

Carex xerantica. (A) Inflorescences, (B) pistillate scales, (C) perigynia, (D) achenes. B through D: Left-dorsal view; right-ventral view.

HABIT: Tufted without creeping rhizomes. Culms: Stiff, erect, 3-7 dm tall, exceeding the leaves, aphyllopodic.

LEAVES: 2-3, somewhat crowded toward the base. Blades: Stiff, firm, $1.5-3 \mathrm{~mm}$ wide. Sheaths: Membranous-hyaline ventrally, truncate to concave or occasionally V-shaped at the mouth and occasionally prolonged above the collar.

BRACTS: Sheathless, inconspicuous or the lowest setaceous-prolonged, shorter than the inflorescence.

SPIKES: 3-6, green to medium brown, gynaecandrous, sessile, approximate but distinct, usually forming a stiff, elongate head $2-5 \mathrm{~cm}$ long; the first two internodes each $3-18 \mathrm{~mm}$ long; perigynia closely appressed or ascending.

PISTILLATE SCALES: Ovate, varying from shorter and narrower than the perigynia to more often nearly concealing them, thin, stiff with an acuminate tip, light reddish brown with a green or pale-nerved center and white-hyaline margins.

PERIGYNIA: Ovate, flat to slightly or strongly plano-convex or concavoconvex, abruptly tapering to the base, gradually tapering at the apex, wing-margined to the base and serrulate to below the middle, $3.7-7 \mathrm{~mm}$ long, 1.6-2.8 mm wide, greenish, stramineous, or pale brown with a reddish brown tip. Nerves: Usually 10 or more on each side or nearly absent ventrally. Beaks: Flattened, strongly margined and serrulate to the tip, obliquely cleft and minutely bidentate, $2.2-3.6 \mathrm{~mm}$ long; dorsal suture often extending halfway or more down the length of the beak, margins of the flap slightly hyaline.

ACHENES: Quadrate-orbicular, lenticular or slightly plano-convex, 1.72.6 mm long, $1.1-1.75 \mathrm{~mm}$ wide. Stigmas: 2.

HABITAT AND DISTRIBUTION: Infrequently collected in grasslands and prairies and on open slopes at higher elevations. From Alberta east to Manitoba and south to the high plateaus of Utah, Arizona, and Colorado. June-August.

SIMILAR SPECIES: See appendix, table 10.

