

Carex eleocharis. (A) Pistillate scales, (B) perigynia, (C) inflorescences. A and B: Left-dorsal view; right-ventral view.

## Carex eleocharis Bailey Narrowleaf sedge, needleleaf sedge

SYNONYM: Carex stenophylla Wahl.
HABIT: Culms arising singly or few together from slender, well-developed brown rhizomes. Culms: Slender, smooth, obtusely angled, erect, $0.5-2 \mathrm{dm}$ tall, slightly phyllopodic, old leaf bases present.

LEAVES: 1-4, closely clustered at or near the base of the culm. Blades: Slender, canaliculate and firm or flat and sometimes involute, $0.3-1.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ wide, tapering to a long tip. Sheaths: Hyaline ventrally, overlapping, shallowly concave at the mouth.

BRACTS: Short and inconspicuous, ovate, cuspidate, resembling the pistillate scales.

SPIKES: Several indistinguishable, androgynous or rarely unisexual, small, sessile, aggregated into an ovoid or oblong-cylindric, brown to reddish brown head 8-17 mm long; perigynia few, appressed-ascending.

PISTILLATE SCALES: Broadly ovate with a firm and often shortly exserted midrib, equaling or surpassing the perigynia and concealing them, stramineous to brownish.

PERIGYNIA: Broadly elliptic-ovate, plano-convex, coriaceous, shining, often broadly short-stipitate, greenish brown to brownish black at maturity, $2.5-3.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ long, $1.5-2 \mathrm{~mm}$ wide. Nerves: Dorsally absent or about 10, obscurely striated; ventrally absent or several; marginal nerves prominent. Beaks: Abruptly contracted into a smooth or serrulate obliquely cleft beak, sometimes bidentate and hyaline tipped, $0.5-1.0 \mathrm{~mm}$ long.

ACHENES: Orbicular-ovate, lenticular, apiculate, jointed at the short style, $1.5-2.1 \mathrm{~mm}$ long, $1.25-1.7 \mathrm{~mm}$ wide, closely filling the perigynium. Stigmas: 2.

HABITAT AND DISTRIBUTION: Common and locally abundant on open, dry to moderately wet, often grassy places, from the plains to fairly high elevations in the mountains. Oregon and Idaho south to California (where rare) and east to Arizona, Nevada, Utah, and through the Rocky Mountains to Iowa and Nebraska. May-August.

