Oregon Health Policy Commission

Overview of Commission Structure
House Bill 3653

House Bill 3653

Abolished Oregon Health Council

- **#** Commission 10 voting members
 - At least 1 member from each congressional district.
 - Broad representation
 - Majority of non-providers
 - At least 1 physician
- **4** nonvoting legislative members
 - **■** From each respective caucus

- **#** Commission's tasks:
- **#** 1) Develop a plan for and monitor the implementation of the state's health policy.

■ 2) Act as policy-making body for a statewide data clearinghouse

4 3) Review OHPR reports

- ➡ 4) Provide a forum for discussion of health policy and health care issues.
- 5) Identify and analyze significant health policy and health care issues affecting the state and make recommendations to the Governor.
- **■** 6) Prepare and submit to the Governor and Legislative Assembly resolutions relating to health policy and health care reform.

- **#** 7) Review State Medicaid Plan amendments, modifications in Medicaid operational protocols, waiver applications, and administrative rules.
- # 8) Act as primary advisory committee to OHPR, the Governor and the Legislature.

■ Office for Health Policy and Research

"administrator shall consult with and be advised by the Oregon Health Policy Commission."

Oregon Health Policy Commission

Overview of Vision, Goals and Workplan

Where do we go from here?

■ Utilize work that has already been done.

Utilize expertise from within the state.

■ Identify specific phases of work.



Measurable Objectives / Performance Indicators

Cost

Public / Private

Quality

Public / Private

Access

Public / Private

Health Status

Short-Term Objectives - (next 2 years)

- 1) Increase health care access for all children.
- 2) Establish what constitutes a "basic level of health care".
- 3) Identify immediate and viable cost- stabilizing/controlling actions.

<u>Long-Term Goals – (by 2010)</u>

- 1) Every Oregonian should have access to a basic level of affordable health care.
- 2) Oregon's health care system should produce quality outcomes and information to improve the health of its citizens.
- 3) Oregon's health care system should be cost-effective and sustainable.

Mission/Vision:

To improve the health of Oregonians by developing policies that increase quality outcomes and access to affordable healthcare services through an integrated, cost-effective and statewide delivery system.

PHASE I

♯ January – April 2004

- Organize
- Identify necessary background materials
- Adopt Vision and Key Goals
 - Short-Term and Long-Term
- Adopt Performance Measures

PHASE II

- **May 2004 December 2006**
- Develop Timeframes for Short-Term and Long-Term Goals
 - '05 Legislative Session
 - '07 Legislative Session
- **♯** Identify and Implement Strategies for Short-Term Goals
 - May November '04

PHASE III

January 2007 – December 2010

- **♯** Identify and Implement Strategies for Long-Term Goals
 - '09 Legislative Session
 - '11 Legislative Session