Georgian Well Blow-Out 2004

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Introduction

- Well blow-out (September 2004)
- Ninotsminda, 70km East of Tbilisi
- Decommissioning without BOP
- 800m above sea-level
- Deciduous Forest
- Flowing at 5 10,000 bbls/day





The Spill

- Approximately 4000m³ of oil had flowed from the well over the four days
- Oil composition:
 - Density at wellhead 0.826 g/cm3
 - Asphaltene content 1.8 %
 - Viscosity 2.4cp
 - 7% Aromatics
- The area impacted was over 1km² of land;
 - A large plateau around the wellhead 350m in diameter
 - An area of woodland
 - A natural ravine and storm gully



Initial Actions by Client

- Attempts to stem flow
- Use of heavy machinery
- Mobilisation of GPC to cap well

- No Contingency Plan
 - No trained personnel
 - No equipment
 - No Management system
 - No MOUs with other companies



N100 Wellhead Site



OSRL's Evaluation

Full evaluation of spill

- The spill (oil specification, volume etc)
- Environmental impact assessment
- Health and Safety
- Resources available
- From this information a response action plan was generated



Responder Welfare

- Safety and welfare of response personnel
- Air monitoring
- Security of personnel and equipment
- Fire and explosion



The Environment

- Deciduous trees and shrubs
- Ecosystem disturbance
- Output: Potential contamination of food crops
- Potential contamination of water for livestock and crop irrigation

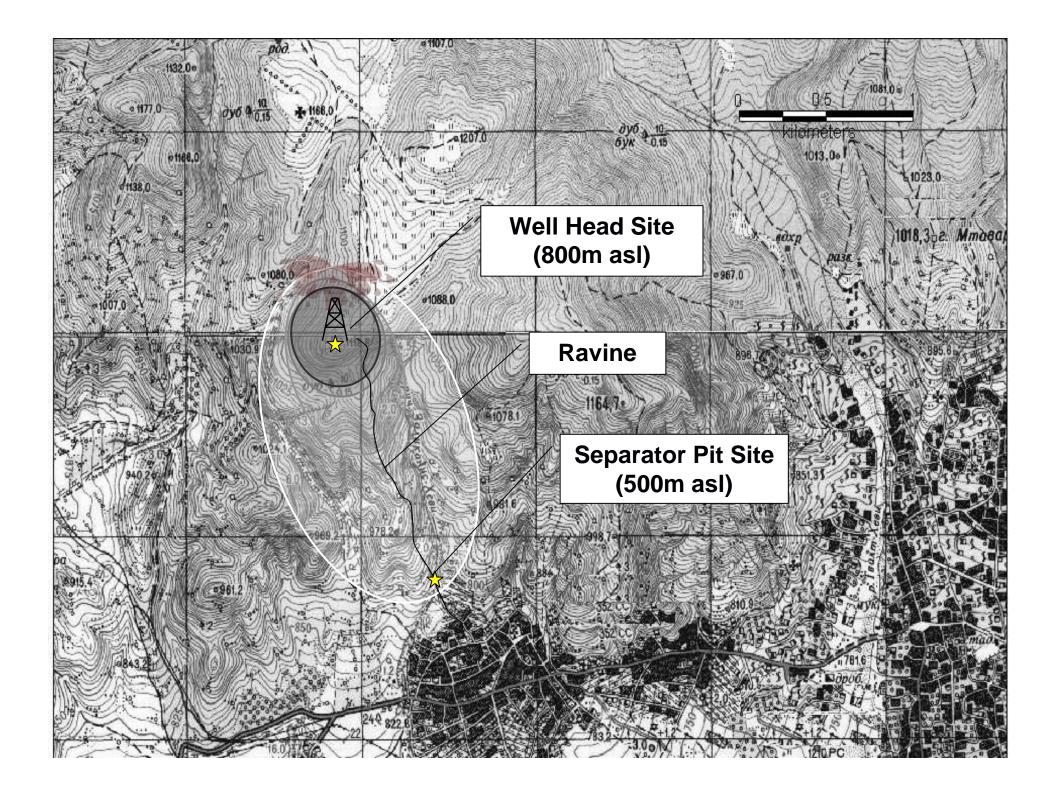




Weather and Topography

- Warm and dry in September
- Freshwater stream
- Clay substrate
- Deep water tables
- Poor accessibility



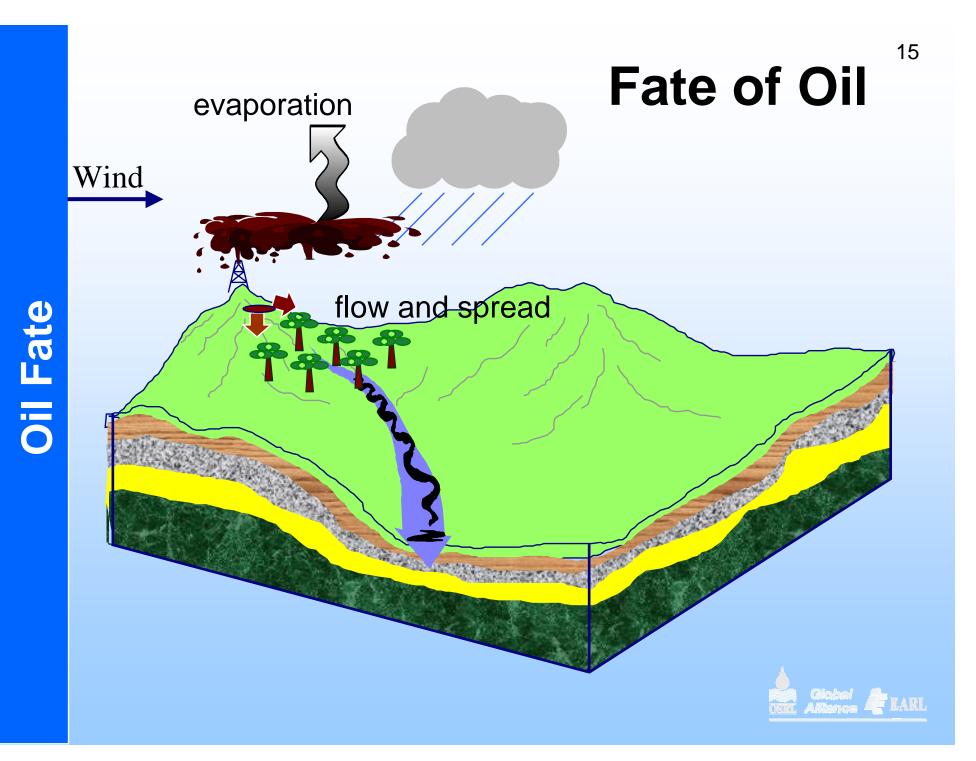


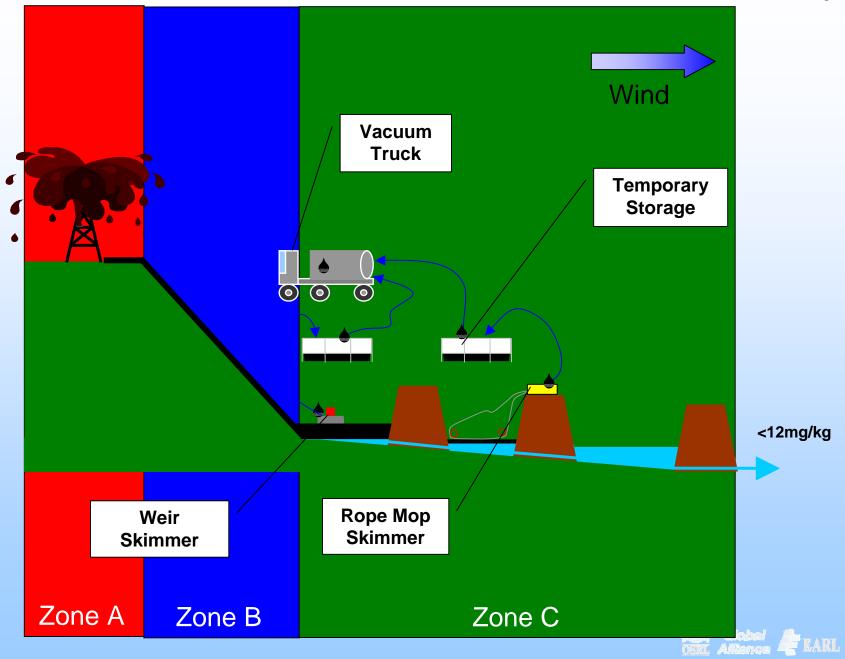


Response Action Plan

- Build an ICS to integrate with company's management
- Minimise impact and spread of oil
- Remove gross oil from the wellhead and then the woodland
- Final cleaning
- Site surveys established 3 work areas:
 - Zone A: Wellhead area
 - Zone B: Woodland
 - Zone C: Separator pits and storm gully







Site Layout

Zone C – Separator Pits



Zone C - Separator Pit

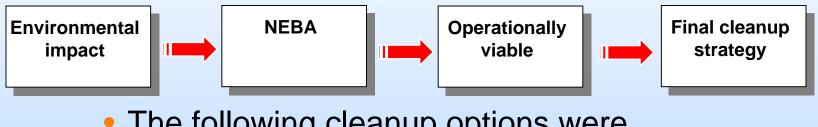


Zone A – Well Head



Effective response

- Alliance environmental specialists conducted a woodland survey
 - Environmental impact assessment



- The following cleanup options were employed
 - Flushing and manually re-mobilising the bulk oil
 - Manual recovery of the heavily oiled leaf litter
 - Structured and managed felling and lopping
 - Regeneration program



Review





Zone B – Woodland





Post Spill Activities

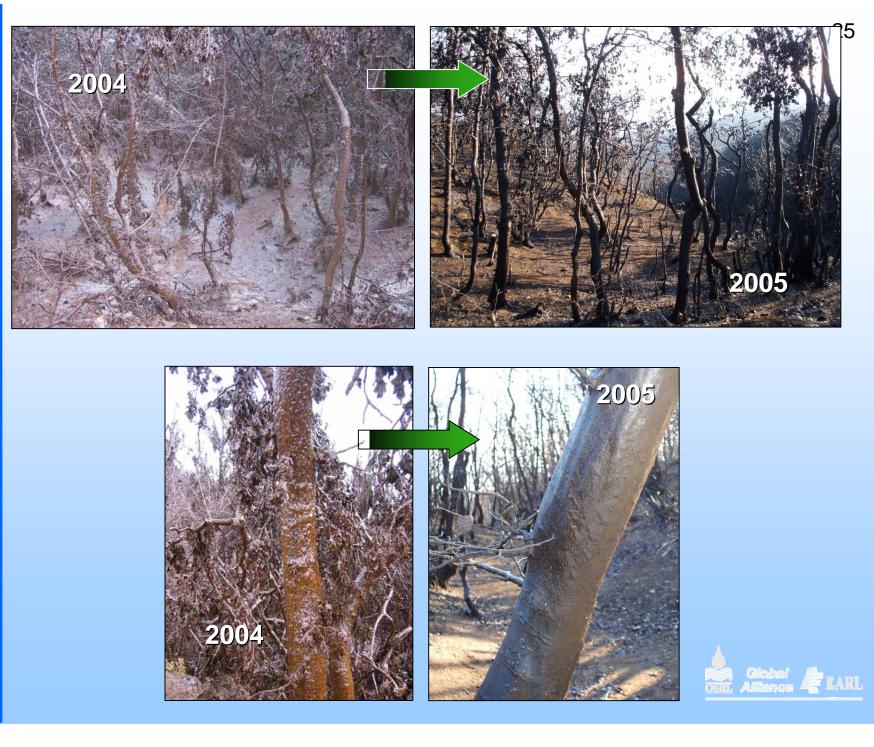
- Continued site rehabilitation
- Selective felling & oiled debris removal
- Continued monitoring of water quality
- Bioremediation scheme ongoing
- Replanting scheme planned
- Drinking water well drilled
- Well N100 still producing







Post Spill (Forest)



Post Spill (Forest)



Lessons Learnt

- Importance of an OSCP
 Improvised spill techniques
- Self sufficiency in response
- Health and Safety



Thank You.



Any Questions?

