

Table 1. Weekly hours and earnings of professional, administrative, technical, and clerical occupations, Brunswick, GA, May 1994

Occupation and level	Number of workers	Average weekly hours(-1) (standard)	Weekly earnings (in dollars)(2)			Percent of workers receiving straight-time weekly earnings (in dollars) of																			
			Mean	Median	Middle range	225 and under 250	250 275	275 300	300 325	325 350	350 375	375 400	400 425	425 450	450 475	475 500	500 525	525 550	550 575	575 600	600 625	625 650	650 675		
Technical Occupations																									
Computer Operators																									
III.....	7	40.0	\$516	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	-	43	29	14	-	-	-	
Clerical Occupations																									
Clerks, Accounting																									
II.....	49	39.8	349	\$326	\$300	-	\$415	8	14	2	20	12	8	6	6	6	12	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	
III.....	28	39.7	367	360	340	-	410	-	-	7	7	18	25	14	21	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Key Entry Operators																									
II.....	9	39.7	317	-	-	-	-	-	11	22	11	33	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Secretaries																									
I.....	11	40.0	375	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27	18	27	-	-	9	9	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	
III.....	10	39.7	551	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	10	-	-	-	10	10	10	10	20	-	20
Switchboard Operator-Receptionists																									
	8	39.4	261	-	-	-	-	38	50	-	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

1 Standard hours reflect the workweek for which employees receive their regular straight-time salaries (exclusive of pay for overtime at regular and/or premium rates), and the earnings correspond to these weekly hours.

2 Excludes premium pay for overtime and for work on weekends, holidays, and late shifts. Also excluded are performance bonuses and lump-sum payments of the type negotiated in the auto and aerospace industries, as well as profit-sharing payments, attendance bonuses, Christmas or year-end bonuses, and other nonproduction bonuses. Pay increases, but not bonuses, under cost-of-living clauses, and incentive payments, however, are included. See Scope and Method of Survey for definitions and methods used to compute means, medians, and middle ranges.

Table 2. Hourly earnings of maintenance, toolroom, material movement, and custodial occupations, Brunswick, GA, May 1994

Occupation and level	Number of workers	Hourly earnings (in dollars)(1)			Percent of workers receiving straight-time hourly earnings (in dollars) of																											
		Mean	Median	Middle range	4.75 and under 5.00	5.00 - 5.25	5.25 - 5.50	5.50 - 5.75	5.75 - 6.00	6.00 - 6.50	6.50 - 7.00	7.00 - 7.50	7.50 - 8.00	8.00 - 8.50	8.50 - 9.00	9.00 - 9.50	9.50 - 10.00	10.00 - 10.50	10.50 - 11.00	11.00 - 11.50	11.50 - 12.00	12.00 - 13.00	13.00 - 14.00	14.00 - 15.00	15.00 - 16.00	16.00 - 17.00	17.00 and over					
Maintenance and Toolroom Occupations																																
General Maintenance Workers.....	41	\$7.71	\$7.48	\$7.00 - \$8.50	-	-	-	-	-	15	39	15	5	12	7	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Maintenance Mechanics, Machinery..	32	11.70	11.33	10.79 - 12.27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	3	9	16	22	6	25	-	3	6	3	-	-	-	-			
Maintenance Mechanics, Motor Vehicle.....	12	14.87	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	-	25	-	-	-	-	50	8	-				
Material Movement and Custodial Occupations																																
Forklift Operators.....	33	7.88	6.10	5.50 - 10.75	-	-	-	45	3	6	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	-	39	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Janitors.....	61	6.19	5.99	5.50 - 6.90	3	7	13	10	25	13	5	13	5	3	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				

1 Excludes premium pay for overtime and for work on weekends, holidays, and late shifts. Also excluded are performance bonuses and lump-sum payments of the type negotiated in the auto and aerospace industries, as well as profit-sharing payments, attendance bonuses, Christmas or year-end bonuses, and other nonproduction bonuses. Pay increases, but not bonuses, under cost-of-living clauses, and incentive payments, however, are included. See Scope and Method of Survey for definitions and methods used to compute means, medians, and middle ranges.