# **Eliminating Syphilis -- Minnesota**

## Key features of syphilis in the U.S. in 2003

Syphilis is a preventable and curable sexually transmitted disease (STD). Syphilis disproportionately affects a small percentage of the population and research shows that these are often isolated groups involved in high-risk activities such as illicit drug use, exchanging sex for money or drugs, unprotected sexual intercourse and having multiple sex partners.

- U.S. primary and secondary (P&S) syphilis rate in 2003 was 2.5 cases/100,000 population (7,177 cases).
- U.S. congenital syphilis rate was 10.3 cases/100,000 live births (413 cases).
- Half of U.S. P&S cases in 2003 were in 19 counties, less than 1% of 3,140 counties.

## Key features of syphilis in Minnesota in 2003

### Primary and secondary syphilis cases, rates and rank

- Minnesota's 47 cases ranked 29 among 50 states, District of Columbia and 3 territories.
- Minnesota's rate of 0.9 cases/100,000 population ranked 34 among 50 states, District of Columbia and 3 territories.
- Minnesota's rate was 0.4 times the U.S. rate of 2.5 cases/100,000 population.





#### Minnesota Rates

### Male-female ratios (primary and secondary syphilis)

- In Minnesota, 43 (91%) cases in 2003 were among males, compared to 83% nationally. The rate among males (1.7/100,000) was 0.4 times that of the U.S. male rate (4.2/100,000).
- In Minnesota, 4 (9%) cases were among females, compared to 17% nationally. The rate among females (0.2/100,000) was 0.2 times that of the U.S. female rate (0.8/100,000).
- The ratio of male to female rates in Minnesota was 10.7:1.0, higher than than the U.S. ratio of 4.9:1.0.

### Racial disparities (primary and secondary syphilis)

- In Minnesota in 2003, the racial distribution of the 47 cases was: White = 34; Black = 6; Hispanics = 2; Asian = 1; American Indian = 2. The race adjusted rates (per 100,000 population) were: White = 0.8; Black = 2.8; Hispanics = 1.2; Asian = 0.6; American Indian = 3.3.
- 76.6% of cases were among Whites, compared to 42% nationally.
- 12.8% of cases were among Blacks, compared to 39% nationally. The rate among Blacks (2.8) was 3.5 times that of Whites (0.8).
- 4.3% of cases were among Hispanics, compared to 16% nationally. The rate among Hispanics (1.2) was 1.5 times that of Whites (0.8).
- 2.1% of cases were among Asians, compared to 2% nationally. The rate among Asians (0.6) was 0.8 times that
  of Whites (0.8).
- 4.3% of cases were among American Indians, compared to 1% nationally. The rate among American Indians (3.3) was 4.1 times that of Whites (0.8).

#### Congenital Syphilis

Syphilis can be transmitted from mother to fetus during pregnancy causing stillbirths or congenital syphilis that may result in lifelong health problems.

- Minnesota had 0 congenital syphilis cases born in 2003.
- The congenital syphilis rate in the state was 0.0 cases/100,000 live births.
- The congenital syphilis rate in Minnesota was 0.0 times the U.S. rate of 10.3/100,000 live births.