin Senior Attorney

SUBJECT:

Revised Draft AO 2001-17

Pursuant to the Commission's discussion at the meeting of December 13, 2001, the Office of General Counsel has prepared the attached revised draft. This draft opinion responds to a request from the Democratic National Committee with respect to the reporting of single check contributions that it proposes to split between the Federal and non-Federal accounts.

Unlike the previous draft, which focused extensively on how and when such contributions may be retained by the DNC and prescribed different methods for handling the contributions, this draft contains a brief statement approving the DNC's proposed treatment of the contributions and focuses most of the analysis on answering the question asked, which is how to report the proposed transactions. The draft prescribes the details of such reporting for Schedule A and Memo Schedules A and B, including cross-references between entries. We request that this draft be placed on the agenda for January 17, 2002.

Attachment

3 Neil Reiff

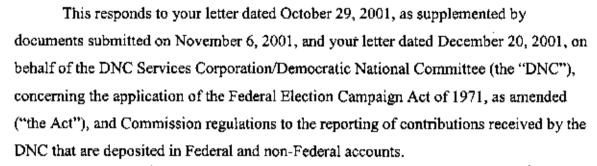
Sandler, Reiff & Young

5 50 E Street, S.E.

6 Suite 300

7 Washington, D.C. 20003

Dear Mr. Reiff:



By way of background, this opinion is requested in accordance with a conciliation agreement entered into by the DNC and the Commission in connection with an enforcement case, MUR 4961. This case involved the Commission's investigation into the DNC's practice of splitting single check contributions between the Federal and non-Federal accounts, and apportioning the excessive portion to the non-Federal account. Although such a split is permissible under certain circumstances, the DNC requires specific guidance as to the appropriate method of disclosing the receipt of such contributions on reports filed with the Commission. Therefore, the DNC requests this advisory opinion to ascertain the appropriate method of disclosing the receipt of contributions that it proposes to split, pursuant to donors' directions, between its Federal and non-Federal accounts.¹

You state that the DNC handles contributions that are split between Federal and non-Federal accounts in the following manner:

(1) The DNC provides all disclaimer language necessary to comply with the requirements of 11 CFR 102.5(a)(2) at the time of solicitation. On its donor cards, the DNC asks donors to apportion, in writing, their contributions to either the Federal or non-

¹ Specifically, the conciliation agreement states: "In connection with the Committee's contention that the requirements are not clear regarding the reporting of single-check contributions split between the federal and non-federal accounts, the Committee may request from the Commission an Advisory Opinion regarding the reporting of such single-check contributions received in the future." Section IV.15.

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Federal account. All donor cards will be required to be signed by the contributor. The 1 donor card submitted by you and attached to this opinion solicits contributions for both 2 the Federal and non-Federal accounts specifically and will be the donor card in the 3 solicitations of each of the contributions at issue. The donor card informs individuals and 4 5 Federal PACs that their contributions will be used in connection with Federal elections and will be subject to the limits and prohibitions of the Act; instructs those persons to 6 make their contributions payable to the "DNC Federal Account" or to designate the 7 "Federal Account below" in order to allow for deposit in the Federal account; advises 8 "other contributors" that their contributions will be used for State and local elections and 9 asks them to make their checks payable to the "DNC-Non-Federal Account"; informs 10 individuals of the \$20,000 annual limit on contributions to the DNC and the \$25,000 11 annual contribution limit for contributions to all Federal campaigns and accounts:² 12 informs individuals that any portion in excess of the \$20,000 limit will be "allocated" to a 13 non-Federal account; asks the contributor to designate, on the donor card, either the entire 14 contribution or "the first \$20,000 (or other \$____)" of it for the Federal account, or to 15 designate the full amount for the non-Federal account; and asks for the contributor's 16 signature.3 17 (2) Each contribution at issue will be accompanied by the donor card attached to this 18 opinion, whether completed or not, thus indicating that the contribution was in response 19 to a solicitation containing the donor card. To the extent that a contribution, whether on 20 its face, or when aggregated with prior contributions from the same donor, exceeds the 21 Federal limit, the DNC seeks the donor's permission to split the contribution between its 22 Federal and non-Federal accounts if the donor has not provided clear instructions as to 23 how his contribution should be apportioned. Such permission may be granted directly on 24

the donor card (see above) or in response to a written follow-up request to the donor. If a

donor's contribution clearly indicated that it is intended to be a non-Federal contribution.

the DNC will deposit the contribution directly into a non-Federal account.

The Act and regulations provide that the political committees established by a national party may receive no more than \$20,000 in any calendar year from a person other than a multicandidate committee and no more than \$15,000 per calendar year from a multicandidate committee. 2 U.S.C. §441a(a)(1)(B) and (2)(B); 11 CFR 110.1(c)(1) and 110.2(c)(1).

In addition, the donor card asks for information about the contributor to help insure against the receipt of foreign national contributions.

- (3) When donor permission is sought by follow-up request, the DNC notifies the donor that he or she may request a refund of the excessive portion of the contribution in lieu of reapportionment to the DNC's non-Federal account.
- (4) Upon receipt of a contribution which the DNC proposes to split between Federal and non-Federal account, the DNC deposits the check into its Federal account. On the day of that deposit, the DNC will deposit into its non-Federal account a check representing a transfer of the excessive portion of the contribution (or contributions if more than one contribution check is deposited into the Federal account).
- (5) In the event that the DNC does not receive written donor permission to split the contribution between its Federal account and non-Federal account within sixty days after receipt of the contribution, or does not receive a donor request for a refund of the contribution, the DNC transfers the portion of the contribution that was retained in its Federal account to a non-Federal account at the expiration of the sixty-day period.⁴

As indicated above, you ask the Commission to advise the DNC as to the reporting procedures for the receipt of contributions that it proposes to split between the Federal and non-Federal accounts. Using the example of a \$50,000 contribution from an individual, where \$20,000 is retained in the Federal account and \$30,000 is transferred to the non-Federal account, you propose that the DNC disclose a \$20,000 contribution to its Federal account and a \$30,000 donation to its non-Federal account. You also suggest that the DNC could file a memo schedule document that describes the contributions that were split during a particular reporting period and provide a listing of the transfers of the excessive portions of such contributions.

Analysis

Based on the specific facts presented in the DNC's request, including (but not limited to) the content of the donor card and the joinder of each contribution with the donor card, the Commission concludes that the DNC's proposed treatment of the contributions, with respect to receipt, deposit, subsequent contributor authorization, and transfer, is permissible under Commission regulations. See 11 CFR 102.5(a) and 103.3.

The DNC's proposed treatment is not the only permissible treatment of such

⁴ You state that the DNC will not attempt to seek reattribution of the contributions to an additional contributor as provided for in 11 CFR 110.1(k)(3).

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contributions, however. In order to ascertain other permissible alternatives, the DNC would need to submit another advisory opinion request with a complete description of the relevant facts. See 11 CFR 112.1(b) and (c).

The issue the DNC asks about is the proper reporting of the transactions described above. The Act and Commission regulations require a party political committee to report the receipt of contributions, including contributions from individuals. The committee must report the identification (name, address, occupation, and employer) of each individual who makes a contribution to the committee during the reporting period whose contribution or contributions aggregate in excess of \$200 during the calendar year, along with the date of receipt, amount of the contribution, and aggregate year-to-date total. 2 U.S.C. §§434(b)(2)(A) and (3)(A), and 431(13); 11 CFR 104.3(a)(2)(i) and (4)(i), and 100.12. Commission regulations also require a national party committee, such as the DNC, to disclose in a memo Schedule A the name, address, and occupation or type of business of any individual or entity donating more than \$200 in a calendar year to the non-Federal accounts, along with the date of receipt and amount of the donation. 11 CFR 104.8(e). National party committees must also disclose in a memo schedule B the name and address of each person to whom disbursements from the non-Federal accounts are made which aggregate in excess of \$200 in a calendar year along with the date, amount, and purpose of the disbursement. 11 CFR 104.9(c). These memo schedules A and B are part of a Schedule I filed by the national party committee.

Commission regulations do not specifically address the reporting of the receipt of contribution checks where the proceeds are intended to be split between Federal and non-Federal accounts. Because the DNC will initially receive a check in excess of the §441a(a)(1) limit, it is essential that the contribution and the division of the funds be disclosed in a manner that is clear on the public record. This need for clarity is amplified by the fact that national party committees file voluminous reports for all their activities, and the DNC might accept numerous contributions that are split between Federal and non-Federal accounts. Thus, the splitting of funds that are placed in separate accounts requires the use of memo entries with explicit cross-references between the disclosures for the Federal and non-Federal accounts.

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Reports and other information available at the Commission indicate that the DNC 1 discloses its Federal contributions alphabetically by the last name of the contributor (and 2 then in calendar date order for each individual). Non-Federal contributions are disclosed 3 alphabetically within each non-Federal account (and then in date order for each 4 individual.) Using the above example of the \$50,000 check from a contributor who has 5 made no other contributions to the DNC Federal Account during the year, the split 6 contribution should be reported as discussed below. The Commission notes that, even 7 though a \$50,000 check will initially be deposited into the Federal account, the amount in 8 excess of the Federal limit will be transferred out on the same business day, which is 9 virtually contemporaneous with the deposit. Thus, the DNC may report a receipt of 10 \$20,000 into the Federal account and \$30,000 into the non-Federal account. 11

Each contribution by an individual that is intended to be split must be itemized on Schedule A. The entry must report a receipt of \$20,000, the date of receipt, and other contributor information required by the regulations. This would not be a memo entry; it would be added to the totals for line 11a on the Detailed Summary Page. With this entry, there must also be an abbreviated reference to a corresponding entry on memo Schedule A for the receipt of \$30,000 by the particular non-Federal account.⁶ This reference would say "Fed Portion. See Non-Fed Portion (Memo Sched A-Non-Fed Individual)."

The memo Schedule A must itemize the \$30,000 donation in accordance with 11 CFR 104.8(e). The date of receipt will be the date that the DNC received the check. With this entry, there would also need to be a notation stating: "Non-Fed Portion. See Sched A for Fed Portion."

Under the proposal, if the DNC does not receive written donor permission for a split between the Federal and non-Federal accounts, or a request for a refund of the excess amount, within 60 days of its receipt of the contribution, it will transfer the \$20,000 Federal portion to the non-Federal account. Such a transfer must be reported, in

⁵ Reporting of the initial contribution and receipt of the funds into the Federal and non-Federal accounts must be done regardless of whether the donor card contains a complete and clear authorization for the Federal/non-Federal split.

⁶ Use of reasonable abbreviations will be necessary because, in electronically filed reports, the length of such an entry is currently limited to 100 characters.

The Commission recognizes that the non-Federal portion will most likely be transferred to the "Non-Federal Individual" account. If the portion is transferred to a different DNC non-Federal account and reported on memo Schedule A under that account, the entry should refer to that account instead.

- 1 effect, as a further donation by the contributor to the non-Federal account, as follows.
- 2 Schedule A of the report covering the date of the transfer will contain the contributor
- 3 identification information, a negative contribution amount (\$20,000), and the date of the
- 4 transfer. The \$20,000 would be subtracted from the totals for line 11a on the Detailed
- 5 Summary Page. The Schedule A entry must be accompanied by a reference stating:
- 6 "Transfer to non-Fed Individual Acet. See Memo Sched A." An additional notation must
- 7 state: "See orig contrib dated x/yy/zz." A corresponding entry must be placed on memo
- 8 Schedule A with the contributor information, the receipt of \$20,000, and the date along
- 9 with a reference stating, "Transferred from Fed Acct."

If the contributor asks for a refund of the excess amount (which, since the date of the initial deposit, is already in the non-Federal account), the DNC must disclose the refund on memo Schedule B of the report covering the date of the refund, under the category of "other disbursements." It will disclose the recipient's name and address and the amount of the refund. No reference to other entries is necessary.

The DNC must also retain records in connection with these contributions.

Commission regulations provide that each political committee required to file any report or statement with the Commission shall:

[m]aintain records, including bank records, with respect to the matters required to be reported, including vouchers, worksheets, receipts, bills and accounts, which shall provide in sufficient detail the necessary information and data from which the filed reports and statements may be verified, explained, clarified, and checked for accuracy and completeness.

11 CFR 104.14(b)(1). The committee must preserve such records for audit or inspection by the Commission for a period of at least three years after the related report or statement is filed. See 11 CFR 104.14(b)(3) and 102.9(c). Accordingly, the DNC must maintain, for the required time period, a copy of the contributor check together with the particular donor card sent with each check, and, if applicable (where the donor card is not completed), a copy of each written follow-up request sent to the contributor and each written contributor permission for the split or written contributor request for a refund. Moreover, the DNC must keep accounting records, such as by computer, whereby each individual contribution is readily connected to the deposit into the Federal bank account

1	and the transfer of the excess to the non-Federal account, as well as to the subsequent				
2	bank transactions, such as any transfer of the Federal amount to the non-Federal account.				
3	Because this opinion is not issued until shortly before the due date for the 2001				
4	Year End Report, the specific requirements for cross references in the DNC's				
5	contribution and donation disclosure schedules need not be implemented for any				
6	contributions received prior to January 1, 2002.				
7	This response constitutes an advisory opinion concerning the application of the				
8	Act, or regulations prescribed by the Commission, to the specific transaction or activity				
9	set forth in your request. See 2 U.S.C. §437f.				
10	Sincerely,				
11					
12 13	David M. Mason Chairman				
14 15 16 17 18	Attachment (Donor Card)				
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25	₹ -				

DONOR CARD

Federal law requires us to use occupation and name of employer	our best efforts to collect and r of individuals whose contribution	report the name, mailing address, ons exceed \$200 in a calendar year:
Name of donor:		_
Contact:(if donor is corpora	<u></u>	_
(if donor is corpora	tion, union or partnership)	_
Telephone number: Home	Office	<u> </u>
Current occupation:	Employer:	-
		Date of birth
Contributions to the DNC are not	tax-deductible for federal incom	e tax purposes.
appleer to the Himfation? Alfa DLa	oniditions of the Federal Election our Federal Account, you must	nection with federal elections and is n Campaign Act. In order for the make your check payable to "DNC
Other contributors: Your contr Please make check payable to "DN	ibution will be used in connect ICNon-Federal Account".	tion with state and local elections.
bornion or a contribution to exce	ss of that amount will be alloca p to \$25,000 per calendar year (o the DNC's federal account. Any sted to a non-federal account. An to the federal accounts of all party
Please designate: My entire contribution to The first \$20,000 (or othe My entire contribution to	r S) of my cou	ntribution to the Federal Account.
If an individual: I am a citize	ertify the information below by sign of the United States (or)	
I am a legal If a corporation or partnership: this corporate contribution other t	permanent resident of the Unite l certify that no persons well han I'S efficient on lovel new	en imagalanad in Alan III II II II
The majorny of the ultimate benef States citizens and/or legal perman	icial ownership of this corporation	
Signature	Name (print)	
Title (if a corporation or partnersh		

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