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Presented by:
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Presented by Response Management Associates

The P.E.'s Perspective

40 CFR Part 112 *Spill Prevention, Control and Countermeasure (SPCC) Plan*

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What?

- **Rule Dates**
- **Professional Engineer Certification Review**
- **Keep it in the container**
- **Keep it in containment**
- **Keep it at the Facility**
- **PERFORMANCE BASED**

Dates of Rule Activity

- **January 10, 1974 – First Effective Date**
- **October 22, 1991 – Proposed Amendments**
- **1993, 1997...**

Dates of Rule Activity

- **July 17, 2002 – Final Rule Published**
- **August 16, 2002 – 1st Effective Date**
- **February 17, 2003 – 1st Plan Amendment**
- **August 18, 2003 – 1st Plan Implementation**

Dates of Rule Activity

- **April 17, 2003 – Extension Published**
- **August 17, 2004 – 2nd Plan Amendment**
- **February 18, 2005 – 2nd Plan Implementation**

Dates of Rule Activity

- **August 11, 2004 – Extension Published**
- **February 17, 2006 – 3rd Plan Amendment**
- **August 18, 2006 – 3rd Plan Implementation**

Dates of Rule Activity

- **February 17, 2006 – Extension Published**
- **October 31, 2007 – 4th Plan Amendment**
- **October 31, 2007 – 4th Plan Implementation**

Dates of Rule Activity

- **December, 2005 – Proposed Revision**
- **October 2006 – Anticipated Final Revision**

Dates of Rule Activity – Target Practice

- 1973 – Originally Proposed
 - January 10, 1974 – First Effective Date
- October 22, 1991 – Proposed Amendments
 - July 17, 2002 – Final Rule Published
 - August 16, 2002 – 1st Effective Date
- February 17, 2003 – 1st Plan Amendment
- August 18, 2003 – 1st Plan Implementation
 - April 17, 2003 – Extension Published
 - August 17, 2004 – 2nd Plan Amendment
- February 18, 2005 – 2nd Plan Implementation
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What's the Point?

- **Extensions Necessary and Appreciated.**
- **Many Operators completed new SPCC Plans along the way.**
- **Many Operators and many P.E.s are responsible for many Plans.**
- **Consider the review and certification date when reviewing a Plan.**
- **Immediate reaction to new interpretations and guidance is not practical.**
- **Bottom Line → PERFORMANCE BASED**

Professional Engineer Certification

By certification, the PE attests that:

1. He is familiar with the requirements of the SPCC rule;
2. He or his agent has visited and examined the facility;
3. The Plan has been prepared in accordance with good engineering practice, including consideration of applicable industry standards, and with the requirements of the SPCC rule;
4. Procedures for required inspections and testing have been established; and
5. The Plan is adequate for the facility.

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Professional Engineer Certification

PERFORMANCE BASED

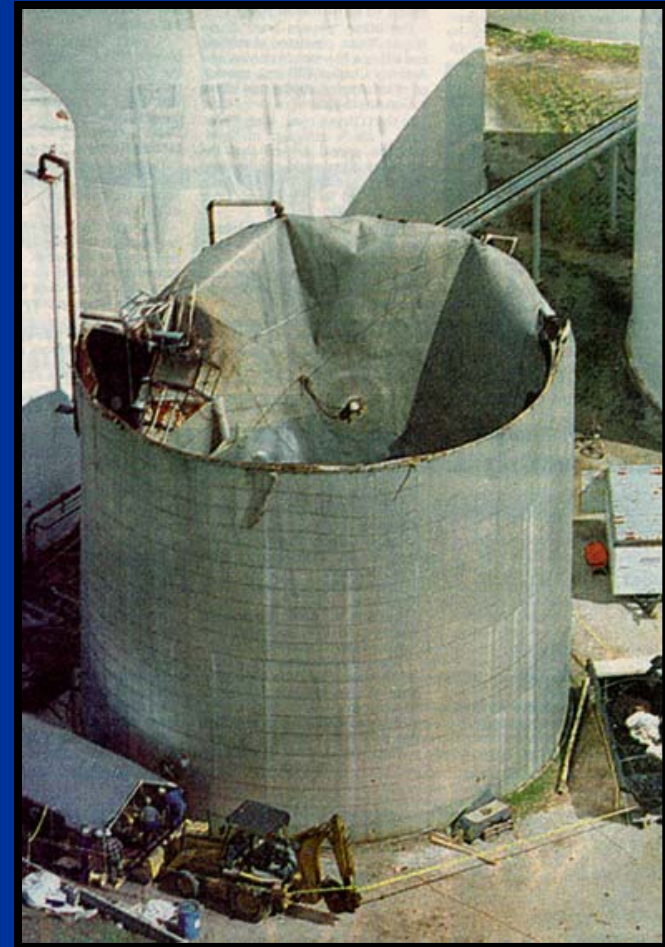
- 
- **Keep it in the container**
 - **Keep it in containment**
 - **Keep it at the Facility**

Keep it in the Container → Integrity Testing, Inspections

- [112.8] Test each aboveground container for integrity on a regular schedule, and when material repairs are done;
- Take into account container size and design when deciding test frequency and type;
- Must Combine visual inspection with another testing technique (such as hydrostatic, radiographic, ultrasonic, etc.).

Keep it in the Container → Integrity Testing, Inspections

- API 653 (field erected)
- STI SP-001 (shop built)
- API 2350 (overflow protect)
- API 570 (piping)
- NFPA 30
- API 12R1 (E&P)
- Industry Standards+++



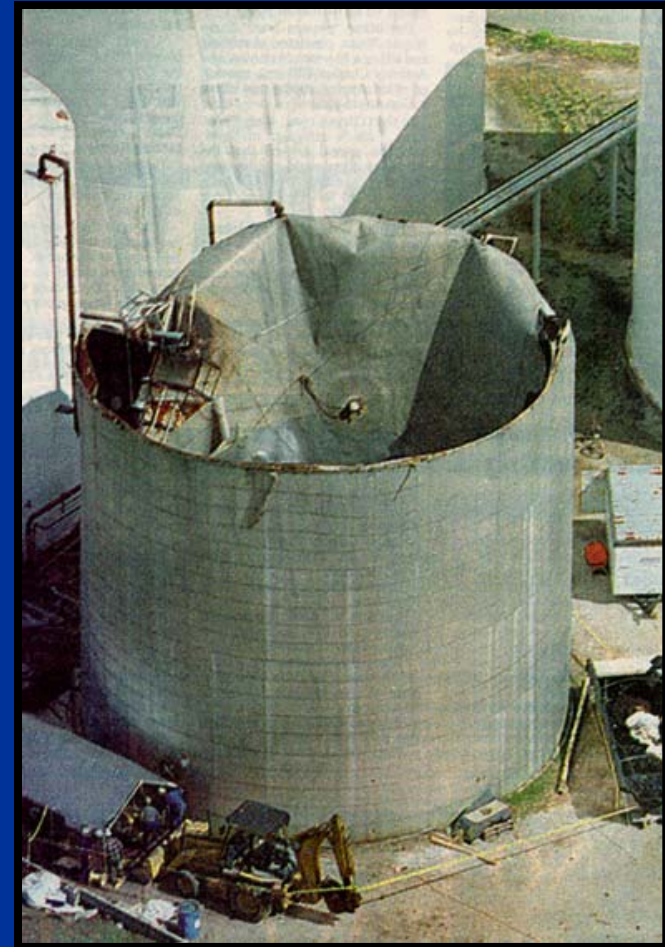
Industry Standards

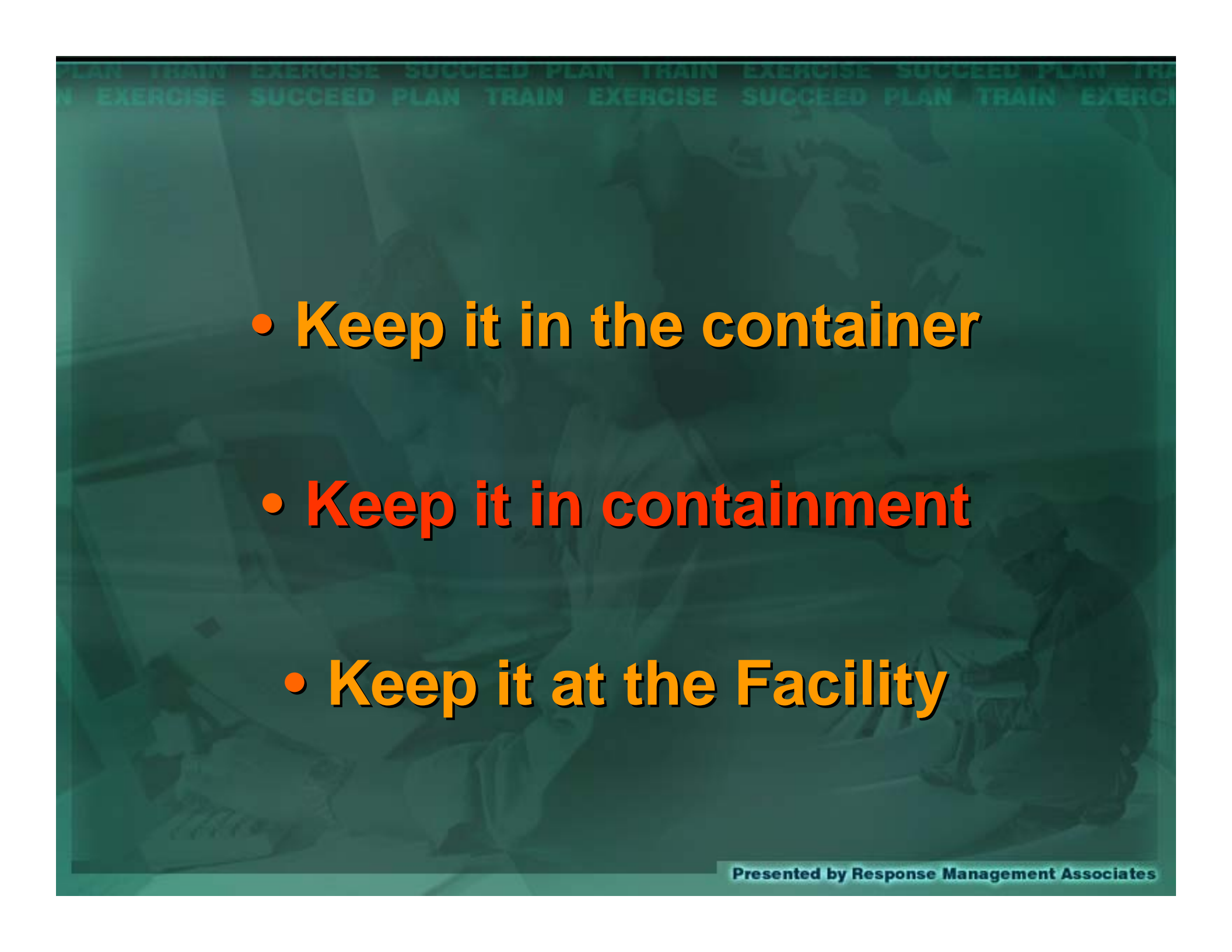
- **Over 100 Standards**
- **Avg 100 pgs each & 10 external references each**
- **10,000 pages and 1,000 additional references**
- **Adopt your CRITICAL FEW reference standards**

Keep it in the Container → Integrity Testing, Inspections

CRITICAL FEW

- API 653 (field erected)
- STI SP-001 (shop built)
- API 2350 (overflow protect)
- API 570 (piping)
- NFPA 30
- API 12R1 (E&P)
- PERFORMANCE BASED



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- **Keep it in the container**
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Keep it in Containment → Secondary Containment

- **How much is enough – the Great Debate**
- **[112.7] Provide appropriate containment...constructed so that discharge...will not escape before clean up...**
- **[112.8] ...secondary containment for the entire capacity of the largest single container and sufficient freeboard to contain precipitation**

Keep it in Containment → Secondary Containment

- How much is enough?

- 110%?

- 25 year / 24 hr storm event?

- 1 year / 1/2 hr storm event?



Keep it in Containment → Secondary Containment

- 110% has significant industry support (historical rule of thumb); Utilized as example in D-16; Referenced in EPA Outreach documents; Utilized in many state rules.
- $110\% > 25 / 24 \quad \leftarrow ? \rightarrow 110\% < 25 / 24$

Keep it in Containment → Secondary Containment

- **Point → Allowance for Precipitation.**
- **Both measures are arbitrary;**
- **Design for the specific application;**
- **Document assumptions and calculations.**
- **PERFORMANCE BASED**

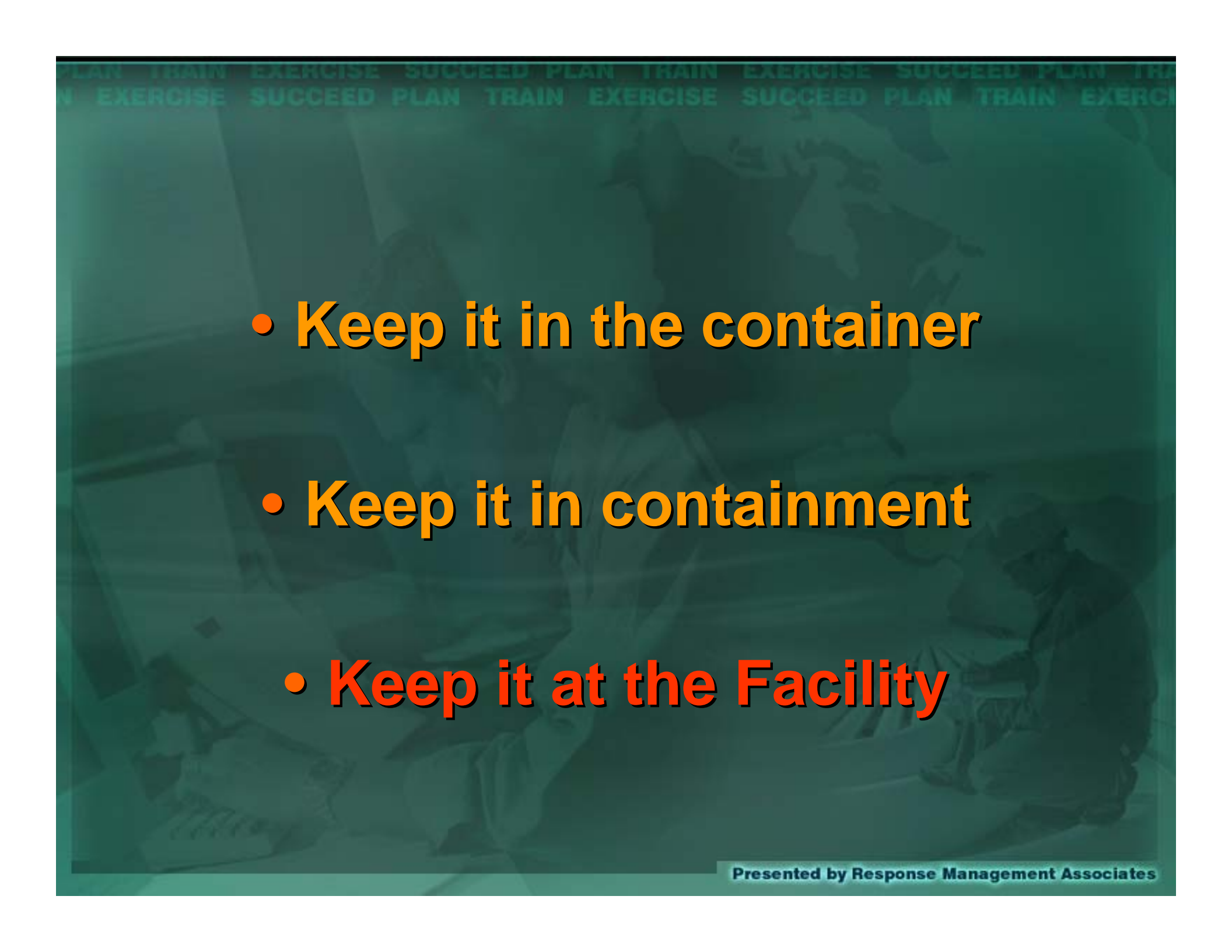
Keep it in Containment → Secondary Containment

- **Pre-1974 Facilities (no rule).**
- **Pre-2002 Facilities (should).**
- **Good Engineering Judgment – often involves the study of Probability/Statistics. How many full volume tank releases have occurred simultaneous with 25 year storm events? How many times has 110% been adequate; been inadequate?**
- **Performance Based**

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Keep it in Containment → Secondary Containment



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- **Keep it in the container**
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Keep it at the Facility → Sufficiently Impervious

[112.7] The walls and floor of the containment must be capable of containing oil and must be constructed so that any discharge from a tank or pipe will not escape containment before cleanup occurs.



[112.8] ...must ensure that diked areas are sufficiently impervious to contain discharged oil.

Keep it at the Facility → Sufficiently Impervious

- **What's the issue? Floor permeability.**
- **Facilities built upon native soils.**
- **Permeability may be an issue.**
- **Pre-1974 Facilities (No Rule).**
- **Pre-2002 Facilities (Should).**

Keep it at the Facility → Sufficiently Impervious

- **After the Fact Installation of Liners is not feasible**
- **Expect and Accept Utilization of Impracticability**
- **Keep in mind that containment (for SPCC purposes) is to keep product from reaching navigable water until clean up occurs.**

Keep it at the Facility → Sufficiently Impervious

- So how do we apply this?



Keep it at the Facility → Sufficiently Impervious

- Draw the Black Box – 2D
- Keep it in the Box – 2D
- Analyze potential 3D conduits
- Tiered Approach
- Utilize Monitoring Wells and Automated Detection

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Sufficiently Impervious → Keep it on the Facility



Impracticability

- **Old rule**
 - When it is not practicable to install secondary containment at a facility, the owner/operator must explain why and provide a strong spill contingency plan (per 40 CFR 109) describing commitment of manpower, equipment, and materials to control and remove any harmful quantity of oil discharged.
- **Revised rule**
 - The owner/operator also must conduct periodic integrity testing of the containers; and conduct periodic integrity and leak testing of the valves and piping.

ReCap

- **PERFORMANCE BASED**
 - **Keep it in the Container**
 - **Keep it in Containment**
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Observations (EGP's)

- **Guidance Doc – great work effort but remember it is Guidance. Rule and SPCC Plans remain Performance Based.**
- **Applause for the attempt to Standardize across the regions. Uniqueness across regions is understood -- BUT-- compliance with a consistent set of expectations much easier and more effective.**

API Update

- **Guidance Document -- Substantial comments made, look forward to EPA's acknowledgment and response**
- **D16 will be revised when EPA finalizes Proposed Rule**
- **D16 -- would appreciate EPA's review and comments**



Contact us for additional information or to
discuss our SPCC development capabilities:

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Presented by Response Management Associates