

**SKEWNESS****PURPOSE**

Compute the skewness (or the standardized third central moment) of a variable.

**DESCRIPTION**

The skewness measures the lack of symmetry in a variable. The formula is:

$$\text{skewness} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N (x_i - \bar{x})^3}{(N-1)s^3} \quad (\text{EQ 2-11})$$

where  $s$  is the standard deviation and  $N$  is the number of observations.

**SYNTAX**

LET <par> = SKEWNESS <y> <SUBSET/EXCEPT/FOR qualification>

where <y> is a response variable;

<par> is a parameter where the skewness is stored;

and where the <SUBSET/EXCEPT/FOR qualification> is optional.

**EXAMPLES**

LET A = SKEWNESS Y1

LET A = SKEWNESS Y1 SUBSET TAG = 2

**DEFAULT**

None

**SYNONYMS**

STANDARDIZED THIRD CENTRAL MOMENT

STANDARDIZED 3RD CENTRAL MOMENT

**RELATED COMMANDS**

SKEWNESS PLOT	=	Generate a skewness versus subset plot.
MEAN	=	Compute the mean of a variable.
STANDARD DEVIATION	=	Compute the standard deviation of a variable.
KURTOSIS	=	Compute the Kurtosis of a variable.

**APPLICATIONS**

Exploratory Data Analysis

**IMPLEMENTATION DATE**

Pre-1987

**PROGRAM**

LET Y1 = NORMAL RANDOM NUMBERS FOR I = 1 1 100

LET SKEW = SKEWNESS Y1