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Organizational Background

Formed in 1979
Nonprofit corporation
Methods
Principal stakeholders
Expanded successes to the entire Great Lakes basin

Biotechnical Shoreline Erosion Control

Program began in 1994
Primarily woody vegetation coupled with relatively light, flexible armoring
Biological, ecological, and engineering concepts
Brochure and guidebook for shoreline property owners

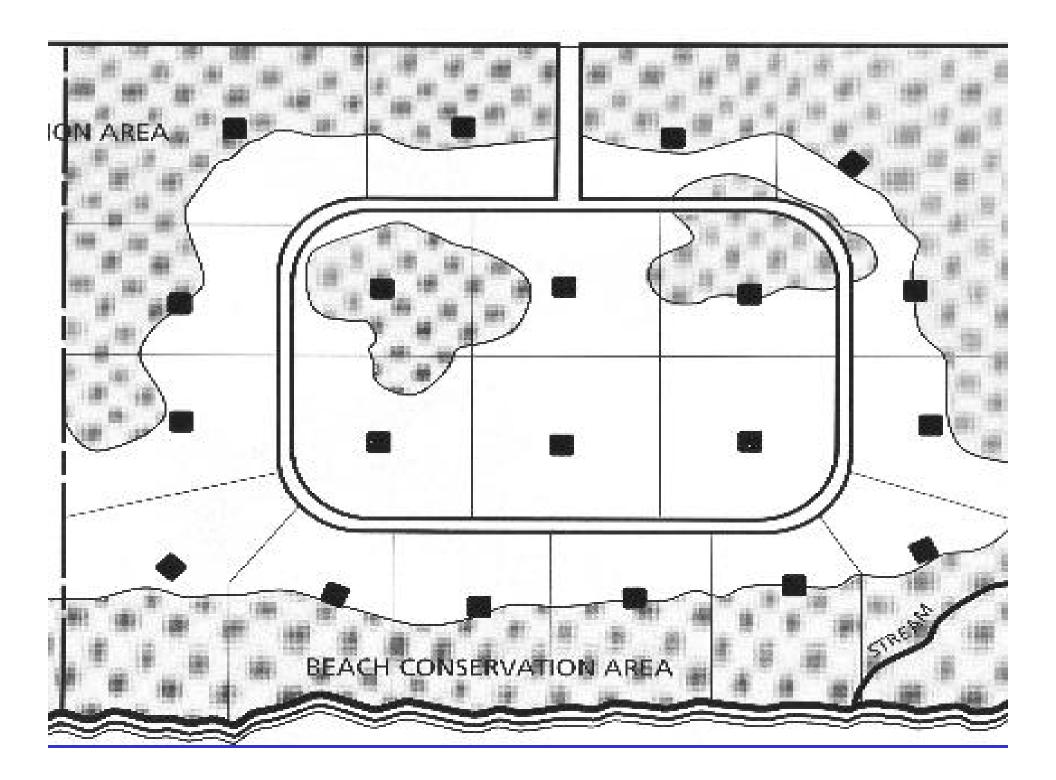
Biotechnical Shoreline Erosion Control

- Projects at about 10 sites per year
- Protects both water quality and the investments of property owners
- Prevented an estimated 270 tons of sediments to date
- Restores wildlife habitat, improves appearance, helps prevent overland runoff, and takes up nutrients
- Shoreline erosion assessments and recommendations



Conservation Planning and Design

- Project Goal
- Developed a conservation planning implementation manual
- Attempts to preserve a minimum of 50% of the property in open space,
- Follow-up projects
- Demonstration sites





Watershed Planning and Implementation Projects

- Promoted and modeled watershed management as the best method to protect water quality and aquatic habitat
- Implementation activities

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- Managing water resources from perspective provides:
 - Long-term protection
 - Greater understanding of our spectacular water resources

Realtor and Developer Wetland Education Program

- Primary Goal
- Gathered information to determine the most successful ways to balance the protection of natural areas with the development of home sites
 - "A Landscape of Homes and Wetlands"
 - **Training programs**

The Great Lakes Aquatic Habitat Network and Fund

- Invests in the ability of citizens to get involved at the community level
- Provides consultation and financial resources, shares information, and fosters
- More than 180 grants totaling nearly \$350,000 to support citizen initiatives
- Network Hubs in each Great Lake state and Ontario