SINGULAR VALUES Matrix LET Subcommands

SINGULAR VALUES

PURPOSE

Compute the singular values of a matrix.

DESCRIPTION

DATAPLOT uses the singular value decomposition (SVD) to compute the singular values.

If X is a matrix with row and column dimensions n and p respectively, then an n by n orthogonal matrix U and a p by p orthogonal matrix V can be found such that:

$$\mathbf{U}^{\mathrm{T}}\mathbf{X}\mathbf{V} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{\Sigma} \\ \mathbf{0} \end{bmatrix}$$
 (EQ 4-73)

where Σ is a m by m diagonal matrix (m is the minimum of n and p). The diagonal elements of Σ are the singular values of X and they are stored from largest to smallest. The above assumes that n >= p. A right hand side becomes [Σ 0] if N < p. Singular values of zero (or near zero) indicate that the matrix is singular (i.e., not of full rank) or ill-conditioned. Chapters 2 and 14 of the Numerical Recipes book describe some applications of the SVD.

For large matrices, it can be impractical to compute U (which is n by n). However, U can be partitioned into

$$U = (U1, U2)$$

where U1 is n by p. Then

 $X = U1\Sigma V'$

is called the singular value factorization of X. Several multivariate statistical techniques are based on this factorization.

SYNTAX

LET <var> = SINGULAR VALUES <mat>

<SUBSET/EXCEPT/FOR qualification>

where <mat> is a matrix for which the singular values are to be computed;

<var> is a variable where the resulting singular values are saved;

and where the <SUBSET/EXCEPT/FOR qualification> is optional and rarely used in this context.

EXAMPLES

LET C = SINGULAR VALUES A

NOTE 1

DATAPLOT uses the LINPACK routine SSVDC to calculate the singular values.

NOTE 2

DATAPLOT will calculate the singular value decomposition even if $N \le p$. However, in practice this is almost never done.

Compute a matrix transpose.

DEFAULT

None

SYNONYMS

None

RELATED COMMANDS

MATRIX TRANSPOSE

MATRIX EIGENVALUES = Compute the matrix eigenvalues.

MATRIX EIGENVECTORS = Compute the matrix eigenvectors.

MATRIX MULTIPLICATION = Perform a matrix multiplication.

MATRIX SOLUTION = Solve a system of linear equations.

MATRIX TRACE = Compute a matrix trace.

CORRELATION MATRIX = Compute the correlation matrix of a matrix.

VARIANCE-COVA MATRIX = Compute the variance-covariance matrix of a matrix.

PRINCIPAL COMPONENTS = Compute the principal components of a matrix.

SINGULAR VALUE DECOM = Compute the singular value decomposition of a matrix.

Matrix LET Subcommands SINGULAR VALUES

SINGULAR VALUE FACT

Compute the singular value factorization of a matrix.

REFERENCE

"LINPACK User's Guide," Dongarra, Bunch, Moler, Stewart. Siam, 1979.

"Numerical Recipes: The Art of Scientific Programming (FORTRAN Version)," Press, Flannery, Teukolsky, and Vetterling, Cambridge University Press, 1989 (chapter 2).

APPLICATIONS

Linear Algebra, Multivariate Analysis

IMPLEMENTATION DATE

93/8

PROGRAM

DIMENSION 100 COLUMNS SKIP 25 COLUMN LIMITS 20 132 READ MATRIX AUTO79.DAT X LET S = SINGULAR VALUES X SET WRITE FORMAT F15.5 PRINT S

The computed singular values are:

64127.84766 8772.52637

503.75061

208.19633

35.93915

33.60710

26.15010

17.76331

16.14256

5.89679

4.97285 2.48678