

## Appendix

Table Al. Summary of common phytoplankton species occurrence in Lake Ontario during April and August, 1986. Summary includes the maximum population density encountered, the average population density and biovolume, and the relative abundance (% of total cells and % of total biovolume). Common species were arbitrarily defined as having an abundance  $\geq 0.5\%$  of the total cells or  $\geq 0.5\%$  of the total biovolume.

TAXON	MAXIMUM CELLS/ML	AVERAGE % OF CELLS/ML	% OF TOTAL CELLS	MEAN % OF TOTAL BIOVOLUME $\mu\text{m}^3/\text{mL}$	% OF TOTAL BIOVOLUME
<b>BACILLARIOPHYTA</b>					
<i>Asterionella formosa</i>	18	6.7	0.22	2,479	0.55
<i>Diatoma tenue</i>	50	6.2	0.20	5,238	1.16
<i>Fragilaria capucina</i>	229	13.1	0.43	4,213	0.94
<i>Fragilaria crotonensis</i>	150	20.8	0.68	13,215	2.93
<i>Melosira islandica</i>	54	11.1	0.36	7,886	1.75
<i>Nitzschia sublinearis</i>	12	2.8	0.09	3,168	0.70
<i>Stephanodiscus alpinus</i>	40	4.1	0.13	73,379	16.29
<i>Stephanodiscus binderanus</i>	31	4.1	0.14	2,408	0.53
<i>Stephanodiscus niagarae</i>	3	0.3	0.01	11,552	2.57
<i>Tabellaria flocculosa</i>	91	9.6	0.31	24,212	5.38
Total			2.58		32.81
<b>CHLOROPHYTA</b>					
<i>Chlamydomonas</i> sp.	49	16.3	0.53	949	0.21
<i>Cosmarium</i> sp.	8	0.3	0.01	2,409	0.54
Green coccoid	9254	476.3	15.60	31,952	7.10
<i>Monoraphidium setiformae</i>	8	1.4	0.05	3,520	0.78
<i>Scenedesmus ecornis</i>	106	23.0	0.75	1,041	0.23
<i>Sphaerocystis schroeteri</i>	376	25.6	0.84	5,181	1.15
<i>Tetraedron minimum</i>	205	17.4	0.57	9,283	2.06
Total			18.35		12.07
<b>CHRYSOPHYTA</b>					
<i>Chromulina</i> sp.	172	72.3	2.37	5,184	1.15
Haptophyceae	802	306.0	10.02	5,138	1.14
<i>Ochromonas</i> sp.	385	137.8	4.51	11,364	2.52
Unidentified coccoids	205	65.2	2.14	1,278	0.28
Total			19.04		5.10
<b>COLORLESS FLAGELLATES</b>					
Colorless flagellates	123	37.0	1.21	1,426	0.32
<b>CRYPTOPHYTA</b>					
<i>Cryptomonas erosa</i>	245	50.9	1.67	82,491	18.32
<i>Cryptomonas marssonii</i>	90	14.1	0.46	9,750	2.17
<i>Cryptomonas ovata</i>	25	4.0	0.13	7,340	1.63
<i>Cryptomonas phaseolus</i>	41	4.6	0.15	3,277	0.73
<i>Cryptomonas</i> sp.	25	4.7	0.16	2,389	0.53
<i>Rhodomonas minuta</i>	1325	358.3	11.74	17,799	3.95
Total			14.30		27.32
<b>CYANOPHYTA</b>					
<i>Anabaena</i> sp.	368	35.3	1.16	4,265	0.95
<i>Anacyclis montana</i>	3502	807.1	26.44	5,336	1.18
<i>Oscillatoria limnetica</i>	1734	325.7	10.67	2,005	0.45
Total			38.27		2.58
<b>PYRROPHYTA</b>					
<i>Ceratium hirundinella</i>	16	1.1	0.04	34,288	7.61
<i>Gymnodinium</i> sp.	18	4.2	0.14	6,353	1.41
<i>Peridinium</i> sp.	41	3.6	0.12	11,985	2.66
<i>Peridinium</i> sp. #02	25	1.3	0.04	3,176	0.71
Total			0.33		12.39
Total			94.09		92.58

Table A2. Summary of common phytoplankton species occurrence in Lake Ontario during April and August, 1987. Summary includes the maximum population density encountered, the average population density and biovolume, and the relative abundance (% of total cells and % of total biovolume). Common species were arbitrarily defined as having an abundance  $\geq 0.5\%$  of the total cells or  $\geq 0.5\%$  of the total biovolume.

TAXON	MAXIMUM CELLS/ML	AVERAGE CELLS/ML	% OF TOTAL CELLS	MEAN BIOVOLUME $\mu\text{m}^3/\text{mL}$	% OF TOTAL BIOVOLUME
<b>BACILLARIOPHYTA</b>					
<i>Actinocyclus normanii</i>	8	0.6	0.01	3,399	0.72
<i>Aulacoseira islandica</i>	1095	101.7	2.69	75,910	16.11
<i>Fragilaria crotonensis</i>	241	37.3	0.99	22,938	4.87
<i>Nitzschia lauenburgiana</i>	17	1.6	0.04	9,855	2.09
<i>Stephanodiscus alpinus</i>	94	7.2	0.19	23,207	4.93
<i>Stephanodiscus binderanus</i>	1426	85.1	2.25	33,629	7.14
<i>Stephanodiscus niagarae</i>	10	0.7	0.02	18,083	3.84
<i>Stephanodiscus transilvanicus</i>	3	0.2	0.00	3,163	0.67
<i>Tabellaria flocculosa</i>	127	14.1	0.37	29,812	6.33
Total			6.57		46.70
<b>CHLOROPHYTA</b>					
<i>Cosmarium subcostatum</i>	8	0.3	0.01	2,775	0.59
<i>Green coccoid</i>	4524	1,246.2	32.95	80,588	17.11
<i>Oocystis parva</i>	74	14.1	0.37	2,376	0.50
<i>Oocystis pusilla</i>	393	33.0	0.87	5,256	1.12
<i>Scenedesmus ecornis</i>	205	63.3	1.67	1,682	0.36
<i>Sphaerocystis schroeteri</i>	2120	121.5	3.21	7,502	1.59
Total			39.09		21.27
<b>CHrysophyta</b>					
<i>Chromulina</i> sp.	106	39.0	1.03	1,811	0.38
<i>Chrysophycean coccoids</i>	254	19.7	0.52	331	0.07
<i>Haptophyceae</i>	401	116.2	3.07	1,855	0.39
<i>Ochromonas</i> sp.	295	107.1	2.83	3,967	0.84
Total			7.46		1.69
<b>CRYPTOPHYTA</b>					
<i>Chroomonas norstedtii</i>	131	28.4	0.75	812	0.17
<i>Cryptomonas erosa</i>	82	24.3	0.64	35,052	7.44
<i>Cryptomonas marssonii</i>	41	10.9	0.29	7,987	1.70
<i>Rhodomonas minuta</i>	393	140.3	3.71	9,372	1.99
Total			5.39		11.30
<b>CYANOPEYTA</b>					
<i>Anacystis montana</i>	5964	1,173.0	31.01	9,188	1.95
<i>Coelosphaerium naegelianum</i>	785	24.5	0.65	103	0.02
<i>Oscillatoria limnetica</i>	744	118.6	3.14	1,317	0.28
Total			34.80		2.25
<b>PYRROPEYTA</b>					
<i>Gymnodinium</i> sp.	41	4.6	0.12	20,398	4.33
<i>Peridinium aciculiferum</i>	8	0.3	0.01	6,023	1.28
<i>Peridinium</i> sp.	16	1.9	0.05	15,106	3.21
Total			0.18		8.82
Total			=====	=====	=====
			93.48		92.02

Table A3. Summary of common phytoplankton species occurrence in Lake Ontario during April and August, 1988. Summary includes the maximum population density encountered, the average population density and biovolume, and the relative abundance (% of total cells and % of total biovolume). Common species were arbitrarily defined as having an abundance  $\geq 0.5\%$  of the total cells or  $\geq 0.5\%$  of the total biovolume.

TAXON	MAXIM-UN CELLS/ML	AVERAGE % OF TOTAL CELLS/EL	% OF TOTAL CELLS	MEAN % OF TOTAL BIOVOLUME $\mu\text{m}^3/\text{mL}$	MEAN % OF TOTAL BIOVOLUME
<b>BACILLARIOPHYTA</b>					
<i>Actinocyclus normanii</i>	201	6.8	0.11	17,472	3.41
<i>Asterionella formosa</i>	102	11.5	0.18	3,849	0.75
<i>Aulacoseira islandica</i>	413	61.9	0.97	46,204	9.03
<i>Fragilaria crotonensis</i>	80	20.0	0.31	10,617	2.07
<i>Stephanodiscus alpinus</i>	131	17.2	0.27	48,922	9.56
<i>Stephanodiscus binderanus</i>	168	30.2	0.47	5,483	1.07
<i>Stephanodiscus niagarae</i>	22	2.6	0.04	29,231	5.71
<i>Tabellaria flocculosa</i>	152	19.7	0.31	34,591	6.76
Total			2.65		38.38
<b>CHLOROPHYTA</b>					
<i>Cosmarium sp.</i>	33	1.6	0.03	4,559	0.89
<i>Green coccoid</i>	965	178.9	2.79	8,614	1.68
<i>Oocystis parva</i>	2602	125.7	1.96	8,686	1.70
<i>Oocystis pusilla</i>	393	46.0	0.72	5,596	1.09
<i>Pediastrum simplex</i>	524	16.4	0.26	4,469	0.87
<i>Scenedesmus ecornis</i>	2323	190.6	2.97	9,835	1.92
<i>Sphaerocystis schroeteri</i>	2553	206.1	3.22	7,361	1.44
Total			11.94		9.60
<b>CHRYSOPHYTA</b>					
<i>Chromulina sp.</i>	147	41.1	0.64	2,719	0.53
<i>Haptophyceae</i>	1439	473.4	7.39	9,625	1.88
<i>Ochromonas sp.</i>	573	161.6	2.52	13,930	2.72
Total			10.55		5.13
<b>CRYPTOPHYTA</b>					
<i>Cryptomonas erosa</i>	82	24.2	0.38	45,822	8.96
<i>Cryptomonas marssonii</i>	65	15.4	0.24	12,749	2.49
<i>Cryptomonas ovata</i>	33	4.9	0.08	7,602	1.49
<i>Cryptomonas sp.</i>	65	20.0	0.31	5,289	1.03
<i>Rhodomonas minuta</i>	941	302.9	4.73	17,698	3.46
Total			5.73		17.42
<b>CYANOPHYTA</b>					
<i>Anacystis montana</i>	26916	3,691.7	57.60	36,103	7.06
<i>Oscillatoria limnetica</i>	6496	461.6	7.20	10,371	2.03
Total			64.81		9.08
<b>PYRROPHYTA</b>					
<i>Ceratium hirundinella</i>	33	1.5	0.02	43,217	8.45
<i>Gymnodinium sp.</i>	33	8.2	0.13	18,462	3.61
<i>Peridinium aciculiferum</i>	16	0.5	0.01	2,570	0.50
<i>Peridinium sp.</i>	16	3.1	0.05	6,834	1.34
Total			0.21		13.89
Total			=====		=====
			95.89		93.51

Table A4. Summary of common phytoplankton species occurrence in Lake Ontario during August, 1989. Summary includes the maximum population density encountered, the average population density and biovolume, and the relative abundance (% of total cells and % of total biovolume). Common species were arbitrarily defined as having an abundance  $\geq 0.5\%$  of the total cells or  $\geq 0.5\%$  of the total biovolume.

TAXON	MAXIMUM CELLS/ML	AVERAGE CELLS/ML	% OF TOTAL CELLS	MEAN BIOVOLUME $\mu\text{m}^3/\text{mL}$	% OF TOTAL BIOVOLUME
<b>BACILLARIOPHYT</b>					
<i>Fragilaria crotonensis</i>	123	17.9	0.37	10,030	1.23
<b>CHLOROPHYTA</b>					
<i>Chlamydomonas</i> sp.	229	36.4	0.76	6,003	0.74
<i>Coelastrum microporum</i>	262	44.8	0.93	7,080	0.87
<i>Green coccoid</i>	3338	743.2	15.43	37,242	4.57
<i>Monoraphidium minutum</i>	82	25.8	0.54	402	0.05
<i>Oocystis borgei</i>	49	8.5	0.18	5,509	0.68
<i>Oocystis gigas v. incrassata</i>	82	5.1	0.11	8,549	1.05
<i>Oocystis solitaria</i>	106	29.1	0.61	23,200	2.84
<i>Pediastrum duplex</i>	655	40.9	0.85	157,105	19.26
<i>Sphaerellopsis</i> sp.	245	15.3	0.32	4,112	0.50
Total			19.71		30.56
<b>CHRYSOPHYTA</b>					
<i>Chromulina</i> sp.	164	24.0	0.50	8,666	1.06
<i>Chrysococcus</i> sp.	270	49.3	1.02	9,855	1.21
<i>Haptophyceae</i>	2143	440.4	9.14	9,651	1.18
<i>Ochromonas</i> sp.	295	75.0	1.56	24,744	3.03
Total			12.22		6.49
<b>COLORLESS FLAGELLATES</b>					
<i>Colorless flagellate</i>	98	27.3	0.57	3,618	0.44
<b>CRYPTOPHYTA</b>					
<i>Cryptomonas erosa</i>	131	41.8	0.87	101,722	12.47
<i>Cryptomonas ovata</i>	98	27.4	0.57	32,616	4.00
<i>Cryptomonas phaseolus</i>	82	9.9	0.21	6,044	0.74
<i>Rhodomonas minuta</i>	2798	406.0	8.43	49,444	6.06
Total			10.07		23.28
<b>CYANOPHYTA</b>					
<i>Anabaena flos-aquae</i>	1694	105.8	2.20	3,547	0.43
<i>Anacystis montana</i>	4434	1,425.6	29.60	18,884	2.32
<i>Aphanizomenon flos-aquae</i>	736	53.3	1.11	21,067	2.58
<i>Chroococcus limneticus</i>	311	26.0	0.54	4,665	0.57
<i>Coelosphaerium dubium</i>	908	68.0	1.41	5,735	0.70
<i>Oscillatoria limnetica</i>	2863	428.4	8.90	2,844	0.35
<i>Synechococcus</i> sp.	1620	252.8	5.25	12,153	1.49
Total			49.00		8.45
<b>PYRROPHYTA</b>					
<i>Ceratium hirundinella</i>	16	1.2	0.03	31,558	3.87
<i>Glenodinium</i> sp.	16	1.7	0.04	15,388	1.89
<i>Gymnodinium helveticum</i>	3	0.2	0.00	8,218	1.01
<i>Peridinium</i> - cyst	20	2.0	0.04	9,371	1.15
<i>Peridinium</i> sp.	57	13.6	0.28	116,726	14.31
Total			0.39		22.23
Total			=====		=====
			92.34		92.67

Table AS. Summary of common phytoplankton species occurrence in Lake Ontario during April and August, 1990. Summary includes the maximum population density encountered, the average population density and biovolume, and the relative abundance (% of total cells and % of total biovolume). Common species were arbitrarily defined as having an abundance  $\geq 0.5\%$  of the total cells or  $\geq 0.5\%$  of the total biovolume.

TAXON	MAXIMUM CELLS/EL	AVERAGE % OF CELLS/ML	TOTAL CELLS	MEAN % OF TOTAL BIOVOLUME $\mu\text{m}^3/\text{mL}$	MEAN % OF TOTAL BIOVOLUME
<b>BACILLARIOPHYTA</b>					
<i>Asterionella formosa</i>	224	25.6	0.68	7,140	0.86
<i>Aulacoseira islandica</i>	1041	212.5	5.63	220,059	26.61
<i>Fragilaria crotonensis</i>	240	34.5	0.91	19,978	2.42
<i>Nitzschia lauenburgiana</i>	16	2.9	0.08	17,861	2.16
<i>Stephanodiscus alpinus</i>	48	8.6	0.23	26,957	3.26
<i>Stephanodiscus binderanus</i>	171	26.0	0.69	16,303	1.97
<i>Stephanodiscus niagarae</i>	11	1.2	0.03	17,441	2.11
<i>Tabellaria flocculosa</i>	74	10.1	0.27	12,374	1.50
Total			8.51		40.88
<b>CHLOROPHYTA</b>					
<i>Chlamydomonas</i> sp.	115	41.7	1.10	1,664	0.20
<i>Coelastrum microporum</i>	262	21.5	0.57	1,296	0.16
<i>Cosmarium depressum</i>	8	1.0	0.03	5,780	0.70
<i>Gloeocystis planktonica</i>	434	44.5	1.18	3,593	0.43
<i>Gloeocystis</i> sp.	605	45.0	1.19	2,196	0.27
Green coccoid	172	38.4	1.02	3,295	0.40
<i>Oocystis borgei</i>	205	24.5	0.65	10,572	1.28
<i>Oocystis pusilla</i>	270	69.4	1.84	3,941	0.48
<i>Oocystis solitaria</i>	147	10.1	0.27	4,552	0.55
<i>Scenedesmus bijuga</i>	998	208.5	5.52	18,368	2.22
<i>Sphaerocystis schroeteri</i>	164	20.0	0.53	1,932	0.23
<i>Staurastrum</i> sp.	3	0.1	0.00	104,408	12.62
<i>Tetraedron minimum</i>	65	13.7	0.36	6,605	0.80
Total			14.25		20.34
<b>CHRYSOPHYTA</b>					
<i>Chromulina</i> sp.	213	62.5	1.65	8,942	1.08
<i>Chrysococcus</i> sp.	188	36.3	0.96	1,960	0.24
<i>Haptophyceae</i>	589	276.7	7.32	6,697	0.81
<i>Ochromonas</i> sp.	524	116.5	3.08	19,982	2.42
<i>Stichogloea</i> sp.	1718	53.7	1.42	5,527	0.67
Total			14.44		5.21
<b>COLORLESS FLAGELLATES</b>					
Colorless flagellate	2470	1.29.0	3.41	6,032	0.73
<b>CRYPTOPHYTA</b>					
<i>Cryptomonas caudata</i>	131	16.9	0.45	4,682	0.57
<i>Cryptomonas erosa</i>	98	24.4	0.65	45,919	5.55
<i>Cryptomonas marssonii</i>	82	10.4	0.27	7,028	0.85
<i>Cryptomonas ovata</i>	16	2.8	0.07	4,440	0.54
<i>Cryptomonas phaseolue</i>	90	19.9	0.53	6,604	0.80
<i>Cryptomonas pyrenoidifera</i>	65	14.6	0.39	11,663	1.41
<i>Rhodomonas minuta</i>	664	259.0	6.86	17,596	2.13
Total			9.21		11.84
<b>CYANOPHYTA</b>					
<i>Anacystis montana</i>	2389	1.089.2	28.83	12,354	1.49
<i>Aphanothecete gelatinosa</i>	655	20.5	0.54	337	0.04
<i>Chroococcus</i> sp.	475	40.9	1.08	1,069	0.13
<i>Coelosphaerium naegelianum</i>	785	71.0	1.88	4,422	0.53
<i>Oscillatoria</i> sp.	769	98.3	2.60	4,274	0.52
<i>Synechococcus</i> sp.	4582	297.4	7.87	16,454	1.99
Total			42.81		4.70
<b>PYRROPHYTA</b>					
<i>Ceratium hirundinella</i>	8	0.6	0.02	4,976	0.60
<i>Gymnodinium helveticum</i>	16	2.0	0.05	16,410	1.98
<i>Gymnodinium</i> sp.	25	8.9	0.24	24,988	3.02
<i>Peridinium</i> sp.	57	9.4	0.25	29,381	3.55
Total			0.55		9.16
Total			=====	=====	=====
			93.19		92.87

Table A6. Summary of common phytoplankton species occurrence in Lake Ontario during April and August, 1991. Summary includes the maximum population density encountered, the average population density and biovolume, and the relative abundance (% of total cells and % of total biovolume). Common species were arbitrarily defined as having an abundance  $\geq$  0.5% of the total cells or  $\geq$  0.5% of the total biovolume.

TAXON	MAXIMUM CELLS/ML	AVERAGE % OF TOTAL CELLS/ML	MEAN % OF TOTAL CELLS	BIOVOLUME $\mu\text{m}^3/\text{mL}$	MEAN % OF TOTAL BIOVOLUME
<b>BACILLARIOPHYTA</b>					
<i>Aulacoseira islandica</i>	487	89.8	2.92	86,987	17.79
<i>Cyclotella comta</i>	28	1.5	0.05	5,533	1.13
<i>Cymatopleura solea</i>	3	0.1	0.00	3,897	0.80
<i>Fragilaria crotonensis</i>	262	52.2	1.70	36,123	7.39
<i>Stephanodiscus alpinus</i>	12	2.4	0.08	9,275	1.90
<i>Stephanodiscus binderanus</i>	79	6.6	0.21	4,197	0.86
<i>Stephanodiscus niagarae</i>	2	0.4	0.01	5,125	1.05
<i>Stephanodiscus parvus</i>	121	17.1	0.55	693	0.14
<i>Tabellaria flocculosa</i>	38	5.5	0.18	11,499	2.35
Total			5.70		33.41
<b>CHLOROPHYTA</b>					
<i>Ankistrodesmus falcatus</i>	90	15.4	0.50	761	0.16
<i>Ankistrodesmus gracilis</i>	82	18.9	0.61	572	0.12
<i>Chlamydomonas globosa</i>	33	3.2	0.10	3,259	0.67
<i>Chlamydomonas</i> sp.	131	44.9	1.46	2,416	0.49
<i>Cosmarium depressum</i>	16	1.0	0.03	3,076	0.63
<i>Gloeocystis</i> sp.	720	154.6	5.02	8,377	1.71
Green coccoid	106	36.2	1.17	1,470	0.30
<i>Monoraphidium contortum</i>	90	15.9	0.52	401	0.08
<i>Oocystis borgei</i>	90	27.1	0.88	8,094	1.66
<i>Oocystis elliptica</i>	180	9.2	0.30	6,236	1.28
<i>Oocystis pusilla</i>	409	93.1	3.02	6,340	1.30
<i>Oocystis solitaria</i>	57	6.9	0.22	5,729	1.17
<i>Scenedesmus bijuga</i>	303	117.1	3.81	6,677	1.37
<i>Sphaerocystis schroeteri</i>	344	60.1	1.95	5,446	1.11
<i>Tetraedron minimum</i>	98	17.4	0.57	7,710	1.58
Total			20.18		13.62
<b>CHRYSOPHYTA</b>					
<i>Chromulina</i> sp.	172	51.2	1.66	8,173	1.67
<i>Chrysococcus</i> sp.	123	28.2	0.92	1,914	0.39
<i>Haptophyceae</i>	1137	484.0	15.73	12,165	2.49
<i>Mallomonas</i> sp.	8	0.6	0.02	8,677	1.78
<i>Monoaiga ovata</i>	82	16.1	0.52	980	0.20
<i>Ochromonas</i> sp.	180	82.4	2.68	12,645	2.59
Total			21.53		9.11
<b>COLORLESS FLAGELLATES</b>					
Colorless flagellate	90	31.4	1.02	1,001	0.20
<b>CRYPTOPHYTA</b>					
<i>Cryptomonas caudata</i>	41	9.1	0.30	2,522	0.52
<i>Cryptomonas erosa</i>	74	29.2	0.95	60,384	12.35
<i>Cryptomonas marssonii</i>	41	13.5	0.44	10,279	2.10
<i>Cryptomonas ovata</i>	25	3.5	0.11	7,030	1.44
<i>Cryptomonas parapyrenoidifera</i>	16	2.0	0.06	2,501	0.51
<i>Cryptomonas phaseolus</i>	65	16.4	0.53	6,360	1.30
<i>Cryptomonas pyrenoidifera</i>	49	13.8	0.45	13,152	2.69
<i>Cryptomonas reflexa</i>	16	1.5	0.05	3,628	0.74
<i>Rhodomonas minuta</i>	1244	325.3	10.57	21,661	4.43
Total			13.46		26.09
<b>CYANOPEYTA</b>					
<i>Anacystis montana</i>	1808	582.0	18.92	6,221	1.27
<i>Chroococcus</i> sp.	425	73.9	2.40	2,659	0.54
<i>Oscillatoria</i> sp.	1014	214.2	6.96	4,043	0.83
<i>Synechococcus</i> sp.	172	69.8	2.27	3,152	0.64
Total			30.55		3.29

Table A6 (cont.). Summary of common phytoplankton species occurrence in Lake Ontario during 1991. Summary includes the maximum population density encountered, the average population density and biovolume, and the relative abundance (% of total cells and % of total biovolume). Common species were arbitrarily defined as having an abundance  $\geq 0.5\%$  of the total cells or  $\geq 0.5\%$  of the total biovolume.

TAXON	MAXIMUM CELLS/ML	AVERAGE % OF TOTAL CELLS/ML	MEAN % OF TOTAL CELLS	BIOVOLUME	BIOVOLUME $\mu\text{m}^3/\text{mL}$
<b>PYRROPHYTA</b>					
Glenodinium sp.	8	0.3	0.01	2,927	0.60
Gymnodinium helveticum	8	0.3	0.01	2,832	0.58
Gymnodinium sp.	25	6.3	0.20	7,207	1.47
Peridinium sp.	16	2.9	0.09	16,033	3.28
	-----		-----	-----	-----
Total		0.31			5.93
		=====		=====	=====
Total		92.76			91.65

Table A7. Summary of common phytoplankton species occurrence in Lake Ontario during April, 1992. Summary includes the maximum population density encountered, the average population density and biovolume, and the relative abundance (% of total cells and % of total biovolume). Common species were arbitrarily defined as having an abundance  $\geq 0.5\%$  of the total cells or  $\geq 0.5\%$  of the total biovolume.

TAXON	MAXIMUM CELLS/ML	AVERAGE % OF CELLS/ML	TOTAL CELLS	MEAN % OF TOTAL BIOVOLUME $\mu\text{m}^3/\text{mL}$	MEAN % OF TOTAL BIOVOLUME
<b>BACILLARIOPHYTA</b>					
<i>Asterionella formosa</i>	145	41.3	1.03	15,073	1.49
<i>Aulacoseira islandica</i>	1029	512.2	12.80	442,812	43.79
<i>Cymatopleura solea</i>	2	0.5	0.01	38,277	3.78
<i>Diatoma tenue</i>	14	5.6	0.14	5,496	0.54
<i>Fragilaria crotensis</i>	21	12.6	0.31	6,687	0.66
<i>Nitzschia lauenburgiana</i>	11	4.8	0.12	25,025	2.47
<i>Nitrschia sublinearis</i>	29	13.4	0.34	16,277	1.61
<i>Stephanodiscus alpinus</i>	10	3.3	0.08	15,197	1.50
<i>Stephanodiscus binderanus</i>	767	150.8	3.71	96,273	9.52
<i>Stephanodiscus hantrachii</i>	127	21.7	0.54	1,949	0.19
<i>Stephanodiscus transsilvanicus</i>	24	7.1	0.18	6,375	0.63
<i>Tabellaria flocculosa</i>	157	42.5	1.06	60,623	5.99
Total			20.40		72.19
<b>CHLOROPHYTA</b>					
<i>Ankistrodesmus gracilis</i>	74	51.1	1.28	1,342	0.13
<i>Chlamydomonas sp.</i>	98	45.0	1.12	2,966	0.29
<i>Green coccoid</i>	49	31.7	0.79	1,286	0.13
<i>Oocystis pusilla</i>	106	27.6	0.69	981	0.10
<i>Scenedesmus bijuga</i>	98	49.1	1.23	1,784	0.18
Total			5.11		0.83
<b>CHRYSOPHYTA</b>					
<i>Chromulina sp.</i>	90	45.0	1.12	8,094	0.80
<i>Chrysococcus sp.</i>	180	73.6	1.84	4,204	0.42
<i>Haptophyceae</i>	393	282.3	7.06	11,858	1.17
<i>Ochromonas sp.</i>	131	90.0	2.25	16,483	1.63
Total			12.27		4.02
<b>COLORLESS FLAGELLATES</b>					
<i>Colorless flagellate</i>	64	37.7	0.94	986	0.10
<b>CRYPTOPHYTA</b>					
<i>Cryptomonas brevis</i>	16	6.1	0.15	29,382	2.91
<i>Cryptomonas caudata</i>	49	15.3	0.38	6,849	0.68
<i>Cryptomonas curvata</i>	8	1.0	0.03	5,482	0.54
<i>Cryptomonas erosa</i>	41	16.4	0.41	40,444	4.00
<i>Cryptomonas phaseolus</i>	49	27.6	0.69	12,386	1.22
<i>Cryptomonas pyrenoidifera</i>	25	13.3	0.33	10,769	1.06
<i>Rhodomonas minuta</i>	360	240.3	6.01	25,238	2.50
Total			8.00		12.91
<b>CYANOPHYTA</b>					
<i>Anacystis montana</i>	2430	1.588.2	39.70	17,382	1.72
<i>Oscillatoria limnetica</i>	180	22.5	0.56	1,113	0.11
<i>Oscillatoria sp.</i>	875	301.7	7.54	3,470	0.34
<i>Synechococcus sp.</i>	65	31.7	0.79	1,359	0.13
Total			48.60		2.31
<b>PYRROPHYTA</b>					
<i>Gymnodinium sp.</i>	25	13.3	0.33	14,201	1.40
<i>Peridinium sp.</i>	16	8.2	0.20	25,530	2.52
Total			0.54		3.93
Total			95.85		96.28

Appendix A8. SPECIES LIST - LAKE ONTARIO PHYTOPLANKTON (1986- 1992)

DIVISION	TAXON	AUTHORITY
<b>BACILLARIOPHYTA</b>		
	<i>Achnanthes affinis</i>	Grun.
	<i>Achnanthes biasolettiana</i>	(Kutz.) Grun.
	<i>Achnanthes brevipes</i>	
	<i>Achnanthes clevei</i>	Grun.
	<i>Achnanthes conspicua</i>	A. Mayer
	<i>Achnanthes didyma</i>	
	<i>Achnanthes exigua</i>	Grun.
	<i>Achnanthes kryophila</i>	
	<i>Achnanthes lanceolata</i>	(Breb.) Greg.
	<i>Achnanthes linearis</i>	(W. Sm.) Grun.
	<i>Achnanthes minutissima</i>	Kutz.
	<i>Achnanthes oestrupii</i>	(Backm. & A. Cl.) Hust.
	<i>Achnanthes sp.</i>	
	<i>Achnanthes sp. #1</i>	Hust.
	<i>Achnanthes sublaevis</i>	
	<i>Actinocyclus normanii</i>	(Kutz.) Kutz.
	<i>Amphipleura pellucida</i>	(Kutz.) Kutz.
	<i>Amphora ovalis</i>	(Grun. ) Grun.
	<i>Amphora perpusilla</i>	
	<i>Amphora sp.</i>	
	<i>Amphora thumensis</i>	(Mayer) A. Cl.
	<i>Anomoeoneis vitrea</i>	(Grun.) Patr. & Reim.
	<i>Asterionella formosa</i>	Hass.
	<i>Aulacoseira granulata</i>	(Ehr.) Ralfs
	<i>Aulacoseira islandica</i>	O. Mull.
	<i>Aulacoseira italicica</i>	(Ehr.) Kutz.
	<i>Aulacoseira sp.</i>	Pant.
	<i>Coccconeis diminuta</i>	Ehr.
	<i>Coccconeis pediculus</i>	Ehr.
	<i>Coccconeis placentula</i>	
	<i>Coscinodiscus lacustris</i>	Grun.
	<i>Coscinodiscus sp.</i>	
	<i>Coscinodiscus volthii v. septentrionalis</i>	
	<i>Cyclostephanos dubius</i>	(Fricke) Round
	<i>Cyclostephanos tholiformis</i>	
	<i>Cyclotella atomus</i>	Pant.
	<i>Cyclotella comensis</i>	Grun.
	<i>Cyclotella comta</i>	(Ehr.) Kutz.
	<i>Cyclotella cryptica</i>	Reim. et al.
	<i>Cyclotella delicatula</i>	Hust.
	<i>Cyclotella krammeri</i>	
	<i>Cyclotella meneghiniana</i>	Kutz.
	<i>Cyclotella michiganiana</i>	Skv.
	<i>Cyclotella ocellata</i>	Pant.
	<i>Cyclotella pseudostelligera</i>	Hust.
	<i>Cyclotella sp.</i>	
	<i>Cyclotella sp. #1</i>	
	<i>Cyclotella sp. #2</i>	
	<i>Cyclotella sp. #4</i>	
	<i>Cyclotella stelligera</i>	(Cl. & Grun.) V.H.
	<i>Cyclotella unipunctata</i>	
	<i>Cyclotella wolterecki</i>	Hust.
	<i>Cymatopleura solea</i>	(Breb. & Godey) W. Sm.
	<i>Cymbella affinis</i>	Kutz.
	<i>Cymbella microcephala</i>	Grun.
	<i>Cymbella minuta</i>	Hilse
	<i>Cymbella prostrata</i>	(Berk.) Cl.
	<i>Cymbella sp.</i>	
	<i>Denticula sp.</i>	
	<i>Diatoma hiemale</i>	(Lyng.) Heib.
	<i>Diatoma tenue</i>	Ag.
	<i>Diatoma vulgare</i>	Bory
	<i>Eunotia sp.</i>	
	<i>Fragilaria brevistriata</i>	Grun .
	<i>Fragilaria capucina</i>	Desm.
	<i>Fragilaria construens</i>	(Ehr.) Grun.
	<i>Fragilaria crotensis</i>	Kitton
	<i>Fragilaria intermedia</i>	Grun.
	<i>Fragilaria pinnata</i>	Ehr.

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DIVISION	TAXON	AUTHORITY
BACILLARIOPHYTA		
	<i>Pragilaria vaucheriae</i>	(Kutz.) Peters.
	<i>Pragilaria virescens</i>	Ralfs
	<i>Gomphonema olivaceum</i>	(Lyngb.) Kutz.
	<i>Gomphonema simus</i>	
	<i>Gomphonema sp.</i>	Kutz.
	<i>Gomphonema tenellum</i>	(Sulliv. & Wormley) Cl.
	<i>Gyrosigma sciotense</i>	Kutz.
	<i>Navicula cryptocephala</i>	Ostr.
	<i>Navicula decussis</i>	Donk.
	<i>Navicula gregaria</i>	(Ag.) Kutz.
	<i>Navicula lanceolata</i>	Schum.
	<i>Navicula menisculus</i>	Grun.
	<i>Navicula minima</i>	Wallace
	<i>Navicula odiosa</i>	Kutz.
	<i>Navicula radios</i>	(Grun.) Grun.
	<i>Navicula reinhardtii</i>	Hust.
	<i>Navicula seminuloides</i>	
	<i>Navicula sp.</i>	Vanland.
	<i>Navicula splendicula</i>	Hust.
	<i>Navicula submuralis</i>	Cl.
	<i>Navicula subtilissima</i>	(Kutz.) Ehr.
	<i>Navicula viridula</i>	(Kutz.) W. sm.
	<i>Nitzschia acicularis</i>	Grun.
	<i>Nitzschia amphibia</i>	(W. Sm.) Grun.
	<i>Nitzschia angustata</i>	Hust.
	<i>Nitzschia capitellata</i>	Hust.
	<i>Nitzschia confinis</i>	Grun.
	<i>Nitzschia denticula</i>	(Kutz.) Grun.
	<i>Nitzschia dissipata</i>	Grun.
	<i>Nitzschia fonticola</i>	(Kutz.) Grun.
	<i>Nitzschia frustulum</i>	Krasske
	<i>Nitzschia gandersheimiensis</i>	Lang. -Bert. & Simon.
	<i>Nitzschia graciliformis</i>	Hilse
	<i>Nitzschia kuetzingiana</i>	
	<i>Nitzschia lacuum</i>	Hust.
	<i>Nitzschia lauenburgiana</i>	(Kutz.) w. Sm.
	<i>Nitzschia palea</i>	Hust.
	<i>Nitzschia pilum</i>	Hantz.
	<i>Nitzschia pura</i>	Hust.
	<i>Nitzschia recta</i>	Hust.
	<i>Nitzschia rostellata</i>	
	<i>Nitzschia sp.</i>	
	<i>Nitzschia sp. #01</i>	
	<i>Nitzschia sp. #02</i>	
	<i>Nitzschia sp. #03</i>	
	<i>Nitzschia subacicularis</i>	Hust.
	<i>Nitzschia sublinearis</i>	Hust.
	<i>Nitzschia subrostrata</i>	Hust.
	<i>Nitzschia tropica</i>	Hust.
	<i>Nitzschia tryblionella</i>	
	<i>Rhizosolenia longiseta</i>	Zach.
	<i>Rhoicosphenia sp.?</i>	
	<i>Stephanodiscus alpinus</i>	Hust.
	<i>Stephanodiscus binderanus</i>	(Kutz.) Krieg.
	<i>Stephanodiscus hantzschii</i>	Grun.
	<i>Stephanodiscus minutulus</i>	Hak.
	<i>Stephanodiscus niagarae</i>	Ehr.
	<i>Stephanodiscus parvus</i>	Hak. + Stoerm.
	<i>Stephanodiscus sp.</i>	
	<i>Stephanodiscus tenuis</i>	Hust.
	<i>Stephanodiscus transsilvanicus</i>	Pant.
	<i>Surirella ovata</i>	Kutz.
	<i>Synedra acus</i>	Kutz.
	<i>Synedra cyclopum</i>	Brutschy
	<i>Synedra delicatissima</i>	W. Sm.
	<i>Synedra filiformis</i>	Grun.
	<i>Synedra ostenfeldii</i>	(Krieg.) A. Cl.
	<i>Synedra radians</i>	Kutz.
	<i>Synedra socia</i>	
	<i>Synedra sp.</i>	

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DIVISION	TAXON	AUTHORITY
<b>BACILLARIOPHYTA</b>		
	<i>Synedra tenera</i>	w. sm.
	<i>Synedra ulna</i>	(Nitz.) Ehr.
	<i>Tabellaria flocculosa</i>	(Roth) Kutz.
<b>CHLOROPHYTA</b>		
	<i>Ankistrodesmus falcatus</i>	(Corda) Ralfs
	<i>Ankistrodesmus gracilis</i>	(Reinsch) Kors.
	<i>Ankistrodesmus sp.</i>	
	<i>Ankistrodesmus stipitatus?</i>	(Chod.) Kom.-Legn.
	<i>Ankyra lanceolata</i>	(Kors.) Fott
	<i>Ankyra sp.</i>	
	<i>Carteria cordifonnis</i>	(Carter) Dill.
	<i>Carteria sp.</i>	
	<i>Carteria wisconsinensis</i>	Huber-Pest.
	<i>Chlamydocapsa planktonica</i>	(W. & G.S. West) Fott
	<i>Chlamydocapsa sp.</i>	
	<i>Chlamydomonas globosa</i>	Snow
	<i>Chlamydomonas planktonica</i>	(West & West) Fott
	<i>Chlamydomonas sp.</i>	
	<i>Chlorella sp.</i>	
	<i>Closteriopsis longissima?</i>	Lemm.
	<i>Closteriopsis sp.</i>	
	<i>Closterium aciculare</i>	T. West
	<i>Closterium sp.</i>	
	<i>Coelastrum astroideum</i>	Arch.
	<i>Coelastrum cambricum</i>	Nag. in A. Braun
	<i>Coelastrum microporum</i>	
	<i>Coelastrum morus</i>	
	<i>Coelastrum reticulatum</i>	
	<i>Coelastrum sp.</i>	
	<i>Cosmarium deppressum</i>	
	<i>Cosmarium sp.</i>	
	<i>Cosmarium subcostatum</i>	
	<i>Crucigenia quadrata</i>	Morren
	<i>Crucigenia rectangularis</i>	A. Braun
	<i>Dictyosphaerium ehrenbergianum</i>	Naeg.
	<i>Dictyosphaerium pulchellum</i>	Wood.
	<i>Elakatothrix gelatinosa</i>	Wille
	<i>Elakatothrix genevensis</i>	
	<i>Eudorina elegans</i>	Ehr.
	<i>Franceia droescheri</i>	(Lemm.) G.M. Sm.
	<i>Gloeocystis major</i>	
	<i>Gloeocystis planktonica</i>	
	<i>Gloeocystis sp.</i>	
	<i>Gloeocystis sp. #1</i>	
	<i>Gloeocystis sp. #2</i>	
	<i>Gloeocystis sp. #3</i>	
	<i>Golenkinia radiata</i>	(Chod.) Wille
	<i>Green coccoid</i>	
	<i>Green filament</i>	
	<i>Green flagellate - sphere</i>	
	<i>Kirchneriella contorta</i>	(Schmid.) Bohlm
	<i>Kirchneriella sp.</i>	
	<i>Lagerheimia ciliata</i>	(Lagerh.) Chod.
	<i>Lagerheimia citriformis</i>	(Snow) G.M. Sm.
	<i>Lagerheimia genevensis</i>	(Chod.) Chod.
	<i>Lagerheimia longiseta</i>	(Lemm.) Printz
	<i>Lagerheimia quadriseta</i>	(Lemm.) G.M. Sm.
	<i>Lagerheimia sp.</i>	
	<i>Lagerheimia subsalsa</i>	Lemm.
	<i>Lagsrheimia subsalsa - autospore</i>	
	<i>Micractinium pusillum</i>	Fresenius
	<i>Monoraphidium Braunii</i>	(Nag.) Kom.-Legn.
	<i>Monoraphidium arcuatum</i>	
	<i>Monoraphidium contortum</i>	(Thur.) Kom.-Legn.
	<i>Monoraphidium gracilis</i>	
	<i>Monoraphidium irregulare</i>	(G.M. Sm.) Kom.-Legn.
	<i>Monoraphidium minutum</i>	(Nag.) Kom.-Legn.
	<i>Monoraphidium pusillum</i>	(Printz.) Kom.-Legn.
	<i>Monoraphidium setiformae</i>	(Nyg.) Kom.-Legn.

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DIVISION	TAXON	AUTHORITY
<b>CHLOROPHYTA</b>		
	<i>Monoraphidium tortile</i>	(W. & W.) Kom.-Legn.
	<i>Nephrocystium Agardhianum</i>	Nag.
	<i>Nephrocystium limneticum</i>	(G.M. Sm.) G.M. Sm.
	<i>Oedogonium sp.</i>	
	<i>Oocystis sp.</i>	
	<i>Oocystis borgei</i>	Snow
	<i>Oocystis crassa</i>	Wittr. in Wittr. & Nord.
	<i>Oocystis elliptica</i>	w. West
	<i>Oocystis gigas v. incrassata</i>	
	<i>Oocystis lacustris</i>	Chod.
	<i>Oocystis nodulosa</i>	
	<i>Oocystis parva</i>	West & West
	<i>Oocystis pusilla</i>	Hansg.
	<i>Oocystis pyriformis</i>	
	<i>Oocystis solitaria</i>	Wittr. in Wittr. & Nord.
	<i>Oocystis submarina</i>	Lagorh.
	<i>Pediastrum boryanum</i>	(Turp.) Menegh.
	<i>Pediastrum duplex</i>	Meyen
	<i>Pediastrum simplex</i>	(Meyen) Lemm.
	<i>Pyramidomonas sp.</i>	
	<i>Quadrigula closterioides</i>	(Bohl.) Printz
	<i>Quadrigula lacustris</i>	(Chod.) G.M. Sm.
	<i>Scenedesmus arcuatus</i>	Lemm.
	<i>Scenedesmus armatus</i>	(Chod.) G.M. Sm.
	<i>Scenedesmus bicaudatus</i>	(Hansg.) Chod.
	<i>Scenedesmus bijuga</i>	(Turp.) Lagerh.
	<i>Scenedesmus brevispina</i>	(G.M. Sm.) Chod.
	<i>Scenedesmus denticulatus</i>	Lagerh.
	<i>Scenedesmus ecornis</i>	(Ralfs) Chod.
	<i>Scenedesmus microspina</i>	
	<i>Scenedesmus opoliensis</i>	P. Richt.
	<i>Scenedesmus quadricauda</i>	(Turp.) Breb.
	<i>Scenedesmus sp.</i>	
	<i>Scenedesmus spinosus</i>	Chod.
	<i>Schroederia setigera</i>	(Schroed.) Lemm.
	<i>Selenastrum sp.</i>	
	<i>Sphaerellopsis sp.</i>	
	<i>Sphaerocystis schroeteri</i>	Chod.
	<i>Sphaerocystis sp.</i>	
	<i>Staurastrum sp.</i>	
	<i>Stichococcus sp.</i>	
	<i>Tetraedron minimum</i>	(A. Braun) Hansg.
	<i>Tetraedron minimum - autospore</i>	
	<i>Tetraedron muticum</i>	(A. Braun) Hansg.
	<i>Tetraedron regulare</i>	
	<i>Tetraedron trigonum</i>	(Nag.) Hansg.
	<i>Treubaria setigera</i>	(Arch.) G.M. Sm.
	<i>Treubaria sp.</i>	
	<i>Treubaria triappendiculata</i>	Ber.
	<i>Trochiscia sp.</i>	
	<i>Ulothrix sp.</i>	
<b>CHRYSOPHYTA</b>		
	<i>Bitrichia longispina</i>	
	<i>Chromulina erkensis</i>	
	<i>Chromulina sp.</i>	
	<i>Chromulina vagans</i>	
	<i>Chrysarachnion insidians</i>	
	<i>Chrysococcus sp.</i>	
	<i>Chrysolykos planktonicus</i>	Mack.
	<i>Chrysolykos sp.</i>	
	<i>Chrysophycean coccoids</i>	
	<i>Chrysosphaerella longispina</i>	Laut. em. Nich.
	<i>Chrysosphaerella sp.</i>	
	<i>Desmarella brachycalyx</i>	
	<i>Desmarella sp.</i>	
	<i>Dinobryon - cyst</i>	Rutt.
	<i>Dinobryon acuminatum</i>	Imhof
	<i>Dinobryon bavaricum</i>	Lemm.
	<i>Dinobryon borgei</i>	

## Appendix A8. SPECIES LIST - LAKE ONTARIO PHYTOPLANKTON (1986- 1992)

DIVISION	TAXON	AUTHORITY
<b>CHRYPSOPHYTA</b>		
	<i>Dinobryon crenulatum</i>	
	<i>Dinobryon cylindricum</i>	Imhof
	<i>Dinobryon divergens</i>	Imhof
	<i>Dinobryon sociale</i>	Ehr.
	<i>Epipyxis sp.</i>	
	<i>Haptophyceae</i>	
	<i>Kephyrion boreale</i>	Skuja
	<i>Kephyrion cupuliformae</i>	Conr.
	<i>Kephyrion doliolum</i>	Conr.
	<i>Kephyrion littorale</i>	Lund.
	<i>Kephyrion ovale</i>	
	<i>Kephyrion sp.</i>	
	<i>Kephyrion sp. #2</i>	
	<i>Kephyrion sp. #3</i>	
	<i>Mallomonas sp.</i>	
	<i>Monosiga ovata</i>	S. Kent
	<i>Monosiga sp.</i>	
	<i>Ochromonas sp.</i>	
	<i>Ochromonas sp. #4</i>	
	<i>Paraphysomonas sp.</i>	
	<i>Pseudokephryion entzii</i>	Conr.
	<i>Pseudokephryion attenuatum</i>	
	<i>Pseudokephryion conicum</i>	(Schill.) Schum.
	<i>Pseudokephryion ellipsoideum</i>	
	<i>Pseudokephryion latum</i>	(Schill.) Schum.
	<i>Pseudokephryion millerense</i>	Nich.
	<i>Salpingoeca gracilis</i>	Clark
	<i>Spiniferomonas sp.</i>	
	<i>Stichogloea sp.</i>	
	<i>Synura sp.</i>	
	Unidentified chrysophyte	
	Unidentified coccoid - ovoid	
	Unidentified coccoid - sphere	
	Unidentified coccoids	
	Unidentified loricate - ovoid	
	Unidentified loricate - ovoid flagellate	
	Unidentified loricate - sphere	
<b>COLORLESS FLAGELLATES</b>		
	<i>Bicoeca petiolata</i>	(Stein) Pringsh.
	<i>Bicoeca sp.</i>	
	<i>Bicoeca tubiformis</i>	Skuja
	Colorless flagellate	
	<i>Stelexmonas dichotoma</i>	Lack.
<b>CRYPTOPHYTA</b>		
	<i>Chroomonas acuta</i>	Uterm.
	<i>Chroomonas norstedtii</i>	Hansg.
	<i>Chroomonas sp.</i>	
	<i>Cryptomonas brevis</i>	Schill.
	<i>Cryptomonas caudalus</i>	
	<i>Cryptomonas caudata</i>	Schill.
	<i>Cryptomonas curvata</i>	Ehr.
	<i>Cryptomonas erosa</i>	Ehr.
	<i>Cryptomonas marssonii</i>	Skuja
	<i>Cryptomonas ovata</i>	Ehr.
	<i>Cryptomonas parapyrenoidifera</i>	Skuja
	<i>Cryptomonas phaseolus</i>	Skuja
	<i>Cryptomonas platyuris</i>	Skuja
	<i>Cryptomonas pyrenodiosa</i>	
	<i>Cryptomonas pyrenoidifera</i>	Geitl.
	<i>Cryptomonas reflexa</i>	Skuja
	<i>Cryptomonas rostratiformis</i>	Skuja
	<i>Cryptomonas sp.</i>	
	<i>Cryptomonas sp. #1</i>	
	<i>Cryptomonas sp. #3</i>	
	<i>Cryptomonas tenuis</i>	Pasch.
	<i>Cryptomonas tetrapyrenoidiosa</i>	Skuja
	<i>Rhodomonas lacustris</i>	Pasch. & Rutt.
	<i>Rhodomonas lens</i>	Pasch. & Rutt.

## Appendix A8. SPECIES LIST - LAKE ONTARIO PHYTOPLANKTON (1986- 1992)

DIVISION	TAXON	AUTHORITY
<b>CRYPTOPHYTA</b>		
	<i>Rhodomonas minuta</i>	Skuja
	<i>Rhodomonas pusilla</i>	
<b>CYANOPHYTA</b>		
	<i>Anabaena circinalis</i>	Rabenhorst
	<i>Anabaena flos-aquae</i>	(Lyngb.) Breb.
	<i>Anabaena sp.</i>	
	<i>Anabaena spiroides</i>	Kleb.
	<i>Anacyclis montana</i>	Dr. & Daily
	<i>Anacyclis thermalis</i>	(Menegh.) Dr. & Daily
	<i>Aphanizomenon flos-aquae</i>	(L.) Ralfs
	<i>Aphanothecace gelatinosa</i>	(Henn.) Lemm.
	<i>Chroococcus dispersus</i>	
	<i>Chroococcus limneticus</i>	Lemm.
	<i>Chroococcus sp.</i>	
	<i>Coelosphaerium dubium</i>	Grun. in Rabh.
	<i>Coelosphaerium naegelianum</i>	Unger
	<i>Gloeothecace ruprestris</i>	(Lyngb.) Born.
	<i>Gomphosphaeria aponina</i>	Kutz.
	<i>Oscillatoria limnetica</i>	Lemm.
	<i>Oscillatoria sp.</i>	
	<i>Spirulina sp.</i>	
	<i>Synechococcus sp.</i>	
<b>EUGLENOPHYTA</b>		
	<i>Phacus sp.</i>	
	<i>Trachelomonas sp.</i>	
	<i>Trachelomonas volvocina</i>	
<b>PYRROPHYTA</b>		
	<i>Amphidinium sp.</i>	
	<i>Ceratium hirundinella</i>	(O.F.Mull.) Schrank
	<i>Dinoflagellate cyst</i>	
	<i>Glenodinium sp.</i>	
	<i>Gymnodinium helveticum</i>	Pen.
	<i>Gymnodinium sp.</i>	
	<i>Peridinium - cyst</i>	
	<i>Peridinium aciculiferum</i>	Lemm.
	<i>Peridinium sp.</i>	
	<i>Peridinium sp. #02</i>	
	<i>Peridinium viguieri</i>	Lef.
<b>UNIDENTIFIED</b>		
	Unidentified colony	
	Unidentified flagellate - triangular	

APPENDIX A-9. LAKE ONTARIO ZOOPLANKTON SPECIES LIST  
 (1986 - 1992)

DIVISION	TAXON
Calanoida	<i>Diaptomus</i> - copepodite <i>Diaptomus ashlandi</i> <i>Diaptomus minutus</i> <i>Diaptomus oregonensis</i> <i>Diaptomus sicilis</i> <i>Diaptomus sicilooides</i> <i>Epischura</i> - copepodite <i>Epischura lacustris</i> <i>Eurytemora</i> - copepodite <i>Eurytemora affinis</i> <i>Limnocalanus</i> - copepodite <i>Limnocalanus macrurus</i> <i>Senecella</i> - copepodite
Cladocera	<i>Bosmina longirostris</i> <i>Bythotrephes cederstroemi</i> <i>Ceriodaphnia lacustris</i> <i>Ceriodaphnia</i> sp. <i>Daphnia galaeta mendotae</i> <i>Daphnia longiremis</i> <i>Daphnia pulicaria</i> <i>Daphnia retrocurva</i> <i>Diaphanosoma birgei</i> <i>Diaphanosoma</i> sp. <i>Eubosmina coregoni</i> <i>Holopedium gibberum</i> <i>Leptodora kindtii</i> <i>Polyphemus pediculus</i> <i>Scapholeberis aurita</i>
Copepoda	<i>Copepoda</i> - nauplii
Cyclopoida	<i>Cyclopoid</i> - copepodite <i>Cyclops bicuspidatus thomasi</i> <i>Cyclops vernalis</i> <i>Mesocyclops</i> - copepodite <i>Mesocyclops edax</i> <i>Tropocyclops</i> - copepodite <i>Tropocyclops prasinus mexicanus</i>
Mysidacea	<i>Mysis relicta</i>
Rotifera	<i>Ascomorpha ovalis</i> <i>Ascomorpha saltans</i> <i>Asplanchna priodonta</i> <i>Collothea</i> sp. <i>Conochilooides</i> sp. <i>Conochilus unicornis</i> <i>Encentrum</i> sp. <i>Filina longiseta</i>

GREAT LAKES ZOOPLANKTON SPECIES LIST  
LAKE ONTARIO  
(1986 - 1992)

DIVISION	TAXON
Rotifera	<i>Gastropus stylifer</i> <i>Hexarthra mira</i> <i>Kellicottia longispina</i> <i>Keratella cochlearis</i> <i>Keratella crassa</i> <i>Keratella earlinae</i> <i>Keratella hiemalis</i> <i>Keratella quadrata</i> <i>Lecane flexilis</i> <i>Notholca acuminata</i> <i>Notholca foliacea</i> <i>Notholca laurentiae</i> <i>Notholca squamula</i> <i>Ploesoma hudsoni</i> <i>Ploesoma lenticulare</i> <i>Ploesoma truncatum</i> <i>Polyarthra dolichoptera</i> <i>Polyarthra euryptera</i> <i>Polyarthra major</i> <i>Polyarthra remata</i> <i>Polyarthra vulgaris</i> <i>Pompholyx sulcata</i> <i>Synchaeta sp.</i> <i>Trichocerca cylindrica</i> <i>Trichocerca multicrinis</i> <i>Trichocerca pusilla</i> <i>Trichocerca rousoletti</i> <i>Trichocerca similis</i> <i>Trichocerca sp.</i>
Mollusca	<i>Dreissena polymorpha</i> - veliger

APPENDIX A-9. LAKE ONTARIO ZOOPLANKTON SPECIES LIST  
 (1986 - 1992)

DIVISION	TAXON
Calanoida	<i>Diaptomus</i> - copepodite <i>Diaptomus ashlandi</i> <i>Diaptomus minutus</i> <i>Diaptomus oregonensis</i> <i>Diaptomus sicilis</i> <i>Diaptomus siciloides</i> <i>Epischura</i> - copepodite <i>Epischura lacustris</i> <i>Eurytemora</i> - copepodite <i>Eurytemora affinis</i> <i>Limnocalanus</i> - copepodite <i>Limnocalanus macrurus</i> <i>Senecella</i> - copepodite
Cladocera	<i>Bosmina longirostris</i> <i>Bythotrephes cederstroemi</i> <i>Ceriodaphnia lacustris</i> <i>Ceriodaphnia</i> sp. <i>Daphnia galaeta mendotae</i> <i>Daphnia longiremis</i> <i>Daphnia pulicaria</i> <i>Daphnia retrocurva</i> <i>Diaphanosoma birgei</i> <i>Diaphanosoma</i> sp. <i>Eubosmina coregoni</i> <i>Holopedium gibberum</i> <i>Leptodora kindtii</i> <i>Polyphemus pediculus</i> <i>Scapholeberis aurita</i>
Copepoda	<i>Copepoda</i> - nauplii
Cyclopoida	<i>Cyclopoid</i> - copepodite <i>Cyclops bicuspidatus thomasi</i> <i>Cyclops vernalis</i> <i>Mesocyclops</i> - copepodite <i>Mesocyclops edax</i> <i>Tropocyclops</i> - copepodite <i>Tropocyclops prasinus mexicanus</i>
Mysidacea	<i>Mysis relicta</i>
Rotifera	<i>Ascomorpha ovalis</i> <i>Ascomorpha saltans</i> <i>Asplanchna priodonta</i> <i>Collotheca</i> sp. <i>Conochiloides</i> sp. <i>Conochilus unicornis</i> <i>Encentrum</i> sp. <i>Filina longiseta</i>

## APPENDIX A-9. LAKE ONTARIO SPECIES LIST

(1986 - 1992)

DIVISION	TAXON
Rotifera	<i>Gastropus stylifer</i> <i>Hexarthra mira</i> <i>Kellicottia longispina</i> <i>Keratella cochlearis</i> <i>Keratella crassa</i> <i>Keratella earlineae</i> <i>Keratella hiemalis</i> <i>Keratella quadrata</i> <i>Lecane flexilis</i> <i>Notholca acuminata</i> <i>Notholca foliacea</i> <i>Notholca laurentiae</i> <i>Notholca squamula</i> <i>Ploesoma hudsoni</i> <i>Ploesoma lenticulare</i> <i>Ploesoma truncatum</i> <i>Polyarthra dolichoptera</i> <i>Polyarthra euryptera</i> <i>Polyarthra major</i> <i>Polyarthra remata</i> <i>Polyarthra vulgaris</i> <i>Pompholyx sulcata</i> <i>Synchaeta sp.</i> <i>Trichocerca cylindrica</i> <i>Trichocerca multicrinis</i> <i>Trichocerca pusilla</i> <i>Trichocerca rousoletti</i> <i>Trichocerca similis</i> <i>Trichocerca sp.</i>
Mollusca	<i>Dreissena polymorpha</i> - veliger

Table A-1 0. Summary of common zooplankton species occurrence in Lake Ontario during April and August, 1986. Species were arbitrarily classified as common if they accounted for  $\geq 0.1\%$  of the total abundance or  $\geq 1.0\%$  of the total biomass, with the exception of rotifers. Rotifer species were considered common if they accounted for  $\geq 1.0\%$  of the total abundance.

TAXON	MAXIMUM DENSITY (#/m <sup>3</sup> )	AVERAGE DENSITY (#/m <sup>3</sup> )	% OF TOTAL ABUNDANCE	MEAN BIOMASS ( $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )	% OF TOTAL BIOMASS
<b>COPEPODA</b>					
Copepoda - nauplii	132,045	46,469.9	15.89	18,588	20.24
Cyclopoida					
Cyclopoid - copepodite	52,855	16,751.4	5.73	25,055	27.28
<i>Cyclops bicuspidatus thomasi</i>	10,445	2,959.4	1.01	11,129	12.12
Calanoida					
Diaptomus - copepodite	2,635	744.9	0.25	1,017	1.11
<i>Limnocalanus macrurus</i>	408	53.0	0.02	1,248	1.36
			-----	-----	-----
Total			22.90		62.11
<b>CLADOCERA</b>					
<i>Bosmina longirostris</i>	97,624	12,033.7	4.12	9,306	10.22
<i>Ceriodaphnia lacustris</i>	4,709	661.5	0.23	675	0.73
<i>Daphnia retrocurva</i>	28,931	6,893.8	2.36	10,341	11.26
			-----	-----	-----
Total			6.70		22.21
<b>ROTIFERA</b>					
<i>Conochilus unicornis</i>	63,426	5,000.7	1.71	105	0.11
<i>Kellieottia longispina</i>	40,986	12,442.7	4.26	158	0.11
<i>Keratella cochlearis</i>	208,453	37,887.1	12.96	181	0.20
<i>Keratella crassa</i>	129,908	18,378.6	6.29	954	1.04
<i>Polyarthra major</i>	215,839	42,049.6	14.38	5,305	5.70
<i>Polyarthra vulgaris</i>	290,925	71,029.3	24.29	2,912	3.17
<i>Pompholyx sulcata</i>	95,310	4,439.5	1.52	67	0.07
			-----	-----	-----
Total			65.40		10.54
Total			95.01		94.86

Table A-11. Summary of common zooplankton species occurrence in Lake Ontario during April and August, 1987. Species were arbitrarily classified as common if they accounted for  $\geq 0.1\%$  of the total abundance or  $\geq 1.0\%$  of the total biomass, with the exception of rotifers. Rotifer species were considered common if they accounted for  $\geq 1.0\%$  of the total abundance

TAXON	MAXIMUM DENSITY (#/m <sup>3</sup> )	AVERAGE DENSITY (#/m <sup>3</sup> )	% OF TOTAL ABUNDANCE	MEAN BIOMASS ( $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )	% OF TOTAL BIOMASS
<b>COPEPODA</b>					
Copepoda - nauplii	90,974	26,766.2	17.35	10,706	21.21
Cyclopoida					
Cyclopoid - copepodite	28,162	7,577.4	4.91	2,496	4.94
<i>Cyclops bicuspis thomasi</i>	8,902	2,093.4	1.36	6,952	13.77
<i>Tropocyclops - copepodite</i>	8,716	1,891.9	1.23	469	0.93
<i>Tropocyclops prasinus mexicanus</i>	4,127	1,077.4	0.70	940	1.86
Calanoida					
<i>Diaptomus - copepodite</i>	8,295	1,560.9	1.01	1,521	3.01
<i>Eurytemora - copepodite</i>	809	172.4	0.11	115	0.23
Total			26.67		45.96
<b>CLADOCERA</b>					
<i>Bosmina longirostris</i>	28,001	2,439.5	1.58	1,851	3.67
<i>Daphnia galaeta mendotae</i>	41,633	4,614.2	2.99	a,494	16.83
<i>Daphnia retrocurva</i>	29,781	4,761.0	3.09	8,581	17.00
<i>Eubosmina coregoni</i>	1,908	194.2	0.13	419	0.83
Total			7.79		38.32
<b>ROTIFERA</b>					
<i>Ascomorpha ovalis</i>	30,253	6,271.0	4.07	127	0.25
<i>Asplanchna priodonta</i>	3,084	255.8	0.17	770	1.53
<i>Conochilus unicornis</i>	63,563	4,330.3	2.81	66	0.13
<i>Kellicottia longispina</i>	33,048	6,226.0	4.04	86	0.17
<i>Keratella cochlearis</i>	43,063	11,141.5	7.22	38	0.08
<i>Keratella crassa</i>	40,861	8,405.5	5.45	417	0.83
<i>Keratella earlineae</i>	51,075	4,326.6	2.81	97	0.19
<i>Notholca squamula</i>	33,382	2,236.9	1.45	54	0.11
<i>Polyarthra major</i>	103,139	18,828.1	12.21	2,900	5.74
<i>Polyarthra vulgaris</i>	157,277	24,615.5	15.96	781	1.55
<i>Synchaeta sp.</i>	62,904	7,995.5	5.18	181	0.36
Total			61.36		10.93
Total			95.81		95.21

Table A-12. Summary of common zooplankton species occurrence in Lake Ontario during April and August, 1988. Species were arbitrarily classified as common if they accounted for  $\geq 0.1\%$  of the total abundance or  $\geq 1.0\%$  of the total biomass, with the exception of rotifers. Rotifer species were considered common if they accounted for  $\geq 1.0\%$  of the total abundance.

TAXON	MAXIMUM DENSITY (#/m <sup>3</sup> )	AVERAGE DENSITY (#/m <sup>3</sup> )	% OF TOTAL ABUNDANCE	MEAN BIOMASS ( $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )	% OF TOTAL BIOMASS
<b>COPEPODA</b>					
Copepoda - nauplii	<b>144, 037</b>	<b>37, 552. 0</b>	12.09	<b>15, 021</b>	<b>18. 25</b>
Cyclopoida					
Cyclopoid - copepodite	<b>99, 701</b>	23,365.9	7.52	<b>13, 567</b>	<b>16. 48</b>
<i>Cyclops bicuspidatus thomasi</i>	<b>11, 210</b>	4,147.8	1.34	<b>14, 784</b>	<b>17. 96</b>
Calanoida					
Diaptomus - copepodite	<b>4, 109</b>	<b>831. 0</b>	0.27	1,101	1. 34
<i>Limnocalanus macrurus</i>	<b>2, 077</b>	<b>95. 3</b>	0. 03	<b>2, 675</b>	<b>3. 25</b>
Total			<b>21. 25</b>		<b>57. 28</b>
<b>CLADOCERA</b>					
<i>Bosmina longirostris</i>	236,790	36,327.0	11.69	19,011	23.09
<i>Daphnia retrocurva</i>	20,771	<b>5, 792. 0</b>	1.86	<b>6, 647</b>	<b>8. 07</b>
Total			<b>13. 56</b>		<b>31. 17</b>
<b>ROTIFERA</b>					
<i>Kellicottia longispina</i>	<b>103, 596</b>	16,408.2	5.28	<b>180</b>	<b>0. 22</b>
<i>Keratella cochlearis</i>	<b>260, 688</b>	31,535.5	<b>10. 15</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>0. 12</b>
<i>Keratella crassa</i>	<b>134, 048</b>	27,195.8	<b>8. 75</b>	<b>1, 876</b>	<b>2. 28</b>
<i>Keratella earlinae</i>	<b>96, 196</b>	11,883.8	<b>3. 83</b>	<b>386</b>	<b>0. 47</b>
<i>Keratella quadrata</i>	<b>36, 999</b>	3,578.4	<b>1. 15</b>	<b>237</b>	<b>0. 29</b>
<i>Polyarthra major</i>	<b>88, 796</b>	<b>22, 545. 0</b>	<b>7. 26</b>	<b>1, 526</b>	<b>1. 85</b>
<i>Polyarthra remata</i>	<b>36, 207</b>	<b>4, 631. 0</b>	<b>1. 49</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>0. 06</b>
<i>Polyarthra vulgaris</i>	<b>266, 389</b>	58,505.9	<b>18. 83</b>	<b>2, 270</b>	<b>2. 76</b>
<i>Pompholyx sulcata</i>	<b>170, 137</b>	10,713.9	<b>3. 45</b>	129	<b>0. 16</b>
<i>Trichocerca multicrinis</i>	19,733	3,382.9	<b>1. 09</b>	115	<b>0. 14</b>
Total			<b>61. 28</b>		<b>8. 35</b>
Total			96.08		96.78

Table A-13. Summary of common zooplankton species occurrence in Lake Ontario during August, 1989. Species were arbitrarily classified as common if they accounted for  $\geq$  0.1% of the total abundance or  $\geq$  1.0% of the total biomass, with the exception of rotifers. Rotifer species were considered common if they accounted for  $\geq$  1.0% of the total abundance.

TAXON	MAXIMUM DENSITY (#/m <sup>3</sup> )	AVERAGE DENSITY (#/m <sup>3</sup> )	% OF TOTAL ABUNDANCE	MEAN BIOMASS ( $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )	% OF TOTAL BIOMASS
<b>COPEPODA</b>					
Copepoda - nauplii	<b>93, 077</b>	55,267.7	<b>13. 08</b>	<b>22, 107</b>	<b>16. 25</b>
Cyclopoida					
<i>Cyclopoid</i> - <i>copepodite</i>	<b>83, 678</b>	32,699.8	<b>7. 74</b>	<b>19, 489</b>	<b>14. 33</b>
<i>Cyclops bicuspidatus thomasi</i>	<b>14, 540</b>	4,671.7	1.11	<b>17, 424</b>	<b>12. 81</b>
<i>Tropocyclops</i> - <i>copepodite</i>	<b>35, 904</b>	6,388.9	<b>1. 51</b>	2,791	<b>2. 05</b>
<i>Tropocyclops prasinus mexicanus</i>	<b>7, 715</b>	2,284.1	<b>0. 54</b>	<b>3, 135</b>	<b>2. 30</b>
Calanoida					
<i>Diaptomus</i> - <i>copepodite</i>	<b>2, 374</b>	549.2	<b>0. 13</b>	1,139	<b>0. 84</b>
					-----
Total			24.11		<b>48. 58</b>
<b>CLADOCERA</b>					
<i>Bosmina longirostris</i>	<b>171, 510</b>	40,032.5	<b>9. 48</b>	<b>37, 720</b>	<b>27. 73</b>
<i>Ceriodaphnia</i> sp.	<b>15, 430</b>	4,583.4	1.09	<b>6, 392</b>	<b>4. 70</b>
<i>Daphnia retrocurva</i>	<b>38, 121</b>	8,115.8	<b>1. 92</b>	<b>9, 913</b>	<b>7. 29</b>
			-----		
Total			<b>12. 48</b>		<b>39. 71</b>
<b>ROTIFERA</b>					
<i>Conochilus unicornis</i>	<b>13, 724</b>	4,446.1	<b>1. 05</b>	59	<b>0. 04</b>
<i>Kellicottia longispina</i>	<b>38, 668</b>	10,782.0	<b>2. 55</b>	<b>132</b>	0.10
<i>Keratella cochlearis</i>	<b>77, 819</b>	30,783.5	<b>7. 29</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>0. 06</b>
<i>Keratella crassa</i>	<b>174, 292</b>	48,527.9	11.49	<b>1, 795</b>	<b>1. 32</b>
<i>Keratella earlinae</i>	134,493	39,291.8	9.30	<b>854</b>	<b>0. 63</b>
<i>Polyarthra major</i>	41,004	13,563.7	<b>3. 21</b>	<b>816</b>	<b>0. 60</b>
<i>Polyarthra vulgaris</i>	231,115	95,197.2	<b>22. 54</b>	<b>7' 539</b>	<b>5. 54</b>
<i>Trichocerca multicrinis</i>	21,123	<b>6, 504. 0</b>	<b>1. 56</b>	<b>294</b>	<b>0. 22</b>
			-----		
Total			<b>58. 99</b>		<b>8. 50</b>
			-----		
Total			<b>95. 59</b>		<b>96. 80</b>

Table A-14. Summary of common zooplankton species occurrence in Lake Ontario during April and August, 1990. Species were arbitrarily classified as common if they accounted for  $\geq 0.1\%$  of the total abundance or  $\geq 1.0\%$  of the total biomass, with the exception of rotifers. Rotifer species were considered common if they accounted for  $\geq 1.0\%$  of the total abundance.

TAXON	MAXIMUM DENSITY (#/m <sup>3</sup> )	AVERAGE DENSITY (#/m <sup>3</sup> )	% OF TOTAL ABUNDANCE	MEAN BIOMASS ( $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )	% OF TOTAL BIOMASS
<b>COPEPODA</b>					
Copepoda - nauplii	169,360	44,492.4	21.25	17,797	31.62
Cyclopoida					
Cyclopoid ~ copepodite	48,301	18,501.4	8.84	9,542	16.96
<i>Cyclops bicuspidatus thomasi</i>	13,110	4,716.7	2.25	15,612	27.74
Calanoida					
Diaptomus - copepodite	1,924	595.9	0.28	736	1.31
<i>Limnocalanus macrurus</i>	84	22.7	0.01	607	1.08
			-----	-----	-----
Total			32.64		78.71
<b>CLADOCERA</b>					
<i>Bosmina longirostris</i>	3,184	334.4	0.16	523	0.93
<i>Ceriodaphnia</i> sp.	1,937	212.8	0.10	445	0.79
<i>Daphnia retrocurva</i>	8,521	1,346.8	0.64	3,907	6.94
<i>Polyphemus pediculus</i>	470	51.0	0.02	608	1.08
			-----	-----	-----
Total			0.93		9.74
<b>ROTIFERA</b>					
<i>Ascomorpha ovalis</i>	25,564	3,088.2	1.48	42	0.07
<i>Conochilus unicornis</i>	42,426	3,584.0	1.71	68	0.12
<i>Kellicottia longispina</i>	53,758	9,453.3	4.52	106	0.19
<i>Keratella cochlearis</i>	145,649	38,186.2	18.24	139	0.25
<i>Keratella crassa</i>	56,708	18,167.8	8.68	965	1.72
<i>Keratella earlineae</i>	27,476	3,684.7	1.76	126	0.22
<i>Keratella quadrata</i>	35,428	5,156.5	2.46	402	0.71
<i>Polyarthra major</i>	43,006	5,895.6	2.82	676	1.20
<i>Polyarthra remata</i>	35,839	4,853.0	2.32	51	0.09
<i>Polyarthra vulgaris</i>	126,630	33,091.9	15.81	1,114	1.98
<i>Synchaeta</i> sp.	17,527	4,210.4	2.01	135	0.24
<i>Trichocerca multicrinis</i>	14,799	3,296.7	1.57	145	0.26
			-----	-----	-----
Total			63.38		7.05
			-----	-----	-----
Total			96.95		95.51

Table A-16. Summary of common zooplankton species occurrence in Lake Ontario during April and August, 1991. Species were arbitrarily classified as common if they accounted for  $\geq 0.1\%$  of the total abundance or  $\geq 1.0\%$  of the total biomass, with the exception of rotifers. Rotifer species were considered common if they accounted for  $\geq 1.0\%$  of the total abundance.

TAXON	MAXIMUM DENSITY (#/m <sup>3</sup> )	AVERAGE DENSITY (#/m <sup>3</sup> )	% OF TOTAL ABUNDANCE	MEAN BIOMASS ( $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ )	% OF TOTAL BIOMASS
<b>COPEPODA</b>					
Copepoda - nauplii	<b>203, 920</b>	27,055.1	15.61	<b>10, 822</b>	<b>6. 51</b>
Cyclopoida					
Cyclopoid - copepodite	<b>112, 288</b>	20,635.4	11.91	<b>11, 753</b>	<b>7. 07</b>
<i>Cyclops bicuspidatus thomasi</i>	<b>32, 124</b>	7,002.6	<b>4. 04</b>	<b>26, 932</b>	<b>16. 21</b>
<i>Cyclops vernalis</i>	<b>10, 751</b>	2,615.6	<b>1. 51</b>	<b>2, 196</b>	<b>1. 32</b>
<i>Tropocyclops prasinus mexicanus</i>	<b>2, 964</b>	700.7	<b>0. 40</b>	<b>887</b>	<b>0. 53</b>
Cyclopoida					
Diaptomus - copepodite	<b>3, 537</b>	754.4	<b>0. 44</b>	<b>975</b>	<b>0. 59</b>
Diaptomus sicilis	<b>2, 964</b>	274.4	<b>0. 16</b>	<b>1, 765</b>	<b>1. 06</b>
Limnocalanus - copepodite	<b>2, 251</b>	347.4	<b>0. 20</b>	<b>1, 258</b>	<b>0. 76</b>
Total			<b>34. 26</b>		<b>34. 05</b>
<b>CLADOCERA</b>					
<i>Bosmina longirostris</i>	<b>46, 682</b>	3,543.1	<b>2. 04</b>	<b>4, 540</b>	<b>2. 73</b>
<i>Daphnia galaeta mendotae</i>	<b>17, 413</b>	1,754.5	1.01	<b>14, 116</b>	<b>8. 49</b>
<i>Daphnia retrocurva</i>	<b>131, 895</b>	18,093.1	<b>10. 44</b>	<b>83, 347</b>	<b>50. 15</b>
Total			<b>13. 50</b>		<b>61. 38</b>
<b>ROTIFERA</b>					
Ascomorpha ovalis	<b>44, 123</b>	6,691.6	<b>3. 86</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>0. 05</b>
Conochilus unicornis	<b>45, 316</b>	5,732.5	<b>3. 31</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>0. 07</b>
<i>Kellieottia longispina</i>	<b>64, 396</b>	6,483.1	<b>3. 74</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>0. 04</b>
<i>Keratella cochlearis</i>	<b>156, 220</b>	20,824.4	<b>12. 01</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>0. 05</b>
<i>Keratella crassa</i>	<b>53, 663</b>	5,695.9	<b>3. 29</b>	<b>303</b>	<b>0. 18</b>
<i>Polyarthra major</i>	<b>52, 100</b>	5,175.1	<b>2. 99</b>	<b>594</b>	<b>0. 36</b>
<i>Polyarthra vulgaris</i>	<b>155, 027</b>	24,831.0	<b>14. 33</b>	<b>836</b>	<b>0. 50</b>
Synchaeta sp.	<b>25, 043</b>	5,255.0	<b>3. 03</b>	<b>168</b>	0.10
Trichocerca multicrinis	<b>28, 620</b>	3,215.6	<b>1. 86</b>	<b>141</b>	<b>0. 08</b>
Total			<b>48. 41</b>		<b>1. 44</b>
Total			<b>96. 17</b>		<b>96. 87</b>

Table A-17. Summary of common zooplankton species occurrence in Lake Ontario during April, 1992. Species were arbitrarily classified as common if they accounted for  $\geq 0.1\%$  of the total abundance or  $\geq 1.0\%$  of the total biomass, with the exception of rotifers. Rotifer species were considered common if they accounted for  $\geq 1.0\%$  of the total abundance

TAXON	MAXIMUM DENSITY (#/m <sup>3</sup> )	AVERAGE DENSITY (#/m <sup>3</sup> )	% OF TOTAL ABUNDANCE	MEAN BIOMASS ( $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> )	% OF TOTAL BIOMASS
<b>COPEPODA</b>					
Copepoda - nauplii	7,204	3,463.6	21.44	1,385	9.17
Cyclopoida					
Cyclopoid - copepodite	8,261	3,905.1	24.17	3,362	22.25
<i>Cyclops bicuspidatus thomasi</i>	3,102	2,123.5	13.14	8,944	59.18
<i>Tropocyclops prasinus mexicanus</i>	55	25.0	0.15	35	0.23
Calanoida					
Diaptomus - copepodite	511	207.9	1.29	241	1.59
<i>Diaptomus sicilis</i>	130	36.8	0.23	240	1.59
Limnocalanus - copepodite	111	61.5	0.38	441	2.92
			60.81		96.93
<b>CLADOCERA</b>					
<i>Eubosmina coregoni</i>	29	16.5	0.10	78	0.51
<b>ROTIFERA</b>					
<i>Kellicottia longispina</i>	3,554	2,036.1	12.60	23	0.15
<i>Keratella cochlearis</i>	1,507	513.9	3.18	2	0.01
<i>Notholca squamula</i>	1,809	945.0	5.85	18	0.12
<i>Polyarthra vulgaris</i>	2,532	1,299.0	8.04	44	0.29
Synchaeta sp.	2,067	1,307.4	8.09	42	0.28
			37.76		0.85
			<b>98.66</b>		<b>98.29</b>

**Table A18.** Changes made in the data base to accomodate changes in species identifications. Decisions were based on recounts between years and discussions between Dr. Paul Bet-tram, Dr. Kit Yung and Dr. Joe Makarewicz. NIR= Not included in the report. Unless stated otherwise, changes were not made in the data base; that is the changes discussed below were only made for the report.

I. Picoplankton (Since 1989) are defined as

- A. Unicellular Cyanobacteria
- B. Either spherical or rod shape
- C. Size less than or equal to 2 pm
- D. Colonials with individual cells less than 2 pm
- E. Decision: Based on discussion with P. Bertram. All picoplankton will not be considered in our report, but will be included in the electronic data base. For the report, the following decisions were made with individual species:
  1. *Anacyclos marina* = picoplankton sphere (size .50-1.5 µm)-NIR
  2. *Coccochloris peniocysts* = picoplankton rods (size 1-2 µm)-NIR
  3. *Anacyclis incerta* adopted in 1989 = colonial picoplankton (colony=20µm; indiv.=<2 µm)-NIR
  4. *Gleocapsa* (l-2 µm=indiv.)-NIR . Memo of 21 Dec. 93
  5. *Anacyclis cyanea* (average=2.2 pm sphere- NIR (Phone call with Paul Bet-tam)
  6. *Agmenellum quadruplicatum* (1.5 pm sphere)-NIR
  7. *Aphanocapsa delicatissima* (0.7 µm sphere)-NIR
  8. *Aphanofheca clathrata* (l .7 X .6 pm ovoid)-NIR
  9. *Microcystis elachista* (1.9 X 1.4 pm ovoid)-NIR
  10. *Microcystis aeruginosa* (1.2 pm) - NIR
  11. *Microcystis* sp. - (2.0 µm) - NIR

II. Melosira

- A. *Melosira varians* and *Melosira undulata* are unchanged as to nomenclature.
- B. All other *Melosira* will change to the genus *Aulacoseira* (Letter- from Kit Yung).

III. *Stephanodiscus subtransilvanicus* is changed & combined with *Stephanodiscus transylvanicus* (Letter of 1/94 from Kit Yung)

IV. *Oscillatoria minima* is changed to *Oscillatoria* sp. (Letter of 1/94 from Kit Yung)

V. *Gymnodinium* sp.#2 - group "all" *Gymnodinium* species as *Gymnodinium* sp.

VI. *Rhizosolenia longiseta* - leave as is (Letter of 1/94 from Kit Yung)

VII. *Melosira subarcfica* is to be changed to *Melosira italica* subsp. *subarctica* - Ted, this is a permanent change & should be done in the original data base and species list

VIII. *Mallomonas* sp. stays the same

IX. *Synechococcus* sp. is Cyanophyta not a green

A. Make this change in species list

X. Ovoid unidentified flagellates in UNI should be changed to *Ochromonas* sp. (Letter from Kit 1/94). Species affected:

Unidentified flagellate - ovoid

Unidentified flagellate #01

XI. Spherical unidentified flagellates in UNI should be changed to *Chromulina* sp. ? (Letter from Kit 1/94). Species affected:

Unidentified flagellate	Unidentified flagellate #19	Unidentified flagellate #38
Unidentified flagellate - spherical	Unidentified flagellate #20	Unidentified flagellate #39
Unidentified flagellate #02	Unidentified flagellate #21	Unidentified flagellate #40
Unidentified flagellate #03	Unidentified flagellate #22	Unidentified flagellate #41
Unidentified flagellate #04	Unidentified flagellate #23	Unidentified flagellate #42
Unidentified flagellate #05	Unidentified flagellate #24	Unidentified flagellate #43
Unidentified flagellate #06	Unidentified flagellate #25	Unidentified flagellate #44
Unidentified flagellate #07	Unidentified flagellate #26	Unidentified flagellate #45
Unidentified flagellate #08	Unidentified flagellate #27	Unidentified flagellate #47
Unidentified flagellate #09	Unidentified flagellate #28	Unidentified flagellate #48
Unidentified flagellate #10	Unidentified flagellate #29	Unidentified flagellate #49
Unidentified flagellate #12	Unidentified flagellate #31	Unidentified flagellate #50
Unidentified flagellate #13	Unidentified flagellate #32	Unidentified flagellate #51

Unidentified flagellate #14	Unidentified flagellate #33	Unidentified flagellate #52
Unidentified flagellate #15	Unidentified flagellate #34	Unidentified flagellate #53
Unidentified flagellate #16	Unidentified flagellate #35	Unidentified flagellate #55
Unidentified flagellate #17	Unidentified flagellate #36	Unidentified flagellate (w/spines)
Unidentified flagellate #18	Unidentified flagellate #37	

XII. *Staphanodiscus parvus* was not described until late 1984. The name was not used prior to 1985.

XIII. *Cyclotella comensis* var. 1 & *C. comensis* var. 2.

A. Confusion in 1989 samples per letter of Kit Yung (2/94) seemed to have been straightened out. We will combine into *Cyclotella comensis*

XIV. In 1992, Kit Yung (2/94) began to adopt the name "Unidentified Chrysophyte #5" for an alga that resembled algal spore. In recounts it was found in 1989 & 1991.

XV. *Gomphosphaeria lacustris* prior to 1990 & 1991 should be called *Coelosphaerium naegelianum*.

A. Kit Yung re-examined four 1988 Lake Michigan samples with a relatively high *Gomphosphaeria* count. He could only find colonies of *Coelosphaerium naegelianum*, a closely related colonial cyanophyte (2/94 from Kit). Also, prior to 1989 *C. naegelianum* is not found but *Gomphosphaeria* is. After 1990 *Gomphosphaeria* is not found while *Coelosphaerium* is.

XVI. Group together Green Coccoid bacilliforms, ovoid and sphere as Green Coccoids

XVII. Colorless flagellates - all #s group together

XVI / I. *Stephanodiscus hantzschii* and *Stephanodiscus hantzschii* var. *hantzschii* group together as *S. hantzschii*

XIX. *Cryptomonas erosa* and *Cryptomonas erosa* var. *reflexa* group together as *C. erosa*

XX. Group all varieties of a species into a single species e.g. *S. tenuis* var. 1, *S. tenuis* var. 2 and *S. tenuis* var. 3 simply report as *S. tenuis*

XXI. The *Cyclotella* complex is still confusing. Will call Bet-tram.

A. Will leave as is. Discussion with P. Bertram and letter of K. Yung (4 March 1994)

XXII. The *Cryptomonas* complex

A. *Cryptomonas pusilla* is changed to *Rhodomonas minuta*. Letter from K. Jung.

B. All other species of *Cryptomonas* are left the same. Discussion between T. Lewis and P. Bet-tram.

XXIII. *Stephanodiscus minutus* will be changed to *Stephanodiscus minutulus*. Letter from K. Yung 31 October 1991.

XXIV. *Stephanodiscus subtilis* and *S. hantzschia f. tenuis* (fine form) will be combined into *Cyclostephanos tholiformis*. Letter from K. Yung 31 October 1991.

Appendix 19. Lake Ontario water chemistry, 1986 to 1992. Average of samples taken at 3 meter depth from sites listed in Table 1.  
 NS = no sample.

Year	Temperature (°C)		Turbidity (NTU)		Nitrate + Nitrite (mg N/L)		Total Phosphorus (µg P/L)		Dissolved orthophosphate (µg P/L)		Dissolved Silicon (µg Si/L)		Chlorophyll a (µg/L)	
	Spring	Summer	Spring	Summer	Spring	Summer	Spring	Summer	Spring	Summer	Spring	Summer	Spring	Summer
1986	2.4	19.9	0.24	1.64	0.40	0.16	10.0	11.0	4.0	0.0	283.5	47.1	1.1	3.9
1987	3.6	22.2	0.35	1.51	0.37	0.12	9.0	8.0	3.0	1.0	235.9	74.0	2.7	2.9
1988	2.5	22.3	0.42	1.49	0.36	0.16	8.0	8.0	2.0	0.0	271.4	39.1	2.3	2.3
1989	NS	20.9	NS	1.32	NS	0.15	NS	9.0	NS	0.0	NS	38.9	NS	7.2
1990	2.4	22.4	0.62	0.96	0.34	0.29	7.0	9.0	2.0	0.0	197.8	40.4	1.2	0.6
1991	3.1	21.5	0.37	0.78	0.37	0.15	8.0	7.0	3.0	1.0	233.3	33.6	2.8	2.9
1992	2.1	NS	0.36	NS	0.36	NS	7.0	NS	2.0	NS	219.9	NS	3.5	NS