

FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION Jun 18 5 57 PM 02 Washington, DC 20463

AGENDA ITEM

SUBMITTED LATE

For Meeting of: 6-19-02

MEMORANDUM

TQ:

The Commission

FROM:

Vice Chairman Karl J. Sandstrom

DATE:

06/18/2002

SUBJECT: Proposed Amendments to Agenda Document 02-44 (Soft Money Final

Rule)

Attached are amendments I may offer at the June 19, 2002 open session.

1 § 100.24 Federal election activity (2 U.S.C. 431(20)). 2 [intentionally omitted from this amendment] (a) (1)Voter registration activity means contacting individuals by telephone, in 3 (2)person, or by other individualized means to assist them in registering to 4 5 vote. Voter registration activity includes, but is not limited to, printing 6 and distributing registration and voting information, providing individuals 7 with voter registration forms, and assisting individuals in the completion 8 and filing of such forms. Get-out-the-vote activity means contacting registered voters by telephone, 9 (3) in person, or by other individualized means, to assist them in engaging in 10 11 the act of voting. Get-out-the-vote activity shall not include any 12 communication by an association or similar group of candidates for state 13 or local office or of individuals holding state or local office if such 14 communication refers only to one or more state or local candidates. Get-15 out-the-vote activity includes, but is not limited to: providing to individual voters, within 72 hours of an election, 16 (i) 17 information such as the date of the election, the times when polling 18 places are open, and the location of particular polling places; and 19 offering to transport or actually transporting voters to polls. (ii) 20 Voter identification means creating or enhancing voter lists by verifying or (4) adding information about the voters' likelihood of voting in an upcoming 21 election or their likelihood of voting for specific candidates. Voter 22 23 identification shall not include any communication by an association or 24 similar group of candidates for state or local office or of individuals holding state or local office if such communication refers only to one or 25 26 more state or local candidates. As used in part 300 of this chapter, Federal election activity means any of the 27 activities described in paragraphs (b)(1) through (b)(4) of this section. 28 29 Voter registration activity during the period that begins on the date that is (1)30 120 calendar days before the date that a regularly scheduled Federal 31 election is held and ends on the date of the election. For purposes of voter registration activity, the term "election" does not include any special 32 33 election. The following activities conducted in connection with an election in which 34 (2)one or more candidates for Federal office appears on the ballot (regardless 35 of whether one or more candidates for State or local office also appears on 36 37 the ballot): 38 (i) Voter identification 39 Generic campaign activity, which means a public communication (ii) that promotes or opposes a political party and does not promote or oppose a 40 clearly identified federal or non-federal candidate, as defined in 11 CFR 100.25;. 41 42 Get-out-the-vote activity. A public communication that refers to a clearly identified candidate for 43 (3) Federal office, regardless of whether a candidate for State or local election 44

1 is also mentioned or identified, and that promotes or supports, or attacks or 2 opposes any candidate for Federal office. This paragraph applies whether 3 or not the communication expressly advocates a vote for or against a 4 Federal candidate 5 (4) Services provided during any month by an employee of a State, district, or 6 local committee of a political party who spends more than 25 percent of that individual's compensated time during that month on activities in 7 8 connection with a Federal election. 9 Exceptions. Federal election activity does not include any amount expended or (c) disbursed by a State, district, or local committee of a political party for any of the 10 11 following activities: A public communication that refers solely to one or more clearly identified 12 (1)13 candidates for State or local office and that does not promote or support, or attack or oppose a clearly identified candidate for Federal office; provided, 14 however, that such a public communication shall be considered a Federal 15 16 election activity if it constitutes voter registration activity, generic campaign activity, get-out-the-vote activity, or voter identification. 17 **(2)** 18 A contribution to a candidate for State or local office, provided the 19 contribution is not designated to pay for voter registration activity, voter identification, generic campaign activity, get-out-the-vote activity, a public 20 communication, or employee services as set forth in paragraphs (a)(1) 21 22 through (4) of this section. 23 (3) The costs of a State, district, or local political convention, meeting or 24 conference. 25 The costs of grassroots campaign materials, including buttons, bumper (4)26 stickers, handbills, brochures, posters and yard signs, that name or depict 27 only candidates for State or local office.

§ 100.24 Federal election activity

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3 References in a public communication by a candidate for State or local (b)(3)(i)4 office, individual holding State or local office, or an association or similar 5 group of candidates for State or local office or of individuals holding State 6 or local office, to a State or local candidate's agreement or disagreement 7 with the record, position, or view of a clearly identified Federal candidate 8 do not satisfy this section if such mention of a Federal candidate is merely incidental to the candidacy of one or more individuals for State or local 9 10 office.

§ 100.24 Federal election activity 1 A public communication that urges support of or opposition to any 2 (b)(3)(ii)3 legislation, resolution, institutional action, or any policy proposal and only 4 refers to contacting a clearly identified candidate who is an incumbent 5 legislator to urge such legislator to support or oppose the matter, without 6 referring to any of the legislator's past or present positions, does not 7 promote, support, attack or oppose such clearly identified candidate. 8

§ 100.26 Public Communication (2 U.S.C. 431(22))

 <u>Public communication</u> means a communication by means of any broadcast, cable or satellite communication, newspaper, magazine, outdoor advertising facility, mass mailing or telephone bank to the general public, or any other form of general public political advertising. The term public communication shall not include communications over the Internet.

1	§106.7(d)(1)(iii)	
2	(iii)	Senate election year. In any even year in which a Senate candidate.
3		but no Presidential candidate, appears on the ballot, and in the
4		preceding year, State, district, and local party committees must
5		allocate at least 21% of these expenses to their Federal account.
6	(iv)	Non-Presidential and non-Senate year. In any even year in which
7		neither a Presidential nor a Senate candidate appears on the ballot,
8		and in the preceding year, State, district, and local party committee
9		must allocate at least 15% of these expenses to their Federal
10		account.
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11 CFR 300.2(i) Levin funds mean funds that are raised pursuant to 11 CFR 300.31 and are or will be disbursed pursuant to 11 CFR 300.32.

§ 300.2(m): To solicit means to ask another person to make a contribution or donation, including through a conduit or intermediary, to a candidate, a political committee, or a political organization described in 26 U.S.C. 527 or a tax-exempt organization described in 26 U.S.C. 501(c). A solicitation does not include merely providing information or guidance as to the requirement of particular law.

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§ 300.2 (n): To direct means to ask a person who has expressed an intent to make a contribution or donation to make that contribution or donation, including through a conduit or intermediary, to a particular candidate, a political committee, or a political organization described in 26 U.S.C. 527 or a tax-exempt organization described in 26 U.S.C. 501(c).

§ 300.10(a) <u>Prohibitions</u>. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (a)(2) of this section, a national committee of a political party, including a national congressional campaign committee, must not:

- (i) Solicit, receive, or direct to another person a contribution, donation, or transfer of funds, or any other thing of value that is not subject to the prohibitions, limitations and reporting requirements of the Act; or
- (ii) Spend any funds that are not subject to the prohibitions, limitations, and reporting requirements of the Act; or
- (iii) Solicit, receive, direct or transfer to another person, or spend, Levin funds.
- (2) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a national committee of a political party, including a national congressional campaign committee, from soliciting, receiving, or spending non-Federal funds exclusively for the purpose of defending or prosecuting any civil or criminal matter, responding to any governmental investigation or inquiry or preparing or providing any document in any legal, legislative, or regulatory matter.

\S 300.11 Prohibitions on fundraising for and donating to certain tax-exempt organizations

- (d) Certification. A national committee of a political party or any person described in paragraph (b) of this section may rely upon a certification that meets all of the following criteria:
 - (1) The certification is a signed and sworn written statement by an officer or other authorized representative of the organization or by the treasurer of the political committee; and
 - (2) The certification states that within the current election cycle, the organization or political committee has not made, and does not intend to make, expenditures or disbursements in connection with an election for Federal office (including for Federal Election activity);
- (e) If a national committee of a political party or any person described in paragraph (b) of this section has actual knowledge that the certification is false, the certification may not be relied upon.
- (f) It is not prohibited for a national party or its agents to respond to a request for information about a tax-exempt group that shares the party's political or philosophical goals.

1 § 300.30 Accounts 2 (a) Political Committees. 3 (1)Federal Accounts 4 (i) Each State, district, and local party organization that qualifies as a 5 political committee under 11 CFR 100.5 and that finances political 6 activity in connection with both Federal and non-Federal elections 7 shall, in accordance with 11 CFR 102.5(a), either: 8 Establish a Federal account in a depository, in accordance (A) 9 with 11 CFR part 103, which shall be treated as a separate 10 political committee and be required to comply with the 11 requirements of the Act including the registration and 12 reporting requirements of 11 CFR part 102 and part 104; or 13 (B) Establish a separate Federal political committee that shall 14 register as a political committee and comply with the 15 requirements of the Act. 16 (ii) Only contributions that are permissible pursuant to the limitations 17 and prohibitions of the Act shall be deposited into any Federal 18 account established pursuant to paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section, 19 regardless of whether such contributions are for use in connection 20 with Federal or non-Federal elections. 21 (iii) Only contributions solicited and received pursuant to the following 22 conditions may be deposited in a Federal account established under 23 paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section: 24 Contributions must be designated by the contributors for (A) 25 the Federal account: 26 The solicitation must expressly state that contributions may (<u>B</u>) 27 be used wholly or in part in connection with a Federal 28 election; or 29 $(\underline{\mathbf{C}})$ The contributor must be informed that all contributions are 30 subject to the limitations and prohibitions of the Act. 31 (iv)All disbursements, contributions, and expenditures made wholly or 32 in part by any State, district, or local party organization in 33 connection with a Federal election must be made from either: 34 (A) A Federal account, except as permitted by 11 CFR 300.32; 35 36 (B) A separate allocation account. 37 (v) If all payments in connection with a Federal election, including 38 payments for Federal election activities, are to be made from a Federal account, not an allocation account, expenditures and 39 40 disbursements for costs that are allocable pursuant to 11 CFR 106.7 41 or 11 CFR 300.33 must be made from the Federal account in their 42 entirety, with the shares of a non-Federal account or of a Levin 43 account being transferred to the Federal account pursuant to 11 44 CFR 300.33 and 11 CFR 300.34.

1 (vi)No transfers may be made to a Federal account from any other 2 account(s) maintained by a State, district, or local party committee 3 or from any other party committee at any level for the purpose of 4 financing activity in connection with Federal elections, except as 5 provided by paragraphs (a)(1)(v) of this section or 11 CFR 300.33 6 and 300.34. 7 (vii) State, district, and local party committees may choose to make 8 non-Federal disbursements from a Federal account, subject to State 9 law, provided that such disbursements are reported pursuant to 11 10. CFR 104.17 and provided that contributors of the Federal funds so 11 used were notified that their contributions were subject to the 12 limitations and prohibitions of the Act. 13 (2)Levin accounts. 14 (i) Any State, district, or local party organization that is a political 15 committee, including any organization that is directly or indirectly 16 established, financed, maintained, or controlled by a State, district, 17 or local committee of a political party and any officer or agent of 18 such a committee or organization, that intends to engage in voter 19 registration, voter identification, get-out-the-vote activity, and/or 20 generic campaign activity pursuant to 11 CFR 300.32(b), must 21 either: 22 either: 23 (A) Establish and maintain one or more separate accounts in a 24 depository for this purpose. These accounts shall be known 25 as Levin accounts: 26 Demonstrate through a reasonable accounting method (B) 27 approved by the Commission (including any method 28 embedded in software provided or approved by the 29 Commission) that whenever such organization makes a 30 payment for voter registration, voter identification, get-out-31 the-vote activity, and/or generic campaign activity pursuant 32 to 11 CFR 300.32(b) that the organization has received 33 sufficient contributions and Levin funds to make such 34 payment. Such organization shall keep records of amounts 35 received or expended under this subsection and, upon 36 request, shall make such records available for examination 37 by the Commission; or 38 (C) Establish one or more separate allocation accounts to be 39 used for activities allocable pursuant to 11 CFR 106.5(c) 40 and 11 CFR 300.33. 41 42 A State, district, or local party committee may use its Levin (ii) 43 account(s) only for the categories of activities described at 11 CFR 44 300.32(b)(1) or for other, non-Federal activities permissible under 45 State law.

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2		(iii)	A State, district, or local party committee may use its Levin
3			account(s) to make expenditures or disbursements only if all of the
4			following conditions are met:
5			(A) The expenditure or disbursement does not pay for an
6			activity that refers to a clearly identified candidate for
7			Federal office;
8			(B) The expenditure or disbursement does not pay for any part
9			of the costs of any broadcasting, cable, or satellite
10			communication, other than a communication that refers
11			solely to a clearly identified candidate for State or local
12			office; and
13			(C) The funds used for the expenditure or disbursement have
14			been received in accordance with 11 CFR 300.31.
15	(3)	Non-	Federal account.
16		(i)	Any State, district, or local party committee that makes
17			disbursements solely in connection with State or local elections
18			must establish a separate non-Federal account in a depository. The
19			funds deposited into this account may be are governed by State
20			law.
21		(ii)	Disbursements, contributions, and expenditures made wholly or in
22			part in connection with Federal elections must not be made from
23			any non-Federal account, except as permitted by 11 CFR
24			102.5(a)(4), 11 CFR 300.33 and 11 CFR 300.34.
25	(4)	Alloc	ation accounts. At the discretion of the party committee or
26		organ	ization, separate allocation accounts may be established for purposes
27			iking allocable expenditures and disbursements.
28		(i)	Only funds from the party committee or organization's Federal and
29			non-Federal accounts may be deposited into an allocation account
30			used to make allocable expenditures and disbursements for
31		CD.	activities in connection with Federal and non-Federal elections.
32		(ii)	Only funds from the party committee or organization's Federal
33 34			account and Levin funds from its non-Federal or Levin account(s)
35			may be deposited into an allocation account used to make allocable
36			expenditures and disbursements for activities undertaken pursuant
30 37		Z1115	to 11 CFR 300.32(b).
38		(iii)	Once a party committee or organization has established a separate
39			allocation account for activities in connection with Federal and
10			non-Federal elections and a separate account for activities
+0 +1			undertaken pursuant to 11 CFR 300.32(b), all allocable expenses
12			shall be paid from the appropriate allocation account for as long as
13		(iv)	that account is maintained.
14		(17)	The party committee or organization shall transfer to the
15			appropriate allocation account funds from its Federal and non-
,_			Federal or Levin accounts in amounts proportionate to the Federal,

- 1 non-Federal and Levin shares of each allocable expense pursuant to 2 11 CFR 300.33. The transfers shall be made pursuant to 11 CFR 3 300.34. 4 (v) No funds contained in an allocation account may be transferred to 5 any other account maintained by the party committee or 6 organization. 7 State, district, and local party organizations that are not political committees. Any (b) 8 State, district, or local party organization that makes payments for certain Federal election 9 activities pursuant to 11 CFR 300.32(b), but that does not qualify as a political committee 10 under 11 CFR 100.5, must either: Establish at least three separate accounts in depositories as follows -11 (1) 12 An account into which only funds subject to the prohibitions and 13 limitations of the Act may be deposited and from which 14 contributions, expenditures, disbursements for exempt activities 15 and payments for certain Federal activities must be made: 16 (ii) One or more Levin accounts pursuant to 11 CFR 300,30(b) into 17 which only Levin funds may be deposited and from which payments must be made pursuant to 11 CFR 300.32 and 300.33; 18 19 and 20 (iii) One or more additional accounts pursuant to State law from which 21 payments for activities other than those permitted by paragraphs 22 (b)(1)(i) and (ii) of this section; or 23 **(2)** Establish two separate accounts in depositories as follows: 24 (i) A Federal account into which may be deposited both contributions 25 and Levin funds. Payments may be made from this account for 26 contributions, expenditures and disbursements for exempt 27 activities in connection with Federal elections and for activities 28 undertaken pursuant to 11 CFR 300.32(b). If the organization 29 uses this Federal account as a depository for Levin funds, it must 30 demonstrate through a reasonable accounting method approved by 31 the Commission (including any method embedded in software 32 provided or approved by the Commission) that whenever such 33 organization makes a payment for activities undertaken pursuant to 34 11 CFR 300.32(b), that organization had received sufficient 35 contributions or Levin funds to make such payment; and 36 (ii) One or more additional accounts pursuant to State law from which 37 payments for activities other than those permitted by paragraphs 38 (b)(1)(i) and (ii) must be made. 39
 - (c) All party organizations must keep records of deposits into and disbursements from such accounts, and, upon request, must make such records available for examination by the Commission.

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§ 300.31 Receipt of Levin funds,

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- (a) General rule. Levin funds expended or disbursed by any State, district, or local committee must be raised solely by the committee that expends or disburses them.
- (b) Compliance with State law. Each donation of Levin funds solicited or accepted by a State, district, or local committee of a political party must be lawful under the laws of the State in which the committee is organized.
- (c) Donations from sources permitted by State law but prohibited by the Act. If the laws of the State in which a State, district, or local committee of a political party is organized permit donations to the committee from a source prohibited by the Act and this chapter, other than 2 U.S.C. 441e, the committee may solicit and accept donations of Levin funds from that source, subject to paragraph (d) of this section.
- (d) Donation amount limitation.
 - (1) General rule. A State, district, or local committee of a political party must not solicit or accept from any person (including any entity established, financed, maintained, or controlled by such person) one or more donations of Levin funds aggregating more than \$10,000 in a calendar year.
 - (2) Effect of different State limitations. If the laws of the State in which a State, district, or local committee of a political party is organized limit donations to that committee to less than the amount specified in paragraph (d)(1) of this section, then the State law amount limitations shall control. If the laws of the State in which a State, district, or local committee of a political party is organized permit donations to that committee in amounts greater than the amount specified in paragraph (d)(1) of this section, then the amount limitations in paragraph (d)(1) of this section shall control.
 - (3) No affiliation of committees for purposes of this paragraph. For purposes of determining compliance with paragraph (d) of this section only, State, district, and local committees of the same political party shall not be considered affiliated. Subject to the amount limitations specified in paragraphs (d)(1) and (d)(2) of this section, a person (individually or together with any entity established, financed, maintained, or controlled by such person) may donate without limitation to each and every State, district, and local committee of a political party.
- (e) No Levin funds from a national party committee or a Federal candidate or officeholder. A State, district, or local committee of a political party disbursing Levin funds pursuant to 11 CFR 300.32 must not accept or use for such purposes any donations or other funds that are solicited, received, directed, transferred, or spent by or in the name of any of the following persons:
 - (1) A national committee of a political party (including a national congressional campaign committee of a political party), any officer or agent acting on behalf of such a national party committee, or any entity that is directly or indirectly established, financed, maintained, or controlled by such a national party committee. Notwithstanding 11 CFR 102.17, a State, district, or local committee of a political party must not raise Levin funds by means of joint fundraising with a national committee of a political party, any officer or agent acting on behalf of such a national

party committee, or any entity that is directly or indirectly established, financed, maintained, or controlled by such a national party committee. Nothing in this section shall otherwise limit the ability of a state, district, or local committee of a political party from engaging in joint fundraising pursuant to 11 CFR 102.17 with a national committee of a political party, any officer or agent acting on behalf of such a national party committee, or any entity that is directly or indirectly established, financed, maintained, or controlled by such a national party committee.

- A Federal candidate, or an individual holding Federal office, or an agent of a Federal candidate or officeholder, or an entity directly or indirectly established, financed, maintained, or controlled by, or acting on behalf of, one or more Federal candidates or individuals holding Federal office. Notwithstanding 11 CFR 102.17, a State, district, or local committee of a political party must not raise Levin funds by means of joint fundraising with a Federal candidate, an individual holding Federal office, or an entity directly or indirectly established, financed, maintained, or controlled by, or acting on behalf of, one or more candidates or individuals holding Federal office. A Federal candidate or individual holding Federal office may attend, speak, or be a featured guest at a fundraising event for a State, district, or local committee of a political party at which Levin funds are raised. See 11 CFR 300.64.
- (f) Certain joint fundraising prohibited. Notwithstanding 11 CFR 102.17, a State, district, or local committee of a political party must not raise Levin funds by means of any joint fundraising activity with any other State, district, or local committee of any political party, the agent of such a committee, or an entity directly or indirectly established, financed, maintained, or controlled by such a committee. This prohibition includes State, district, and local committees of a political party organized in another State. Nothing in this section shall otherwise limit the ability of a state, district, or local committee of a political party from engaging in joint fundraising pursuant to 11 CFR 102.17 with any other State, district, or local committee of any political party, the agent of such a committee, or an entity directly or indirectly established, financed, maintained, or controlled by such a committee.
- (g) Safe Harbor. The use of a common vendor for fundraising by more than one State, district, or local committee of a political party, or the agent of such a committee does not constitute joint fundraising within the meaning of this section.

1 § 300.32 Expenditures and disbursements. 2 (a) Federal funds. 3 (1)An association or similar group of candidates for State or local office, or 4 an association or similar group of individuals holding State or local office, 5 must make any expenditures or disbursements for Federal election activity 6 solely with Federal funds. 7 Except as provided in this part, a State, district, or local committee of a (2) 8 political party that makes expenditures or disbursements for Federal 9 election activity must use Federal funds for that purpose, subject to the 10 provisions of this chapter. 11 (3) State, district, and local party committees that raise Federal funds to be 12 used, in whole or in part, for Federal election activities must pay the direct costs of such fundraising only with Federal funds. The direct costs of a 13 14 fundraising program or event include expenses for the solicitation of funds 15 and for the planning and administration of actual fundraising programs and 16 events. 17 State, district, and local party committees that raise Levin funds to be used, (4) 18 in whole or in part, for Federal election activity must pay the direct costs of such fundraising with either Federal or Levin funds. The direct costs of 19 20 a fundraising program or event include expenses for the solicitation of 21 funds and for the planning and administration of actual fundraising 22 programs and events. Levin funds. A State, district, or local committee of a political party may spend 23 (b) Levin funds in accordance with this part on the following types of activity: 24 Subject to the conditions set out in paragraph (c) of this section, only the 25 (1) 26 following types of Federal election activity: 27 Voter registration activity during the period that begins on the date (i) 28 that is 120 days before the date a regularly scheduled Federal 29 election is held and ends on the date of the election; and Voter identification, get-out-the-vote activity, or generic campaign 30 (ii) 31 activity conducted in connection with an election in which a 32 candidate for Federal office appears on the ballot (regardless of 33 whether a candidate for State or local office also appears on the 34 ballot). Any use that is lawful under the laws of the State in which the committee 35 (2)is organized, other than the Federal election activities defined in 11 CFR 36 100,24(b)(3) and (4). A disbursement of Levin funds under this paragraph 37 38 need not comply with paragraphs (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this section, except 39 as required by State law. 40 Conditions and restrictions on spending Levin funds (c) The Federal election activity for which the disbursement is made must not 41 (1)42 refer to a clearly identified candidate for Federal office. 43 The disbursement must not pay for any part of the costs of any (2) 44 broadcasting, cable, or satellite communication, other than a

1 communication that refers solely to a clearly identified candidate for State or local office.

- (3) The disbursement must be made from funds raised in accordance with 11 CFR 300.31.
- (4) The disbursement for Federal election activity in excess of \$5,000 per calendar year must be allocated between Federal funds and Levin funds according to 11 CFR 300.33.
- (d) Non-Federal activities. A State, district, or local committee of a political party that makes disbursements for non-Federal activity may make those disbursements from its Federal, Levin, or non-Federal funds, subject to the laws of the State in which it is organized. A State, district, or local party committee that engages in fundraising for solely non-Federal funds may pay the costs related to such fundraising from any account, subject to State law, including a Federal account. A disbursement of non-Federal funds made under State law by a State, district, or local committee of a political party that is not directed by the disbursing committee for the purpose of influencing a Federal election or for Federal election activity shall not be an expenditure under 11 CFR 100.8 or an expenditure or disbursement for Federal election activity.

§ 300.34 Transfers.

(a) Federal funds.

- (1) Notwithstanding 11 CFR 102.6(a)(1)(ii), a State, district, or local committee of a political party must not use any Federal funds transferred to it from, or otherwise accepted by it from, any of the persons enumerated in paragraphs (b)(1) and (b)(2) of this section as the Federal component of an expenditure for Federal election activity under 11 CFR 300.32. A State, district, or local committee of a political party must itself raise the Federal component of an expenditure allocated between Federal funds and Levin funds under 11 CFR 300.32 and 300.33.
- (2) A State, district, or local committee of a political party that makes an expenditure of Federal funds for Federal election activities must demonstrate through a reasonable accounting method approved by the Commission (including any method embedded in software provided or approved by the Commission) that the Federal funds used to make the expenditure do not include Federal funds transferred to the committee in violation of this section. Alternatively, a State, district, or local committee of a political party committee may establish a separate Federal account into which the committee deposits only Federal funds raised by the committee itself, and from which all expenditures of Federal funds for Federal election activities are made.
- (b) Levin funds. A State, district, or local committee of a political party must not use as Levin funds any funds transferred or otherwise provided to the committee by:
 - (1) Any other State, district, or local committee of any political party, any officer or agent acting on behalf of such a committee, or any entity directly or indirectly established, financed, maintained or controlled by such a committee; or,
 - (2) The national committee of any political party (including a national congressional campaign committee of a political party), any officer or agent acting on behalf of such a committee, or any entity directly or indirectly established, financed, maintained or controlled by such a committee.
- (c) Allocation transfers. Transfers of Levin funds between the accounts of a State, district, or local committee of a political party for allocation purposes must comply with 11 CFR 300.33.

§ 300.36 Reporting Federal election activity; recordkeeping.

- (a) Requirements for a State, district, or local committee of a political party, or an association or similar group of candidates for State or local office or of individuals holding State or local office, that is not a political committee.
 - A State, district, or local committee of a political party, or an association or similar group of candidates for State or local office or of individuals holding State or local office, that is not a political committee (see 11 CFR 100.5) must demonstrate through a reasonable accounting method that whenever it makes a payment of Federal funds or Levin funds (if it is permitted to spend Levin funds) for Federal election activity (see 11 CFR 300.32 and 300.33) it has received sufficient funds subject to the limitations and prohibitions of the Act to make the payment. Such an organization must keep records of amounts received or expended under this paragraph and, upon request, shall make such records available for examination by the Commission.
 - (2) Notwithstanding the foregoing, a payment of Federal funds or Levin funds for Federal election activity shall not constitute an expenditure for purposes of determining whether a State, district, or local committee of a political party, or an association or similar group of candidates for State or local office or of individuals holding State or local office, qualifies as a political committee under 11 CFR 100.5, unless the payment otherwise qualifies as an expenditure under 2 U.S.C. § 431(9). A payment of Federal funds for Federal election activity that refers to a clearly identified federal candidate and that meets the criteria of 100.8(b)(10), (16), or (18) (exempt activities) shall be treated as a payment for exempt activity for the purpose of determining political committee status under the Act pursuant to 11 CFR 100.5(c).
- (b) Requirements for a State, district, or local committee, or an association or similar group of candidates for State or local office or of individuals holding State or local office, of a political party that is a political committee.
 - (1) Reporting receipts and disbursements of Federal funds for Federal election activity. A State, district, or local committee of a political party, or an association or similar group of candidates for State or local office or of individuals holding State or local office, that is a political committee(see 11 CFR 100.5) must report all receipts and disbursements of Federal funds for Federal election activity, including the Federally allocated portion of a payment for Federal election activity. This requirement applies whether or not the committee's aggregate total receipts and disbursements for Federal election activity is \$5,000 or more during the calendar year. A disbursement of Federal funds for Federal election activity (see 11 CFR 300.32 and 300.33) by a State, district, or local committee of a political party that is a political committee shall be deemed an expenditure and reported as such, unless the disbursement is excluded from the definition of expenditure under 11 CFR 100.8.

- (2) Reporting all receipts and disbursements for Federal election activity; threshold. In addition to the requirements of paragraph (b)(1) of this section, a State, district, or local committee of a political party that is a political committee must report all receipts and disbursements made for Federal election activity if the aggregate amount of such receipts and disbursements is \$5,000 or more during the calendar year. The disclosure required by this paragraph must include receipts and disbursements of Federal funds and of Levin funds used for Federal election activity.
 - Reporting of payments for Federal election activity allocated (i) between Federal funds and Levin funds. A State, district, or local committee of a political party that is a political committee that makes a payment for Federal election activity that is allocated between Federal funds and Levin funds (see 11 CFR 300.33) must report for each such payment the full name and address of each person to whom the payment was made, the date of the payment, amount and purpose of the payment, and the amount of and explanation for the allocation percentage used for the payment, as provided in 11 CFR 104.17(b). If the payment is for the allocable costs of more than one Federal election activity, the committee must itemize the payment, showing the amounts designated for each Federal election activity. The committee must also report the total amount paid for Federal election activity that calendar year, to date, for each Federal election activity.
 - (ii) Itemization. The disclosure required by paragraph (b)(2) of this section must include, in addition to any other applicable reporting requirement of this chapter, the itemized disclosure of receipts and disbursements of \$200 or more to or from any person for Federal election activities, as provided in part 104.
- (3) Reporting of other payments allocated between Federal funds and non-Federal funds. A State, district, or local committee of a political party that is a political committee that makes a payment for costs allocable between Federal and non-Federal funds, other than the costs of Federal election activity that is allocated between Federal funds and Levin funds under 11 CFR 300.33, must comply with 11 CFR 104.17.
- (c) Filing.

- (1) Schedule. A State, district, or local committee of a political party, or an association or similar group of candidates for State or local office or of individuals holding State or local office, that must file reports under paragraph (b) of this section must comply with the monthly filing schedule in 11 CFR 104.5(c)(3).
- (2) Electronic filing. Receipts of Federal funds for Federal election activity that constitute contributions under 11 CFR 100.7, and disbursements of Federal funds for Federal election activity that constitute expenditures under 11 CFR 100.8, apply when determining whether a political committee must file reports in an electronic format under 11 CFR 104.18.

(d) Recordkeeping. A State, district, or local committee of a political party, or an association or similar group of candidates for State or local office or of individuals holding State or local office, that must file reports under paragraph
(b) of this section must comply with the requirements of 11 CFR 104.14.

§ 300.37 Prohibitions on fundraising for and donating to certain tax-exempt organizations (2 U.S.C. 441i(d)).

- (d) Certification. A state, district, or local committee of a political party or any person described in paragraph (b) of this section may rely upon a certification that meets all of the following criteria:
 - The certification is a signed and sworn written statement by an officer or other authorized representative of the organization or by the treasurer of the political committee; and
 - (2) The certification states that within the current election cycle, the organization or political committee has not made, and does not intend to make, expenditures or disbursements in connection with an election for Federal office (including for Federal Election activity);
- (e) If a state, district, or local committee of a political party or any person described in paragraph (b) of this section has actual knowledge that the certification is false, the certification may not be relied upon.
- (f) It is not prohibited for a State, district, or local committee of a political party or its agents to respond to a request for information about a tax-exempt group that shares the party's political or philosophical goals.

§ 300.50 Prohibited fundraising by national, State, district, or local party	v
committees (2 U.S.C. 441i(d)).	

- (d) Certification. A national, state, district or local committee of a political party or any person described in paragraph (b) of this section may rely upon a certification that meets all of the following criteria:
 - The certification is a signed and sworn written statement by an officer or other authorized representative of the organization or by the treasurer of the political committee; and
 - (2) The certification states that within the current election cycle, the organization or political committee has not made, and does not intend to make, expenditures or disbursements in connection with an election for Federal office (including for Federal Election activity);
- (e) If a national committee of a political party or any person described in paragraph (b) of this section has actual knowledge that the certification is false, the certification may not be relied upon.
- (f) It is not prohibited for a national, State, district or local committee of a political party or its agents to respond to a request for information about a tax-exempt group that shares the party's political or philosophical goals.