Personal Floatation Devices in Recreational Boating

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Composition & Mission

- National Boating Safety Advisory Council (NBSAC)
 - 21 Members with diverse composition
 - 7 from States (NASBLA)
 - 7 from Industry
 - 7 from boating public
 - Mission
 - Provide direction to the US Coast Guard on proposed & current recreational boating safety regulations and other boating safety matters

Resolutions

 Recognized increased concern for boating fatalities associated with lack of PFD wear rates

- Prompting from 1996 2004:
 - 13 Council resolutions
 - 3 rule promulgations

Actions/Findings

- Focus on areas aimed at increasing PFD wear rates have included:
 - Boater education
 - Child PFD wearage requirements
 - PFD technology
 - Model Act for PFD wear
 - PFD workshops

Boater Education

- Requested USCG / NASBLA jointly encourage & support adoption of mandatory safe boating education
- Supported State boater education reciprocity programs
- Requested the USCG engage in PFD public awareness programs

Boater Education (cont.)

- Requested USCG work with NASBLA and NTSB to accelerate development of State boater education
- Efforts continue today as more States enact boater education that include the lifesaving benefits of wearing PFDs

Child PFD Wearage

- Initial focus was to enact measures to protect children
- Beginning in 1998, recommended Federal rulemaking requiring PFD wearage by:
 - children 12 years and under
 - riders of personal watercraft (PWCs)
 - riders of tow behind activities

Child PFD Wearage (Cont.)

- Four (4) additional resolutions resulted in an Interim Rule for wearing of PFDs for 12 & under children June 2002
- Effective December 2003
- Final Rule July 30, 2004

PFD Technology

- Encouraged USCG pursuit & approval of user-friendly PFD options
- Resulted in increased availability of approved inflatable PFDs
- Promoted usage of unconditionally approved Type I & II PFDs for children less than 50 lbs. for special water activities
- Promoted carriage of PFD cartridges on airlines

Model Act Mandatory Wear

- Recognized that education & intervention had no effect on PFD wear rates
- Requested NASBLA develop a Model Act requiring wearage of PFDs on:
 - Vessels on 21 feet and under
 - While underway

PFD Workshops

- Recognized that education, mandatory child PFD laws & technology advances had no effect on PFD wear rates
- Requested USCG organize PFD workshops representing all segments of the recreational boating community, to explore means of increasing PFD wear rates

PFD Workshops (Cont.)

- To follow up on recommendations from workshops, a working panel of all interested parties was formed
- To ensure allocation of USCG resources, the Council set wear rate goals:
 - Overall rate 44% though 2007
 - **Interim** rates 27.5% though 2005

33% through 2006

Conclusion

- Drownings caused by failure to wear PFDs must be reduced by:
 - Encouraging industry to expand availability of affordable, user-friendly PFDs
 - Promoting child PFD wear requirements
 - Continuing to consider some form or mandatory PFD wear requirement