tour of duty) that constitute an employee's regularly scheduled administrative workweek.

[33 FR 12458, Sept. 4, 1968, as amended at 48 FR 3933, Jan. 28, 1983; 56 FR 11059, Mar. 15, 1991; 56 FR 20341, May 3, 1991; 57 FR 2434, Jan. 22, 1992; 57 FR 31630, July 17, 1992; 58 FR 3201, Jan. 8, 1993; 59 FR 66151, Dec. 23, 1994; 60 FR 33098, June 27, 1995; 60 FR 67287, Dec. 29, 1995; 61 FR 3542, Feb. 1, 1996; 63 FR 64592, Nov. 23, 1998; 64 FR 4519, Jan. 29, 1999; 64 FR 69174, Dec. 10, 1999]

MAXIMUM EARNINGS LIMITATIONS

§ 550.105 Biweekly maximum earnings limitation

- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, an employee may receive premium pay under this subpart only to the extent that the payment does not cause the total of his or her basic pay and premium pay for any biweekly pay period to exceed the greater of—
- (1) The maximum biweekly rate of basic pay payable for GS-15 (including any applicable locality-based comparability payment under section 5304 or similar provision of law and any applicable special rate of pay under 5 U.S.C. 5305 or similar provision of law); or
- (2) The biweekly rate payable for level V of the Executive Schedule.
- (b) In applying the biweekly limitation under this section, premium pay of the types listed in §550.107(a) must be paid before paying any other type of premium pay.
 - (c) This section does not apply to—
- (1) Any pay period during which an employee is subject to an annual limitation as provided in §550.106;
- (2) An employee of the Federal Aviation Administration or the Department of Defense who receives premium pay under 5 U.S.C. 5546a.

[67 FR 19320, Apr. 19, 2002]

§ 550.106 Annual maximum earnings limitation.

(a)(1) For any pay period in which the head of an agency (or designee), or the Office of Personnel Management on its own motion, determines that an emergency exists, the agency must pay an affected employee premium pay under the limitations described in paragraph

- (c) of this section and §550.107 instead of under the biweekly limitation described in §550.105(a). An employee is affected if he or she has been determined by the head of the agency (or designee) to be performing work in connection with the emergency or its aftermath. (See definition of "emergency" in §550.103.)
- (2) The head of an agency (or designee) must make the determination under paragraph (a)(1) of this section as soon as practicable after the work in connection with the emergency or its aftermath begins. Entitlement to premium pay under this annual limitation becomes effective on the first day of the pay period in which such work began.
- (b)(1) For any pay period in which the head of an agency (or designee), in his or her sole discretion, determines that an employee is needed to perform work that is critical to the mission of the agency, the agency may pay premium pay under the limitations described in paragraph (c) of this section and §550.107 instead of under the biweekly limitation described in §550.105(a).
- (2) Entitlement to premium pay under this annual limitation becomes effective on the first day of the pay period designated by the head of the agency (or designee).
- (c) In any calendar year during which an employee has been determined to be performing emergency or mission-critical work as provided in paragraphs (a) or (b) of this section, the employee may receive premium pay under this subpart (excluding the types of premium pay identified in §550.107) only to the extent that the payment does not cause the total of his or her basic pay and premium pay for the calendar year to exceed the greater of—
- (1) The maximum annual rate of basic pay payable for GS-15 (including any applicable locality-based comparability payment under section 5304 or similar provision of law and any applicable special rate of pay under 5 U.S.C. 5305 or similar provision of law) in effect on the last day of the calendar year; or
- (2) The annual rate payable for level V of the Executive Schedule in effect on the last day of the calendar year.

§550.107

- (d) The annual rates under paragraphs (c)(1) and (2) of this section must be computed as follows:
- (1) Compute an hourly rate by dividing the published annual rate of basic pay by 2,087 hours and rounding the result to the nearest cent;
- (2) Compute a biweekly rate by multiplying the hourly rate from paragraph (d)(1) of this section by 80 hours;
- (3) Compute an annual rate by multiplying the biweekly rate from paragraph (d)(2) of this section by the number of pay periods for which a paycheck is issued in the given calendar year under the agency's payroll cycle (i.e., either 26 or 27).
- (e) An agency may defer payment of the additional premium pay owed an employee as a result of the annual limitation until the end of the calendar year.
- (f) Any payment made in the current calendar year that corrects an underpayment of premium pay in a previous calendar year must be treated as being made in the previous calendar year for the purpose of applying the annual cap under this section.

[67 FR 19321, Apr. 19, 2002]

§ 550.107 Premium payments capped on a biweekly basis when an annual limitation otherwise applies.

- (a) The following types of premium pay remain subject to a biweekly limitation when other premium payments are subject to an annual limitation under §550.106:
- (1) Standby duty pay under 5 U.S.C. 5545(c)(1);
- (2) Administratively uncontrollable overtime pay under 5 U.S.C. 5545(c)(2);
- (3) Availability pay for criminal investigators under 5 U.S.C. 5545a; and
- (4) Overtime pay for hours in the regular tour of duty of a firefighter covered by 5 U.S.C. 5545b.
- (b) An employee must receive premium pay of the types identified in paragraph (a) of this section before receiving any other type of premium pay.
- (c) In any pay period during which an employee is subject to an annual limitation under §550.106, the employee may receive the types of premium pay identified in paragraph (a) of this section only to the extent that the payment does not cause the total of his or

her basic pay and such premium pay for the pay period to exceed the greater of—

- (1) The maximum biweekly rate of basic pay payable for GS-15 (including any applicable locality-based comparability payment under section 5304 or similar provision of law and any applicable special rate of pay under 5 U.S.C. 5305 or similar provision of law); or
- (2) The biweekly rate payable for level V of the Executive Schedule.
- (d) Premium pay paid, or projected to be paid, under this section is included in determining whether the sum of the employee's basic pay and premium pay would exceed the annual limitation under §550.106.

[67 FR 19321, Apr. 19, 2002]

OVERTIME PAY

§ 550.111 Authorization of overtime pay.

- (a) Except as provided in paragraphs (d), (f), and (g) of this section, overtime work means work in excess of 8 hours in a day or in excess of 40 hours in an administrative workweek that is—
- (1) Officially ordered or approved; and
- (2) Performed by an employee. Hours of work in excess of 8 in a day are not included in computing hours of work in excess of 40 hours in an administrative workweek.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in this subpart, a department shall pay for overtime work at the rates provided in \$550.113.
- (c) Overtime work in excess of any included in a regularly scheduled administrative workweek may be ordered or approved only in writing by an officer or employee to whom this authority has been specifically delegated.
- (d) For an employee for whom the first 40 hours of duty in an administrative workweek is his basic workweek under §610.111(b) of this chapter, overtime work means work in excess of 40 hours in an administrative workweek that is:
- (1) Officially ordered or approved, and
- (2) Performed by an employee, when the employee's basic pay exceeds the minimum rate for GS-10 (including any