Appendix F - Analysis Matrix for New Weed Sites

Analysis of New or Expanded Noxious Weed Sites FC-RONR Wilderness	Analysis of New or Expanded Noxious Weed Sites FC-RONR Wilderness				
Site ID: Examiner: Date: (Attach Site Inventory Form) Weed Species:	Site ID: Examiner: Date: (Attach Site Inventory Form) Weed Species:				
 Treatment Objectives by Weed Species (Refer to Table 2.2 1999 EIS) Eradicate,Control,Contain 	1. Treatment Objectives by Weed Species (Refer to Table 2.2 1999 EIS) Eradicate,Control,Contain				
2. Recommended Treatment by Species and Site (Refer to 1999 EIS Appendix E&F) Physical-Mechanical Only, Favor Physical-Mechanical Favor Herbicides, Aquatic Approved Herbicides Only Favor Biological Control Physical-Mechanical or Herbicides	2. Recommended Treatment by Species and Site (Refer to 1999 EIS Appendix E&F) Physical-Mechanical Only, Favor Herbicides, Favor Biological Control Favor Biological Control				
3. Review Issues & note potential concerns (see back of form)	3. Review Issues & note potential concerns (see back of form)				
Cultural Resources	Cultural Resources				
Fisheries	Fisheries				
Human Health	Human Health				
Recreation	Recreation				
Vegetative Diversity and Sensitive Plants	Vegetative Diversity and Sensitive Plants				
Wildlife	Wildlife				
Wilderness and Wild and Scenic Rivers	Wilderness and Wild and Scenic Rivers				
Visuals	Visuals				
Effectiveness of Treatments	Effectiveness of Treatments				
4. Examiner's Recommended Treatment:	4. Examiner's Recommended Treatment:				
5. Recommended treatment implemented at the time of this analysis? Y N	5. Recommended treatment implemented at the time of this analysis? Y N				
Remarks:	Remarks:				

Issues associated with treatment of existing, expanded, and new sites, and associated implementation practices and mitigation measures include the following:

- 1. Cultural Recourses;
- Minimize surface soil disturbance.
- 2. Fisheries;
- Apply appropriate riparian buffers as identified in the documented "Treatment Matrix", 1999 EIS Appendix F.
- Read and follow label instructions.
- Follow approved measures for handling of herbicides, 1999 EIS Appendix H.
- 3. Human Health;
- Applicators will be properly trained and licensed.
- All Personal Protective Equipment required/suggested on the herbicide label and associated Job Hazard Analysis will be used as appropriate.
- Chemical spill containment kits and first aid kits will be on site.
- Read and follow label instructions.
- Follow approved measures for handling of herbicides, 1999 EIS Appendix H.
- Radio or other communications will be managed according to Job Hazard Analysis.
- Adjacent private landowners will be notified prior to spraying.
- Treatment areas will be signed prior to and following herbicide applications within areas of special concern as identified by the District Ranger.
- A dye solution will be used to visually detect uniform coverage of spray area.
- A calibration exercisewill be conducted often enough to ensure proper amount of herbicide is being applied. Calibration should be conducted when changing to a different chemical or spray apparatus, changing nozzle size or setting, when the prescribed amount of chemical changes due to different site conditions or target species, when encountering different terrain or a change in speed of application, and by new applicators.
- Information on planned timing and location of spraying and other treatments will be available to the public at local Ranger District offices.
- 4. Recreation;
- Implement measures identified under the issue of "Human Health".
- Consider reducing the treatment activities during high recreation use periods of mid and late summer. This is a time period when weed phenology is not optimum for herbicide effectiveness.
- Provide herbicide "awareness" information to wilderness users as opportunities arise.
- 5. Vegetation diversity and sensitive plants;
- Implement "Treatment Matrix", 1999 EIS Appendix F.
- Read and follow label instructions.
- Follow approved measures for handling of herbicides, 1999 EIS Appendix H.
- Manual and mechanical methods will be favored over herbicide application when each is equal in meeting management objectives.

- Weed treatment will be coordinated with the/a Forest Botanist by providing information on previous years treatment and the current and/or planned treatment program.
- New treatment areas will be evaluated for potential sensitive plant habitat prior to treatment. Treatment sites falling within potential suitable habitat will be further evaluated by the/a Forest Botanist. Suitable habitat will be surveyed as deemed necessary by the/a Forest Botanist prior to treatment.
- Site specific treatment guidelines will be developed in conjunction with the/a Forest Botanist, for herbicide application within or adjacent to known sensitive plant populations
- 6. Wildlife;
- Implement "Treatment Matrix", 1999 EIS Appendix F.
- Read and follow label instructions.
- Follow approved measures for handling of herbicides, 1999 EIS Appendix H.
- Manual and mechanical methods will be favored over herbicide application when each is equal in meeting management objectives.
- 7. Wilderness and Wild and Scenic River;
- Implement Minimum Tool Guidelines as described in 1999 EIS Appendix E.
- Implement Treatment Matrix, 1999 EIS Appendix F.
- Read and follow label instructions.
- Follow approved measures for handling of herbicides, 1999 EIS Appendix H.
- Only native seed mix will be considered for restoration work following ground disturbance.
- 8. Visuals;
- Minimize non-target vegetation mortality by use of appropriate selective herbicide.
- Implement Treatment Matrix, 1999 EIS Appendix F.
- Read and follow label instructions.
- Follow approved measures for handling of herbicides, 1999 EIS Appendix H.
- 9. Effectiveness of various treatment measures;
- Determine Integrated Weed Management treatment practice according to "Treatment Matrix", 1999 EIS Appendix F, and Minimum Tool Guidelines, 1999 EIS Appendix E.
- Read and follow herbicide label instructions.
- Follow approved measures for handling of herbicides, 1999 EIS Appendix H.
- Assess phenological stage of target vegetation for optimum timing of treatment.
- Use appropriate herbicide considering density and phenology of target and non-target vegetation, herbicide toxicity, soil attributes, distance from water, season of application, etc.
- Apply appropriate rate of applicable herbicide by referring to Table 2.1, Chapter 2 of 1999 EIS and the herbicide label instructions.

Draft Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement Frank Church-River of No Return Wilderness Noxious Weed Treatments Recommended Treatments Incorporating the Minimum Tool Approach

WEED SPECIES	MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE	RIVER CANYONS BELOW HIGH WATER	RIVER CANYONS ABOVE HIGH WATER	DISTANCE FROM STREAMS & LAKES	OCCUPIED CAMPSITES	PLANT \ GROWTH STAGE	SOIL TEXTURE	SOIL MOISTURE
Potential	Eradicate-FH	Sandy Soils:PMO.	River Terraces:FH.	Adjacent to:EO, AAO.	Within-PMO	Rossette-FH; Preflowering-FH	Course-EO	Wet-EO
Invaders	Control-FH	Gravel Bars:EO,	Toe Slopes:FH	Within 50':EO, AAO	Near (200')-FPM	Flowering, Seed Set, & Seed	Medium-EO	Moist-FH
	Contain-FH or FB	AAO		.>50':FH	Distant (200')-FH	dispersal-EO	Fine-FH	Dry-FH
New Invaders								
Dyers Woad	Eradicate-FH	Sandy Soils:PMO.	River Terraces:FH.	Adjacent to:EO, AAO.	Within-PMO	Rossette-FH; Preflowering-FH	Course-EO	Wet-EO
	Control-FH	Gravel Bars:EO,	Toe Slopes:FH	Within 50':EO, AAO	Near (200')-FPM	Flowering- Seed dispersal-EO	Medium-EO	Moist-FH
	Contain-FH or FB	AAO		.>50':FH	Distant (200')-FH		Fine-FH	Dry-FH
Dalmation	Eradicate-FH	Sandy Soils:PMO.	River Terraces:FH.	Adjacent to:FPM. Within	Within-PMO	Rossette-FH; Preflowering-FH	Course-EO	Wet-EO
Toadflax	Control-FH	Gravel Bars:FPM.	Toe Slopes:FH	50':EO, AAO .>50':FH	Near (200')-FPM	Flowering- Seed dispersal-EO	Medium-EO	Moist-FH
	Contain-FH or FB				Distant (200')-FH		Fine-FH	Dry-FH
Perennial Peavine	Eradicate-FH	Sandy Soils:PMO.	River Terraces:EO.	Adjacent to:FPM. Within	Within-PMO	Any stage of growth;EO	Course-FPM	Wet-EO
	Control-EO	Gravel Bars:FPM.	Toe Slopes:FH	50':FPM, .>50':EO.	Near (200')-FPM		Medium-EO	Moist-EO
	Contain-FH or FB				Distant (200')-EO		Fine-EO	Dry-EO
Established								
Invaders								
Spotted	Eradicate-FH	Sandy Soils: PMO.	River Terraces:EO.	Adjacent to:FPM.	Within-PMO	Rossette to Preflowering-	Course-EO	Wet-EO
Knapweed	Control-FH	Gravel Bars:EO,	Toe Slopes:FH	<50':EO, AAO>50':FH	Near (200')-FPM	FH.Flower- Seed dispersal-EO	Medium-EO	Moist-FH
	Contain-FH or FB	AAO			Distant (200')-FH		Fine-FH	Dry-FH
Rush	Eradicate-FH	Sandy Soils:PMO.	River Terraces:FH.	Adjacent to:EO,AAO.	Within-PMO	Rossette-FH; Preflowering-FH	Course-EO	Wet-FH
Skeletonweed	Control-FH	Gravel Bars:FH,	Toe Slopes:FH	<50':EO, AAO>50':FH	Near (200')-EO	Flowering- Seed dispersal-	Medium-FH	Moist-FH
	Contain-FH or FB	AAO			Distant (200')-FH	FH/EO	Fine-FH	Dry-FH
Sulpher	Eradicate-FH	Sandy Soils:PMO.	River Terraces:FH.	Adjacent to:FPM.	Within-PMO	Rossette to Preflowering-	Course-EO	Wet-EO
Cinquefoil	Control-FH or FB.	Gravel Bars:EO,	Toe Slopes:FH	<50':EO, AAO>50':FH	Near (200')-FPM	FH.Flower- Seed dispersal-EO	Medium-EO	Moist-FH
	Contain-FH or FB.	AAO			Distant (200')-FH		Fine-FH	Dry-FH
Scotch Thistle	Eradicate-FH	Sandy Soils:PMO.	River Terraces:EO.	Adjacent to:FPM.	Within-PMO	Rossette to Preflowering-	Course-EO	Wet-EO
	Control-FH	Gravel Bars:EO,	Toe Slopes:FH	<50':EO, AAO>50':FH	Near (200')-FPM	FH.Flower- Seed dispersal-EO	Medium-EO	Moist-FH
	Contain-FH or FB	AAO			Distant (200')-FH		Fine-FH	Dry-FH
Mullien	Eradicate-FH	Sandy Soils: PMO;	River Terraces:EO.	Adjacent to:FPM.	Within-PMO	Any stage of growth;EO	Course-FPM	Wet-EO
	Control-EO	Gravel Bars: FPM.	Toe Slopes:FH	<50':FPM>50':FH	Near (200')-FPM		Medium-EO	Moist-EO
	Contain-EO or FB				Distant (200')-EO		Fine-EO	Dry-FH
Canada Thistle	Eradicate-FH	Sandy Soils:PMO.	River Terraces:EO.	Adjacent to:FPM.	Within-PMO	Rossette to Preflowering-	Course-EO	Wet-EO
	Control-FH	GravelBars:EO,	Toe Slopes:FH	<50':EO, AAO>50':FH	Near (200')-FPM	FH.Flower- Seed dispersal-EO	Medium-EO	Moist-FH
	Contain-FH or FB	AAO.			Distant (200')-FH		Fine-FH	Dry-FH
Common Tansy	Eradicate-EO	Sandy Soils:PMO.	River Terraces:EO.	Adjacent to:FPM.	Within-PMO	Rossette to Preflowering-	Course-FPM	Wet-EO
	Control-EO	GravelBars:EO,	Toe Slopes:FH	<50':EO, AAO>50':FH	Near (200')-FPM	EO.Flower- Seed dispersal-EO	Medium-EO	Moist-EO
	Contain-FH or FB	AAO.			Distant (200')-EO		Fine-EO	Drv-FH

Recommended Treatments Incorporating the Minimum Tool Approach (cont.)

WEED SPECIES	MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE	RIVER CANYONS BELOW HIGH WATER	RIVER CANYONS ABOVE HIGH WATER	DISTANCE FROM STREAMS & LAKES	OCCUPIED CAMPSITES	PLANT \ GROWTH STAGE	SOIL TEXTURE	SOIL MOISTURE
Field	Eradicate-FH	Sandy Soils:PMO.	River Terraces:EO.	Adjacent to:FPM.	Within-PMO	Any stage of growth;EO	Course-FPM	
Bindweed	Control-EO	Gravel Bars:FPM.	Toe Slopes:EO	<50':FPM>50':FH	Near (200')-FPM		Medium-EO	
	Contain-EO or FB				Distant (200')-EO		Fine-EO	
Bull Thistle	Eradicate-FH	Sandy Soils:PMO.	River Terraces:EO.	Adjacent to:FPM.	Within-PMO	Rossette to Preflowering-	Course-EO	Wet-EO
	Control-EO	Gravel Bars:FPM.	Toe Slopes:FH	<50':EO, AAO>50':FH	Near (200')-FPM	FH.Flower- Seed dispersal-EO	Medium-EO	Moist-FH
	Contain-FEOor FB				Distant (200')-EO		Fine-FH	Dry-FH
Oxeye Daisy	Eradicate-FH	Sandy Soils:PMO.	River Terraces:EO.	Adjacent to:FPM.	Within-PMO	Rossette to Preflowering-	Course-FPM	Wet-EO
	Control-FH	Gravel Bars:FPM.	Toe Slopes:FH	<50':FPM>50':FH	Near (200')-FPM	FH.Flower- Seed dispersal-EO	Medium-EO	Moist-EO
	Contain-EO or FB				Distant (200')-EO		Fine-EO	Dry-FH
Houndtongue	Eradicate-FH	Sandy Soils:PMO.	River Terraces:EO.	Adjacent to:FPM.	Within-PMO	Any stage of growth;EO	Course-FPM	Wet-EO
	Control-EO	Gravel	Toe Slopes:EO	<50':FPM>50':FH	Near (200')-FPM		Medium-EO	Moist-EO
	Contain-EO or FB				Distant (200')- EO		Fine-EO	Dry-FH

Key for Table 2-1; PMO=Physical-Mechanical Only. FPM=Favor Physical-Mechanical. FH=Favor Herbicides.AAO=If herbicides used, Aquatic Approve Herbicides Only. FB=Favor Biological Control. EO=Either Physical-Mechanical or Herbicides.



MINIMUM TOOL GUIDELINES (Modified, April 2004)

Herbicides

SPECIES	Infestation	Infestation	Infestation	Infestations
	<5 Acres	s 5-25 Acres	s 26-50	> 50 Acres
			Acres	
Potential Invaders	Eradicate			
New Invaders				
Dyers woad	Eradicate			
Dalmation toadflax	Eradicate			
Perennial pea vine	Eradicate			
Thistle, Scotch	Eradicate	Eradicate/ Control	Control	Contain
Established Invaders				
Cinquefoil, Sulfur	Eradicate	Control	Control	Contain/
				Custodiai
Knapweed, Spotted	Eradicate	Control	Control	Contain
Common Tansy	Eradicate	Control	Contain	Contain/
			~ 1	Custodial
Skeletonweed, Rush	Eradicate	Eradicate	Control	Control/
Thistle, Canada	Control	Control	Contain	Contain/
,				Custodial
Thistle, Bull	Control	Contain	Contain/	Contain/
			Custodial	Custodial
Common mullien	Eradicate	Control	Contain	Contain/ Custodial
Goatweed	Custodial	Custodial	Custodial	Custodial
Field Bindweed	Control	Control	Contain	Contain/
	00000	2011/01	C 01100111	Custodial
Oxeye Daisy	Control	Control	Contain	Contain/
			<u> </u>	Custodial
Houndstongue	Control	Control	Contain	Custodial
				Custoulai

Treatment Objectives and Priorities by Weed Species*

FCRONR NOXIOUS WEEDS SITE ASSESSMENT (5/30/02) FOR TES PLANTS & HABITAT

Location:

Does this qualify as a Disturbed Site (mostly exotic species, no appreciable native vegetation present)? Yes No

Disturbed	All	Predominantly	Low	LOW
Site	Elevations	non-native	potential	RISK:
		vegetation	for TES	treat as
			species	needed.

If Yes, treatment may proceed without further TES plant constraints.

If No, complete chart below.

- 1. Determine Habitat Type
- 2. Determine Risk Rating from Habitat tables
- 3. Enter potential TES species from Habitat tables
- 4. Enter recommended treatment from Risk Assessment Table

Habitat Type (including Disturbed or Burned)	Risk Rating	Potential TES plant species	Recommended treatment

If burned, state estimated date of fire: List predominant plant species present on site:

Trees

Shrubs

Forbs

Grasses

Non-vascular species

RISK ASSESSMENT DEFINITIONS FOR WEED TREATMENT: (use with habitat table below)

Treatment strategy	Specific treatment
-	Treatment strategy

HIGH	No treatment without completed Botany survey	None
MEDIUM	Treat as specified for TES species. Spot treatments OK.	Spot treatments are for new invaders and priority weeds on spots smaller than 100 sq. ft. (10x10 or equivalent), no more than 25% of entire infestation.
LOW	Treatment may proceed with no TES plants constraints.	Trailside spraying 5 ft. or closer from trail edge, ONLY on trails which have been surveyed in the past AND have no known TES species present.

HABITAT TABLES FOR TES PLANT SPECIES IN FCRONR (excluding species that are Sensitive in Montana only)

Habitat/comm unity type	Elevat ion	Potentia I T & E plant species	Kno wn fro m NF, Dist rict, or area with in FC RO NR	Previous surveyed areas & dates	Risk rating for weed treatm ent and Treat ment options
Sand and gravel bars	River botto ms (3000- 4000)	Ute ladies' tresses	Mai n Sal mon	Surveys: 1999, main Salmon/Panth er/Clear Creek	MEDI UM. Survey s already comple ted in most potenti al habitat. Spot treatme nts ok.
Grasslands Bluebunch wheatgrass	1000- 3000	Macfarla ne's 4- o'clock	Slate Cr., Paye tte, lowe r Mai n Sal	Surveys: 1999, main Salmon	MEDI UM. Survey s already comple ted in most potenti

			mon		al habitat. Spot treatme nts ok.
Grasslands Idaho Fescue	2800- 4200	Spalding 's catchfly	Paye tte NF, lowe r Mai n Sal mon	No surveys completed yet.	HIGH. No treatme nt until Botany surveys comple ted.

SENSITIVE SPEC	SENSITIVE SPECIES (as of 4/2002)							
Habitat/comm unity type	Elevat ion	Potenti al Sensitiv e plant species	Known from NF, District, or area within FCRON R	Suspec ted locatio ns in FCRO NR	Risk rating and weed treatm ent option s, includi ng spot treatm ents			
Sagebrush &/or mountain mahogany grasslands Early seral sites, such as old mine tailings or	3200- 8100	Lemhi penstem on	North Fork, West Fork	Red River	HIGH except: LOW in disturb ed			
mine tailings or trail edges, which supports substantial native vegetation.	4000- 7000	Payson' s milkvet ch	Red River, Big Creek, West Fork, North Fork	Suspect ed Slate Cr.	sites. Treat as needed MEDI			
pine/Douglas- fir grasslands and open forests	3000- 7300	Puzzlin g halimol obos (R-1 only)	Slate Cr., West Fork, Big Creek	Suspect ed Red River, Middle Fork, North Fork	UM in areas & trails previou sly survey ed. Spot treatme nts ok.			
Riparian Hot and cold springs on Main Salmon & Middle Fork	1800- 5000	Giant hellebor ine orchid	West Fork (main Salmon), Slate Creek, Big Creek, Middle Fork	Any herbace ous riparian areas of springs	HIGH			

Riparian forests	2000- 4000	Carex henders onii		Suspect ed Nez, Payette	HIGH
Riparian Lakes, wet meadows Bogs	Above 4500 Above 5500 3000- 6000	Tall swamp onion Mendoc ino sphagnu m Yellow ladyslip per	Nez P., Payette	Suspect ed Nez, Payette Suspect ed Bitterro ot	HIGH
Cliff faces	3000- 6000	Beautif ul bryum	Boise/Pay ette NF	Suspect ed Boise	MEDI UM
Moist mid to high elevation forests	Above 4500	Leafless bug-on- a-stick (moss)	Nez P.	Suspect ed Nez P.	MEDI UM
Grand fir, subalpine fir forests	3000- 5000 1500- 5000 1500- 6000 1500- 6000	Idaho barren strawbe rry Green bug-on- a-stick (moss) Lance- leaved moonw ort Pinnate moonw ort		Suspect ed Nez P.	MEDI UM
Lodgepole and whitebark pine forests	4000-7000	Candyst ick	North Fork, West Fork (upper Selway), Red River, Big Creek	All lodgep ole areas	MEDI UM

Subalpine to alpine ridges	7000- 8000 Above 6000	Idaho douglasi a Subalpi ne cetraria (lichen) [growin g on ericaceo us	Red River, Slate Cr., Big Creek	Suspect ed on all District s	MEDI UM
		shrubs]			
Meadows & openings	7000- 8000	Cascade reedgras s (R-4 only)	Payette		MEDI UM