## Korean proposal on AHL and INQ in 2000

## I. The First Option

In accordance with the Article 7.1 of the Convention, at the 3rd Annual Conference of the Parties to the Convention on the Conservation and Management of pollock Resources in the Central Bering Sea held in Tokyo, Japan in 1998, the Republic of Korea proposed AHL and INQ for 1999 as in the S&T Attachment 5 of the 1998 S&T report. At the meeting the Parties also agreed that the Korean proposal will continue to be considered at furture meetings.

According to the decision of the 3rd Annual Conference, the Republic of Korea proposes that AHL and INQ in the Convention area should be establish by consensus for 2000 under the present biomass level of pollock in the Aleutian Basin as follows;

- 1. AHL of Pollock is **0.13** (A) million metric tons at **1.67** (B) million metric tons in the Aleutian Basin to reopen in accordance with the Annex Part 1 (d) of the Convention.
- 2. Total biomass in the Special Area of the Annex Part 1, (b) of the Convention in 1999 will be **0.39** million mentic tons.
- 3. Total biomass of pollock in the Aleutian Basin in 1999 is **0.651** (C) million metric tons.
- 4. AHL : (C)/(B) = 39% (D) (A) x (D) = 50,700 metric tons (E)
- 5. INQ: (E)/6 Parties = 8,450 metric tons

## II. The Second Option

In accordance with the Article 7.1 of the Convention, based on the exploitation rate, Korea proposes that AHL and INQ in the Convention area should be establish by consensus for 2000 as follows;

- 1. Exploitation rate is 25% (A)
- 2. AHL of Pollock is **0.13** (B) million metric tons at **1.67** ~ **2.0** (C) million metric tons in the Aleutian Basin to reopen in accordance with the Annex Part 1 (d) of the Convention.
- 3. Total biomass in the Special Area of the Annex Part 1 (b) of the Convention will be **0.39** million mertic tons in 1999. In the Aleutian Basin it is **0.651** (D) million metric tons.
- 4. A x C =  $0.418 \sim 0.5$  (E) million metric tons
- 5. A  $\times$  D = 0.163 (F) million metric tons
- 6.  $B/E = 31.1 \sim 26 \%$  (G)
- 7. AHL: F x G =  $50,693 \sim 42,380$  (H) metric tons
- 8. INQ : (H)/6 Parties =  $8,449 \sim 7,063$  metric tons