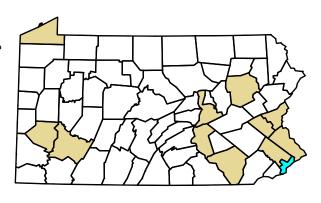


## Eliminating Syphilis -- Pennsylvania

### Key features of syphilis in the U.S. in 2004

Syphilis is a preventable and curable sexually transmitted disease (STD). Syphilis disproportionately affects a small percentage of the population and research shows that these are often isolated groups involved in high-risk activities such as illicit drug use, exchanging sex for money or drugs, unprotected sexual intercourse and having multiple sex partners.

- U.S. primary and secondary (P&S) syphilis rate in 2004 was 2.7 cases/100,000 population (7,980 cases).
- U.S. congenital syphilis rate was 8.8 cases/100,000 live births (353 cases).
- Half of U.S. P&S cases in 2004 were in 20 counties, less than 1% of 3,140 counties.





#### Pennsylvania Rates

# Key features of syphilis in Pennsylvania in 2004 Primary and secondary syphilis cases, rates and rank

Pennsylvania's 118 cases ranked 18 among 50 states,

- District of Columbia and 3 territories
- Pennsylvania's rate of 1 case/100,000 population ranked 35 among 50 states, District of Columbia and 3 territories.
- Pennsylvania's rate was 0.4 times the U.S. rate of 2.7 cases/100,000 population.

### Male-female ratios (primary and secondary syphilis)

- In Pennsylvania, 102 (86%) cases in 2004 were among males, compared to 83% nationally. The rate among males (1.7/100,000) was 0.4 times that of the U.S. male rate (4.7/100,000).
- In Pennsylvania, 16 (14%) cases were among females, compared to 16% nationally. The rate among females (0.3/100,000) was 0.3 times that of the U.S. female rate (0.8/100,000).
- The ratio of male to female rates in Pennsylvania was 6.8:1.0, higher than than the U.S. ratio of 5.3:1.0.

### Racial disparities (primary and secondary syphilis)

- In Pennsylvania in 2004, the racial distribution of the 118 cases was: White = 49; Black = 49; Hispanics = 8; Asian = 2; American Indian = 0. The race adjusted rates (per 100,000 population) were: White = 0.5; Black = 4.3; Hispanics = 2.1; Asian = 0.7; American Indian = 0.0.
- 45.8% of cases were among Whites, compared to 40% nationally.
- 45.8% of cases were among Blacks, compared to 41% nationally. The rate among Blacks (4.3) was 8.6 times that of Whites (0.5).
- 7.6% of cases were among Hispanics, compared to 16% nationally. The rate among Hispanics (2.1) was 4.2 times that of Whites (0.5).
- 1.7% of cases were among Asians, compared to 2% nationally. The rate among Asians (0.7) was 1.4 times that of Whites (0.5).
- 0.0% of cases were among American Indians, compared to 1% nationally. The rate among American Indians (0.0) was 0.0 times that of Whites (0.5).

### **Congenital Syphilis**

Syphilis can be transmitted from mother to fetus during pregnancy causing stillbirths or congenital syphilis that may result in lifelong health problems.

- Pennsylvania had 0 congenital syphilis cases born in 2004.
- The congenital syphilis rate in the state was 0.0 cases/100,000 live births.
- The congenital syphilis rate in Pennsylvania was 0.0 times the U.S. rate of 8.8/100,000 live births.



